CSE 3rd Sem

DEEPAYAN ROY

UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING
DETAILED SYLLABUS FOR B.TECH

SEMESTER - III
Theory

VALUES & ETHICS IN PROFESSION
Code: HU-301
Contacts:3L
Credits- 3

Science, Technology and Engineering as knowledge and as Social and Professional Activities

Effects of Technological Growth:

Rapid Technological growth and depletion of resources, Reports of the Club of Rome. Limits of growth: sustainable development
Energy Crisis: Renewable Energy Resources
Environmental degradation and pollution. Eco-friendly Technologies. Environmental Regulations, Environmental Ethics
Appropriate Technology Movement of Schumacher; later developments
Technology and developing notions. Problems of Technology transfer, Technology assessment impact analysis.
Human Operator in Engineering projects and industries. Problems of man, machine, interaction, Impact of assembly line and automation. Human centered Technology.

Ethics of Profession:

Engineering profession: Ethical issues in Engineering practice, Conflicts between business demands and professional ideals. Social and ethical responsibilities of Technologists. Codes of professional ethics. Whistle blowing and beyond, Case studies.

Profession and Human Values:

Values Crisis in contemporary society
Nature of values: Value Spectrum of a good life
Psychological values: Integrated personality; mental health
Societal values: The modern search for a good society, justice, democracy, secularism, rule of law, values in Indian Constitution.
Aesthetic values: Perception and enjoyment of beauty, simplicity, clarity
Moral and ethical values: Nature of moral judgements; canons of ethics; ethics of virtue; ethics of duty; ethics of responsibility.

Books:

1. Stephen H Unger, Controlling Technology: Ethics and the Responsible Engineers, John Wiley & Sons, New York 1994 (2nd Ed)
2. Deborah Johnson, Ethical Issues in Engineering, Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey 1991.
3. A N Tripathi, Human values in the Engineering Profession, Monograph published by IIM, Calcutta 1996.

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Contacts: 3L +1T

Credits: 4

Note 1: The whole syllabus has been divided into five modules.

Note 2: Structure of the question paper

There will be three groups in the question paper. In Group A, there will be one set of multiple choice type questions spreading the entire syllabus from which 10 questions (each carrying one mark) are to be answered. From Group B, three questions (each carrying 5 marks) are to be answered out of a set of questions covering all the five modules. Three questions (each carrying 15 marks) are to be answered from Group C. Each question of Group C will have two or three parts covering not more than two modules. Sufficient questions should to be set covering the whole syllabus for alternatives.

Module I

Theory of Probability: Axiomatic definition of probability. Conditional probability. Independent events and related problems. Bayes theorem (Statement only) & its application. One dimensional random variable. Probability distributions-discrete and continuous. Expectation. Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Exponential, Normal distributions and related problems. t, χ^2 and F-distribution (Definition only). Transformation of random variables. Central Limit Theorem, Law of large numbers (statement only) and their applications. Tchebychev inequalities (statement only) and its application. **(14L)**

Module II

Sampling theory: Random sampling. Parameter, Statistic and its Sampling distribution. Standard error of statistic. Sampling distribution of sample mean and variance in random sampling from a normal distribution (statement only) and related problems.

Estimation of parameters: Unbiased and consistent estimators. Point estimation. Interval estimation. Maximum likelihood estimation of parameters (Binomial, Poisson and Normal). Confidence intervals and related problems. **(7L)**

Module III

Testing of Hypothesis: Simple and Composite hypothesis. Critical region. Level of significance. Type I and Type II errors. One sample and two sample tests for means and proportions. χ^2 - test for goodness of fit. **(5L)**

Module IV

Advanced Graph Theory: Planar and Dual Graphs. Kuratowski's graphs. Homeomorphic graphs. Eulers formula (n - e + r = 2) for connected planar graph and its generalisation for graphs with connected components. Detection of planarity. Graph colouring. Chromatic numbers of C_n, K_n , $K_{m,n}$ and other simple graphs. Simple applications of chromatic numbers. Upper bounds of chromatic numbers (Statements only). Chromatic polynomial. Statement of four and five colour theorems. **(10L)**

Module V

Algebraic Structures: Group, Subgroup, Cyclic group, Permutation group, Symmetric group (S_3), Coset, Normal subgroup, Quotient group, Homomorphism & Isomorphism

(Elementary properties only).

Definition of Ring, Field, Integral Domain and simple related problems. **(12L)**

Text Books:

1 Bancrje A , De S.K. and Sen S . Mathematical Probability. U.N. Dhur & Sons

2. Gupta S. C and Kapoor V K: Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand & Sons.
3. Mapa S.K. :Higher Algebra (Abstract & Linear), Sarat Book Distributors.
4. Sen M.K., Ghosh S. and Mukhopadhyay P.: Topics in Abstract Algebra, University Press.
5. West D.B.: Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall.

References:

1. Babu Ram: Discrete Mathematics, Pearson Education.
2. Balakrishnan: Graph Theory (Schaum's Outline Series), TMH.
3. Chakraborty S.K and Sarkar B.K.: Discrete Mathematics, OUP.
4. Das N.G.: Statistical Methods, TMH.
5. Deo N: Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science, Prentice Hall.
6. Khanna V.K and Bhambri S.K. : A Course in Abstract Algebra, Vikas Publishing House.
7. Spiegel M R., Schiller J.J. and Srinivasan R.A. : Probability and Statistics (Schaum's Outline Series), TMH.
8. Wilson: Introduction to graph theory, Pearson Edication.

Basic Environmental Engineering & Elementary Biology
Code: CH301
Contacts: 3L+1T
Credits: 4

General

Basic ideas of environment, basic concepts, man, society & environment, their interrelationship.

1L

Mathematics of population growth and associated problems, Importance of population study in environmental engineering, definition of resource, types of resource, renewable, non-renewable, potentially renewable, effect of excessive use vis-à-vis population growth, Sustainable Development.

2L

Materials balance: Steady state conservation system, steady state system with non conservative pollutants, step function.

1L

Environmental degradation: Natural environmental Hazards like Flood, earthquake, Landslide-causes, effects and control/management; Anthropogenic degradation like Acid rain-cause, effects and control. Nature and scope of Environmental Science and Engineering.

2L

Ecology

Elements of ecology: System, open system, closed system, definition of ecology, species, population, community, definition of ecosystem- components types and function. 1L

Structure and function of the following ecosystem: Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems, Mangrove ecosystem (special reference to Sundar ban); Food chain [definition and one example of each food chain], Food web. 2L

Biogeochemical Cycle- definition, significance, flow chart of different cycles with only elementary reaction [Oxygen, carbon, Nitrogen, Phosphate, Sulphur] 1L

Biodiversity- types, importance, Endemic species, Biodiversity Hot-spot, Threats to biodiversity, Conservation of biodiversity. 2L

Air pollution and control

Atmospheric Composition: Troposphere, Stratosphere, Mesosphere, Thermosphere, Tropopause and Mesopause. 1L

Energy balance: Conductive and Convective heat transfer, radiation heat transfer, simple global temperature model [Earth as a black body, earth as albedo], Problems. 1L

Green house effects: Definition, impact of greenhouse gases on the global climate and consequently on sea water level, agriculture and marine food.Global warming and its consequence, Control of Global warming. Earth's heat budget. 1L

Lapse rate: Ambient lapse rate Adiabatic lapse rate, atmospheric stability, temperature inversion (radiation inversion). 2L

Atmospheric dispersion: Maximum mixing depth, ventilation coefficient, effective stack height, smokestack plumes and Gaussian plume model. 2L

Definition of pollutants and contaminants, Primary and secondary pollutants: emission standard, criteria pollutant.

Sources and effect of different air pollutants- Suspended particulate matter, oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulphur, particulate, PAN. 2L

Smog, Photochemical smog and London smog.

Depletion Ozone layer: CFC, destruction of ozone layer by CFC, impact of other green house gases, effect of ozone modification. 1L

Standards and control measures: Industrial, commercial and residential air quality standard, control measure (ESP, cyclone separator, bag house, catalytic converter, scrubber (ventury), Statement with brief reference). 1L

Water Pollution and Control

Hydrosphere, Hydrological cycle and Natural water.

Pollutants of water, their origin and effects: Oxygen demanding wastes, pathogens, nutrients, Salts, thermal application, heavy metals, pesticides, volatile organic compounds. 2L

River/Lake/ground water pollution: River: DO, 5 day BOD test, Seeded BOD test, BOD reaction rate constants, Effect of oxygen demanding wastes on river[deoxygenation, reaeration], COD, Oil, Greases, pH. 2L

Lake: Eutrophication [Definition, source and effect]. 1L

Ground water: Aquifers, hydraulic gradient, ground water flow (Definition only) 1L

Standard and control: Waste water standard [BOD, COD, Oil, Grease],

Water Treatment system [coagulation and flocculation, sedimentation and filtration, disinfection, hardness and desalinay, softening]

Waste water treatment system, primary and secondary treatments [Trickling filters, rotating biological contractor, Activated sludge, sludge treatment, oxidation ponds] tertiary treatment definition.

2L

Water pollution due to the toxic elements and their biochemical effects: Lead, Mercury, Cadmium, and Arsenic

1L

Land Pollution

Lithosphere; Internal structure of earth, rock and soil 1L

Solid Waste: Municipal, industrial, commercial, agricultural, domestic, pathological and hazardous solid wastes; Recovery and disposal method- Open dumping, Land filling, incineration, composting, recycling.

Solid waste management and control (hazardous and biomedical waste). 2L

Noise Pollution

Definition of noise, effect of noise pollution, noise classification [Transport noise, occupational noise, neighbourhood noise] 1L

Definition of noise frequency, noise pressure, noise intensity, noise threshold limit value, equivalent noise level, L_{10} (18 hr Index), Ld_n.

Noise pollution control. 1L

Environmental Management:

Environmental impact assessment, Environmental Audit, Environmental laws and protection act of India, Different international environmental treaty/ agreement/ protocol. 2L

References/Books

1. Masters, G. M., "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1991.
2. De, A. K., "Environmental Chemistry", New Age International.

Analog & Digital Electronics
Code: CS301
Contact: 3L+1T
Credits: 4

Pre-requisite of Analog Electronics: Basic Electronics Parts I & II learned in the First year, semesters 1 & 2. Basic concept of the working of P-N diodes, Schottky diodes, Basic BJTs, Basic FETs and OPAMP as a basic circuit component. Concept of Feedback.

Module -1: [9L]

1. Different Classes of Amplifiers - (Class-A, B, AB and C - basic concepts, power, efficiency [2L]; Recapitulation of basic concepts of Feedback and Oscillation [1L], Phase Shift, Wein Bridge oscillators [2L]. (5L)
2. Astable & Monostable Multivibrators [1L]; Schimtt Trigger circuits [1L], 555 Timer [2L]. (4L)

[*Learning Outcome*: The learner will be trained to compare the merits and demerits of the different amplifiers and must be able to bias the transistors accordingly; the student must be able to design multivibrator circuits using 555 timers]

Pre-requisite of Digital Electronics: Binary numbers & Basic Boolean algebra – already covered in First year; Logic gates, Truth Tables and function realization – already covered in First year upto minimisation of Logic expressions by algebraic method, K-map.

Module – 2: [11 L]

a) Binary Number System & Boolean Algebra (recapitulation) [1L]; BCD, ASCII, EBDIC, Gray codes and their conversions [1L]; Signed binary number representation with 1's and 2's complement methods [1L], Binary arithmetic, Venn diagram, Boolean algebra (recapitulation) [1L]; Representation in SOP and POS forms [1L]; Minimization of logic expressions by algebraic method. [2L] (7L)

b) Combinational circuits - Adder and Subtractor circuits (half & full adder & subtractor) [2L]; Encoder, Decoder, Comparator, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer and Parity Generator [2L]. (4L)

Module - 3: [10L]

1. Sequential Circuits - Basic Flip-flop & Latch [1L], Flip-flops -SR, JK, D, T and JK Master-slave Flip Flops [3L], (4L)
2. Registers (SISO,SIPO,PIPO,PISO) [2L], Ring counter, Johnson counter [1L], Basic concept of Synchronous and Asynchronous counters (detail design of circuits excluded), [2L], Design of Mod N Counter [2L] (6L)

Module – 4: [6L]

1. A/D and D/A conversion techniques – Basic concepts (D/A :R-2-R only [2L] A/D: successive approximation [2L]) (4L)
2. Logic families- TTL, ECL, MOS and CMOS - basic concepts. (2L)

[*Learning Outcome*: The student must be able to convert from one number system to another, work out problems related to Boolean algebra, minimisation problems etc. The student must also learn to differentiate between the combinational and sequential circuits and design simple circuits)

Total: 36 hours

Textbooks:

Microelectronics Engineering - Sedra & Smith-Oxford.
Principles of Electronic Devices & circuits—B L Thereja & Sedha—S Chand
Digital Electronics – Kharate – Oxford
Digital Electronics – Logic & Systems by J.Bigmell & R.Donovan; Cambridge Learning.
Digital Logic and State Machine Design (3rd Edition) – D.J.Comer, OUP

Reference:

Electronic Devices & Circuit Theory – Boyelstad & Nashelsky - PHI
Bell-Linear IC & OP AMP—Oxford
P.Raja- Digital Electronics- Scitech Publications
Morries Mano- Digital Logic Design- PHI
R.P.Jain – Modern Digital Electronics, 2/e , Mc Graw Hill
H.Taub & D Shilling, Digital Integrated Electronics- Mc Graw Hill.
D.Ray Chaudhuri- Digital Circuits-Vol-I & II, 2/e- Platinum Publishers
Tocci, Widmer, Moss- Digital Systems,9/e- Pearson
J.Bignell & R.Donovan-Digital Electronics-5/e- Cenage Learning.
Leach & Malvino – Digital Principles & Application, 5/e, Mc Graw Hill
Floyed & Jain- Digital Fundamentals-Pearson

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Contacts: 3L +1T
Credits: 4
Pre-requisites: CS 201 (Basic Computation and Principles of C), M101 & M201 (Mathematics), basics of set theory

Module -I. [8L] Linear Data Structure

Introduction (2L):
Why we need data structure?
Concepts of data structures: a) Data and data structure b) Abstract Data Type and Data Type.
Algorithms and programs, basic idea of pseudo-code.
Algorithm efficiency and analysis, time and space analysis of algorithms – order notations.

Array (2L):
Different representations – row major, column major.
Sparse matrix - its implementation and usage. Array representation of polynomials.

Linked List (4L):
Singly linked list, circular linked list, doubly linked list, linked list representation of polynomial and applications.

Module -II: [7L] Linear Data Structure

[Stack and Queue (5L):
Stack and its implementations (using array, using linked list), applications.
Queue, circular queue, dequeue. Implementation of queue- both linear and circular (using array, using linked list), applications.

Recursion (2L):
Principles of recursion – use of stack, differences between recursion and iteration, tail recursion.
Applications - The Tower of Hanoi, Eight Queens Puzzle.

Module -III. [15L] Nonlinear Data structures

Trees (9L):
Basic terminologies, forest, tree representation (using array, using linked list).
Binary trees - binary tree traversal (pre-, in-, post- order), threaded binary tree (left, right, full) - non-recursive traversal algorithms using threaded binary tree, expression tree.
Binary search tree- operations (creation, insertion, deletion, searching).
Height balanced binary tree – AVL tree (insertion, deletion with examples only).
B- Trees – operations (insertion, deletion with examples only).

Graphs (6L):
Graph definitions and concepts (directed/undirected graph, weighted/un-weighted edges, sub-graph, degree, cut-vertex/articulation point, pendant node, clique, complete graph, connected components – strongly connected component, weakly connected component, path, shortest path, isomorphism).
Graph representations/storage implementations – adjacency matrix, adjacency list, adjacency multi-list.
Graph traversal and connectivity – Depth-first search (DFS), Breadth-first search (BFS) – concepts of edges used in DFS and BFS (tree-edge, back-edge, cross-edge, forward-edge), applications.
Minimal spanning tree – Prim's algorithm (basic idea of greedy methods).

Module - IV. Searching, Sorting (10L):
Sorting Algorithms (5L): Bubble sort and its optimizations, insertion sort, shell sort, selection sort, merge sort, quick sort, heap sort (concept of max heap, application – priority queue), radix sort.
Searching (2L): Sequential search, binary search, interpolation search.
Hashing (3L): Hashing functions, collision resolution techniques.

Recommended books:

1. "Data Structures And Program Design In C", 2/E by Robert L. Kruse, Bruce P. Leung.
2. "Fundamentals of Data Structures of C" by Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-freed.
3. "Data Structures in C" by Aaron M. Tenenbaum.
4. "Data Structures" by S. Lipschutz.
5. "Data Structures Using C" by Reema Thareja.
6. "Data Structure Using C", 2/e by A.K. Rath, A. K. Jagadev
7. "Introduction to Algorithms" by Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein

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Ideally this course should act as a primer/pre-requisite for CS 503 (Design and Analysis of Algorithms). On completion of this course, students are expected to be capable of understanding the data structures, their advantages and drawbacks, how to implement them in C, how their drawbacks can be overcome and what the applications are and where they can be used. Students should be able to learn about the data structures/ methods/algorithms mentioned in the course with a comparative perspective so as to make use of the most appropriate data structure/ method/algorithm in a program to enhance the efficiency (i.e. reduce the run-time) or for better memory utilization, based on the priority of the implementation. Detailed time analysis of the graph algorithms and sorting methods are expected to be covered in CS 503 but it is expected that the students will be able to understand at least the efficiency aspects of the graph and sorting algorithms covered in this course. The students should be able to convert an inefficient program into an efficient one using the knowledge gathered from this course.

Computer organization
Code: CS303
Contacts: 3L +1T
Credits: 4

Pre-requisite: Concept of basic components of a digital computer, Basic concept of Fundamentals & Programme structures. Basic number systems, Binary numbers, representation of signed and unsigned numbers, Binary Arithmetic as covered in Basic Computation & Principles of Computer Programming Second semester, first year. Boolean Algebra, Karnaugh Maps, Logic Gates – covered in Basic Electronics in First year

Module – 1: [8L]
Basic organization of the stored program computer and operation sequence for execution of a program. Role of operating systems and compiler/assembler. Fetch, decode and execute cycle, Concept of operator, operand, registers and storage, Instruction format. Instruction sets and addressing modes. [7L]

Commonly used number systems. Fixed and floating point representation of numbers. [1L]

Module – 2: [8L]
Overflow and underflow. Design of adders - ripple carry and carry look ahead principles. [3L]

Design of ALU. [1L]
Fixed point multiplication -Booth's algorithm. [1L]
Fixed point division - Restoring and non-restoring algorithms. [2L]
Floating point - IEEE 754 standard. [1L]

Module – 3: [10L]
Memory unit design with special emphasis on implementation of CPU-memory interfacing. [2L]
Memory organization, static and dynamic memory, memory hierarchy, associative memory. [3L]
Cache memory, Virtual memory. Data path design for read/write access. [5L]

Module – 4: [10L]
Design of control unit - hardwired and microprogrammed control. [3L]
Introduction to instruction pipelining. [2L]
Introduction to RISC architectures. RISC vs CISC architectures. [2L]
I/O operations - Concept of handshaking, Polled I/O, interrupt and DMA. [3L]

Learning Outcome:

Additional Tutorial Hours will be planned to meet the following learning outcome.

Through this course, the students will be exposed to extensive development and use of computer organization based concepts for the future knowledge outcome of Advanced Computer Architecture offered in subsequent semester. The students will be able to understand different instruction formats, instruction sets, I/O mechanism. Hardware details, memory technology, interfacing between the CPU and peripherals will be transparent to the students. Students will be able to design hypothetical arithmetic logic unit

Text Book:
1. Mano, M.M., "Computer System Architecture", PHI.
2. Behrooz Parhami " Computer Architecture", Oxford University Press

Reference Book:
1. Hayes J. P., "Computer Architecture & Organisation", McGraw Hill,
2. Hamacher, "Computer Organisation", McGraw Hill,
3. N. senthil Kumar, M. Saravanan, S. Jeevananthan, "Microprocessors and Microcontrollers" OUP
4. Chaudhuri P. Pal, "Computer Organisation & Design", PHI,
5. P N Basu- "Computer Organization & Architecture" , Vikas Pub

Practical

Analog & Digital Electronics
Code: CS391
Contact: 3P
Credits: 2

ANALOG: At least any two of the following

1. Design a Class A amplifier
2. Design a Phase-Shift Oscillator
3. Design of a Schmitt Trigger using 555 timer.

DIGITAL : At least any five of the following

1. Design a Full Adder using basic gates and verify its output / Design a Full Subtractor circuit using basic gates and verify its output.
2. Construction of simple Decoder & Multiplexer circuits using logic gates.
3. Realization of RS / JK / D flip flops using logic gates.
4. Design of Shift Register using J-K / D Flip Flop.
5. Realization of Synchronous Up/Down counter.
6. Design of MOD- N Counter
7. Study of DAC .

Any one experiment specially designed by the college.

(Detailed instructions for Laboratory Manual to follow for further guidance. The details will be uploaded in the website from time to time)

Data Structure & Algorithm
Code: CS392
Contacts: 3P
Credits: 2

Experiments should include but not limited to :

Implementation of array operations:

Stacks and Queues: adding, deleting elements Circular Queue: Adding & deleting elements Merging Problem :

Evaluation of expressions operations on Multiple stacks & queues

Implementation of linked lists: inserting, deleting, inverting a linked list. Implementation of stacks & queues

using linked lists:

Polynomial addition, Polynomial multiplication

Sparse Matrices : Multiplication, addition.

Recursive and Nonrecursive traversal of Trees

Threaded binary tree traversal. AVL tree implementation

Application of Trees. Application of sorting and searching algorithms

Hash tables implementation: searching, inserting and deleting, searching & sorting techniques.

(Detailed instructions for Laboratory Manual to follow for further guidance. The details will be uploaded in the website from time to time)

Computer organization
Code: CS393
Contacts: 3
Credits: 2

1. Familiarity with IC-chips, e.g.
a) Multiplexer , b) Decoder, c) Encoder b) Comparator
Truth Table verification and clarification from Data-book.
2. Design an Adder/Subtractor composite unit .
3. Design a BCD adder.
4. Design of a 'Carry-Look-Ahead' Adder circuit.
5. Use a multiplexer unit to design a composite ALU .
6. Use ALU chip for multibit arithmetic operation.
7. Implement read write operation using RAM IC.
8. (a) & (b) Cascade two RAM ICs for vertical and horizontal expansion.

(Detailed instructions for Laboratory Manual to follow for further guidance. The details will be uploaded in the website from time to time.

SEMESTER - IV

Theory

NUMERICAL METHODS
Code: M (CS) 401
Contacts: 2L+1T
Credits: 2

Approximation in numerical computation: Truncation and rounding errors, Fixed and floating-point arithmetic, Propagation of errors. (4)

Interpolation: Newton forward/backward interpolation, Lagrange's and Newton's divided difference Interpolation. (5)

Numerical integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Expression for corresponding error terms. (3)

Numerical solution of a system of linear equations
Gauss elimination method, Matrix inversion, LU Factorization method, Gauss-Seidel iterative method

(6)