# **Machine learning**

Q-8. Quora question pair similarity, you need to find the Similarity between two questions by mapping the words in the questions using TF-IDF, and using a supervised Algorithm you need to find the similarity between the questions.

Dataset This is the Dataset You can use this dataset for this question.

#### In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

### Loading the dataset

### In [6]:

```
data = pd.read_csv('Downloads/train.csv/train.csv') # Update the path to your dataset file
```

### In [7]:

1 data.head()

#### Out[7]:

	id	qid1	qid2	question1	question2	is_duplicate
0	0	1	2	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	0
1	1	3	4	What is the story of Kohinoor (Koh-i-Noor) Dia	What would happen if the Indian government sto	0
2	2	5	6	How can I increase the speed of my internet co	How can Internet speed be increased by hacking	0
3	3	7	8	Why am I mentally very lonely? How can I solve	Find the remainder when [math]23^{24} [/math] i	0
4	4	9	10	Which one dissolve in water quikly sugar, salt	Which fish would survive in salt water?	0

### In [8]:

```
1 data.shape
```

### Out[8]:

(404290, 6)

```
In [9]:
```

```
1 data.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 404290 entries, 0 to 404289
Data columns (total 6 columns):
 #
     Column
                  Non-Null Count
                                   Dtype
---
                   -----
     id
 0
                  404290 non-null int64
 1
     qid1
                  404290 non-null
                                   int64
 2
     qid2
                  404290 non-null
                                   int64
 3
     question1
                  404289 non-null
                                   object
 4
                  404288 non-null
     question2
                                   object
     is_duplicate 404290 non-null
                                   int64
dtypes: int64(4), object(2)
memory usage: 18.5+ MB
```

# Preprocess the data

```
In [10]:
```

```
1  # Drop rows with missing values
2  data.dropna(inplace=True)
3
4  # Split the data into question pairs and labels
5  questions = data[['question1', 'question2']]
6  labels = data['is_duplicate']
7
```

# Split the data into training and testing sets

```
In [12]:
```

```
questions_train, questions_test, labels_train, labels_test = train_test_split(questions, labels, test)
```

# Apply TF-IDF transformation on the training data

```
In [13]:
```

```
1 tfidf = TfidfVectorizer()
2 tfidf_train = tfidf.fit_transform(questions_train['question1'] + ' ' + questions_train['question2']
```

# Train a supervised algorithm (Logistic Regression)

## In [16]:

```
model = LogisticRegression()
model.fit(tfidf_train, labels_train)
```

#### Out[16]:

LogisticRegression()

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

# Apply TF-IDF transformation on the testing data and predict similarity

### In [17]:

```
1 tfidf_test = tfidf.transform(questions_test['question1'] + ' ' + questions_test['question2'])
2 predictions = model.predict(tfidf_test)
```

### **Evaluate the model**

#### In [18]:

```
1 accuracy = accuracy_score(labels_test, predictions)
2 print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
```

Accuracy: 0.7549654950654233

### In [ ]:

1