<u>Assignment -7</u> Summarizing Data with Aggregate Functions.

1) Write a query that counts all orders for October 3.

Query:

select count(ODate) 'Total Orders on 3rd October'from orders

 \rightarrow where ODate = '1990-10-03';

2) Write a query that counts the number of different non-NULL city values in the Customers table.

Query:

select count(distinct city) 'Unique Cities' from customers

-> where city is not null;

3) Write a query that selects each customer's smallest order.

Query:

select cnum, min(amt) 'Smallest Order' from orders

-> group by cnum;

Image:

```
D3_93024_Abhishek>select Cnum , min(amt) 'Smallest Order' from orders
    -> group by cnum;
  Cnum
        Smallest Order
  2008
                  18.69
  2001
                 767.19
  2007
                1900.10
  2003
                5160.45
  2002
                 1713.23
  2004
                   75.75
  2006
                4723.00
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) Write a query that selects the first customer, in alphabetical order, whose name begins with G.

Query:

SELECT MIN(cname) 'Min Name' from customers

-> where cname like 'G%';

```
Image:
    D3_93024_Abhishek>select min(cname) from customers
        -> where cname >= 'G' and cname<'H';
+-----+
| min(cname) |
+-----+
| Giovanni |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)</pre>
```

5) Write a query that selects the highest rating in each city.

Ouery:

select City ,max(rating) 'Highest Rating' from customers group by city;

6) Write a query that counts the number of salespeople registering orders for each day. (If a salesperson has more than one order on a given day, he or she should be counted only once.).

Query:

select Odate, COUNT (DISTINCT Snum) from orders group by Odate;

image: