# **Assignment 15 Solutions**

1. How many seconds are in an hour? Use the interactive interpreter as a calculator and multiply the number of seconds in a minute (60) by the number of minutes in an hour (also 60).

ANS:

2. Assign the result from the previous task (seconds in an hour) to a variable called seconds per hour

ANS:

```
In [2]:

1   seconds_per_hour = 60*60
2   print(seconds_per_hour)
```

3600

3. How many seconds do you think there are in a day? Make use of the variables seconds per hour and minutes per hour

ANS:

```
In [3]:

1 minutes_per_hour = 60
2 print(seconds_per_hour*24)
```

86400

4. Calculate seconds per day again, but this time save the result in a variable called seconds\_per\_day

ANS:

#### In [4]:

```
seconds_per_day = 24*60*60
print(seconds_per_day)
```

86400

5. Divide seconds\_per\_day by seconds\_per\_hour. Use floating-point (/) division.

ANS:

```
In [5]:
```

```
print(seconds_per_day/seconds_per_hour)
```

24.0

6. Divide seconds\_per\_day by seconds\_per\_hour, using integer (//) division. Did this number agree with the floating-point value from the previous question, aside from the final .0?

ANS:

### In [6]:

```
print(seconds_per_day//seconds_per_hour)
print(' -> yes this values agree with the floating point value from the previous question)
```

24

-> yes this values agree with the floating point value from the previous qu estion

7. Write a generator, genPrimes, that returns the sequence of prime numbers on successive calls to its next() method: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, ...

ANS:

#### In [7]:

```
1
    def genPrimes():
 2
        n = 0
 3
        while True:
 4
             if n == 2 or n == 3:
 5
                 yield n
             elif ((n-1)\%6 == 0 \text{ or } (n+1)\%6 == 0) \text{ and } n !=1:
 6
 7
                 yield n
 8
             n = n+1
 9
    output = genPrimes()
10
    for ele in range(10):
11
12
        print(next(output))
```

## In [ ]:

1

25