# College Of Engineering Trivandrum

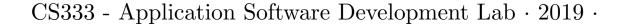
# Application Software Development Lab



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Department of Computer Science August 16, 2019





## Cycle 1

## Exp No 7

# JOIN STATEMENTS, SET OPERATIONS, NESTED QUERIES AND GROUPING

#### 1 Aim

To get introduced to

- -UNION
- -INTERSECTION
- -MINUS
- - JOIN
- - NESTED QUERIES
- - GROUP BY & HAVING

## 2 Questions

Create Items, Orders, Customers, Delivery tables and populate them with appropriate data.

```
create table items(
itemid int not null,
itemname varchar(50) not null,
category varchar(20) not null,
price int not null,
instock int,
constraint checkstock check(instock >0),
constraint pkey primary key(itemid));

insert into items values(5,'sony z5 premium','electronics',5005,1);
insert into items values(4,'Samsung Galaxy S4','electronics',5005,1);
insert into items values(3,'One Plus 7','electronics',6006,2);
insert into items values(2,'Iphone X','electronics',7007,6);
insert into items values(1,'Xiomi','electronics',1001,6);
```

#### 0. Display the details items table

select \* from items;

```
asdlab=# select * from items;
itemid |
              itemname
                               category | price | instock
      5 | sony z5 premium
                           | electronics |
                                              5005
                                                           1
        | Samsung Galaxy S4 | electronics
                                                           1
                                              5005
                                                           2
      3
         One Plus 7
                              electronics
                                              6006
      2
         Iphone X
                            | electronics
                                              7007
        | Xiomi
                            | electronics |
                                              1001
(5 rows)
asdlab=#
```

Figure 1: items Table

create table customers(
custid int not null,
custname varchar(20),
address varchar(50) not null,
state varchar(10) not null,
primary key(custid));

```
insert into customers values(111,'elvin','202 jai street','delhi');
insert into customers values(113,'soman','puthumana','kerala');
insert into customers values(115,'mickey','juhu','maharastra');
insert into customers values(112,'patrick','harinagar','tamilnadu');
insert into customers values(114,'jaise','kottarakara','kerala');
```

#### 0. Display the details customers table

select \* from customers;

```
asdlab=# select * from customers;
 custid | custname |
                        address
                                         state
                   | 202 jai street | delhi
    111 | elvin
    113 soman
                    | puthumana
                                       kerala
    115 | mickey
                    l juhu
                                       maharastra
                                     | tamilnadu
    112 | patrick
                   | harinagar
    114
         jaise
                    | kottarakara
                                       kerala
(5 rows)
asdlab=#
```

Figure 2: customers Table

```
create table orders(
orderid int not null,
itemid int ,
quantity int not null,
orderdate date ,custid int
primary key(orderid),
foreign key(itemid) references items(itemid) on update cascade on delete cascade ,
foreign key(custid) references customers(custid) on update cascade on delete cascade));
```

```
insert into orders values(1,1,2,'2014-10-11',111); insert into orders values(2,3,1,'2012-01-29',113); insert into orders values(3,5,1,'2013-05-13',115); insert into orders values(4,4,3,'2014-12-22',114);
```

#### 0. Display the details orders table

insert into delivery values(1002,2,113);
insert into delivery values(1003,3,115);

```
select * from orders;
```

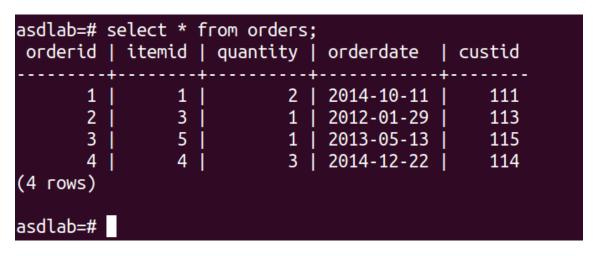


Figure 3: orders Table

```
create table delivery(
deliveryid int not null,
orderid int ,custid int ,
primary key(deliveryid),
foreign key(orderid) references orders(orderid) on update cascade on delete cascade,
foreign key(custid) references customers(custid) on update cascade on delete cascade);
insert into delivery values(1001,1,111);
```

#### 0. Display the details Delivery table

select \* from delivery;

```
asdlab=# select * from delivery;
deliveryid | orderid | custid

1001 | 1 | 111
1002 | 2 | 113
1003 | 3 | 115

(3 rows)

asdlab=#
```

Figure 4: delivery Table

#### 1. List the details of all customers who have placed an order

select customers.custid,custname,address,state from customers , orders
where orders.custid=customers.custid;

```
asdlab=# select customers.custid,custname,address,state from customers , orders where orders.custid=customers.custid;
custid | custname | address | state

111 | elvin | 202 jai street | delhi
113 | soman | puthumana | kerala
115 | mickey | juhu | maharastra
114 | jaise | kottarakara | kerala
(4 rows)

asdlab=#
```

Figure 5: Customers who placed an order

#### 2. List the details of all customers whose orders have been delivered

select customers.custid,custname,address,state from customers , delivery
where delivery.custid=customers.custid;

```
asdlab=# select customers.custid,custname,address,state from customers , delivery where delivery.custid=customers.custid;
custid | custname | address | state

111 | elvin | 202 jai street | delhi
113 | soman | puthumana | kerala
115 | mickey | juhu | maharastra
(3 rows)
asdlab=#
```

Figure 6: Customers whose orders are delivered

3. Find the orderdate for all customers whose name starts in the letter 'J'

```
select orderdate from customers , orders
where orders.custid=customers.custid and custname like 'j%';
```

Figure 7: orderdate with customers name starts in J

4. Display the name and price of all items bought by the customer 'Mickey'

select itemname,price from items as i ,customers as c,orders as o
where i.itemid=o.itemid and c.custid=o.custid and c.custname like'mickey';

Figure 8: Mickey's Order

5. List the details of all customers who have placed an order after January 2013 and not received delivery of items.

```
select c.* from customers as c ,orders as o
where o.custid=c.custid and orderdate>='2013-01-01' and c.custid not in
(select custid from delivery );
```

Figure 9: Undelivered Order aftter 2013 january

6.Find the itemid of items which has either been ordered or not delivered. (Use SET UNION)

```
(select i.itemid from items as i ,orders as o where i.itemid=o.itemid)
union
(select i.itemid from items as i , orders as o where i.itemid=o.itemid
and o.orderid not in (select orderid from delivery) );
```

```
asdlab=# (select i.itemid from items as i ,orders as o where i.itemid=o.itemid) union and o.orderid not in (select orderid from delivery) ); itemid

5
4
3
1
(4 rows)

asdlab=#
```

Figure 10: Either ordered or not delivered

7.Find the name of all customers who have placed an order and have their orders delivered.(Use SET INTERSECTION)

```
(select custname from customers as c,orders as o where o.custid=c.custid)
intersect
(select custname from customers as c,delivery as d where d.custid=c.custid);
```

```
asdlab=# (select custname from customers as c,orders as o c,delivery as d where d.custid=c.custid);
custname
------
elvin
mickey
soman
(3 rows)

asdlab=#
```

Figure 11: Ordered and delivered

8. Find the custname of all customers who have placed an order but not having their ordersdelivered. (Use SET MINUS).

```
(select custname from customers as c, orders as o where o.custid=c.custid)
except
(select custname from customers as c,delivery as d where d.custid=c.custid);
```

asdlab=# (select custname from customers as c,orders as o where o.custid=c.custid) except delivery as d where d.custid=c.custid); custname

```
jaise
(1 row)
asdlab=#
```

Figure 12: Ordered but not delivered

9. Find the name of the customer who has placed the most number of orders.

```
insert into orders values(5,2,1,'2012-05-25',115);
select * from customers where custid=(select custid from orders
group by custid order by count(*) desc LIMIT 1);
```

```
asdlab=# select * from customers where custid=(select custid from orders group by custid order by count(*) desc LIMIT 1); custid | custname | address | state
    115 | mickey | juhu
                                  | maharastra
(1 row)
asdlab=#
```

Figure 13: Customer who placed most number of orders

10. Find the details of all customers who have purchased items exceeding a price of 5000 \$.

select c.\* from customers as c,items as i,orders as o where o.itemid=i.itemid and c.custid=o.custid and price>5000;

```
asdlab=# select c.* from customers as c,items as i,orders as o where
custid | custname |
                       address
                                      state
   113
                     puthumana
                                   kerala
         soman
    115
          mickey
                     juhu
                                   maharastra
   114
         jaise
                     kottarakara |
                                   kerala
(3 rows)
asdlab=#
```

Figure 14: More than 5000

# 11. Find the name and address of customers who has not ordered a 'Samsung Galaxy S4'

```
(select custname,address from customers)
except
(select c.custname,c.address from customers as c ,orders as o, items as i
where o.itemid=i.itemid and c.custid=o.custid
and itemname='Samsung Galaxy S4');
```

```
asdlab=# (select custname,address from customers)except(select c.custname,c.address from where o.itemid=i.itemid and c.custid=o.custid and itemname='Samsung Galaxy S4');
custname | address
elvin | 202 jai street
mickey | juhu
soman | puthumana
patrick | harinagar
(4 rows)
```

Figure 15: Customers not ordered galaxy s4

#### 12. Perform Left Outer Join and Right Outer Join on Customers & Orders Table.

select \* from customers left outer join orders on customers.custid=orders.custid;
select \* from customers right outer join orders on customers.custid=orders.custid;

asdlab=# select * custid   custname		t outer join   state					custid
111   elvin 113   soman 115   mickey 114   jaise 112   patrick (5 rows)	202 jai street   puthumana   juhu   kottarakara   harinagar	delhi   kerala   maharastra   kerala   tamilnadu	1   2   3   4	1 3 5 4	2   1   1   3	2014-10-11   2012-01-29   2013-05-13   2014-12-22	111   113   115   114

Figure 16: Left outer join

	select * f	rom customers righ l address						l custid
ustiu	Cuscilarie	4001.622	, state	, orderta i	c centra	quantity	or der date	Custtu
111	elvin	202 jai street	delhi	1 1	1	2	2014-10-11	111
113	soman	puthumana	kerala	2	3	1	2012-01-29	113
115	mickey	juhu	maharastra	j 3 j	5	1	2013-05-13	115
114	jaise	kottarakara	kerala	j 4 j	4	3	2014-12-22	114
rows)								

Figure 17: Right outer join

13. Find the details of all customers grouped by state.

select count(\*),state from customers group by state;

```
asdlab=# select count(*),state from customers group by state;

count | state

1 | maharastra
1 | delhi
2 | kerala
1 | tamilnadu

(4 rows)
```

Figure 18: Grouped by state

14.Display the details of all items grouped by category and having a price greater than the average price of all items.

select \* from items where price in (select price from items group by price having
price>(select avg(price) from items group by category));

Figure 19: price ¿ Average price

### 3 Result

The query was executed successfully and output was verified.