College of Engineering Trivandrum

Compiler Design Lab



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Final Exam Report

1 LL(1) Parser

1.1 Question

For the Grammar G given, build an LL (1) parser and check for the acceptance of any given string. If the given grammar is Left Recursive, write the code for removing it. Input:

- (1) Set of terminals, set of non-terminals, productions and start symbol of the left recursive grammar
- (2) Input string to be parsed

1.2 Theory

LL(1)

LL (1) is a Top-down parser, where the 1st L represents that the scanning of the Input will be done from Left to Right manner and second L shows that in this Parsing technique we are going to use Left most Derivation Tree. and finally the 1 represents the number of look ahead, means how many symbols are you going to see when you want to make a decision. Non-Recursive predictive parsing is a table-driven parser.

1.3 Algorithm

Algorithm 1: Algorithm for Shift Reduce parser

```
for each production rule A -> a of a grammar G
       for each terminal a in FIRST(a)
                                         add A
                                                   a to M[A,a]
       If e in FIRST(a) for each terminal a in FOLLOW(A) add A
                                                                     a to M[A.a]
       If e in FIRST(a) and $ in FOLLOW(A) add A a to M[A,$]
       All other undefined entries of the parsing table are error entries.
                      parser halts (successful completion)
      If X and a are the same terminal symbol (different from $)
                                                                    parser pops X from the
  stack, and moves the next symbol in the input buffer.
      If X is a non-terminal parser looks at the parsing table entry M[X,a]. If M[X,a] holds
11 a production rule X ->Y1Y2...Yk, it pops X from the stack and pushes Yk,Yk-1,...,Y1 into
12 the stack. The parser also outputs the production rule X->Y1Y2...Yk to represent a step
13 of the derivation.
      None of the above
                           error
      All empty entries in the parsing table are errors.
      If X is a terminal symbol different from a, this is also an error case.
```

1.4 Code

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
  using namespace std;
3 vector<vector<string>> get_production(unordered_map<char, int> &non_term, int *num)
4 {
       int non = -1;
       string s;
6
       vector < vector < string >> production(100);
       getline(cin, s);
while (s != "")
9
           int non_index;
           char left = s[0]:
12
           if (non_term.find(s[0]) == non_term.end())
           {
14
                non_term[s[0]] = ++non;
15
16
                non_index = non;
           }
17
           else
19
```

```
non_index = non_term[s[0]];
20
21
           string right = s.substr(4, s.size() - 4);
22
           production[non].push_back(right);
23
           //cout << "right side " << right << endl;
24
           getline(cin, s);
25
26
27
       *num = non;
       return production;
28
29 }
unordered_set < char > split_string(string s)
31 {
       int n = s.size();
32
       unordered_set < char > result;
33
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
34
35
           if (s[i] != ' ')
36
           {
37
38
                result.insert(s[i]);
39
40
       }
41
       return result;
42 }
43 void print_stack(stack<char> check)
44
       string s = "";
45
46
       while (!check.empty())
47
           s = check.top() + s;
48
           check.pop();
49
50
51
       cout << s;
52 }
53 vector<vector<string>> remove_left(vector<vector<string>> production, unordered_map<char, int>
        &non_term, int *nn)
54 {
       char extra = 'Z';
55
56
       int non = *nn;
       //cout << non << " is non terminal count" << endl;</pre>
57
58
       vector<vector<string>> no_left(10);
       for (int i = 0; i < production.size(); ++i)</pre>
59
       {
60
61
           int flag = 0;
           for (int j = 0; j < production[i].size(); ++j)</pre>
62
63
               if (non_term.find(production[i][j][0]) != non_term.end() && non_term[production[i
64
       ][j][0]] == i)
                {
65
                    flag = 1;
66
                    cout << "left recursion found in " << production[i][j] << endl;</pre>
67
68
                    vector<string> new_prod;
                    string alpha = production[i][j].substr(1, production[i][j].size() - 1);
69
                    cout << "alpha is " << alpha << endl;</pre>
70
                    for (int k = 0; k < production[i].size(); ++k)</pre>
71
72
                         string rhs = "";
73
                         if (k != j)
74
75
76
                             rhs = production[i][k] + extra;
77
                             new_prod.push_back(rhs);
                             cout << "first production push back" << endl;</pre>
78
                        }
79
                    }
80
                    no_left[i] = new_prod;
81
                    vector<string> second_prod;
                    second_prod.push_back(alpha + extra);
83
84
                    second_prod.push_back("#");
                    cout << "Extra prodcution pushing back" << endl;</pre>
85
                    no_left[++non] = second_prod;
86
                    non_term[extra] = non;
87
                    extra = extra - 1;
88
                    cout << "push back ended" << endl;</pre>
89
               }
91
           if (flag == 0)
92
```

```
for (int m = 0; m < production[i].size(); ++m)</pre>
94
                     no_left[i].push_back(production[i][m]);
95
            }
96
97
98
        *nn = non;
        // cout << "new number of non terminal is : " << non << endl;</pre>
99
        // for (auto x : no_left)
100
        // {
        11
               for (auto y : x)
        //
               {
                    cout << y << "\t";
104
        11
        //
105
        11
106
               cout << endl;</pre>
        // }
108
        return no_left;
109 }
110 vector<char> find_first(char c, vector<vector<string>> production, vector<vector<char>> &First
        , unordered_map < char , int > umap)
111
   {
        vector < char > res;
112
        if (umap.find(c) == umap.end())
114
            res.push_back(c);
116
            return res;
117
        int num = umap[c];
118
119
        if (First[num].size() != 0)
120
            return First[num];
       }
        int n = production[num].size();
123
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) // iterate through each production
124
125
            string m = production[num][i];
126
127
            int right_size = m.size();
            for (int j = 0; j < right_size; ++j) // iterate through each character in production</pre>
128
129
            {
130
                 if (umap.find(m[j]) == umap.end()) //if right side of production is a terminal
                {
                     if (find(res.begin(), res.end(), m[j]) == res.end())
133
                         res.push_back(m[j]);
134
                     }
135
136
                     break;
138
                }
                 else // Non terminal
139
140
                     vector < char > temp = find_first(m[j], production, First, umap); // finding
141
        first of j th non terminal
                     //cout << "called for first of " << m[j] << endl;</pre>
142
                     int first_char = temp.size();
143
                     int flag = 1;
144
                     for (int k = 0; k < first_char; ++k)</pre>
145
                     {
146
                          if (temp[k] == '#')
147
                              // cout << "Epsilon found in first of " << m[j] << endl;</pre>
149
                              flag = 0;
151
                          if (find(res.begin(), res.end(), temp[k]) == res.end())
153
                              if (temp[k] != '#')
154
                              {
                                  res.push_back(temp[k]);
                              }
158
                              else
159
                              {
                                   if (j == right_size - 1)
160
161
                                       res.push_back(temp[k]);
162
                                  }
163
                              }
164
                         }
                     }
166
                     if (flag == 1)
```

```
break:
                     }
171
            }
172
173
        First[num] = res;
174
        return res;
176 }
   unordered_set < char > find_follow(char c, vector < vector < string >> production, vector <
177
        unordered_set<char>> &follow, unordered_map<char, int> umap, vector<vector<char>> first)
178
179
        if (!follow[umap[c]].empty())
180
            return follow[umap[c]];
181
182
        //cout << "called follow of " << c << endl;</pre>
183
        unordered_set < char > res;
184
        if (umap[c] == 0)
185
186
            //cout << "added $ in follow of " << c << endl;</pre>
187
            res.insert('$');
188
189
190
        int n = production.size();
191
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
            for (auto x : production[i])
                                     // considering each production
194
                 int m = x.size(); //read rhs charecter by charecter
195
                 for (int j = 0; j < m; ++j)
196
197
                     if (x[j] == c) // if we find character in right side of production
198
199
                          //cout << c << " found in production " << x << endl; if (j == m - 1)  
200
201
                          { //last element
202
                              // cout << c << " is the edning charecter" << endl;
203
204
                              char check;
                              for (auto y : umap)
205
206
                              {
                                   if (y.second == i)
207
                                   {
208
                                        check = y.first;
209
210
                              }
211
212
                              if (check != c)
213
                                   unordered_set < char > sample = find_follow(check, production, follow
214
        , umap, first);
                                   for (auto v : sample)
215
216
                                        //cout << y << " inserted in follow of " << c << endl;</pre>
217
218
219
                                       res.insert(y);
220
                                   //cout << endl;</pre>
221
                              }
                          }
223
224
                          else
225
                              for (int k = j + 1; k < m; ++k)
226
227
228
                                   int flag = 1;
                                   if (umap.find(x[k]) == umap.end())
229
230
                                   \{\ //\ {\it checking whether char is termi if so add and stop}\ 
                                        // cout << "since found non terminal " << x[k] << "stop here
231
        added it "
                                        //<< "in follow of " << c << endl;
                                        res.insert(x[k]);
233
234
                                        flag = 1; //should stop here
235
                                   }
236
                                   else
                                   { // if it is a non terminal then add its first
237
                                       int first_b = first[umap[x[k]]].size();
238
                                        for (int 1 = 0; 1 < first_b; ++1)</pre>
```

```
if (first[umap[x[k]]][1] != '#')
242
                                            {
                                                 res.insert(first[umap[x[k]]][1]);
243
                                                 //cout << first[umap[x[k]]][1] << " Added to follow of</pre>
244
         " << c << endl;
                                            else //we found an epsilon in first so process should
246
        continues
                                                flag = 0;
248
                                                if (k == m - 1) // first[b] has #
249
                                                 {
250
251
                                                     char check;
252
                                                     for (auto y : umap)
253
254
                                                          if (y.second == i)
                                                              check = y.first;
256
257
258
                                                     if
                                                         (check != c)
259
260
                                                          unordered_set < char > sample = find_follow(check
261
        , production, follow, umap, first);
                                                          for (auto y : sample)
263
264
                                                              //cout << y << "added to follow of " << c
        << end1;
                                                              res.insert(y);
265
                                                         }
266
                                                     }
267
                                                }
268
                                            }
269
                                       }
270
                                   }
271
                                   if (flag == 1)
272
                                   {
273
274
                                        break;
275
                              }
276
                         }
277
                     }
278
                }
279
            }
280
281
282
        return res;
283 }
284 void print_star(int n)
        for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
286
287
            cout << "*";
288
289
290
        cout << endl;</pre>
291 }
292 int main()
293
        int non = -1;
294
295
        string s;
        vector<vector<string>> production(100);
296
        cout << "Enter the productions in the form \"S : r\" " << endl;
297
        unordered_map < char , int > non_term;
298
        production = get_production(non_term, &non);
299
        unordered_set < char > terminals;
300
301
        unordered_set < char > non_terminals;
        cout << "Non-terminals: ";</pre>
302
        getline(cin, s);
303
        non_terminals = split_string(s);
304
        // for (auto x : non_terminals)
305
        // {
306
307
        //
                cout << x << " ";
        // }
308
309
        // cout << endl;
        cout << "Terminals: ";</pre>
310
        getline(cin, s);
311
        terminals = split_string(s);
```

```
vector < vector < string >> new_production(100);
313
        new_production = remove_left(production, non_term, &non);
314
315
        vector < vector < char >> First(non + 1);
        cout << "New grammer after removing left recursion" << endl;</pre>
316
        print_star(20);
317
        //cout << "non terminal count is : " << non + 1 << endl;</pre>
318
        for (auto x : non_term)
319
320
            if (non_terminals.find(x.first) == non_terminals.end())
321
            {
322
323
                 non_terminals.insert(x.first);
324
325
        }
        for (int i = 0; i <= non; ++i)</pre>
326
327
328
            char left;
            for (auto x : non_term)
329
            {
330
331
                 if (x.second == i)
                 {
332
333
                     left = x.first;
                     //cout << x.first << " --> ";
334
335
            }
336
337
            for (int j = 0; j < new_production[i].size(); ++j)</pre>
338
                 cout << left << " --> " << new_production[i][j] << "\t";
339
340
            cout << endl;</pre>
341
        }
342
        for (auto x : non_terminals)
343
344
            First[non_term[x]] = find_first(x, new_production, First, non_term);
345
346
        cout << "----First---- " << endl;</pre>
347
348
        for (auto x : non_terminals)
349
        {
            cout << x << ": ";
350
            for (auto y : First[non_term[x]])
351
352
                 cout << y << " ";
353
354
355
            cout << endl;</pre>
356
        vector<unordered_set<char>> follow(non + 1);
357
358
        cout << "Enter the Start symbol: ";</pre>
        char c;
359
        cin >> c;
360
        cout << "----Follow----" << endl;</pre>
361
        for (auto x : non_terminals)
362
363
            if (follow[non_term[x]].empty())
364
365
                 follow[non_term[x]] = find_follow(x, new_production, follow, non_term, First);
366
        for (auto x : non_terminals)
367
368
            cout << x << ": ";
            for (auto y : follow[non_term[x]])
370
371
372
                 cout << y << " ";
            }
373
374
            cout << endl;</pre>
375
        int terminal_count = terminals.size();
376
377
        //cout << "terminal count is : " << terminal_count << endl;</pre>
        vector<vector<string>> parse_table(100, vector<string>(100));
378
379
        unordered_map < char, int > term_mapp;
        int ter_count = 0;
380
        for (auto x : terminals)
381
382
            term_mapp[x] = ter_count++;
383
384
            //cout << x << endl;
385
        for (int i = 0; i <= non; ++i)</pre>
386
387
            for (int j = 0; j < new_production[i].size(); ++j)</pre>
388
```

```
{
389
                  for (int k = 0; k < new_production[i][j].size(); ++k)</pre>
390
391
                       int flag = 0;
392
                       if (terminals.find(production[i][j][k]) != terminals.end())
393
                            if (production[i][j][k] != '#')
395
396
                                 parse_table[i][term_mapp[production[i][j][k]]] = production[i][j];
397
                                 \label{eq:cout} $$ // \operatorname{cout} << \operatorname{production}[i][j] << " added to " << i << \operatorname{production}[i][j][k] 
398
          << endl;
                                 break;
399
                           }
400
401
                            else
                            {
402
403
                                 flag = 1;
                            }
404
                       }
405
406
                       else
                       {
407
                            vector < char > its_first = First[non_term[production[i][j][k]]];
408
                            for (int m = 0; its_first.size(); ++m)
410
                                 if (its_first[m] != '#')
411
412
                                      parse_table[i][term_mapp[its_first[m]]] = production[i][j];
                                 else
413
414
                                 {
415
                                      flag = 1;
                                 }
416
417
                            }
                       }
418
                       if (flag == 1)
419
420
                            unordered_set < char > its_follow = follow[i];
421
422
                            for (auto x : its_follow)
                            {
423
                                 if (x != '$')
424
425
                                 {
                                      parse_table[i][term_mapp[x]] = production[i][j];
426
                                 }
427
428
                                 {
429
                                      parse_table[i][term_mapp['#']] = production[i][j];
430
431
                           }
432
433
                       }
                  }
434
             }
435
436
        cout << "Parsing table" << endl;</pre>
437
        cout << "\t";
438
        for (auto x : terminals)
439
440
             if (x != '#')
441
                  cout << x << "\t";
442
443
             else
             {
                  cout << ',$' << "\t";
445
             }
446
447
        cout << endl;</pre>
448
449
        for (int i = 0; i <= non; ++i)</pre>
450
451
             char left;
452
             for (auto x : non_term)
             {
453
454
                  if (x.second == i)
455
                  {
                       left = x.first;
456
                       //cout << x.first << " --> ";
457
458
             }
459
             cout << left << "\t";
             for (int j = 0; j < ter_count; ++j)</pre>
461
             {
462
                  cout << parse_table[i][j] << "\t";</pre>
463
```

```
464
             cout << endl;
465
466
        cout << "Enter the string to be parsed" << endl;</pre>
467
468
        string input;
        cin >> input;
469
        stack<char> parsing;
470
471
        input = input + '$';
        parsing.push('$');
472
        parsing.push(c);
473
474
        int keep = 0;
        cout << "stack\tInput\toutput" << endl;</pre>
475
476
        print_stack(parsing);
477
        cout << "\t" << input << endl;</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < 100; ++i)</pre>
478
479
             char molil = parsing.top();
480
             //cout << molil << " is in top " << endl;
481
             if (terminals.find(parsing.top()) != terminals.end())
482
             {
483
                 //cout << "terminal found" << endl;
if (parsing.top() == input[keep])</pre>
484
485
                 {
486
487
                      parsing.pop();
488
                      keep++;
                      print_stack(parsing);
489
490
                      cout << "\t" << input.substr(keep, input.size() - keep) << endl;</pre>
                 }
491
                 else
492
                 {
493
                      cout << "invalid input parsing cant be done" << endl;</pre>
494
495
                      break:
                 }
496
             }
497
498
             else
499
             {
                 if (input[keep] == '$' && molil == '$')
500
501
                 {
                      cout << "parsing finished successfully" << endl;</pre>
502
503
                      break;
504
                  //cout << "Non terminal in top of stack" << endl;</pre>
505
                 string action = parse_table[non_term[parsing.top()]][term_mapp[input[keep]]];
if (action == "")
506
507
                 {
508
509
                      cout << "invalid input no productuon present" << endl;</pre>
                      break;
510
                 }
511
                 else
512
                 {
513
                      if (action == "#")
514
515
                      {
516
                           parsing.pop();
517
                           print_stack(parsing);
                           cout << "\t" << input.substr(keep, input.size() - keep) << "\t" << molil</pre>
518
        << "-->" << action << endl;
                           continue;
520
521
                      parsing.pop();
                      for (int j = action.size() - 1; j >= 0; --j)
522
                      ₹
523
524
                           parsing.push(action[j]);
                      }
525
                 }
526
527
                 print_stack(parsing);
                 cout << "\t" << input.substr(keep, input.size() - keep) << "\t" << molil << "-->"
        << action << endl;
             }
        }
530
531 }
```

Code for LL parser

1.5 Output

```
abhishek@hephaestus:~/Desktop/S7/CD LAB/Exam$ ./a.out
Enter the productions in the form "S : r"
S : aBa
B : #
B: bB
Non-terminals: S B
Terminals: a b #
New grammer after removing left recursion
S --> aBa
B --> # B --> bB
-----First-----
B: # b
S: a
Enter the Start symbol: S
-----Follow--
B: a
S: $
Parsing table
                b
        $
                        а
S
                        aBa
В
                bB
Enter the string to be parsed
abba
stack
        Input
                output
        abba$
$S
$aBa
        abba$ S-->aBa
$aB
        bba$
$aBb
              B-->bB
        bba$
$aB
        ba$
$aBb
        ba$
                B-->bB
$aB
        a$
                B-->#
$a
        a$
        $
parsing finished successfully
abhishek@hephaestus:~/Desktop/S7/CD LAB/Exam$
```

```
Enter the productions in the form "S : r"
E : E+T
T : T*F
F: (E)
F:i
Non-terminals: E T F
Terminals: + * i ( ) #
left recursion found in E+T
alpha is +T
first production push back
Extra prodcution pushing back
push back ended
left recursion found in T*F
alpha is *F
first production push back
Extra prodcution pushing back
push back ended
New grammer after removing left recursion
*******
E --> TZ
T --> FY
F --> (E)
          F --> i
            Z --> #
Z --> +TZ
               Y --> #
Y --> *FY
-----First-----
T: ( i
E: ( i
Enter the Start symbol: E
----Follow----
Z: $ )
Y: + ) $
```

```
abhishek@hephaestus:~/Desktop/S//CD_LAB/Exam$ ./a.out
  Enter the productions in the form "S : r"
  S : (L)
   : a
    : SB
   : ,SB
  B : #
  Non-terminals: S L B
  Terminals: ( ) a , #
  New grammer after removing left recursion
  S --> (L)
                    S --> a
  L --> SB
  B --> ,SB
                    B --> #
  -----First----
  B: ,#
  L: ( a
  Enter the Start symbol: S
  ----Follow----
  В:
  L: )
abhishek@hephaestus:~/Desktop/S7/CD LAB/Exam$ ./a.out
Enter the productions in the form "S : r"
S : aBa
B : #
B : bB
Non-terminals: S B
Terminals: a b #
New grammer after removing left recursion
******
S --> aBa
B --> # B --> bB
----First----
```

B: # b S: a

B: a S: \$

S

abba

\$S

Enter the Start symbol: S

b

B bB # Enter the string to be parsed

output

a

aBa

----Follow-----

Parsing table \$

stack Input

abba\$

```
S-->aBa
$aBa
        abba$
$aB
        bba$
$aBb
        bba$
                B-->bB
$aB
        ba$
                B-->bB
$aBb
        ba$
$aB
        a$
$a
        a$
                B-->#
        $
parsing finished successfully
```

1.6 Result

Implemented the program to construct a LL(1) parser. It was compiled using g++ version 9.3.0, and executed in Ubuntu 20.04 and the above output was obtained.