भारतीय रिज़र्व बैंक RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

RBI/2015-16/34 IDMD.PDRD.01 /03.64.00/2015-16 July 1, 2015

All Primary Dealers

Dear Sir / Madam

**Master Circular – Operational Guidelines for Primary Dealers** 

The Reserve Bank of India has, from time to time, issued a number of guidelines/instructions to the Primary Dealers (PDs) in regard to their operations. The Master Circular incorporating the guidelines/instructions/circulars on the subject issued up to June 30, 2015 is enclosed. A list of circulars finding reference in this master circular is enclosed as Annex-XI.

2. The banks undertaking PD activities departmentally should follow the extant guidelines applicable to the banks regarding their capital adequacy requirement and risk management. This Master Circular has also been placed on RBI website at <a href="https://www.rbi.org.in">www.rbi.org.in</a>.

Yours faithfully

Sd/-(Rekha Warriar) Chief General Manager

Encl: As above

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#### Section I – Regulations governing Primary Dealers

#### 1. Primary Dealer System

#### 1.1 Introduction

In 1995, the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) introduced the system of Primary Dealers (PDs) in the Government Securities (G-Sec) Market. The objectives of the PD system are to strengthen the infrastructure in G-Sec market, development of underwriting and market making capabilities for G-Sec, improve secondary market trading system and to make PDs an effective conduit for open market operations (OMO). As on June 30, 2015, there are seven standalone PDs and thirteen banks authorized to undertake PD business departmentally.

#### 1.2 Eligibility conditions

**1.2.1** The eligibility criteria for an entity to apply to the Reserve Bank of India for undertaking the activities of a PD are as under:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In terms of the explanatory note to Section 45-IA of Chapter III-B of the RBI Act, 1934, NOF is calculated as (a) the aggregate of the paid-up equity capital and free reserves as disclosed in the latest balance-sheet of the company after deducting there from— (i) accumulated balance of loss; (ii) deferred revenue expenditure; and (iii) other intangible assets; and (b) further reduced by the amounts representing— (1) investments of such company in shares of— (i) its subsidiaries; (ii) companies in the same group; (iii) all other non-banking financial companies; and (2) the book value of debentures, bonds, outstanding loans and advances

(including hire-purchase and lease finance) made to, and deposits with,— (i) subsidiaries of such company; and (ii) companies in the same group, to the extent such amount exceeds ten per cent of (a) above.

applicable to existing PDs from time to time as mentioned in para 1.2.6 of this circular. Previous experience in servicing retail and mid-segment customers in G-Sec will be viewed favourably while processing the application for PD authorisation.

- In case of subsidiaries/joint ventures set up by entities incorporated abroad, in addition to conditions given above, the following may be adhered to:
  - i. The applicant should have approval of Foreign Investment Promotion Board.
  - ii. The parent foreign company directly or through its subsidiaries should have been in PD business for three years or more in active markets.
  - iii. Such entity should suitably ring fence its system from its parent and associates

Banks which do not have a partly or wholly owned subsidiary undertaking PD business and intending to undertake PD business departmentally

- Minimum net owned funds (NOF) of Rs. 1,000 crore.
- Minimum Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) of 9 per cent.
- Net non-performing assets of less than 3 per cent and a profit making record for last three years.
- The applicant bank should have approval of Department of Banking Regulation, Central Office, Reserve Bank of India, Mumbai.
- Applicant bank should submit an annual target along with plan of action for turnover to be achieved on behalf of midsegment and retail investors at the time of submission of their application for PD authorisation. The annual minimum target will be same as applicable to existing PDs from time to time as mentioned in para 1.2.6 of this circular. Previous experience in servicing mid-segment and retail customers in G-Secs will be viewed favourably while processing the application for PD authorisation.
- 1.2.2 An applicant will not be eligible for authorisation as a PD if, within the last one year, it has been subject to litigation or regulatory action or investigation that the Reserve Bank considers material or otherwise relevant to the business of PD. In making such determination, RBI may consult with the appropriate regulators for their views.
- 1.2.3 An entity satisfying the criteria stipulated above should submit its application to the Chief General Manager, Internal Debt Management Department (IDMD), RBI, Mumbai. The RBI will, if satisfied, grant 'in principle approval'. The applicant will, thereafter, submit an undertaking in respect of the terms and conditions agreed to as per the prescribed format given in Annex I. Based on the application and undertaking, an authorisation letter will be issued by RBI. Continuation as a PD would depend on its compliance with the terms and conditions of authorisation.
- **1.2.4** The decision to authorise PDs will be taken by RBI based on its perception of market needs, suitability of the applicant and the likely value addition to the system.
- **1.2.5** The applicant entity may also have to adhere to other terms and conditions, as may be specified by RBI from time-to-time.

- 1.2.6 Existing PDs should submit an annual target (in consultation with RBI) along with plan of action for turnover to be achieved on behalf of mid-segment and retail investors in the month of June every year. The annual target for July 2014-June 2015 should not be less than 150 per cent of minimum NOF for standalone PDs and 100 per cent of minimum NOF for bank PDs. The target will be reviewed annually.
- **1.2.7** PDs are **not** permitted to set up step-down subsidiaries.

#### 1.3 Role and obligations of the PDs

PDs are expected to play an active role in the G-Sec market, both in its primary and secondary market segments through various obligations like participating in Primary auction, market making in G-Secs, predominance of investment in G-Secs, achieving minimum secondary market turnover ratio, maintaining efficient internal control system for fair conduct of business etc. A PD is required to have a standing arrangement with RBI based on the execution of an undertaking (**Annex I**) and the authorization letter issued by RBI every three years. Undertaking will be based on passing of a fresh Board resolution by the PD every three years.

#### 1.4 Facilities from RBI

The RBI currently extends the following facilities to the PDs to enable them to fulfill their obligations effectively:

- i. access to Current Account facility with RBI;
- ii. access to Subsidiary General Ledger (SGL) Account facility with RBI;
- iii. access to e-Kuber facility for primary auction;
- iv. permission to borrow and lend in the money market including call money market and to trade in all money market instruments;
- v. memberships of electronic dealing, trading and settlement systems (NDS platforms/INFINET/RTGS/CCIL);
- vi. access to the Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) of RBI;
- vii. access to liquidity support from RBI under a scheme separately notified for standalone PDs; and
- viii. access to OMO by RBI.

The facilities are subject to review.

#### 1.5 Regulation and Supervision by RBI

Operations of the PDs are subject to prudential and regulatory guidelines issued by RBI from time to time.

**1.5.1 Returns:** As part of off-site supervision, PDs are required to submit prescribed periodic returns to RBI as per **Annex II–A & B**. RBI may also prescribe any other return as it may deem necessary.

- **1.5.2 On-Site Supervision:** RBI will have the right to inspect the books, records, documents and accounts of a PD. PDs are required to make available all such documents, records, etc. to the RBI officers and render all necessary assistance as and when required.
- **1.5.4** In addition, PDs are required to meet registration and such other requirements as stipulated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) including operations on the Stock Exchanges, if they undertake any activity regulated by SEBI.
- **1.5.5** A PD should bring to the attention of RBI any major complaint against it or action initiated/taken against it by authorities such as the Stock Exchanges, SEBI, CBI, Enforcement Directorate, Income Tax Department, etc.
- **1.5.6** PDs are expected to join Primary Dealers Association of India (PDAI) and Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association (FIMMDA) and abide by the code of conduct framed by them and such other actions as initiated by them in the interest of the securities markets.

#### 2. Primary Market Activities

PDs are expected to support the primary issues of dated securities of Central Government and State Government, T-Bills and CMBs through underwriting/bidding commitments. The related guidelines are as under:

#### 2.1 Underwriting of Dated G-Sec

#### 2.1.1 Dated securities of Central Government

- i. The underwriting commitment on dated securities of Central Government will be divided into two parts a) Minimum Underwriting Commitment (MUC), and b) Additional Competitive Underwriting (ACU).
- ii. The MUC of each PD will be computed to ensure that at least 50 percent of the notified amount of each issue is mandatorily underwritten equally by all the PDs. The share under MUC will be uniform for all PDs, irrespective of their capital or balance sheet size. The remaining portion of the notified amount will be underwritten through an ACU auction.
- iii. RBI will announce the MUC of each PD. In the ACU auction, each PD would be required to bid for an amount <u>at least</u> equal to its share of MUC. A PD cannot bid for more than 30 per cent of the notified amount in the ACU auction.
- iv. The auction could be either uniform price-based or multiple price-based depending upon the market conditions and other relevant factors, which will be announced before the underwriting auction for each issue.
- v. Bids will be tendered by the PDs within the stipulated time, indicating both the amount of the underwriting commitment and underwriting commission rates. A PD can submit multiple bids for underwriting. Depending upon the bids submitted for underwriting, RBI will decide the cut-off rate of commission and inform the PDs.

- vi. **Underwriting commission**: All successful bidders in the ACU auction will be paid underwriting commission on the ACU segment as per the auction rules. Those PDs who succeed in the ACU for 4 per cent and above of the notified amount of the issue, will be paid commission on the MUC at the weighted average of all the accepted bids in the ACU. Others will get commission on the MUC at the weighted average rate of the three lowest accepted bids in the ACU.
- vii. In the GOI securities auction, a PD should bid for an amount not less than its total underwriting obligation. If two or more issues are floated on the same day, the minimum bid amount will be applied to each issue separately.
- viii. Underwriting commission will be paid on the amount accepted for underwriting by the RBI, irrespective of the actual amount of devolvement, by credit to the current account of the respective PDs at the RBI, Fort, Mumbai, on the date of issue of security.
- ix. In case of devolvement, PDs would be allowed to set-off the accepted bids in the auction against their shortfall in underwriting commitment accepted by the RBI. Devolvement of securities, if any, on PDs will take place on pro-rata basis, depending upon the amount of underwriting obligation of each PD after setting off the successful bids in the auction.
- x. RBI reserves the right to accept any amount of underwriting up to 100 per cent of the notified amount or even reject all the bids tendered by PDs for underwriting, without assigning any reason.
- xi. An illustration on underwriting procedure is given in Annex III.

#### 2.1.2 Dated securities of State Governments

- i. On announcement of an auction of State Development Loans (SDLs), which are dated securities of the State Governments, RBI may invite PDs to collectively bid to underwrite up to 100 per cent of the notified amount.
- ii. The auction could be either uniform price-based or multiple price-based depending upon the market conditions and other relevant factors, which will be announced before the underwriting auction for each issue.
- iii. A PD can bid to underwrite up to 30 per cent of the notified amount of the issue. If two or more issues are floated on the same day, the limit of 30% is applied by taking the notified amounts separately.
- iv. Bids will be tendered by PDs within the stipulated time, indicating both the amount of the underwriting commitments and underwriting commission rates. A PD can submit multiple bids for underwriting.
- v. Depending upon the bids submitted for underwriting, the RBI will decide the cut-off rate of commission and the underwriting amount up to which bids would be accepted and inform the PDs.

- vi. RBI reserves the right to accept any amount of underwriting up to 100 per cent of the notified amount or even reject all the bids tendered by PDs for underwriting, without assigning any reason.
- vii. In case of devolvement, PDs would be allowed to set-off the accepted bids in the auction against their shortfall in underwriting commitment accepted by the RBI. Devolvement of securities, if any, on PDs will take place on pro-rata basis, depending upon the amount of underwriting obligation of each PD after setting off the successful bids in the auction.
- viii. Underwriting commission will be paid on the amount accepted for underwriting by the RBI, irrespective of the actual amount of devolvement, by credit to the current account of the respective PDs at the RBI, Fort, Mumbai, on the date of issue of security.

### 2.2 Bidding in Primary auctions of T-Bills/CMBs

- i. Each PD will individually commit, at the beginning of the year (April March), to submit bids for a fixed percentage of the notified amount of T-Bills/CMBs in each auction.
- ii. The minimum bidding commitment amount / percentage for each PD will be determined by the RBI, in consultation with the PD. While finalizing the bidding commitments, the RBI will take into account the NOF, the offer made by the PD, its track record and its past adherence to the prescribed success ratio. The amount/percentage of minimum bidding commitment so determined by the RBI will remain unchanged for the entire year or till execution of the undertaking for the next year.
- iii. In any auction of T-Bills/CMBs, if a PD fails to submit the required minimum bid or submits a bid lower than its commitment, the RBI may take appropriate penal action against the PD.
- iv. A PD would be required to achieve a minimum success ratio of 40 percent of bidding commitment in T-Bills/CMBs auctions (if an auction gets cancelled or if all bids are rejected by RBI then PD should not take that auction's notified amount in the calculation of success ratio. Also, if RBI accepts partial amount, PD should take only accepted amount for calculation purpose) which will be monitored on a half yearly basis, i.e. April to September and October to March, separately (For illustrations please refer to **Annex IV**).
- v. The CMB transactions may be reported in PDR returns along with the T-Bill transactions.

#### 2.3 'When-Issued' transactions in Central G-Sec

PDs shall adhere to the guidelines issued by the RBI vide <u>circular IDMD.No. 2130/11.01.01 (D) /2006-07 dated November 16, 2006</u>, as amended from time to time, for undertaking "When Issued" transactions.

#### 2.4 Submission of client bids in the primary auctions

The PDs are allowed to submit bids of their SGL/Gilt account holders in the primary auctions as their own bids under competitive route after putting in place the following safeguards:

- i. PDs should have a Board approved policy including appropriate risk management system to take care of risks arising out of such activity
- ii. List of clients, details of business done through such clients and appropriateness of risk management system put in place may be periodically reviewed by the Board.
- iii. Records maintained in this regard should be subjected to concurrent audit.

PDs may execute the secondary market sale transaction and report the same on NDS-OM (T+1 settlement). With respect to the dated securities, the sale transaction may be made within one hour of intimation of firm allotment in the primary auctions.

#### 2.5 Submission of non-competitive bids

PDs shall adhere to the guidelines issued vide <u>circular RBI/2008-09/479 - IDMD.No.5877/08.02.33/2008-09 dated May 22, 2009</u>, as amended from time to time, in respect of submission of non-competitive bids in the auctions of the G-Sec.

#### 2.6 Sale of securities allotted in primary issues on the same day

PDs shall adhere to the guidelines issued vide <u>circulars IDMC.PDRS.No.PDS.1/03.64.00/2000-01 dated October 6, 2000, RBI/2005/461-IDMD.PDRS.4777/10.02.01/2004-05 dated May 11, 2005 and RBI/2012-13/133-IDMD.PDRD.188/03.64.00/2012-13 dated July 16, 2012 for undertaking sale of securities allotted in primary issues on the same day. PDs can avail services of brokers for carrying out such sale contracts.</u>

#### 2.7 Settlement of primary auctions

The primary auction settlement is independent from the secondary market settlements and therefore has to be funded separately. Successful PDs shall provide sufficient funds in their current account with the RBI on the auction settlement days before 3:00 pm to meet their obligations against the subscriptions in the primary auctions failing which the shortage will be treated as an instance of 'SGL bouncing' and will be subjected to the applicable penal provisions.

#### 3. Secondary Market activities

- **3.1 Market making in G-Sec:** PDs should offer two-way prices in G-Sec through the Negotiated Dealing System-Order Matching (NDS-OM), over-the-counter (OTC) market and recognized Stock Exchanges in India and take principal positions in the secondary market for G-Sec.
- **3.2 Turnover ratio:** A PD should annually achieve a minimum turnover ratio of 5 times for Government dated securities and 10 times for T-Bills/CMBs of the average month-end stocks. The turnover ratio in respect of outright transactions should not be less than 3 times in Government dated securities and 6 times in T-Bills/CMBs (Turnover ratio is the ratio of total purchase and sales during the year in the secondary market to average month-end stocks).

#### 3.3 Secondary Market Transactions - Short-selling

PDs shall adhere to the guidelines issued by the RBI vide circular IDMD.No 03/11.01.01(B)/2005-06 dated February 28, 2006. RBI/2006-07/243-IDMD.No./11.01.01(B)/2006-07 dated January 31, 2007, IDMD.DOD.No. 3165/11.01.01(B)/ 2007-08 dated January 2008, IDMD.PCD. 14 /14.03.07/2011-12 dated December 28, 2011, RBI/2011-12/615 IDMD.PCD.No.21/14.03.07/2011-12 dated 21, June 2012. IDMD.PCD.06/14.03.07/2014-15 dated September 30. 2014 and FMRD.DIRD.02/14.03.007/2014-15 dated December 24, 2014 on "Secondary market transactions in Government Securities - Short Selling" as amended from time to time.

**3.4 Separate Trading of Registered Interest and Principal of Securities (STRIPS) in G-Sec** PDs shall adhere to the guidelines issued by the RBI vide <u>circular RBI/2009-10/360-IDMD.DOD.No.7 /11.01.09 /2009-10 dated March 25, 2010</u>, on STRIPS in G-Sec, as amended from time to time.

#### 3.5 Settlement of Secondary Market transaction

As per circular IDMD.PDRS./4783/10.02.01/2004-05 dated May 11, 2005 all outright secondary market transactions in Government Securities are settled on T+1 basis except for outright secondary market transactions undertaken with respect to FPIs and reported on NDS-OM, which will be settled on T+2 basis subject to conditions mentioned in <u>circular FMRD.DIRD.06/14.03.007/2014-15 dated March 20, 2015</u>, as amended from time to time.

#### 4 Liquidity Support from RBI

In addition to access to the RBI's LAF, standalone PDs are also provided with liquidity support by the RBI against eligible G-Sec including SDLs. The parameters based on which liquidity support will be allocated are given below:

- i. Of the total liquidity support, half of the amount will be divided equally among all the standalone PDs. The remaining half (i.e. 50%) will be divided in the ratio of 1:1 based on market performance in primary market and secondary market. Performance in primary market will be computed on the basis of bids accepted in the T-Bill/CMB auctions and G-Sec auctions in the proportionate weights of 1 and 3. Similarly, the secondary market performance will be judged on the basis of outright turnover in T-Bills/CMBs and G-Sec in the proportionate weights of 1 and 3.
- ii. The PD-wise limit of liquidity support will be revised every half-year (April-September and October-March) based on the market performance of the PDs in the preceding six months.
- iii. The liquidity support will be made available at the 'Repo Rate' announced by the RBI.

iv. The liquidity support availed by a PD will be repayable within a period of 90 days. If it is repaid after 90 days, the penal rate of interest payable by PDs is Bank rate plus 5 percentage points for the period beyond 90 days.

#### 5. Investment Guidelines

- **5.1** Investment policy PDs should frame and implement, a Board approved, investment policy and operational guidelines on securities transactions. The policy should contain the broad objectives to be followed while undertaking transactions in securities on their own account and on behalf of clients, clearly define the authority to put through deals, and lay down procedure to be followed while putting through deals, various prudential exposure limits, policy regarding dealings through brokers, systems for management of various risks, guidelines for valuation of the portfolio and the reporting systems etc. Operational procedures and controls in relation to the day-to-day business operations should also be worked out and put in place to ensure that operations in securities are conducted in accordance with sound and acceptable business practices. While laying down these guidelines, the PDs should strictly adhere to RBI's instructions, issued from time to time. The effectiveness of the policy and operational guidelines should be periodically evaluated.
- **5.2** The investment in G-Sec should have predominance over the non-core activities in terms of investment pattern. Standalone PDs are required to ensure predominance by maintaining at least 50 per cent of their total financial investments (both long term and short term) in G-Sec at any point of time. Investment in G-Sec will include the PD's Own Stock, Stock with RBI under Liquidity Support / Intra-day Liquidity (IDL)/ LAF, Stock with market for repo borrowings and G-Sec pledged with the CCIL.
- **5.3** Further, a PD's investment in G-Sec (including T-Bills and CMBs) and Corporate Bond (to the extent of 50% of NOF) on a daily basis should be at least equal to its net call/notice/repo (including CBLO) borrowing plus net RBI borrowing (through LAF/ Intra-Day Liquidity/ Liquidity Support) plus the minimum prescribed NOF.
- **5.4** PDs should necessarily hold their investments in G-Sec portfolio in SGL with RBI. They may also have a dematerialised (Demat) account with depositories National Securities Depository Limited / Central Depository Services (India) Limited. All purchase/sale transactions in G-Secs by PDs should be through SGL / Constituent SGL (CSGL) / Demat accounts.
- **5.5** PDs should hold all other investments such as CPs, bonds and debentures (privately placed or otherwise) and equity instruments, only in demat form.
- **5.6** All problem exposures, which are not backed by any security or backed by security of doubtful value, should be fully provided for. Where a PD has filed suit against another party for recovery, such exposures should be evaluated and provisions made to the satisfaction of

auditors. Any claim against the PD should also be taken note of and provisions made to the satisfaction of auditors.

**5.7** The profit and loss account should reflect the problem exposures if any, and also the effect of valuation of portfolio, as per the instructions issued by the RBI, from time to time. The report of the statutory auditors should contain a certification to this effect.

#### 5.8 HTM Portfolio

- **5.8.1** Standalone PDs are allowed to categorize a portion of their G-Sec portfolio in the HTM category, subject to the following conditions:
  - i. The transfer of securities (both Central Government and State Government) to/from HTM portfolio shall be done as per the policy formulated by the Board. Such transfers shall be permitted only once in a quarter.
  - ii. Transfer of securities to/from HTM portfolio should be done with the approval of the Board at the acquisition cost/ book value/ market value on the date of transfer, whichever is the least, and the depreciation, if any, on such transfer shall be fully provided for. PDs are allowed to shift investments to/from HTM portfolio with the approval of the MD of the PD/Head of ALCO, only in case of exigencies. However, it should be ratified by the Board.
  - iii. Only securities acquired by the PD under primary auction will be eligible for classification under HTM category.
  - iv. The quantum of securities that can be classified as HTM shall be restricted to 100% of the audited NOF of the PD as at the end March of the preceding financial year.
  - v. The profit on sale of securities, if any, from the HTM category shall first be taken to the P & L Account and thereafter be appropriated to the "Reserve Account"; loss on sale shall be recognized in the P & L Account.
  - vi. Investments classified under HTM will be carried at acquisition cost, unless it is more than the face value, in which case the premium should be amortized over the remaining period to maturity. The book value of the security should continue to be reduced to the extent of the amount amortized during the relevant accounting period.
- vii. The concurrent auditors should specifically verify compliance with these instructions.
- viii. The facility shall be available until further advice.
- **5.8.2** Banks undertaking PD activities departmentally may continue to follow the extant guidelines applicable to banks with regard to the classification and valuation of the investment portfolio issued by Department of Banking Regulation (DBR), RBI.

#### 6 Systems/Controls

#### 6.1 Purchase/Sale of securities through SGL transfer forms

All PDs should report / conclude their transactions on NDS / NDS-OM and clear/settle them through CCIL as central counter-party. In such cases where exceptions have been permitted to tender physical SGL transfer forms, the following guidelines should be followed:

- Records of all SGL transfer forms issued/received should be maintained and a system for verification of the authenticity of the SGL transfer forms received from the counter-party and confirmation of authorized signatories should be put in place.
- ii. Under no circumstances, a SGL transfer form issued by a PD in favour of counterparty should bounce for want of sufficient balance in the SGL/Current Account. Any instance of return of SGL form from the Public Debt Office (PDO) of the RBI for want of sufficient balance in the account should be immediately brought to the notice of the PD's top management and reported to RBI with the details of transactions.
- iii. SGL Transfer forms received by purchasing PDs should be deposited in their SGL Accounts immediately. No sale should be effected by way of return of SGL form held by the PD.
- iv. SGL transfer form should be in a standard format, prescribed by the RBI, and printed on semi-security paper of uniform size. They should be serially numbered and there should be a control system in place to account for each SGL form.
- **6.2** Bank Receipt or similar receipt should not be issued or accepted by the PDs under any circumstances in respect of transactions in G-Sec.

#### 6.3 Reconciliation of holdings of G-Sec

Balances as per books of PDs should be reconciled at least at monthly intervals with the balances in the books of PDOs. If the number of transactions so warrant, the reconciliation should be undertaken at more frequent intervals. This reconciliation should be periodically verified during concurrent/internal audit of the PDs.

#### 6.4 Transactions on behalf of Constituents

- i. The PDs should undertake all due diligence while acting as agent of their clients for carrying out transactions in securities.
- ii. PDs should not use the constituents' funds or assets for proprietary trading or for financing of another intermediary's operations.
- iii. All transaction records should give a clear indication that the transaction belongs to constituent and does not belong to PD's own account.
- iv. The transactions on behalf of constituents and the operations in the CSGL accounts should be conducted in accordance with the guidelines issued by RBI on the CSGL accounts.

- v. PDs who act as custodians (i.e. CSGL account holders) and offer the facility of maintaining gilt accounts to their constituents, should not permit settlement of any sale transaction by their constituents unless the security sold is actually held in the gilt account of the constituent.
- vi. Indirect access to NDS-OM has been permitted to certain segments of investors through banks and PDs vide <u>circular IDMD.DOD.No.5893/10.25.66/2007-08 dated May 27, 2008</u>. PDs should adhere to the guidelines on maintenance of gilt accounts and investments on behalf of gilt account holders while undertaking 'constituent deals' on NDS-OM.

#### 6.5 Failure to complete delivery of security/funds in an SGL transaction

Any default in delivery of security/funds in an SGL sale /purchase transaction undertaken by a PD will be viewed seriously. A report on such transaction, even if completed through the securities/funds shortage handling procedure of CCIL, must be submitted to the IDMD, RBI immediately. In terms of <a href="circular RBI/2010-11/115-IDMD.DOD.17/11.01.01(B)/2010-11 dated July 14, 2010">DUD.17/11.01.01(B)/2010-11 dated July 14, 2010</a>, for any default in delivery of security / funds in a SGL sale / purchase transaction undertaken by a PD (event of bouncing of SGL transfer forms) and the failure of the PD to offer satisfactory explanation for such bouncing of SGL, the PD shall be liable to pay penalties as per the circular ibid.

#### 7. Violation/Circumvention of Instructions

Any violation/circumvention of the above guidelines or the terms and conditions of the undertaking executed by a PD with RBI (**Annex I**) would be viewed seriously and such violation would attract penal action including the withdrawal of liquidity support, denial of access to the money market, withdrawal of authorization for carrying on the business as a PD, and/or imposition of monetary penalty or liquidated damages, as the RBI may deem fit.

#### 8. Disclosure of Penal Actions

- **8.1** In order to maintain transparency with regard to imposition of penalties and in conformity with the best practices on disclosure of penalties imposed by the regulator, the details of the penalty levied on a PD shall be placed in the public domain.
- **8.2** The mode of disclosures of penalties, imposed by RBI will be as follows:
  - i. A Press Release will be issued by the RBI, giving details of the circumstances under which the penalty is imposed on the PD along with the communication on the imposition of penalty in public domain.
  - ii. The penalty shall also be disclosed in the 'Notes on Accounts' to the Balance Sheet of the PD in its next Annual Report.

### 9. Exit / Termination procedure:

**9.1** RBI may suspend or terminate a PD, as it may deem fit, in the following circumstances:

- i. Violation/circumvention of the regulatory guidelines or the terms and conditions of the undertaking executed by a PD with the RBI.
- ii. Failure to meet the performance criteria and capital standards on an ongoing basis.
- iii. Repeatedly providing bids and offers in the primary and/or secondary market that are not reasonably competitive.
- iv. RBI is of the view that the PD has attempted to manipulate the market; involved in market abuse; made an incorrect representation or certification; failed to provide information required under the extant guidelines, or provided information that was incorrect, inaccurate, or incomplete.
- v. If it appears, in the Reserve Bank's judgment that the PD has an inadequate or weak control environment.
- vi. If a PD becomes the subject of, or involved with, regulatory or legal proceedings that, in the judgment of the Reserve Bank, unfavorably impacts the PD business.
- vii. PD intends to surrender PD authorisation on its own. In such a case, the PD should discuss the orderly unwinding of any positions held, agree the timing and date of termination of PD operations, and the content of any announcements to be made to the market, by the Reserve Bank. In the interests of discouraging 'fair-weather' trading and ensure that a PD is available in the market even when the market condition is not favourable, the Reserve Bank will not approve an application from the same firm for a fresh PD authorisation for some considerable period of time.
- **9.2** RBI will notify the PD of its intention to impose a sanction, and will provide the PD with an opportunity to submit its view, before taking a final decision.
- **9.3** RBI will ensure that a PD's exit is carried out in a way that does not cause undue disruptions to other market participants.
- **9.4** Such suspension or termination will be made public by RBI through press release. An announcement in this regard shall be made preferably on the last working day of the week, with the sanction effective from the close of business on the same day.
- **10.** List of circulars consolidated and list of circulars referred are enclosed at Annex X and XI respectively.

## Section II: Additional Guidelines applicable to banks undertaking PD business departmentally

#### 1. Introduction

Scheduled commercial banks (except Regional Rural Banks) have been permitted to undertake PD business departmentally from 2006-07.

#### 2. Procedure for Authorization of bank-PDs

- **2.1** Banks eligible to apply for undertaking PD business, [please see eligibility conditions at paragraph 1.2.1 of Section I above] may approach the Chief General Manager, DBR, RBI, Central Office. On obtaining an in-principle approval from DBR, banks may apply to the Chief General Manager, IDMD, RBI, 23<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Central Office Building, Fort, Mumbai 400 001 for an authorization for undertaking PD business departmentally.
- **2.2** The banks, proposing to undertake the PD business by merging / taking over PD business from their partly / wholly owned subsidiary, or foreign banks, operating in India, proposing to undertake PD business departmentally by merging the PD business being undertaken by a group company, will be subject to the terms and conditions, as applicable, of the undertaking given by such subsidiary/ group company till such time a fresh undertaking is executed by the bank.
- **2.3** The banks authorized to undertake PD business will be required to have a standing arrangement with RBI based on the execution of an undertaking **(Annex I)** and the authorization letter issued by RBI every three years (July-June). Undertaking will be based on passing of a fresh Board resolution by the PD every three years.

#### 3. Applicability of guidelines issued for PDs

- **3.1** The bank-PDs would be governed by the operational guidelines as given in Section I above, to the extent applicable, unless otherwise stated. Furthermore, the bank-PDs' role and obligations in terms of supporting the primary market auctions for issue of dated G-Sec and T-Bills/CMBs, underwriting of dated G-Sec, market-making in G-Sec and secondary market turnover in G-Sec will also be at par with those applicable to standalone PDs as enumerated in Section I of this Master Circular.
- **3.2** Bank-PDs are expected to join PDAI and FIMMDA and abide by the code of conduct framed by them and such other actions initiated by them in the interest of the securities market.
- **3.3** The requirement of ensuring minimum investment in G-Sec and T-Bills on a daily basis, based on net call / RBI borrowing and NOF will not be applicable to bank-PDs who shall be guided by the extant guidelines applicable to banks.

- **3.4** As banks have access to the call money market, refinance facility and the LAF of RBI, bank-PDs will not have separate access to these facilities and liquidity support as applicable to the standalone PDs.
- **3.5** The guidelines issued vide <u>circular IDMD.No/2130/11.01.01 (D)/2006-07 dated November</u> 16, 2006 on 'When-issued' trades will be applicable to bank-PDs also.
- **3.6** Bank-PDs shall be guided by the extant guidelines applicable to banks as regards borrowing in call/notice/term money market, ICDs, FCNR (B) loans /External Commercial Borrowings and other sources of funds.
- **3.7** The investment policy of the bank may be suitably amended to include PD activities also. Within the overall framework of the investment policy, the PD business undertaken by the bank will be limited to dealing, underwriting and market-making in G-Sec. Investments in Corporate / PSU / FIs bonds, CPs, CDs, debt mutual funds and other fixed income securities will not be deemed to be a part of PD business.
- **3.8** The classification, valuation and operation of investment portfolio guidelines as applicable to banks in regard to "Held for Trading" portfolio will also apply to the portfolio of G-Sec including T-Bills/CMBs earmarked for PD business.
- **3.9** The G-Sec including T-Bills/CMBs under PD business will count for SLR purpose.
- **3.10** Bank-PDs shall be guided by the extant guidelines applicable to banks as regards business through brokers, repo transactions, interest rate derivatives (OTC & exchange traded), investment in non-G-Sec, Issue of Subordinated Debt Instruments and declaration of dividend.

#### 4. Maintenance of books and accounts

**4.1** The transactions related to PD business, undertaken by a bank departmentally, should be executed through the existing SGL account of the bank. However, Bank-PDs need to maintain distinct PD book as per DBR guidelines RBI/2006-07/104 DBOD.FSD.BC. No.25/24.92.001/2006-07 dated August 9, 2006. The decision regarding maintaining a PD book as part of HFT-G-Sec portfolio or treating the entire HFT-G-Sec- portfolio as PD book is left to the banks. However, banks may clearly indicate in their investment policy the intention of denoting the whole or part of HFT-G-Sec book as PD book with the approval of their Board/ALCO.

- **4.2** Bank-PDs shall decide about classification (HTM/AFS/HFT-G-Sec-bank/HFT-G-Sec-PD) of securities allotted in the primary auction/purchased in the secondary market, at the time of acquisition of the securities.
- **4.3** It should be ensured that, at any point of time, there is a minimum balance of Rs.100 crore of G-Sec earmarked for PD business.
- **4.4** Bank-PDs should subject 100 per cent of the transactions and regulatory returns submitted by PD department to concurrent audit. An auditor's certificate for having maintained the minimum stipulated balance of Rs.100 crore of G-Sec in the PD-book on an ongoing basis and having adhered to the guidelines/instructions issued by RBI should be forwarded to IDMD, RBI on a quarterly basis.

#### 5. Capital Adequacy and Risk Management

- **5.1** The capital adequacy and risk management guidelines applicable to a bank undertaking PD activity departmentally, will be as per the extant guidelines applicable to banks. In other words, for the purpose of assessing the bank's capital adequacy requirement and coverage under risk management framework, the PD activity should also be taken into account.
- **5.2** The bank undertaking PD activity may put in place adequate risk management systems to measure and provide for the risks emanating from the PD activity.

#### 6. Supervision by RBI

- **6.1** The banks authorized to undertake PD business departmentally are required to submit prescribed periodic returns to RBI promptly. The current list of such returns and their periodicity, etc. is furnished in **Annex II- C.**
- **6.2** Reserve Bank reserves its right to amend or modify the above guidelines from time to time, as may be considered necessary.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### Annex I

_	Format of Undertaking
То	The Chief General Manager, Internal Debt Management Department, Reserve Bank of India, Central Office Building, Mumbai - 400 001
Ву	
	Registered Office
Prima	REAS the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has offered in principle to permit us to undertake ry Dealer (PD) activity in Government securities in accordance with the Guidelines issued on from time to time.
	WHEREAS as a precondition to our being authorized to undertake PD activity we are ed to furnish an undertaking covering the relative terms and conditions.
Shri/S	WHEREAS at the duly convened Board of Directors meeting of on on, the Board has authorised Shri/Smt./Kum and smt./Kum to execute and furnish an UNDERTAKING for the d July to June to the RBI jointly and severally as set out below:
	, THEREFORE, in consideration of the RBI agreeing to permit us to undertake PD y, we hereby undertake and agree:
Ma Tr mi Ur Se	commit to aggregatively bid in the auction of Treasury Bills (TBs), including Cash anagement Bills (CMBs) to the extent of <i>specific</i> per cent of each issue of auction easury Bills/Cash Management Bills as decided every year (April-March) and for a inimum amount equal to the underwriting commitment (allotted under Minimum inderwriting Commitment and Additional Competitive Underwriting) for Gol Dated ecurities and to maintain the success ratio in aggregate winning bids at not less than 40 er cent for TBs and CMBs or such other percent as may be notified by RBI keeping in

2. To offer to underwrite primary issues of Gol dated securities, TBs, CMBs, and State Government securities, for which auction is held, and accept devolvement, if any, of any amount as may be determined by RBI in terms of prevalent scheme for Bidding/Underwriting.

view the relevant factors.

- 3. a) To determine prudential ceilings, with the prior approval of the Board of Directors (Board) of the company, for reliance on borrowings from the money market including repos, as a multiple of net owned funds, subject to the guidelines, if any, issued by the RBI in this regard (applicable to standalone PDs only).
  - b) To adhere to prudential ceilings, with the prior approval of the Board of the bank, subject to the guidelines, if any, issued by the RBI in this regard (applicable to bank-PDs only).
- 4. To offer firm two-way quotes through NDS / NDS-OM, over the counter telephone market / recognised Stock Exchanges in India and deal in the secondary market in Government dated securities and TBs of varying maturity from time to time and take principal positions.

- 5. To achieve a sizeable portfolio in Government securities and to actively trade in the Government securities market.
- 6. To achieve an annual turnover of not less than 5 times in Government dated securities and not less than 10 times in TBs/CMBs of the average of month-end stocks (in the book separately maintained for the PD business) subject to the turnover in respect of outright transactions being not less than 3 times in Government dated securities and 6 times in TBs /CMBs or as may be notified by RBI from time to time..
- 7. To maintain the capital adequacy standards prescribed by the RBI, and to subject ourselves to all prudential and regulatory guidelines as may be issued by the RBI from time to time.
- 8. To maintain adequate infrastructure in terms of both physical apparatus and skilled manpower for efficient participation in primary issues, trading in the secondary market, and for providing advice and education to investors.
- 9. To adhere to "Guidelines on Securities Transaction to be followed by PDs" issued vide circular IDMC.No.PDRS/2049-A/03.64.00/99-2000 dated December 31, 1999 and Master Circulars issued from time to time and put in place necessary internal control systems for fair conduct of business and settlement of trades and maintenance of accounts.
- 10. To comply with all applicable RBI /Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) requirements under the existing guidelines and which may be laid down from time to time in this behalf, failing which RBI would be at liberty to cancel the authorisation as a PD.
- 11. To abide by the code of conduct as laid down by RBI/SEBI, the Primary Dealers' Association of India (PDAI) and the Fixed Income, Money Markets and Derivatives Association of India (FIMMDA).
- 12. To maintain separate books of account for transactions relating to PD business (distinct from the normal banking business) with necessary audit trails and to ensure that, at any point of time, there is a minimum balance of Rs.100 crore of Government securities or as may be notified by RBI from time to time earmarked for PD business (applicable to bank-PDs only).
- 13. To maintain and preserve such information, records, books and documents pertaining to our working as a PD as may be specified by the RBI from time to time.
- 14. To permit the RBI to inspect all records, books, information, documents and make available the records to the officers deputed by the RBI for inspection/scrutiny and render all necessary assistance.
- 15. To maintain at all times a minimum net owned funds of Rs.150 crore / Rs.250 crore or as may be prescribed by RBI from time to time in Government securities and to deploy the liquidity support from the RBI, net borrowings from call money market and net repo borrowings exclusively in Government securities (applicable to standalone PDs only).
- 16. To maintain an arm's length relationship in transactions with group and related entities.
- 17. To obtain prior approval of RBI for any change in the shareholding pattern of the company (applicable to standalone PDs only).
- 18. To submit in prescribed formats periodic reports including daily transactions and market information, monthly report of details of transactions in securities and risk position and performance with regard to participation in auctions, annual audited accounts and an

annual performance review and such statements, certificates and other documents and information as may be specified by RBI from time to time.

- 19. To report the matter immediately to Internal Debt Management Department of the RBI and abide by such orders, instructions, decisions or rulings given by the RBI if and when any kind of investigation/inquiry/inspection is initiated against us by statutory/regulatory authorities, e.g. SEBI/RBI, Stock Exchanges, Enforcement Directorate, Income-tax authorities etc.
- 20. To pay an amount of Rupees Five Lakh, or as applicable, to the RBI, for violation of any of the instructions issued by the RBI in the matter or for non-compliance with any of the undertakings given hereinabove.

We do hereby confirm that the above undertakings will be binding on our successors and assigns.

Dated this	day of	Two Thousand	
being the aut	ed and delivered thorized persons o of the		)
at the duly co		y held on)	
Signatory	(i) (ii)		
Witness	(i) (ii)		
Notes:	(")		

- 1. Para **3.a, 15** and **17** are applicable to standalone PDs only.
  - 2. Para 3.b, words in italics in para 6 and para 12 are applicable to bank-PDs only.

### **Annex II-A**

## Statements / Returns required to be submitted by PDs to IDMD

Sr. No.	Return/Report	Periodicity	Last date for submission	Reference under which required
1.	PDR-I* (Sources and application of funds maintained on daily basis)	Fortnightly	Next working day of the reporting fortnight.	
2.	PDR-II* (Securities market turnover on monthly basis)	Monthly	10th of the following month.	
3.	PDR-III* (Statement on capital adequacy)	Quarterly	the reporting quarter in the prescribed format enclosed as Annex of the Master circular on Capital Adequacy Standards and Risk Management Guidelines for standalone PDs.	PD Guidelines
4.	PDR IV* (Financial and balance sheet indicators)	Quarterly	15 <sup>th</sup> of the month following the reporting quarter.	
5.	Return on FRAs / IRS*	Monthly	10th of the following month.	
6.	Annual Report & Annual Audited A/cs	Annual	As soon as annual accounts are audited and finalized.	
7.	Auditor's Certificate on Net Owned Funds	Yearly	30th June.	
8.	Details of dividend declared during the accounting year	Yearly	Within a fortnight from the payment of dividend.	

<sup>\*</sup> Returns to be submitted on XBRL online platform

#### **Annex II-B**

## Statements / Returns required to be submitted by PDs to departments other than IDMD of Reserve Bank of India

Sr. No.	Return/Report	Periodicity	To be filed with Dept.	Reference under which required
1.	Return on FRAs / IRS	Fortnightly	MPD	MPD.BC.187/07.01.279/199 9-2000 dated July 7, 1999.
2.	Statement showing balances of Govt. Securities held on behalf of each Gilt A/c holder	Half-Yearly	PDO	
3.	Return on Call Money transactions with Commercial Banks	Fortnightly	DEPR	
4.	Information for Issue of Commercial Paper	On each issue of CP	MPD	IECD.2/08.15.01/2001-02 dated July 23, 2001.

Note: The last date prescribed for submission of these statements by the departments concerned and/or IDMD should be adhered to.

### **Annex II-C**

## Statements / Returns required to be submitted by banks on their Primary Dealership business to IDMD

Sr. No.	Return/Report	Periodicity	Last date for submission
1.	PDR-II (format enclosed as Annex VI) *	Monthly	10th of the following month.
2.	Concurrent auditor certificate for having maintained the minimum stipulated balance of Rs. 100 crore of G-Sec in the PD-book on an ongoing basis.	Quarterly	15th of the month following the reporting quarter.
3.	Annual Report on PD activity of the bank.	Annual	Within 30 days of the finalization of audited accounts.

<sup>\*</sup> Returns to be submitted on XBRL online platform

### **Annex III**

# Illustration showing the underwriting amount, cut-off of fee quoted and commission payable to PDs

Instrument Name	XXXXXXX
Auction Type	Multiple
Notified amount (NA)	4200
Total No. of PDs (n)	21
Minimum Underwriting Commitment (MUC)	2100
Per PD MUC (MUC/n)	100
Total PD commitment under MUC collectively (Adjusted MUC)	2100
Additional Competitive Underwriting (ACU) ACU = (NA - Adjusted MUC)	2100
Minimum bidding by each PD in ACU (equal to per PD MUC)	100
Total underwriting commitment for each PD under MUC and ACU	200
Total Underwriting (212 *19)	4200
Minimum allotment to a PD to be eligible for higher commission on MUC i.e. min 4% of Notified Amount	168

## ..... Annex III

Bids submitted under Additional Competitive Underwriting Auction

Sr. No	PDs participated in U/W auction	Amount of bid in ACU (Rs. Crore)	Cumulative Amount (Rs. Cr)	Underwriting fee (in paise / Rs.100)	Amount of bid * U/w fee	Remarks	Weighted Average underwriting fee (paise / Rs.100)
1	А	150	150	1.52	228.00		1.52
2	В	155	305	2.56	396.80		2.05
3	А	60	365	3.50	210.00	Three lowest bids	2.29
4	С	95	460	3.70	351.50		2.58
5	В	200	660	3.94	788.00		2.99
6	В	25	685	4.00	100.00		3.03
7	D	120	805	4.00	480.00		3.17
8	E	95	900	4.49	426.55		3.31
9	F	70	970	4.50	315.00		3.40
10	G	50	1020	4.75	237.50		3.46
11	E	115	1135	4.90	563.50		3.61
12	С	90	1225	4.94	444.60		3.71
13	F	220	1445	4.95	1089.00		3.90
14	G	200	1645	5.00	1000.00		4.03
15	Н	120	1765	5.00	600.00		4.10
16	1	120	1885	5.00	600.00		4.15
17	1	109	1994	5.00	545.00	CUT-OFF	4.20
18	1	25	2019	5.50	137.50		4.22
19	J	120	2139	5.94	712.80		4.31
20	К	120	2259	6.00	720.00		4.40
21	L	120	2379	6.00	720.00		4.48
22	М	55	2434	6.50	357.50		4.53
23	N	120	2554	6.94	832.80		4.64
24	0	120	2674	7.00	840.00		4.75
25	Р	120	2794	7.00	840.00		4.84
26	Q	120	2914	7.00	840.00		4.93
27	R	106	3020	8.00	848.00		5.04
28	S	106	3126	8.50	901.00		5.16
29	M	80	3206	9.00	720.00		5.25
30	K	100	3306	9.25	925.00		5.38
	Rate of commission payable to PDs on MUC for those who have been allotted an amount >= 4% of ACU amount				(weighted average of all allotted bids)		
Rate	Rate of commission payable to other PDs on MUC				(weighted	average of thr	2.29 ee lowest bids)

#### ..... Annex III

PD Wise eligible commission on ACU and ACU Allotment					
[a]	[b]	[c]	[d]={[b]*10000000*[c]/100}/100		
Successful PDs	Successful bids in ACU (Rs. Cr)	Underwriting fee bid (in paise / Rs.100)	Bid wise commission payable on ACU (In Rs.)		
Α	150	1.52	228,000.00		
Α	60	3.50	210,000.00		
A Total	210		438,000.00		
В	155	2.56	396,800.00		
В	200	3.94	788,000.00		
В	25	4.00	100,000.00		
B Total	380		1,284,800.00		
С	95	3.70	351,500.00		
С	90	4.94	444,600.00		
C Total	185		796,100.00		
D	120	4.00	480,000.00		
D Total	120		480,000.00		
E	95	4.49	426,550.00		
Е	115	4.90	563,500.00		
E Total	210		990,050.00		
F	70	4.50	315,000.00		
F	220	4.95	1,089,000.00		
F Total	290		1,404,000.00		
G	50	4.75	237,500.00		
G	200	5.00	1,000,000.00		
G Total	250		1,237,500.00		
Н	120	5.00	600,000.00		
H Total	120		600,000.00		
	120	5.00	600,000.00		
1	101	5.00	505,000.00		
I Total	221		1,105,000.00		

## ..... Annex III

Underwriting Commission Details								
PD	MUC amount accepted	ACU amount accepted	Total amount accepted	Whether ACU accepted is >= 4% NA	Weighted average fee taken for MUC commission calculation	Commn. on MUC	Commissi on on ACU	Total Commission
	(in crore)	(in crore)	(in crore)		(paise per Rs.100)		(Rs.)	
Α	106	210	316	YES	4.20	445,200	438,000	883,200
В	106	380	486	YES	4.20	445,200	1,284,800	1,730,000
С	106	185	291	YES	4.20	445,200	796,100	1,241,300
D	106	120	226	NO	2.29	242,740	480,000	722,740
E	106	210	316	YES	4.20	445,200	990,050	1,435,250
F	106	290	396	YES	4.20	445,200	1,404,000	1,849,200
G	106	250	356	YES	4.20	445,200	1,237,500	1,682,700
н	106	120	226	NO	2.29	242,740	600,000	842,740
I	106	221	327	YES	4.20	445,200	1,105,000	1,550,200
J	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
К	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
L	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
М	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
N	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
0	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
Р	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
Q	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
R	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
S	106	0	106	NO	2.29	242,740	0	242,740
TOTAL	2014	1986	4000			6,029,280	8,335,450	14,364,730

#### **Annex IV**

## Illustrations showing PDs' Commitment to T-Bills / CMBs auctions and Success Ratio

A PD has committed to bid aggregatively Rs. 500 crore in T-Bills as shown below. The success ratio to be maintained by the PD is 40 per cent in respect of T- Bills/CMBs. Various scenarios in respect of fulfillment of the bidding commitment and the success ratio assuming that the bids tendered and the bids accepted will be as under:

T-Bills/CMBs: (Rs. crore)

. B			(1.10.0.0.	Ψ,	
SCENARIOS		(I)	(II)	(III)	
Bidding Commitment	(a)	500	500	500	
Bids Tendered	(b)	600	500	400	
Bids Accepted	(c)	300	200	100	
Success Ratio Achieved (c)/	(a)	60%	40%	20%	
Fulfillment of Bidding Commit	ment	Yes	Yes	No	
Fulfillment of Success Ratio	Yes	Yes	No		
Success Ratio in T-Bills/CMBs is the ratio of bids accepted to the bidding commitment.					

## Annex V

## Format - PDR I Return

Name of PD:

Net Owned Funds (as per last b/s):

Return for fortnight ending:

	Amount in Crore	date wise fortnightly statement
1		
A	Outright purchases (Face Value)	
	(i) Government dated securities and T-Bills	
	(ii) Other securities	
В	Outright sales (Face Value)	
	(i) Government dated securities and T-Bills	
	(ii) Other securities	
C	Repo transactions	
	i) Borrowing (amount)	
	- from RBI	
	- from the market	
	ii) Lending (amount)	
	- to RBI	
	- to the market	
D	Call Money transactions	
	- Borrowing	
	- Lending	
2	Outstanding balances (Settled position figures)	
A	Sources of Funds	
	a) Net Owned funds (as per last audited balance sheet)	
	b) Current year's accruals under profit /loss account	
	c) Call Money Borrowings	
	d) Notice Money borrowings	
	e)Term Money borrowings	
	f) Borrowing from RBI under SLF	
	g) Borrowing from RBI under LAF	
	h) Borrowing under NCDs	
	i) Repo borrowing from market	
	j) Corporate bond repo borrowing	
	k) Borrowing under CBLO	
	k) Borrowing under credit lines of banks/FIs	
	m) Borrowings through Inter-Corporate Deposits	
	- maturing up to 14 days	
	- maturing beyond 14 days	
	n) FCNR(B) Loans	
	o) Commercial Paper issuances	
	p)Bond issuances	
L	q) Others (Give details for items in excess of Rs 10 cr)	
	Total	

В	Application of Funds		
	a) Government dated securities, SDL & -Bills (Book		
	value)@		
	I) Own Stock		
	i) Dated G-sec(excluding IIBs)		
	ii) IIBs		
	iii) SDL		
	iv) 91 Day T Bills		
	v) 182 Day T Bills		
	vi) 364 Day T Bills		
	vii) CMBs viii)Others, if any		
	II) Stock with RBI under Assured Support		
	III) Stock with RBI under LAF		
	IV) Stock with Market for repo borrowing		
	b) Lending in Call money Market		
	c) Lending in Can money Market		
	•		
	d) Lending in Term money market		
	e) Repo Lending to market		
	f) Lending under CBLO		
	g) Repo lending to RBI		
	h) Investment in Corporate Bonds		
	i) Investment in shares		
	j) Investment in Mutual funds schemes		
	- debt oriented		
	- equity oriented		
	k) Investment in Subsidiaries.		
	1) Investment in FDs		
	m) Other financial assets if any (Give details for items		
	in excess of Rs 10 cr)		
	n) Fixed Assets		
	o) Others (Give details for items in excess of Rs 10 cr)		
	Total		
	Own Stock position (SGL Balance) (Face value)		
	i) T-Bills		
	ii) Dated Securities		
	iii) State Development Loans (SDLs)		
3	a) Portfolio duration for Securities#		
	b) Portfolio duration for dated G-Sec		
	c) VaR for the day (with prescribed holding period of 15 days) as % of portfolio #		
	d) Leverage ratio (the PD as a whole)#		
$\overline{}$	Evalude stock received as pledge for reno lending to PRI/	•	

<sup>@</sup> Exclude stock received as pledge for repo lending to RBI/market participants and also the stock reported under II, III and IV.

<sup>#</sup> Board approved figures may be given in the foot note.

## Annex VI

## Format - PDR II Return

							Form PDR 2
	Name of the Primary Dealer				1	L	I DK 2
	Statement as at the end of :				-		
	SECTION A - SECU	URITIES M	ARKE	(Rs. in crore)		ulative	figures
		Dated GOI Securities		State Govt. Securities	Trea	asury CMBs	Total
Ι	PRIMARY MARKET						
	NEW SUBSCRIPTIONS				H1 (April- Sep)	H2 (Oct- Mar)	
<u>i)</u>	Bidding Commitment*			N.A.		<u> </u>	
ii)	Bids Tendered **					<u> </u>	
iii)	Non-competitive bids Bids Accepted (A) (including non-comp					<u> </u>	
iv)	bids)						
v)	Success Ratio						
• • •	REDEMPTIONS (B)						
II	TOTAL = I(A) + I(B)						
III	UNDERWRITING	<u> </u>					
	Amount offered for underwriting						
i)	(MUC+ACU)					.A.	
ii)	Amount of underwriting accepted by RBI					.A.	
iii)	Amount of devolvement					.A.	
iv)	Underwriting fees received (in Rupees)	0.000		(4. 7. 74.		A.	03.5
<b>T T T T</b>	SECONDARY MARKET TURNOVER	- OTC - Ou	tright	(including (	OMO an	d NDS-	OM
<u>IV</u>	transactions)						
<u>i)</u>	Purchases Sales						
11)	TOTAL OUTRIGHT TURNOVER (A)						
	Of which deals done with non-NDS mem	hers:		<u> </u>	Ĭ		
i)	Purchases						
ii)	Sales						
/	REPURCHASEAGREEMENTS:	1		I	1		1
i)	Repo (both legs)						
ii)	Reverse Repo (both legs)						
,	TOTAL REPOS TURNOVER (B)						
V	Total Turnover = OTC $IV(A) + IV(B)$						
	SECONDARY MARKET TURNOVER	- STOCK					
VI	EXCHANGES	•		T	_		
i)	Purchases						
ii)	Sales						
	Total (VI)						
	TOTAL SECONDARY MARKET TUR	NOVER					

VII	(V + VI)									
	TOTAL TURNOVER (II + VII)									
	* In case of dated government securitie	s, bidding commitment	is total underwri	ting allotmer						
	(MUC+ACU)	s, e	. 10 <b>10 10 10 1</b>							
	** Include applications made under tap issues (normally applicable to									
	State Loans)									
	(VIII to XII below is for standalone I									
	REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS WI	TH RBI UNDER								
VIII	LAF									
i)	Repo (both legs)									
ii)	Reverse Repo (both legs)									
	TURNOVER IN EQUITY SHARES	AND EQUITY LINK	ED							
IX	MUTUAL FUND UNITS		<del></del>							
<b>A.</b>	Equity Shares	<u>Purchases</u>	Sales							
a.	Primary Market									
b.	Secondary Market									
В.	Equity Linked Mutual Funds	Purchases	Sales							
a.	Primary Market									
b.	Secondary Market									
<b>X.</b>	CALL (average on daily product bas	is)								
i)	Borrowings									
ii)	Lendings									
iii)	Net borrowing									
XI.	NOTICE MONEY (average on daily	product basis)								
i)	Borrowings									
ii)	Lendings									
iii)	Net borrowing									
	XII. TERM MONEY									
	i) Borrowings									
	ii) Lendings									
	iii) Net Borrowings									
	XII. Liquidity support									
	(i) availed from RBI (average									
	on daily product basis)									
	 (ii) outstanding at the end of month									

SECTION B - EXCHANGE TRADED INTEREST RATE DERIVATIVES						
	NPA^^ of the futures contract outstanding at the beginning of the month	NPA of the futures contract entered into during the month	NPA of the futures contract reversed during the month	NPA of the futures contract outstanding at the end of the month		
I. Activity during the month						
91 Day Treasury Bill		T		1		
month 1						
month 2						
month 3						
10 Year Zero Coupon Bond						
month 1						
month 2						
month 3						
10 Year Notional Bond	1					
month 1						
month 2						
month 3						
	1 1		1 \			

(NPA is to be furnished according to the underlying interest exposure wise breakup)

## II. Analysis of "highly effective" $\,$

#### hedges

A certificate from Concurrent Auditors stating that the size of the hedge portfolio and that the

hedge is highly effective as per the definition of RBI circular dated June 3, 2003

III. Analysis of trading positions		
	NPA of the Trading Futures Position	MTM value of the trading futures
		position
91 Day Treasury Bill		
month 2		
month 3		
10 Year Zero Coupon Bond		
month 2		
month 3		
10 Year Notional Bond		
month 2		
month 3		
^^ NPA = Notional Principal Amount		

## Section C-(For Bank PDs only)

## PD HFT (Book Value in Rs crore)

	Outstanding on month end	Average month end balance
<b>Dated G-Sec (excluding</b>		
IIBs)		
91 Day Treasury Bill		
182 Day Treasury Bill		
364 Day Treasury Bill		
CMBs		
SDLs		
IIBs		

Whether the entire HFT G-Sec is treated as PD book or part of it is treated as PD book?

entire HFT G-Sec is treated as PD book	
part of HFT G-Sec is treated as PD book	

## **Section D-(Data on Retail Segment)**

Mid/ retail segment	No. of gilt accounts held	Target for the year ended June	Retail and mid segment turnover achieved from July till
RRBs			
UCBs			
Trusts			
Provident Funds (includes gratuity funds)			
Individuals			
Others, if any (specify)			
Total			

### **Annex VII**

### **Format - PDR IV Return**

# Name of the Primary Dealer:

# Quarterly return on select Financial & Balance Sheet indicators for quarter ended

(Rs. in crore)

(cumulative) Quarter			(Rs. in crore)
Share Capital Reserves & Surplus Deposits, if any Secured loans Unsecured loans TOTAL APPLICATION OF FUNDS Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	I. BALANCE SHEET INDICATORS	Quarter ended	Previous
Share Capital Reserves & Surplus Deposits, if any Secured loans Unsecured loans Unsecured loans TOTAL  APPLICATION OF FUNDS Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii) CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares		(cumulative)	Quarter
Share Capital Reserves & Surplus Deposits, if any Secured loans Unsecured loans Unsecured loans TOTAL  APPLICATION OF FUNDS Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs V) Dated G-Sec Vi) IIBs Vii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	SOURCES OF FUNDS		
Reserves & Surplus Deposits, if any Secured loans Unsecured loans TOTAL  APPLICATION OF FUNDS Fixed Assets  a) Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs V) Dated G-Sec Vi) IIBs Vii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CDs Viii) CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
Deposits, if any Secured loans Unsecured loans TOTAL  APPLICATION OF FUNDS Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
Secured loans Unsecured loans TOTAL  APPLICATION OF FUNDS Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 184 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	_		
TOTAL  APPLICATION OF FUNDS  Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 184 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
APPLICATION OF FUNDS  Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	Unsecured loans		
Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 91 days iii) T bills 82 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	TOTAL		
Fixed Assets  a)Tangible asset Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 91 days iii) T bills 82 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	APPLICATION OF FUNDS		
Gross Block (a+b) less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 182 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viiii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
less Depreciation Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	a)Tangible asset		
Net block b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities  1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii) CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	Gross Block (a+b)		
b) In tangible asset Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities 1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	less Depreciation		
Add Capital work in progress  Investments  a. Govt. Securities  1. Dated GOI securities  2. State Govt. Securities  3. T-bills  b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances  (A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest  Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days  ii) T bills 182 days  iii) T bills 182 days  iii) T bills 364 days  iv) CMBs  v) Dated G-Sec  vi) IIBs  vii) CDs  viii) CPs  ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures  x) Equity shares			
Investments  a. Govt. Securities  1. Dated GOI securities  2. State Govt. Securities  3. T-bills  b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances  (A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest  Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days  ii) T bills 182 days  iii) T bills 364 days  iv) CMBs  v) Dated G-Sec  vi) IIBs  vii) CDs  viii)CPs  ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures  x) Equity shares			
a. Govt. Securities  1. Dated GOI securities  2. State Govt. Securities  3. T-bills  b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances  (A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest  Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs  v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
1. Dated GOI securities 2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii) CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
2. State Govt. Securities 3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances (A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
3. T-bills b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances  (A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade: i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
b. Others (Specify)  Current Assets, Loans and Advances  (A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii) CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
Current Assets, Loans and Advances  (A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii) CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
(A) Current Assets  Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
Accrued Interest Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
Stock-in-Trade:  i) T bills 91 days  ii) T bills 182 days  iii) T bills 364 days  iv) CMBs  v) Dated G-Sec  vi) IIBs  vii) CDs  viii) CPs  ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures  x) Equity shares	` '		
i) T bills 91 days ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
ii) T bills 182 days iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
iii) T bills 364 days iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
iv) CMBs v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
v) Dated G-Sec vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares			
vi) IIBs vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	,		
vii) CDs viii)CPs ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	,		
ix) Corporate bonds & Debentures x) Equity shares	·		
x) Equity shares			
XI) Others			
	XI) Others		
Sundry Debtors	Sundry Debtors		

	Other Assets	
	Cash& Bank balance	
	(B) Loans & Advances	
	Less:	
	Other Current Liabilities	
	Provisions	
Net Current Assets		
Deferred Tax		
Miscellaneous Expenses not written off		
Miscellaneous Exp	enses not written off	

Others (specify)			
TOTAL			
		Quarter ended	Previous
II. P& L INDICATORS		(cumulative)	Quarter
INCOME			
Discount Income			
Discount income	1. G-sec		
	2. CPs		
	3. CDs		
	4.Others		
Interest Income			
	1. G-sec(excluding IIBs)		
	2. IIBs		
	3. Call/Term		
	4. Repo		
	5.Corporate Bonds		
	6. Others		
<b>Trading Profits</b>			
C	1.G-sec (excluding IIBs)		
	2. IIBs		
	3.CPs,		
	4.CDs		
	5.Derivatives		
	6.Others		
Other Income			
	1. G-sec		
	2. Others (specify)		
TOTAL INCOM	E		
<i>EXPENDITURE</i>			
Interest Expenses			

i			I	ı
		Call/Term		
		Repo		
		Borrowing from RBI		
		CBLO		
		Others		
	Operating Expenses			
	Establishment & Adm	inistrative Expenses		
	Provisions against dou	btful assets		
	<b>Depreciation on Fixed</b>	Assets		
	Other expenses (specif	<b>y</b> )		
	TOTAL EXPENDITU	RE		
	MTM: Loss or			
	Gain			
	PROFIT BEFORE TA	$\mathbf{X}$		
	Less:			
	a. provision for tax	ation		
	b. deferred tax			
	PROFIT AFTER TAX			
III. FI	NANCIAL INDICATO	RS		
	Certain Key Figures			
	Dividend paid/proposed			
	Retained earnings			
	Average Earning assets			
	Average Non-earning a	ssets		
***	Average total assets			
	1.	Average dated G-sec (Central and State)		
		Average T-Bills		
		Other average assets		
****	Average Interest bearing	_		
	•	Call borrowing		
		Repo		
		Borrowing from RBI		
		Others		
		OHIGIS		
	Average yield on assets			
		otal interest income/Average Earning ssets)		
	Average cost of funds			
		otal interest expended/Average interest aring liabilities)		
	Net interest income	,		
	Non-interest income			
	Non-interest expenditur	e		
	Net total income			
	THE TOTAL INCUING			
			İ	Į

tax (PBT/Ave.Total Assets)  tax (PAT/Ave.Total Assets)  tax (PAT/Ave.Total Assets)  tax (PBT/Ave.Total Assets)  tax (PBT/Ave.Equity  tax (PBT/Ave.Equity)  tax (PAT/Ave.Equity)  tax (PAT/Ave.Equity+Total Debt))  Tax (PAT/(Owners' Equity+Total Debt))		
Iargin Analysis		
st expenses/Total income		
EMANCE INDICATORS	Quarter ended (cumulative)	Previous Quarter
(Rs. in crore)		
R (as %)		
age duration of the Portfolio (in years)		
age leverage (as ratio)		
t of 1% shock in yields on portfolio value n crore)		
I value of all securities (Rs. in crore) T bill 91 days T bill 182 days T bill 364 days CMBs Dated G- Sec IIBs CPs CDs Corporate bonds Others		
	n on Assets e tax (PBT/Ave.Total Assets) tax (PAT/Ave.Total Assets) n on average Equity e tax (PBT/Ave.Equity) tax (PAT/Ave.Equity) n on Capital Employed e tax (PBT/(Owners' Equity+Total Debt)) Tax (PAT/(Owners' Equity+Total Debt)) Iargin Analysis argin (PAT/Total Income) st expenses/Total income  MANCE INDICATORS  (Rs. in crore)  R (as %) age duration of the Portfolio (in years) age leverage (as ratio) t of 1% shock in yields on portfolio value n crore) I value of all securities (Rs. in crore) T bill 91 days T bill 182 days T bill 364 days CMBs Dated G- Sec IIBs CPs CDs Corporate bonds	n on Assets e tax (PBT/Ave.Total Assets) tax (PAT/Ave.Total Assets) n on average Equity e tax (PBT/Ave.Equity) tax (PAT/Ave.Equity) n on Capital Employed e tax (PBT/(Owners' Equity+Total Debt)) Tax (PAT/(Owners' Equity+Total Debt)) Iargin Analysis argin (PAT/Total Income) st expenses/Total income  MANCE INDICATORS  (Rs. in crore)  R (as %) age duration of the Portfolio (in years) age leverage (as ratio) t of 1% shock in yields on portfolio value n crore)  I value of all securities (Rs. in crore) T bill 91 days T bill 364 days CMBs Dated G- Sec IIBs CPs CPs CPs CCPs CCPs Corporate bonds

#### **Notes:**

- 1. The details of share capital, reserves, etc. may be enclosed as Annexes.
- 2. Where average figures are involved, it may be taken to mean as average of month end balances.
- \*\*\* Average assets refer to the simple average of month end book balance.
- \*\*\*\* Average liabilities refer to the simple average of month end book balance.
- \*\*\*\* Before adjusting Repo transactions and MTM depreciation on IRS transactions.

#### **Annex VIII**

#### **Publication of Financial Results**

### Name of Primary Dealer

Audited Financial Results for the year ended March 31, ........

#### Sources of Funds

Capital

**Reserves and Surplus** 

Loans

Secured

Unsecured

(of which call money borrowings)

### **Application of Funds**

**Fixed Assets** 

Investments

Government Securities (inclusive of T-Bills & CMBs)

**Commercial Papers** 

**Corporate Bonds** 

Loans and Advances

(of which call money lendings)

Non-Current Assets

Others

#### **Profits and Loss account**

Income (business segment wise)

Interest

Discount

**Trading Profit** 

**Expenses** 

Interest

**Administrative Costs** 

Profit before tax

Net Profit

Regulatory Capital required (as per Capital Adequacy Guidelines)

**Actual Capital** 

Return on Net Worth

Notes on Accounts:

### **Annex IX**

Monthly Return on Interest Rate Risk of Rupee Derivatives			
As at end-month			
Name of the Bank/Institution:	(Rs. In	Cr)	
1. Cash Bonds	Market Value	PV01	
(a)	(b)	(c)	
(a) HFT		(See Note 1)	
(b) AFS		(See Note 1)	
(c) HTM		(See Note 1)	
Total [(a) to (c) above]			
2. Rupee Interest Rate Derivatives	Notional Amount (Rs. in Crore)	PV01(Rs. in Crore)	
(a) Bond Futures		(See Note 1)	
(b) MIBOR (OIS)		(See Note 2)	
(c) MIFOR		(See Note 2)	
(d) G-Sec benchmarks		(See Note2)	
(e) Other benchmarks (Please report separately)		(See Note 2&4)	
(f) Forward Rate Agreements		(See Note 3)	
Total [(a) to (f) above]			
2. Crand Tatal of (1) 9 (2)			
3. Grand Total of (1) & (2)			
4. Tier I Capital			

Note 1. PV01 may be taken as POSITIVE for long positions and NEGATIVE for short positions.

Note 2. PV01 may be taken as POSITIVE if receiving a swap and NEGATIVE if paying a swap.

Note 3. For FRAs, use the PVO1 of the underlying deposit/instrument.

Note 4. In 2 (e) above, swaps on other benchmarks such as LIBOR may be reported separately for each benchmark

## Annex X

# List of circulars consolidated

No	Circular no	Date	Subject
1	IDMC.PDRS.1532	November 2, 1999	Primary Dealers – Leverage
	/03.64.00/1999-00		
2	IDMC.PDRS.2049A	December	Guidelines on Securities transactions to
	/03.64.00/1999-2000	31,1999	be followed by Primary Dealers
3	IDMC.PDRS.5122	June 14, 2000	Guidelines on Securities Transactions by
	/03.64.00/1999-00		Primary dealers
4	IDMC.PDRS.4135	April 19, 2001	Scheme for Bidding, Underwriting and
1	/03.64.00/2000-01		Liquidity support to Primary Dealers
5	IDMC.PDRS.87	July 5, 2001	Liquidity support to Primary Dealers
	/03.64.00/2001-02		
6	IDMC.PDRS.1382	September 18,	Dematerialised holding of bonds and
	/03.64.00/2000-01	2001	debentures
7	IDMC.PDRS.3369	January 17, 2002	Guidelines on Counter party limits and
	/03.64.00/2001-02	,	Inter-corporate deposits
8	IDMC.PDRS.4881	May 8, 2002	Guidelines to Primary Dealers
1	/03.64.00/2001-02	,, 5, 252	
9	IDMC.PDRS.5018	May 17, 2002	Scheme for Bidding, Underwriting and
•	/03.64.00/2001-02	,,	liquidity support to Primary dealers
10	IDMC.PDRS.5039	May 20, 2002	Transactions in Government securities
. 0	/03.64.00/2001-02	Way 20, 2002	Transactions in Coroninion Cocamiles
11	IDMC.PDRS.5323	June 10, 2002	Transactions in Government securities
• •	/03.64.00/2001-02	00110 10, 2002	Transactions in Covernment securities
12	IDMC.PDRS. 418	July 26, 2002	Publication of Financial results
12	/03.64.00/2002-03	July 20, 2002	T donoction of t mariotal roodito
13	IDMC.PDRS.1724	October 23, 2002	Underwriting of Government dated
10	/03.64.00/2002-03	0010001 20, 2002	securities by Primary Dealers
14	IDMC.PDRS.2269	November 28,	Publication of Financial results
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15	IDMC.PDRS.2896	January 14, 2003	Trading in Government securities on
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16	IDMC.PDRS.3432	February 21, 2003	Ready Forward Contracts
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17	IDMC.PDRS.3820	March 24, 2003	Availment of FCNR(B) loans by Primary
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18	IDMC.PDRS.1	April 10, 2003	Portfolio Management Services by
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19	IDMC.PDRS.4802	June 3, 2003	Guidelines on Exchange Traded Interest
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20	IDMC.PDRS.122	September 22,	Rationalisation of returns submitted by
20	/03.64.00/2002-03	2003	Primary Dealers
21	IDMD.PDRS.No.3	March 08, 2004	Prudential guidelines on investment in
21	/03.64.00/2003-04	Waron 66, 266 1	non-Government securities
22	IDMD.PDRS.05	March 29, 2004	Transactions in Government Securities
	/10.02.01/2003-04	Water 25, 2004	Transactions in Covernment occurries
23	IDMD.PDRS.06	June 03, 2004	Declaration of dividend by Primary
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24	IDMD.PDRS.01	July 23, 2004	Transactions in Government securities
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25	IDMD.PDRS.02	July 23, 2004	Success Ratio in Treasury Bill auctions for
20	/03.64.00/2004-05	July 23, 2004	Primary Dealers
26		August 24, 2004	· ·
20	<u>RBI/2004-05/136 –</u>	August 24, 2004	Dematerialization of Primary Dealer's

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27	RBI/2005/459	May 11, 2005	Government Securities Transactions -
	IDMD.PDRS.4783		T+1 settlement
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28	RBI/2005/460 IDMD.PDRS.4779	May 11, 2005	Ready Forward Contracts
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29	RBI/2005/474/IDMD.	May 19, 2005	Conduct of Dated Government Securities
	PDRS/4907/03.64.00	,,,	Auction under Primary Market Operations
	<u>/2004-05</u>		(PMO) module of PDO-NDS – Payment of
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30	RBI/2005-06/73	July 20, 2005	Transactions in Government Securities
	IDMD.PDRS. 337 /10.02.01/2005-06		
31	RBI/2005-06/132	August 22, 2005	NDS-OM – Counterparty Confirmation
	IDMD.No.766/10.26.	/ tagast 22, 2000	Tibe oil counterparty communication
	65A/2005-06		
32	RBI/2005-06/308	February 27, 2006	Guidelines for banks' undertaking PD
	DBOD.FSD.BC.No.6		business
33	4/24.92.01/2005-06 RBI/2006-07/49	July 4, 2006	Diversification of activities by standalone
33	IDMD.PDRS/26/03.6	July 4, 2000	Primary Dealers-Operational Guidelines
	4.00/2006-07		Trimary Dealers operational Carabinies
34	RBI/2006-2007/298	March 30, 2007	Liquidity Adjustment Facility – Acceptance
	FMD.MOAG No.13		of State Development Loans under Repos
	<u>/01.01.01/2006-07</u>		
35	RBI/2007-08/104	July 31, 2007	FIMMDA Reporting Platform for Corporate
	IDMD.530/03.64.00/2 007-08		Bond Transactions
36	DBOD.FSD.BC.No.	August 9, 2006	Guidelines for banks undertaking PD
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37	RBI/2006-07/140	October 5, 2006	Operational guidelines for banks
	IDMD.PDRS.1431	·	undertaking/proposing to undertake PD
	/03.64.00/2006-07		business
38	IDMD/11.08.15/809	August 23, 2007	Reporting platform for OTC Interest Rate
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39	RBI/2007-2008/186 IDMD.PDRS.No.238	November 14, 2007	Revised Scheme of Underwriting
	2/03.64.00/2007-08	2001	Commitment and Liquidity Support
40	RBI/2008-09/187	September 19,	Settlement of Primary Auctions –
	IDMD.PDRD.1393 /	2008	Shortage of Funds
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41	RBI/2009-10/136	August 31, 2009	Investment Portfolio of Primary Dealers-
	IDMD.PDRD.1050/		Relaxation in the existing norms
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42	RBI/2009-10/144	September 2,	Enhancement of Minimum Net Owned
1	IDMD.PDRD.1097	2009	Funds
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43	/03.64.00/2009-10 RBI/2009-10/143	September 2	Increase in Call/Notice Money Borrowing
43	RBI/2009-10/143	September 2, 2009	Increase in Call/Notice Money Borrowing Limit
43		September 2, 2009	_

44	RBI/2009-10/242 IDMD.PDRD.2424	December 1, 2009	Waiver of trade confirmation in Government Securities transactions in
	/03.64.00/2009-10		OTC market
45	RBI/2009-10/343 IDMD.PDRD.3843 /03.64.00/2009-10	March 9, 2010	Extension of HTM Category for PDs
46	RBI/2009-10/394 IDMD.PDRD.4537 /03.64.00/2009-10	April 12, 2010	Quantum of Government securities to be held in the HTM category by PDs
47	RBI/2009-10/496 IDMD.PDRD.5533 /03.64.00/2009-10	June 15, 2010	Primary Dealers – Imposition of Penalties – Disclosure
48	RBI/2009-10 / 497 IDMD.PDRD.5573 /03.64.00/2009-10	June 17, 2010	Cash Management Bills – Bidding Commitment and Success Ratio
49	RBI / 2010 -11/142 IDMD.PDRD.No.19 /03.64.00/2010-11	July 27, 2010	Applicability of Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007 to Primary Dealers
50	RBI/2010-11/224 IDMD.PCD.No. 20 /14.03.05/2010-11	October 1, 2010	Raising resources through Inter Corporate Deposits (ICDs)
51	RBI/2010-11/270 IDMD. PCD.No.1652 /14.03.05/2010-11	November 11, 2010	Exposure Norms: Applicability of Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2007 to standalone Primary Dealers
52	RBI/2010-11/401 IDMD. PCD.No. 26 /14.03.05/2010-11	February 10, 2011	Investment in non-Government Securities- Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) of maturity up to one year by standalone Primary Dealers (PDs).
53	RBI/2010-11/438 IDMD.PDRD.No. 3961/03.64.00/ 2010-11	March 18, 2011	FIMMDA accredited brokers for transactions in OTC Interest Rate Derivatives Market.
54	RBI/2011-12/162 IDMD.PCD. 9 /14.03.05/2011-12	August 30, 2011	Authorisation Guidelines for Primary Dealers (PDs)
55	RBI/2010-11/542 IDMD.PCD.No. 5053/14.03.04/2010- 11	May 23, 2011	Guidelines on Credit Default Swaps (CDS) for Corporate Bonds
56	RBI/2011-12/108 IDMD.PCD.06/14.03. 07/2011-12	July 06, 2011	Transactions in Government Securities- Extension of DVP III facility to Gilt Account holders
57	IDMD.PDRD.No. 3464/06.64.00/2011- 12	March 07, 2012	Bidding in Primary Auctions-Clarification
58	RBI/2011-12/157 IDMD.PCD.08/14.03. 03/2011-12	August 23, 2011	Issuance of Non -Convertible Debentures (NCDs)-Minimum Rating of NCDs

59	RBI/2011-12/162 IDMD.PCD.9/14.03.0 5/2011-12	August 30, 2011	Authorisation Guidelines for Primary Dealers (PDs)
60	RBI/2011-12/324 IDMD.PCD.14/14.03. 07/2011-12	December 28, 2011	Secondary market transactions in Government Securities-Short Selling
61	RBI/2011-12/330 IDMD.PCD.17/14.03. 01/2011-12	December 30, 2011	Exchange-traded Interest Rate Futures
62	IDMD.PCD.15/ED (RG)-2011	December 30, 2011	Interest Rate Futures (Reserve Bank) (Amendment) Directions, 2011
63	RBI/2011-12/387 IDMD.PCD.19/14.03. 07/2011-12	February 06, 2012	Transactions in Government Securities
64	RBI/2011-12/615 IDMD.PCD.21/14.03. 07/2011-12	June 21, 2012	Secondary market transactions in Government Securities-Short Selling
65	RBI/2012-13/133 IDMD.PDRD.188 /03.64.00/2012-13	July 16, 2012	Sale of securities allotted in Primary issues on the same day
66	RBI/2012-13/189/ IDMD.PCD.No.718/1 4.03.05/2012-13	September 3, 2012	Applicability of credit exposure norms for bonds guaranteed by the Government of India
67	RBI/2012-13/412/ IDMD.PCD.No.2310 /14.03.05/2012-13	February 06, 2013	Permission to standalone PDs for membership in SEBI approved Stock Exchanges for trading in corporate bonds
68	RBI/2012-13/494/ IDMD.PDRD.No. 3089/ 03.64.027/ 2012-13	May 08, 2013	Submission of Undertaking: Renewal of Authorisation
69	RBI/2012-13/549 IDMD.PCD.13 /14.03.07/2012-13	June 26, 2013	Guidelines on Securities Transactions to be followed by Primary Dealers
70	RBI/2013-14/168 IDMD.PDRD.No. 346 / 10.02.23 / 2013-14	July 31, 2013	Revised PD returns for Primary Dealers
71	RBI/2013-14/243 IDMD.PDRD.No. 828/ 03.64.00 / 2013- 14	September 10, 2013	Increase in HTTM limits for Standalone PDs
72	RBI/2013-14/541 IDMD.PCD. 12/14.03.05/ 2013-14	March 27, 2014	Exposure norms for standalone PDs
73	RBI/2013-14/630 IDMD.PDRD.No. 3404/03.64.000/2013 -14	June 5, 2014	Annual Turnover Target on behalf of Mid- segment and Retail investors for Primary Dealers (PDs)
74	IDMD.PDRD.No.7/03 .64.00/2014-15	December 15, 2014	Decrease in Held to Maturity (HTM) limits for Standalone PDs

70	IDMD Mailbox	January 19, 2012	Maintenance of Distinct PD Book
71	IDMD Mailbox	February 06, 2012	Secondary Market Transactions in Government Securities-Short Selling
72	IDMD Mailbox	February 28, 2012	Investment in Cash Management Bills by Foreign Institutional Investors

### **Annex XI**

# List of circulars referred

Sr.	Circular no.	Date	Subject
No.	IDMC		-
1	No.PDRS./2049A/03.6	December 31, 1999	Guidelines on Securities Transactions
	4.00/ 99-2000	1999	to be followed by Primary Dealers
2	RBI/2004/51 DNBS (PD)C.C.No. 35	February 10,	Entry of NBFCs into Insurance Business
	/ 10.24 / 2003-04	2004	Entry of Norces into insurance dusiness
	RBI/2005/461		Sale of securities allotted in Primary
3	IDMD.PDRS.4777/10.0 2.01/2004-05	May 11, 2005	issues
	RBI/2005-06/309		Secondary Market Transactions in
4	IDMD.No.03/11.01.0	February 28, 2006	Government Securities - Intra-day
	1(B)/2005-06	2006	short-selling
_	RBI-2005-06/352	A: 5 0000	Prevention of Money Laundering Act,
4	DNBS(PD). CC 68 /03.10.042/2005-06	April 5, 2006	2002 - Obligations of NBFCs in terms of Rules notified there under
	RBI/2006-07/178	November 16,	
5	IDMD.No.2130/11.01.0	2006	When Issued (WI)' transactions in Central Government Securities
	1(D)/2006-07 RBI/2006-07/243		
6	IDMD.No./11.01.01(B)/	January 31,	Secondary Market Transactions in
	2006-07	2007	Government Securities - Short-selling
7	RBI/2006-2007/333 DBOD.No.BP.BC.	April 20, 2007	Comprehensive Guidelines on Derivatives
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	RBI/2006-2007/385		
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	RBI/2007-2008/104		
9	IDMD. 530 /03.64.00/	July 31, 2007	FIMMDA Reporting Platform for Corporate Bond Transactions
	2007-08		Bond Transactions
10	RBI/2007-2008/220 IDMD.DOD.No.3165	January 1, 2008	Secondary Market Transactions in
10	/11.01.01(B)/2007-08	January 1, 2000	Government Securities - Short-selling
	RBI/2007-08/335		NDS - Order Matching (OM) System -
10	IDMD.DOD.No. 5893	May 27, 2008	Access through the CSGL Route
	/10.25.66/ 2007-08 RBI/2008-09/479		
11	IDMD.No.5877/08.02.3	May 22, 2009	Auction Process of Government of India Securities
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12	RBI/2009-10/141 IDMD.PDRD.No.	September 1,	Guidelines on Exchange Traded Interest
_ '~	1056/03.64.00/2009-10	2009	Rate Derivatives
	RBI/2009-10/184	October 16,	Settlement of OTC transactions in
13	IDMD No.1764 /11.08.38/2009-10	2009	corporate bonds on DvP-I basis
	RBI/2009-10/284		Doody Forward Contracts in Comme
14	IDMD.DOD.No.05/11.0	January 8, 2010	Ready Forward Contracts in Corporate Debt Securities
	8.38/2009-10 PRI/2000 10/256		Dobt Goodingo
15	RBI/2009-10/356 IDMD/4135/11.08.43/2	March 23, 2010	Guidelines for Accounting of Repo /
	009-10		Reverse Repo Transactions

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18   DMD.   DOD.17/11.01.01(B)/2   July 14, 2010   Sections 27 & 30 - Imposition of for bouncing of SGL forms     19   RBI/2010-11/268   IDMD.PCD.22/11.08.3   8/2010-11     20   IDMD.PCD.No.   24/14.03.03/2010-11   December 06, 2010   Sections 27 & 30 - Imposition of for bouncing of SGL forms     19   Ready Forward Contracts in One Debt Securities     10   RBI/2010-11/299   December 06, 2010   Issuance of Non-Convertible December 24/14.03.03/2010-11   December 28, 2011   Sections 27 & 30 - Imposition of for bouncing of SGL forms     10   Ready Forward Contracts in One Determinent Securities   Sections 27 & 30 - Imposition of for bouncing of SGL forms     10   Ready Forward Contracts in One Determinent Securities     10   Ready Forward Contracts     10   Ready Forward Contracts     10   Ready Forward Contracts     10   Ready Forward Con	
19   IDMD.PCD.22/11.08.3   November 2010   Securities   Power 2010   Securities   Power 2010   Debt Securities   Power 2010   Debt Securities   Power 2010   December 2010   Securities   Power 2011   Securities   S	•
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23 RBI/2011-12/157 IDMD.PCD.08/14.03.0 August 23, 2011 Issuance of Non -Convertible De (NCDs)-Minimum Rating of NCDs	
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26 RBI/2011-12/330 December 30, Exchange-traded Interest Rate Fig. 1/2011-12	ıtures
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32   RBI/2012-13/550   June 26, 2013   Settlement of OTC transaction	tions in

33	RBI/2013-14/400 FMD.MSRG.No. 94 /02.05.002/2013-14	December 4, 2013	Reporting platform for OTC foreign exchange and Interest Rate Derivatives
34	RBI/2013-14/402 IDMD.PCD. 08/14.03.01/2013-14	December 5, 2013	Exchange-Traded Interest Rate Futures
35	RBI/2013-14/410 IDMD.PCD.09 /14.03.01/2013-14	December 19, 2013	Participation in Exchange Traded Interest Rate Futures
34	RBI/2013-14/500 IDMD.PCD.10 /14.03.06/2013-14	February 24, 2014	FIMMDA's Trade Reporting and Confirmation platform for OTC transactions in Corporate Bonds and Securitized Debt Instruments
35	IDMD.PCD.06/14.03.0 7/2014-15	September 30, 2014	Secondary market transactions in Government Securities - Short Selling
36	FMRD.FMID.01 /14.01.02/2014-15	December 19, 2014	F-TRAC – Counterparty Confirmation
37	FMRD.DIRD.02/14.03. 007/2014-15	December 24, 2014	Secondary Market Transactions in Government Securities – Short Selling
38	FMRD.DIRD.04/14.03. 002/2014-15	February 03, 2015	Repo in Corporate Debt Securities (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015
39	FMRD.DIRD.5/14.03.0 02/2014-15	February 05, 2015	Re-repo in Government Securities Market
40	FMRD.DIRD.06/14.03. 007/2014-15	March 20, 2015	T+2 settlements for outright secondary market transactions in Government Securities undertaken by Foreign Portfolio Investors and reported on NDS-OM
41	DNBR.(PD).CC.No. 033/03.10.001/2014-15	April 30, 2015	Distribution of Mutual Fund products by NBFCs