Refer Git-Hub link given below for more information: https://github.com/abhishekrs0001

1. Controlling a ROS-Enabled Robot using Matlab simulink:

| 1.Reference: Examples by ROS Toolbox User's guide(MATLAB 2017). |
|---|
| 2.Creating own Two wheeled Differential Robot model. |
| 3.Launching the Two Wheeled Robot. |
| \$ roslaunch ros_robotics diff_wheeled_gazebo_full.launch |
| Files required: (cd ~/catkin_ws_ars/src/ros_robotics) diff_wheeled_gazebo_full.launch diff_wheeled_robot_with_sensor.xacro wheel.urdf .xacro |
| 4. Run the Matlab (cd ~/Computer/usr/local/MATLAB/R2017b/bin) |
| \$ sudo ./matlab |
| Model_1: |
| >> open_system('Two_Wheeled_Robot_With_Default_Head_5.slx') |
| Model_2: |
| >>open_system('Two_Wheeled_Robot_With_Desired_Head_6.slx'); |
| Files required: (~/Desktop/ARS_JRF/JRF_WORK/1_MATLAB_WORKSPAC E/SIMULINK MY MODELS) |

- Reference model:Examples by ROS Toolbox User's guide.
- >> open_system('robotROSFeedbackControlExample.slx');
- 5. Configure Simulink to connect to the ROS network.
 - Main menu-Tools-Robotic Operating System-Configure Ros Network address

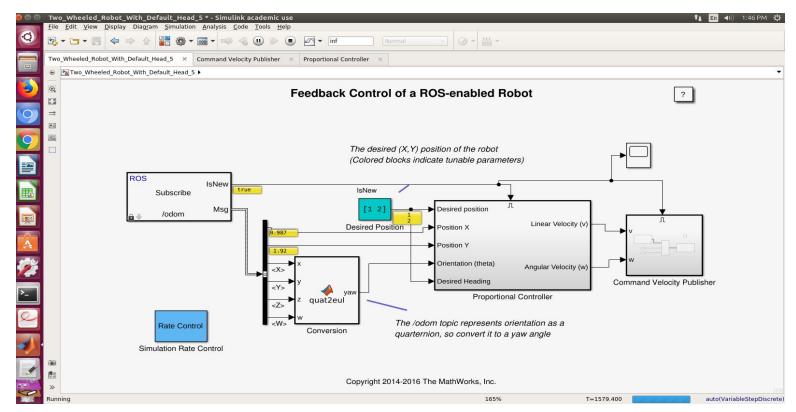
ROS Master section:

-Hostname/IP add: **10.250.12.226** (ROS-Master)

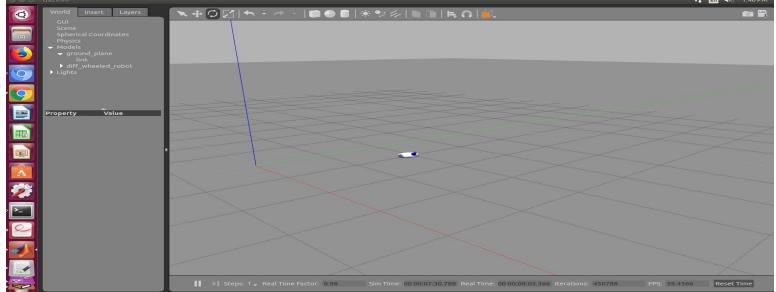
-Port: 11311

- **★** TROUBLESHOOTING:
- 1. Execute following commands:
 - cd ~/catkin ws ars
 - catkin make
 - source devel/setup.bash
- 2. Check for topic name by executing following command.
 - rostopic list

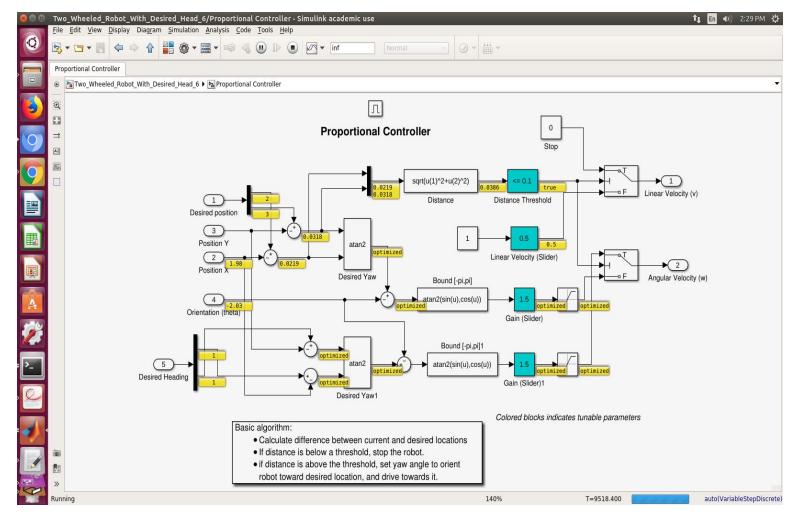
Use the same topic names in a simulink model.



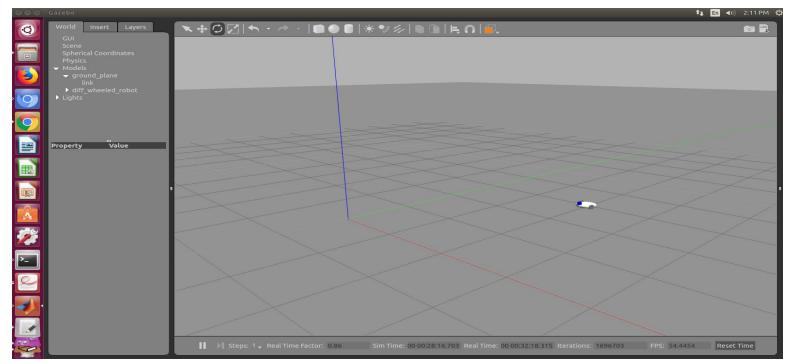
[-Screenshot1_Model1]



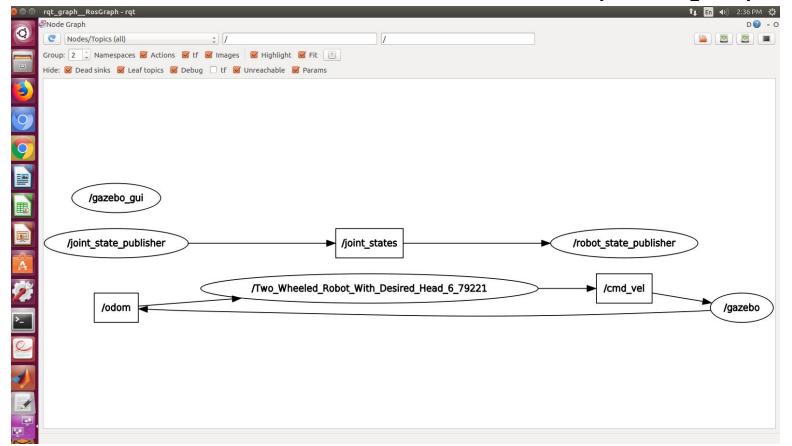
[-Screenshot2_model1]



[-Screenshot3_Proportional controller_Model2]



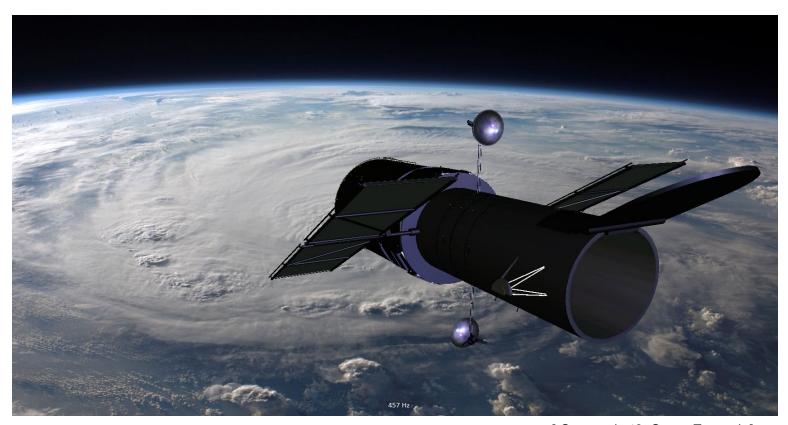
[-Screenshot4_Model2]



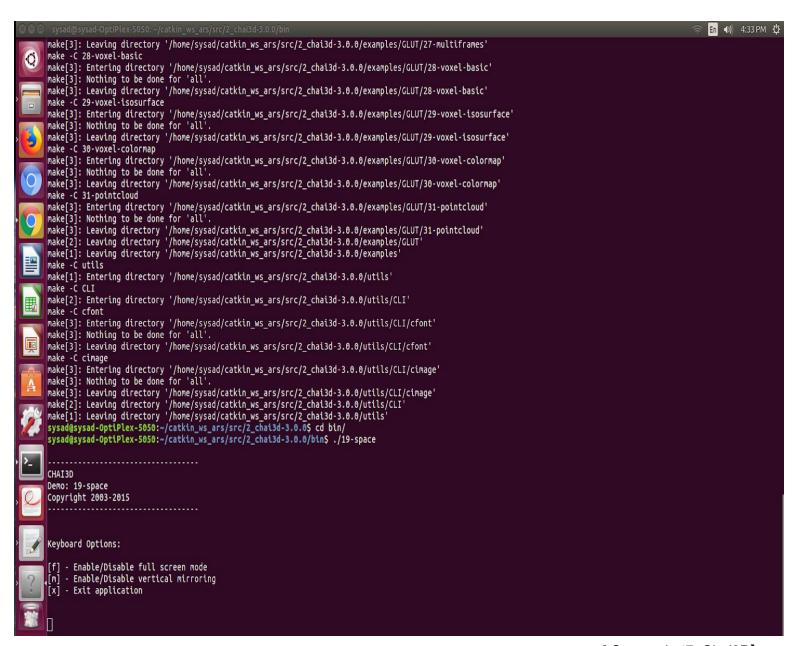
[-Screenshot5_rqtgraph_Model2]

2. Interfacing the Novint Falcon haptic device and testing its functionality with Chai3D:

- Download the compatible version of chai3D from the website https://www.chai3d.org/download/releases
- Required supporting library files:
- ☐ (cd ~/Desktop/ARS_JRF/JRF_WORK/2_INTERFACE/2_Libraries)
- > Steps to be followed to test the Novint Falcon functionality:
- \$ cd ~/catkin ws ars/src/2 chai3d-3.0.0
- \$ make
- \$ cd bin/
- \$./19-space



[-Screenshot6_SpaceExample]



[-Screenshot7_Chai3D]

3. Interfacing the Novint Falcon + ROS using *libnifalcon:*

"libnifalcon is a library that helps to interface ROS (<kinetic> version & others like melodic etc...) with Linux Ubuntu 16.04"

- Required other supporting libraries:
 - 1. cmake

http://www.cmake.org/

- libusb 1.0 (Recommended for Linux or Mac) http://www.libusb.info
- 3. GLUT 4. libasound2 (used these while starting with CHAI3D)
- ftd2xx (Recommended for Windows)
 http://www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/D2XX.htm
- ➤ "libnifalcon installation steps"
- 1. clone the libnifalcon library at home folder.
 - \$ git clone https://github.com/libnifalcon/libnifalcon.git
 - \$ cd libnifalcon
 - \$ mkdir build
 - \$ cd build/
- 2. cmake it in build using the command below :
 - \$ cmake -G "Unix Makefiles" ..
 - \$ make
 - \$ make install

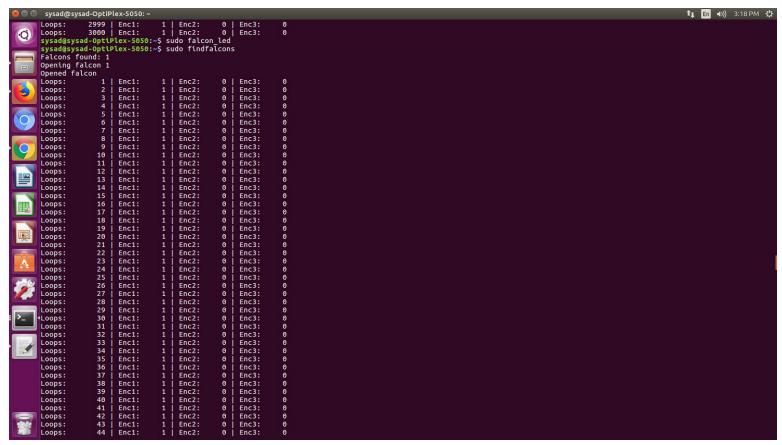
(hint- if you get some error in make install, then use the command)

\$ sudo make install

> Run the following examples and test the Novint Falcon functionality:

\$ sudo falcon_led

\$ sudo findfalcons



[-Screenshot8 Findfalcons]

......THESE STEPS MAKE SURE THAT LIBNIFALCON IS INSTALLED SUCCESSFULLY.......

4. Controlling a ROS-Enabled Robot using Novint Falcon:

A. Two wheeled Robot

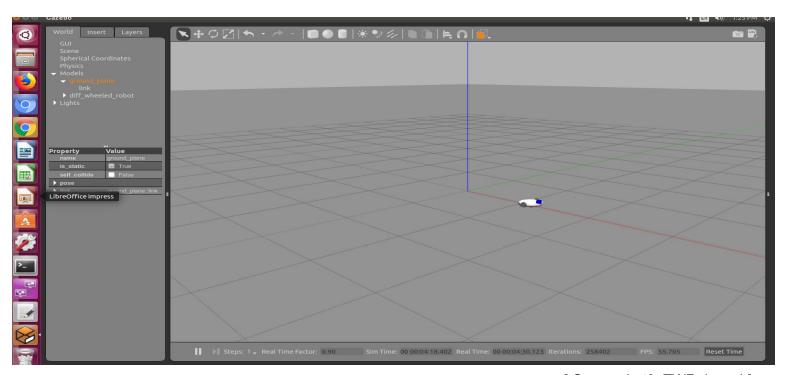
> Reference : ros_falcon package

https://github.com/WPI-AIM/ros falcon.git

haptic_turtlesim

https://github.com/ben-greenberg/haptic_turtlesim.git

- 1. Launching the Two Wheeled Robot.
 - \$ cd ~/catkin_ws_ars
 - \$ catkin_make
 - \$ source devel/setup.bash
 - \$ roslaunch ros_robotics diff_wheeled_gazebo_full.launch



[-Screenshot9_TWR_launch]

```
Files required: (cd ~/catkin_ws_ars/src/ros_robotics)
   ☐ diff wheeled gazebo full.launch
   ☐ diff wheeled robot with sensor.xacro
   ■ wheel.urdf .xacro
2. Run the python joystick node.

    Files required: (cd ~/catkin ws ars/src/ros falcon/nodes)

        joy2cmd vel diff.py
   $ cd ~/catkin ws ars
  $ catkin make
  $ source devel/setup.bash
  $ roscd ros falcon/nodes
  $ python joy2cmd vel diff.py
3. Run ros falcon joystick.
• Files required: ros falcon
  (cd ~/catkin ws ars/src/)
  $ cd ~/catkin ws ars
  $ catkin make
  $ source devel/setup.bash
  $ roscd ros falcon/
  $ sudo cp udev rules/99-udev-novint.rules /etc/udev/rules.d
  // unplug & replug the falcon //
  $ sudo Idconfig
```

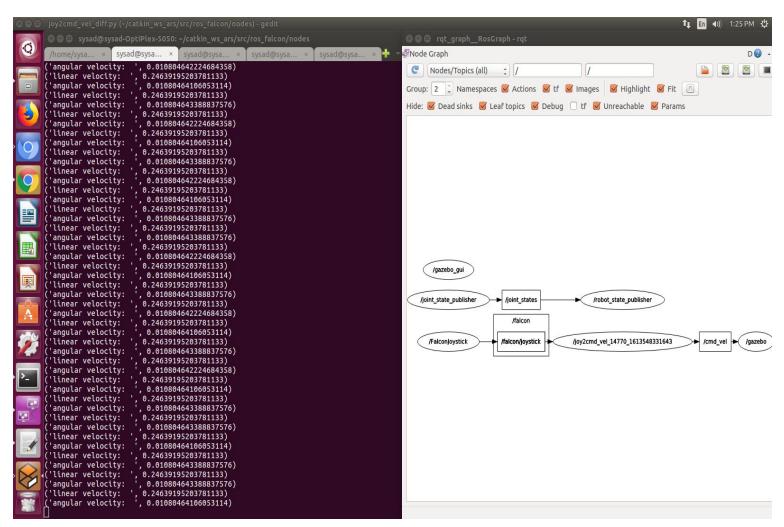
\$ rosrun ros_falcon joystick

```
### Appendings and interface for recent falcen. **Account falcen.
```

[-Screenshot10_joystick_axis_position]

4.Observe the robot motion and rqt graph \$ rqt_graph

This graph makes sure about the various connections of ros-nodes.

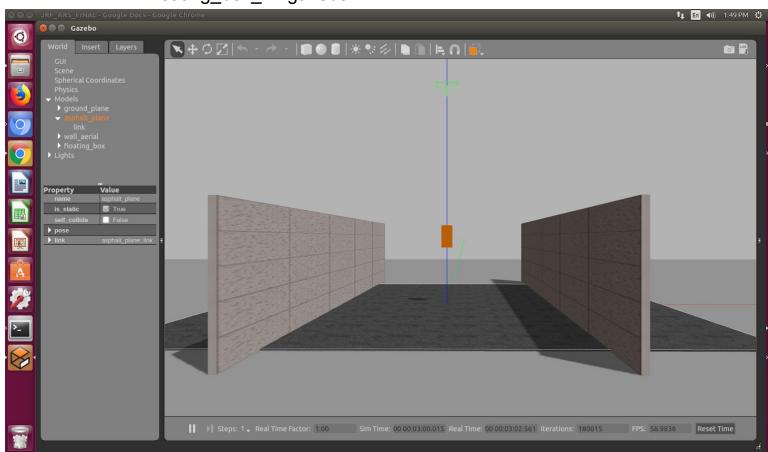


[-Screenshot11_NodesConnection+falcon_joystick_data]

B. Controlling Floating box model using Novint falcon haptic device:

#-----Steps to control the floating box using Novint falcon-----#

- 1. Creating Floating box (box without any force acting on it)
 - \$ cd ~/catkin_ws_ars
 - \$ catkin_make
 - \$ source devel/setup.bash
 - \$ roslaunch ros_robotics box_gazebo.launch
- Files required: (cd ~/catkin_ws_ars/src/ros_robotics)
 - □ box gazebo.launch
 - ☐ floating_box_11.gazebo



[-Screenshot12_floating box]

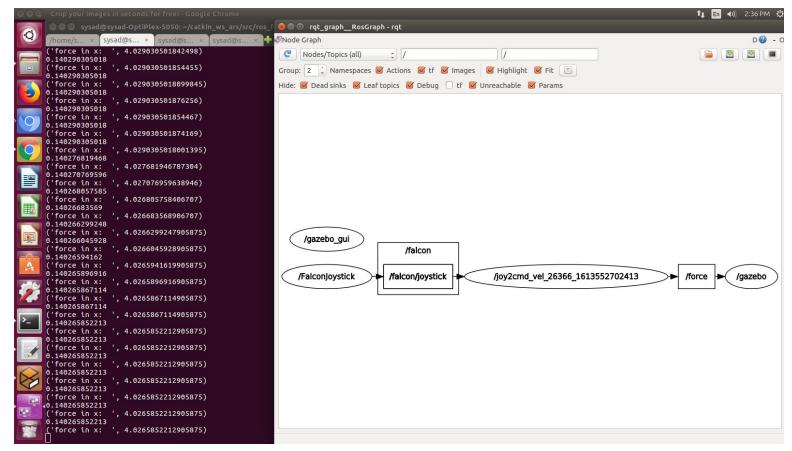
- 2. Run the python joystick node.
- Files required: (cd ~/catkin_ws_ars/src/ros_falcon/nodes)
- joy2cmd_vel_box.py
 - \$ cd ~/catkin ws ars
 - \$ catkin make
 - \$ source devel/setup.bash
 - \$ roscd ros_falcon/nodes
 - \$ python joy2cmd_vel_box.py
- 3. Run ros_falcon joystick.
 - \$ cd ~/catkin ws ars
 - \$ catkin make
 - \$ source devel/setup.bash
 - \$ roscd ros_falcon/
 - \$ sudo cp udev_rules/99-udev-novint.rules /etc/udev/rules.d

// unplug & replug the falcon //

- \$ sudo Idconfig
- \$ rosrun ros_falcon joystick
- **★** TROUBLESHOOTING:
 - \$ catkin_make
 - \$ source devel/setup.bash

// unplug & replug the falcon //

\$ sudo Idconfig



[-Screenshot13_force]

5. Loco-positioning-system Configuration

Reference:

https://kth.instructure.com/courses/4962/pages/setting-up-the-loco-positioning-system#:~:text=Setting%20up%20the%20system&text=Restart%20the%20Crazyflie%20for%20the,button%20to%20configure%20the%20anchors

VIDEO: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZgH4bLZdg2A

- Execute the following commands.
 - \$ git clone https://github.com/bitcraze/lps-node-firmware
 - \$ cd lps-node-firmware
 - \$ git submodule init
 - \$ git submodule update

You can accomplish the same things directly with

\$ git clone --recursive https://github.com/bitcraze/lps-node-firmware

\$ sudo apt-get install libncurses5:i386

• Upon restarting the shell, you should get the following when checking the version of your compiler using

\$ arm-none-eabi-gcc --version

- Once you have the compiler installed, you should now be able to make the firmware by typing make in the ~/lps-node-firmware directory.
- To flash an anchor, plug it into the computer using a high-speed mUSB cable. Note that the cables used to charge the batteries and Crazyflie typically cannot be used, you will need a high-speed mUSB cable available in most labs and at eg Kjell and Company.

- We also need to ensure that the dfu-util package is installed
 - \$ sudo apt-get install dfu-util
 - \$ sudo apt-get install picocom
 - \$ sudo apt-get remove modemmanager

Now compiler is at: (cd ~/lps-node-firmware)

- Now execute the following commands
 - \$ make clean
 - \$ make

- \$ sudo make dfu
- " press reset button on anchor "
 - \$ dmesg
 - \$ sudo picocom /dev/ttyACM3
- ➤ method1(TWR)
- Press 'a' to set the anchor mode to TWR. You can also set other modes by pressing 'm'. Another option would be TDOAv2, but for a small number of UAVs the TWR mode is best, since it typically gives larger available flying space.
- Type CTRL+a and then CTRL+q to exit picocom

[&]quot;Now press and hold DFU toggle switch on the anchor and press reset then release the DFU button"

method2(TDoA)

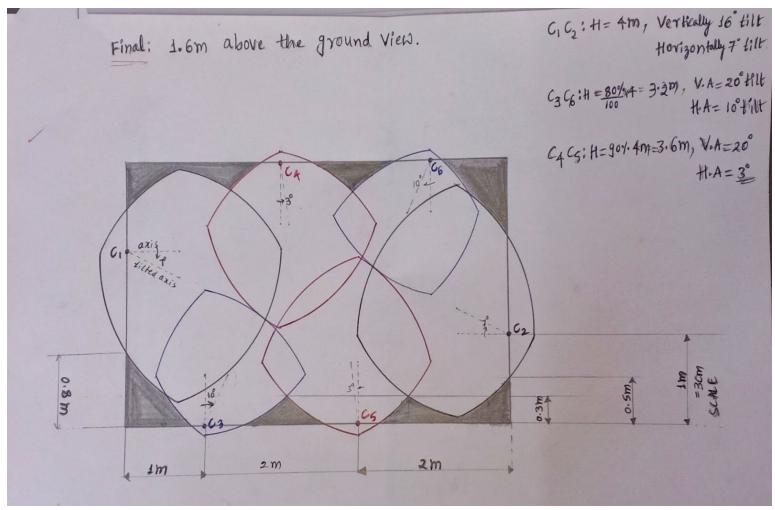
Press 'm' for TDoA, then press 3 for anchor node, then press 'anchor number'

With this tool installed, repeat the following steps for each anchor to complete the configuration step.

- Mark the anchor physically with a unique integer **X** from 0-5 using the label maker
- Run `dmesg` (similar to the previous section) and find out which address the anchor is registered on (let's say ttyACM**Y**)
- Start picocom by ``picocom /dev/ttyACMY`` (if you did not add your user to dialout, you need to run this with sudo)
- Type h to see the available options
- Set the anchor to the address **X**
- Press 'a' to set the anchor mode to TWR. You can also set other modes by pressing 'm'. Another option would be TDOAv2, but for a small number of UAVs the TWR mode is best, since it typically gives larger available flying space.
- Type CTRL+a and then CTRL+q to exit picocom

Repeat this process for each and every anchor, until you have 6 anchors flashed with new firmware with addresses matching the labels on the anchors. You are now ready to set up the LPS-system and fly!

6. Design of Optimal positioning of flex camera



[-Screenshot14_DesignofOptimalPositiinofFlexCamera]