CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <stack>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
void parallelBFS(vector<vector<int>> &graph, int startNode) {
  int n = graph.size();
  vector<bool> visited(n, false);
  queue<int> q;
  q.push(startNode);
  visited[startNode] = true;
  cout << "Parallel BFS Traversal: ";</pre>
  #pragma omp parallel
    while (!q.empty()) {
      int node;
      #pragma omp critical
         if (!q.empty()) {
           node = q.front();
           q.pop();
           cout << node << " ";
         }
      }
      #pragma omp parallel for
      for (int i = 0; i < graph[node].size(); i++) {
         int neighbor = graph[node][i];
         if (!visited[neighbor]) {
           visited[neighbor] = true;
           #pragma omp critical
           q.push(neighbor);
         }
    }
  cout << endl;
void parallelDFS(vector<vector<int>> &graph, int startNode) {
  int n = graph.size();
```

```
vector<bool> visited(n, false);
  stack<int> s;
  s.push(startNode);
  visited[startNode] = true;
  cout << "Parallel DFS Traversal: ";
  #pragma omp parallel
    while (!s.empty()) {
       int node;
       #pragma omp critical
         if (!s.empty()) {
            node = s.top();
           s.pop();
           cout << node << " ";
         }
       }
       #pragma omp parallel for
       for (int i = graph[node].size() - 1; i \ge 0; i \ge 0; i \ge 0
         int neighbor = graph[node][i];
         if (!visited[neighbor]) {
           visited[neighbor] = true;
           #pragma omp critical
           s.push(neighbor);
         }
       }
    }
  cout << endl;
int main() {
  int nodes, edges;
  cout << "Enter number of nodes and edges: ";
  cin >> nodes >> edges;
  vector<vector<int>> graph(nodes);
  cout << "Enter edges (u v):" << endl;
  for (int i = 0; i < edges; i++) {
    int u, v;
    cin >> u >> v;
    graph[u].push_back(v);
    graph[v].push_back(u);
```

}

```
}
  int startNode;
  cout << "Enter starting node: ";</pre>
  cin >> startNode;
  parallelBFS(graph, startNode);
  parallelDFS(graph, startNode);
  return 0;
}
INPUT:
Enter number of nodes and edges: 67
Enter edges (u v):
0 1
0 2
13
14
2 4
3 5
45
```

OUTPUT:

Enter starting node: 0

Parallel BFS Traversal: 0 1 2 3 4 5 Parallel DFS Traversal: 0 2 4 5 1 3