

Exp 5 - ELIMINATION OF LEFT RECURSION & LEFT FACTORING

Aim: To write a program for elimination of left recursion and left factoring.

LEFT FACTORING:

Algorithm:

1. Start
2. For the common prefixes, we make only 1 production.
3. So, here the common prefix can be a terminal or a non-terminal or it can be a combination of both.
4. With the help of new productions, the rest derivation is added.
5. Stop

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n, j, l, i, m;
    int len[10] = {};
    string a, b1, b2, flag;
    char c;
    cout << "Enter the Parent Non-Terminal : ";
    cin >> c;
    a.push_back(c);
    b1 += a + "'->";
    b2 += a + "'\''->";
    ;
    a += "->";
    cout << "Enter total number of productions : ";
```

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```
cin >> n;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    cout << "Enter the Production " << i + 1 << " : ";
    cin >> flag;
    len[i] = flag.size();
    a += flag;
    if (i != n - 1)
    {
        a += "|";
    }
}
cout << "The Production Rule is : " << a << endl;
char x = a[3];
for (i = 0, m = 3; i < n; i++)
{
    if (x != a[m])
    {
        while (a[m++] != '|')
            ;
    }
    else
    {
        if (a[m + 1] != '|')
        {
            b1 += "|" + a.substr(m + 1, len[i] - 1);
            a.erase(m - 1, len[i] + 1);
        }
        else
        {
            b1 += "#";
            a.insert(m + 1, 1, a[0]);
            a.insert(m + 2, 1, '\\');
            m += 4;
        }
    }
}
char y = b1[6];
for (i = 0, m = 6; i < n - 1; i++)
{
    if (y == b1[m])
    {
        if (b1[m + 1] != '|')
        {
            flag.clear();
            for (int s = m + 1; s < b1.length(); s++)
            {
                flag.push_back(b1[s]);
            }
            b2 += "|" + flag;
            b1.erase(m - 1, flag.length() + 2);
        }
        else
    }
```

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```
        {
            b1.insert(m + 1, 1, b1[0]);
            b1.insert(m + 2, 2, '\\');
            b2 += "#";
            m += 5;
        }
    }
    b2.erase(b2.size() - 1);
    cout << "After Left Factoring : " << endl;
    cout << a << endl;
    cout << b1 << endl;
    cout << b2 << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

```
}
Enter the Parent Non-Terminal : S
Enter total number of productions : 4
Enter the Production 1 : a
Enter the Production 2 : aS
Enter the Production 3 : (S)
Enter the Production 4 : aS+S
The Production Rule is : S->a|aS|(S)|aS+S
After Left Factoring :
S->aS'|(S)
S'->#|SS''
S''->#|+S
PS C:\Users\abhis\Desktop\Study\6th Semester\Compiler Design\Lab\Exp 5> 
```

LEFT FACTORING:

Algorithm:

1. Start
2. Consider, $S \rightarrow S+A$, $E=a$, $T=b$
3. In its parse tree S will grow left indefinitely, so to remove it
 $S = Sa \mid b$
4. We take as $S = bS'$, $S' = aS' \mid S$
5. Stop

Program:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int n, j, l, i, k;
    int length[10] = {};
    string d, a, b, flag;
    char c;
    cout << "Enter Parent Non-Terminal: ";
    cin >> c;
    d.push_back(c);
    a += d + "\"'->";
    d += "->";
    b += d;
    cout << "Enter productions: ";
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        cout << "Enter Production ";
        cout << i + 1 << " :";
        cin >> flag;
        length[i] = flag.size();
        d += flag;
        if (i != n - 1)
        {
            d += " | ";
        }
    }
}
```

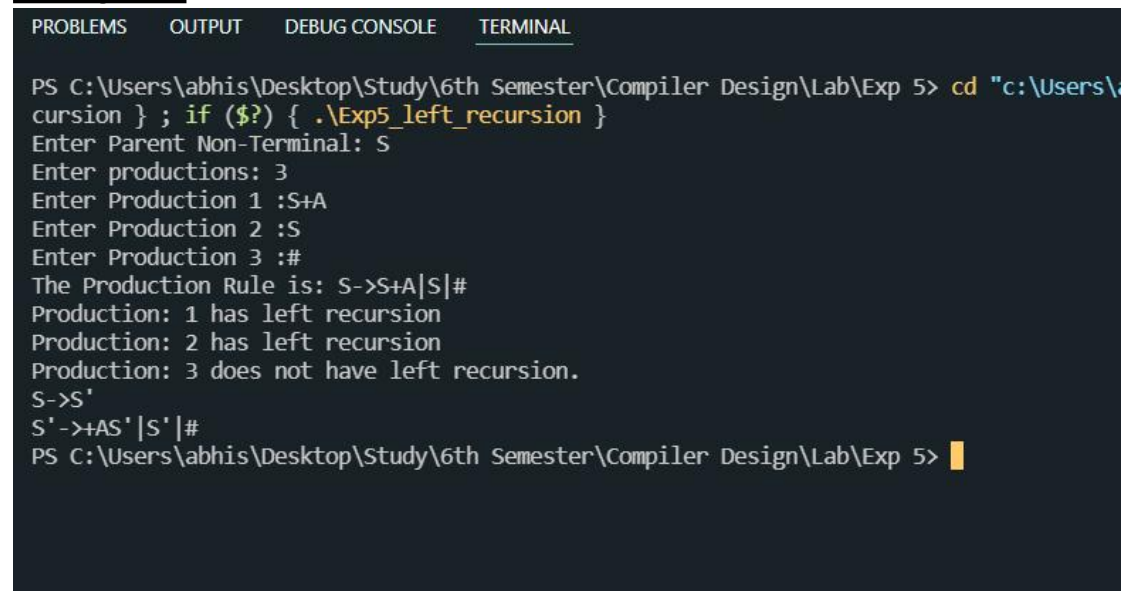
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```
    }
}
cout << "The Production Rule is: ";
cout << d << endl;
for (i = 0, k = 3; i < n; i++)
{
    if (d[0] != d[k])
    {
        cout << "Production: " << i + 1;
        cout << " does not have left recursion.";
        cout << endl;
        if (d[k] == '#')
        {
            b.push_back(d[0]);
            b += "\\ ' ";
        }
        else
        {
            for (j = k; j < k + length[i]; j++)
            {
                b.push_back(d[j]);
            }
            k = j + 1;
            b.push_back(d[0]);
            b += "\\ ' | ";
        }
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "Production: " << i + 1;
        cout << " has left recursion";
        cout << endl;
        if (d[k] != '#')
        {
            for (l = k + 1; l < k + length[i]; l++)
            {
                a.push_back(d[l]);
            }
            k = l + 1;
            a.push_back(d[0]);
            a += "\\ ' | ";
        }
    }
}
a += "#";
cout << b << endl;
cout << a << endl;
return 0;
}
```

Output:



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
PS C:\Users\abhis\Desktop\Study\6th Semester\Compiler Design\Lab\Exp 5> cd "c:\Users\abhis\Desktop\Study\6th Semester\Compiler Design\Lab\Exp 5"
cursion } ; if ($?) { .\Exp5_left_recursion }
Enter Parent Non-Terminal: S
Enter productions: 3
Enter Production 1 :S+A
Enter Production 2 :S
Enter Production 3 :#
The Production Rule is: S->S+A|S|#
Production: 1 has left recursion
Production: 2 has left recursion
Production: 3 does not have left recursion.
S->S'
S'->+AS'|S'|#
PS C:\Users\abhis\Desktop\Study\6th Semester\Compiler Design\Lab\Exp 5>
```

Result: Elimination of Left factoring and Left recursion was successfully performed using C++.