```
In [1]:
        # This Python 3 environment comes with many helpful analytics libr
        aries installed
        # It is defined by the kaggle/python docker image: https://github.
        com/kaggle/docker-python
        # For example, here's several helpful packages to load in
        import numpy as np # linear algebra
        import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_
        csv)
        from scipy import stats
        import squarify as \underline{s}\underline{q}
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from pandas.plotting import scatter_matrix
        import seaborn as sns
        import sklearn
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
        from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler,LabelEncoder
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split,cross_val_sc
        ore, KFold
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
        from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB, MultinomialNB, Bernoul
        liNB
        from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC, SVC
        from sklearn import metrics
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_repo
        rt
        %matplotlib inline
        # Input data files are available in the "../input/" directory.
        # For example, running this (by clicking run or pressing Shift+Ent
        er) will list all files under the input directory
        import os
        for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk('/kaggle/input'):
            for filename in filenames:
                print(os.path.join(dirname, filename))
        # Any results you write to the current directory are saved as outp
        ut.
```

/kaggle/input/top50spotify2019/top50.csv

```
In [2]:
    filename='/kaggle/input/top50spotify2019/top50.csv'
    df=pd.read_csv(filename, encoding='ISO-8859-1')
    df.head()
```

Out[2]:

| | Unnamed: | Track.Name | Artist.Name | Genre | Beats.Per.Minute | Energy | Dan |
|---|----------|------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|--------|-----|
| 0 | 1 | Señorita | Shawn Mendes | canadian pop | 117 | 55 | 76 |
| 1 | 2 | China | Anuel AA | reggaeton flow | 105 | 81 | 79 |
| | | | | | | | |

```
boyfriend
                            Ariana
                                          dance
2
   3
               (with Social
                                                     190
                                                                       80
                                                                                40
                            Grande
                                          pop
               House)
               Beautiful
               People
                                                     93
                                                                       65
                                                                                64
3
   4
                            Ed Sheeran
                                          pop
               (feat.
               Khalid)
               Goodbyes
                            Post
               (Feat.
                                          dfw rap
                                                                       65
4
  5
                                                     150
                                                                                58
               Young
                            Malone
               Thug)
```

In [3]:

#Calculates the number of rows and columns
print(df.shape)

(50, 14)

In [4]:

#Renaming the columns
df.rename(columns={'Track.Name':'track_name', 'Artist.Name':'artis
t_name', 'Beats.Per.Minute':'beats_per_minute', 'Loudness..dB..':'L
oudness(dB)', 'Valence.':'Valence', 'Length.':'Length', 'Acousticne
ss..':'Acousticness', 'Speechiness.':'Speechiness'}, inplace=True)
df.head()

Out[4]:

| | Unnamed: 0 | track_name | artist_name | Genre | beats_per_minute | Energy | Dar |
|---|---------------|--|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------|-----|
| 0 | 1 | Señorita | Shawn Mendes | canadian pop | 117 | 55 | 76 |
| 1 | 2 | China | Anuel AA | reggaeton flow | 105 | 81 | 79 |
| 2 | 3 | boyfriend (with Social House) | Ariana Grande | dance pop | 190 | 80 | 40 |
| 3 | 4 | Beautiful People (feat. Khalid) | Ed Sheeran | pop | 93 | 65 | 64 |
| 4 | 5 | Goodbyes (Feat. Young Thug) | Post Malone | dfw rap | 150 | 65 | 58 |
| 4 | | | | | | | • |

In [5]:

df.isnull().sum()
df.fillna(0)

Out[5]:

| | Unnamed: | track_name | artist_name | Genre | beats_per_minute |
|---|----------|------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 0 | 1 | Señorita | Shawn Mendes | canadian pop | 117 |
| 1 | 2 | China | Anuel AA | reggaeton flow | 105 |
| 2 | 3 | boyfriend (with Social House) | Ariana Grande | dance pop | 190 |
| 3 | 4 | Beautiful People (feat. Khalid) | Ed Sheeran | рор | 93 |
| А | E | Goodbyes (Feat. | Doot Molono | df | 150 |

| 4 | 5 | Young Thug) | Post Maione | атw гар | 150 |
|----|----|---|----------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| 5 | 6 | I Don't Care (with Justin Bieber) | Ed Sheeran | pop | 102 |
| 6 | 7 | Ransom | Lil Tecca | trap music | 180 |
| 7 | 8 | How Do You Sleep? | Sam Smith | рор | 111 |
| 8 | 9 | Old Town Road - Remix | Lil Nas X | country rap | 136 |
| 9 | 10 | bad guy | Billie Eilish | electropop | 135 |
| 10 | 11 | Callaita | Bad Bunny | reggaeton | 176 |
| 11 | 12 | Loco Contigo (feat. J. Balvin & Tyga) | DJ Snake | dance pop | 96 |
| 12 | 13 | Someone You Loved | Lewis Capaldi | рор | 110 |
| 13 | 14 | Otro Trago - Remix | Sech | panamanian pop | 176 |
| 14 | 15 | Money In The Grave (Drake ft. Rick Ross) | Drake | canadian hip hop | 101 |
| 15 | 16 | No Guidance (feat. Drake) | Chris Brown | dance pop | 93 |
| 16 | 17 | LA CANCIÓN | J Balvin | latin | 176 |
| 17 | 18 | Sunflower - Spider- Man: Into the Spider- Verse | Post Malone | dfw rap | 90 |
| 18 | 19 | Lalala | Y2K | canadian hip hop | 130 |
| 19 | 20 | Truth Hurts | Lizzo | escape room | 158 |
| 20 | 21 | Piece Of Your Heart | MEDUZA | pop house | 124 |
| 21 | 22 | Panini | Lil Nas X | country rap | 154 |
| 22 | 23 | No Me Conoce - Remix | Jhay Cortez | reggaeton flow | 92 |
| 23 | 24 | Soltera - Remix | Lunay | latin | 92 |
| 24 | 25 | bad guy (with Justin Bieber) | Billie Eilish | electropop | 135 |
| 25 | 26 | If I Can't Have You | Shawn Mendes | canadian pop | 124 |
| 26 | 27 | Dance Monkey | Tones and I | australian pop | 98 |
| 27 | 28 | It's You | Ali Gatie | canadian hip hop | 96 |
| 28 | 29 | Con Calma | Daddy Yankee | latin | 94 |
| 29 | 30 | QUE PRETENDES | J Balvin | latin | 93 |
| 30 | 31 | Takeaway | The Chainsmokers | edm | 85 |
| 31 | 32 | 7 rings | Ariana Grande | dance pop | 140 |
| 32 | 33 | 0.958333333333333333333333333333333333333 | Maluma Young Thug | reggaeton atl hip hop | 96 |
| 34 | 35 | Cole & Travis Scott) Never Really Over | Katy Perry | dance pop | 100 |
| 35 | 36 | Summer Days (feat. Macklemore & Patrick Stump | Martin Garrix | big room | 114 |
| 36 | 37 | Otro Trago | Sech | panamanian pop | 176 |
| 37 | 38 | Antisocial (with Travis Scott) | Ed Sheeran | рор | 152 |
| 38 | 39 | Sucker | Jonas Brothers | boy band | 138 |
| 39 | 40 | fuck, i'm lonely (with Anne-Marie) - from "13 | Lauv | dance pop | 95 |
| 40 | 41 | Higher Love | Kygo | edm | 104 |
| 41 | 42 | You Need To Calm Down | Taylor Swift | dance pop | 85 |
| 42 | 43 | Shallow | Lady Gaga | dance pop | 96 |
| 43 | 44 | Talk | Khalid | рор | 136 |
| 44 | 45 | Con Altura | ROSALÍA | r&b en | 98 |

| | | | | espanol | |
|----|----|---|---------------------|---------|-------------|
| 45 | 46 | One Thing Right | Marshmello | brostep | 88 |
| 46 | 47 | Te Robaré | Nicky Jam | latin | 176 |
| 47 | 48 | Happier | Marshmello | brostep | 100 |
| 48 | 49 | Call You Mine | The Chainsmokers | edm | 104 |
| 49 | 50 | Cross Me (feat. Chance the Rapper & PnB Rock) | Ed Sheeran | pop | 95 |
| 4 | | | | | > |

In [6]:

The datatypes of the different attributes of the dataset
print(df.dtypes)

```
int64
Unnamed: 0
track_name
               object
artist_name
               object
Genre
               object
beats_per_minute int64
                int64
Energy
Danceability int64
Loudness(dB) int64
                int64
Liveness
             int64
Valence
Length
                int64
                int64
Acousticness
Speechiness
                int64
                int64
Popularity
dtype: object
```

```
In [7]:
```

```
#Calculating the number of songs of each genre
print(type(df['Genre']))
popular_genre=df.groupby('Genre').size()
print(popular_genre)
genre_list=df['Genre'].values.tolist()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.series.Series'>
Genre
atl hip hop
australian pop
big room
boy band
               1
brostep
canadian hip hop 3
canadian pop
country rap
dance pop
               8
dfw rap
               2
edm
electropop
               1
escape room
latin
panamanian pop
pop
pop house
roh an aananal
```

```
reggaeton 2
reggaeton flow 2
trap music 1
dtype: int64
```

In [8]:

```
#Calculating the number of songs by each of the artists
print(df.groupby('artist_name').size())
popular_artist=df.groupby('artist_name').size()
print(popular_artist)
artist_list=df['artist_name'].values.tolist()
```

artist_name Ali Gatie Anuel AA Ariana Grande Bad Bunny Billie Eilish 2 Chris Brown 1 DJ Snake Daddy Yankee 1 Drake Ed Sheeran J Balvin Jhay Cortez1Jonas Brothers1Katy Perry1 Khalid Kygo Lady Gaga 1 Lauv 1 Lewis Capaldi 1 Lil Nas X 2 Lil Tecca 1 Lizzo Lunay MEDUZA 1
Maluma 1
Marshmello 2 Martin Garrix 1
Nicky Jam 1
Post Malone 2 ROSALÍA 1 Sam Smith Sech Shawn Mendes Taylor Swift 1 The Chainsmokers 2 Tones and I 1 Y2K Young Thug 1 dtype: int64 artist_name Ali Gatie 1 Anuel AA 1 Ariana Grande 2 Bad Bunny Billie Eilish 2

```
Chris Brown
DJ Snake
Daddy Yankee
Drake
Ed Sheeran
J Balvin
Jhay Cortez 1
Jonas Brothers 1
Katy Perry 1
Khalid
Kygo
Lady Gaga 1
Lauv 1
Lewis Capaldi 1
Lil Nas X 2
Lil Tecca
Lizzo
Lunay
Lunay
MEDUZA 1
Maluma 1
Marshmello 2
Martin Garrix 1
Nicky Jam 1
Post Malone 2
ROSALÍA 1
Sam Smith 1
Sech
Shawn Mendes 2
Taylor Swift 1
The Chainsmokers 2
Tones and I 1
Y2K
Young Thug
dtype: int64
```

In [9]:

df.isnull().sum()
df.fillna(0)

Out[9]:

| | Unnamed: | track_name | artist_name | Genre | beats_per_minute |
|----|----------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 0 | 1 | Señorita | Shawn Mendes | canadian pop | 117 |
| 1 | 2 | China | Anuel AA | reggaeton flow | 105 |
| 2 | 3 | boyfriend (with Social House) | Ariana Grande | dance pop | 190 |
| 3 | 4 | Beautiful People (feat. Khalid) | Ed Sheeran | рор | 93 |
| 4 | 5 | Goodbyes (Feat. Young Thug) | Post Malone | dfw rap | 150 |
| 5 | 6 | I Don't Care (with Justin Bieber) | Ed Sheeran | рор | 102 |
| 6 | 7 | Ransom | Lil Tecca | trap music | 180 |
| 7 | 8 | How Do You Sleep? | Sam Smith | рор | 111 |
| 8 | 9 | Old Town Road - Remix | Lil Nas X | country rap | 136 |
| 9 | 10 | bad guy | Billie Eilish | electropop | 135 |
| 10 | 11 | Callaita | Bad Bunny | reggaeton | 176 |
| 11 | 12 | Loco Contigo (feat. J. | DJ Snake | dance pop | 96 |

| | | Balvin & Tyga) | | | |
|----|----|---|---------------------|---------------------|-----|
| 12 | 13 | Someone You Loved | Lewis Capaldi | рор | 110 |
| 13 | 14 | Otro Trago - Remix | Sech | panamanian pop | 176 |
| 14 | 15 | Money In The Grave (Drake ft. Rick Ross) | Drake | canadian hip hop | 101 |
| 15 | 16 | No Guidance (feat. Drake) | Chris Brown | dance pop | 93 |
| 16 | 17 | LA CANCIÓN | J Balvin | latin | 176 |
| 17 | 18 | Sunflower - Spider- Man: Into the Spider- Verse | Post Malone | dfw rap | 90 |
| 18 | 19 | Lalala | Y2K | canadian hip hop | 130 |
| 19 | 20 | Truth Hurts | Lizzo | escape room | 158 |
| 20 | 21 | Piece Of Your Heart | MEDUZA | pop house | 124 |
| 21 | 22 | Panini | Lil Nas X | country rap | 154 |
| 22 | 23 | No Me Conoce - Remix | Jhay Cortez | reggaeton flow | 92 |
| 23 | 24 | Soltera - Remix | Lunay | latin | 92 |
| 24 | 25 | bad guy (with Justin | Billie Eilish | electropop | 135 |
| 25 | 26 | Bieber) If I Can't Have You | Shawn Mendes | canadian | 124 |
| 26 | 27 | Dance Monkey | Tones and I | pop | 98 |
| | | | | pop | |
| 27 | 28 | It's You | Ali Gatie Daddy | hip hop | 96 |
| 28 | 29 | Con Calma | Yankee | latin | 94 |
| 29 | 30 | QUE PRETENDES | J Balvin | latin | 93 |
| 30 | 31 | Takeaway | The Chainsmokers | edm | 85 |
| 31 | 32 | 7 rings | Ariana Grande | dance pop | 140 |
| 32 | 33 | 0.958333333333333 | Maluma | reggaeton | 96 |
| 33 | 34 | The London (feat. J. Cole & Travis Scott) | Young Thug | atl hip hop | 98 |
| 34 | 35 | Never Really Over | Katy Perry | dance pop | 100 |
| 35 | 36 | Summer Days (feat. Macklemore & Patrick Stump | Martin Garrix | big room | 114 |
| 36 | 37 | Otro Trago | Sech | panamanian pop | 176 |
| 37 | 38 | Antisocial (with Travis Scott) | Ed Sheeran | рор | 152 |
| 38 | 39 | Sucker | Jonas Brothers | boy band | 138 |
| 39 | 40 | fuck, i'm lonely (with Anne-Marie) - from "13 | Lauv | dance pop | 95 |
| 40 | 41 | Higher Love | Kygo | edm | 104 |
| 41 | 42 | You Need To Calm Down | Taylor Swift | dance pop | 85 |
| 42 | 43 | Shallow | Lady Gaga | dance pop | 96 |
| 43 | 44 | Talk | Khalid | рор | 136 |
| 44 | 45 | Con Altura | ROSALÍA | r&b en espanol | 98 |
| 45 | 46 | One Thing Right | Marshmello | brostep | 88 |
| 46 | 47 | Te Robaré | Nicky Jam | latin | 176 |
| 47 | 48 | Happier | Marshmello | brostep | 100 |
| 48 | 49 | Call You Mine | The Chainsmokers | edm | 104 |
| 49 | 50 | Cross Me (feat. Chance the Rapper & PnB Rock) | Ed Sheeran | pop | 95 |

```
In [10]:
    pd.set_option('precision', 3)
    df.describe()
```

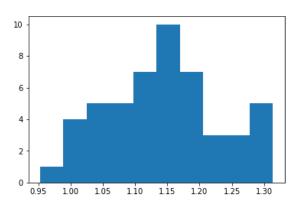
Out[10]:

| | Unnamed: 0 | beats_per_minute | Energy | Danceability | Loudness(dB) | Liveness |
|-------|---------------|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| count | 50.000 | 50.000 | 50.000 | 50.00 | 50.000 | 50.000 |
| mean | 25.500 | 120.060 | 64.060 | 71.38 | -5.660 | 14.660 |
| std | 14.577 | 30.898 | 14.232 | 11.93 | 2.056 | 11.118 |
| min | 1.000 | 85.000 | 32.000 | 29.00 | -11.000 | 5.000 |
| 25% | 13.250 | 96.000 | 55.250 | 67.00 | -6.750 | 8.000 |
| 50% | 25.500 | 104.500 | 66.500 | 73.50 | -6.000 | 11.000 |
| 75% | 37.750 | 137.500 | 74.750 | 79.75 | -4.000 | 15.750 |
| max | 50.000 | 190.000 | 88.000 | 90.00 | -2.000 | 58.000 |
| 4 | | | | |) | |

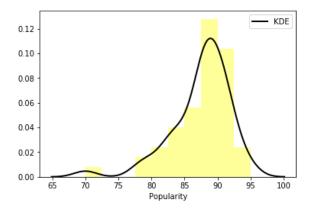
```
#Finding out the skew for each attribute
skew=df.skew()
print(skew)
# Removing the skew by using the boxcox transformations
transform=np.asarray(df[['Liveness']].values)
df_transform = stats.boxcox(transform)[0]
# Plotting a histogram to show the difference
plt.hist(df['Liveness'],bins=10) #original data
plt.show()
plt.hist(df_transform,bins=10) #corrected skew data
plt.show()
```

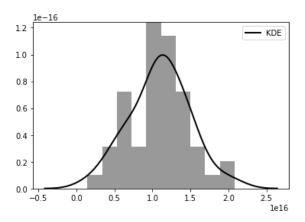
Unnamed: 0 0.000 beats_per_minute 0.855 -0.453 Energy Danceability -1.380 Loudness(dB) -0.832 Liveness 2.204 Valence -0.046 Length 0.749 Acousticness 1.135 Speechiness 1.378 Popularity -1.503 dtype: float64

20 - 15 - 10 - 10 20 30 40 50 60



```
In [12]:
    transform1=np.asarray(df[['Popularity']].values)
    df_transform1 = stats.boxcox(transform1)[0]
    # Plotting a histogram to show the difference
    # plt.hist(df['Popularity'],bins=10) original data
    # plt.show()
    # plt.hist(df_transform1,bins=10) #corrected skew data
    # plt.show()
    sns.distplot(df['Popularity'],bins=10,kde=True,kde_kws={"color":
        "k", "lw": 2, "label": "KDE"},color='yellow')
    plt.show()
    sns.distplot(df_transform1,bins=10,kde=True,kde_kws={"color": "k"
        , "lw": 2, "label": "KDE"},color='black') #corrected skew data
    plt.show()
```



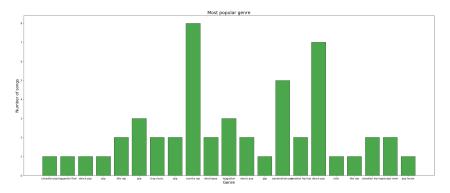


```
In [13]:
    pd.set_option('display.width', 100)
    pd.set_option('precision', 3)
```

| | | | | s_per_minute | Energy | Dance |
|------------------------|--------|------|--------|--------------|--------|-------|
| ability Loud | | | | | | |
| | | | | -0.263 | 0.132 | |
| 0.053 | | | | | | |
| beats_per_min | nute | -0.2 | 63 | 1.000 | 0.012 | |
| -0.092 | 0.014 | -0 | .033 | | | |
| Energy | | | 32 | 0.012 | 1.000 | |
| -0.049 | 0.635 | 0 | .013 | | | |
| Danceability | | 0.0 | 53 | -0.092 | -0.049 | |
| 1.000 | 0.009 | -0. | 261 | | | |
| Loudness(dB) | | -0.0 | 14 | 0.014 | 0.635 | |
| 0.009 | 1.000 | 0. | 114 | | | |
| Liveness | | 0.1 | 02 | -0.033 | 0.013 | |
| -0.261 | 0.114 | 1 | .000 | | | |
| Valence | | 0.1 | 13 | -0.048 | 0.467 | |
| 0.155 | 0.317 | -0. | 187 | | | |
| Length | | 0.0 | 45 | -0.198 | 0.189 | |
| -0.079 | 0.165 | 0 | .202 | | | |
| Acousticness | | 0.0 | 58 | -0.010 | -0.211 | |
| -0.128 | -0.040 | 0 | .204 | | | |
| Speechiness | | -0.2 | 32 | 0.392 | -0.035 | |
| 0.104 | | | | | | |
| Popularity | | -0.2 | 21 | 0.217 | -0.044 | |
| -0.141 | 0.072 | 0 | .012 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Danielanite | | nce | Length | Acousticness | Speech | iness |
| Popularity | | 110 | 0.045 | 0.050 | | 0.000 |
| | Ø. | 113 | 0.045 | 0.058 | _ | 0.232 |
| -0.221 | | 0.40 | 0 100 | 0.010 | | 0 000 |
| beats_per_mir 0.217 | | | | | | |
| Energy -0.044 | 0. | 467 | 0.189 | -0.211 | - | 0.035 |
| Danceability -0.141 | 0. | 155 | -0.079 | -0.128 | | 0.104 |
| Loudness(dB) 0.072 | 0. | 317 | 0.165 | -0.040 | - | 0.063 |
| Liveness | -0. | 187 | 0.202 | 0.204 | - | 0.137 |
| 0.012 Valence | 1. | 000 | -0.081 | -0.053 | _ | 0.095 |
| -0.265 | | | | | | |
| Length | -0. | 081 | 1.000 | -0.005 | | 0.020 |
| -0.122 | | | | | | |
| Acousticness | -0. | 053 | -0.005 | 1.000 | | 0.017 |
| 0.036 | | | | | | |
| Speechiness | -0. | 095 | 0.020 | 0.017 | | 1.000 |
| | -0. | 265 | -0.122 | 0.036 | | 0.165 |
| 1.000 | | | | | | |

```
In [14]:
    # Bar graph to see the number of songs of each genre
    fig, ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(30,12))
    length=np.arange(len(popular_genre))
    plt.bar(length,popular_genre,color='green',edgecolor='black',alph
    a=0.7)
```

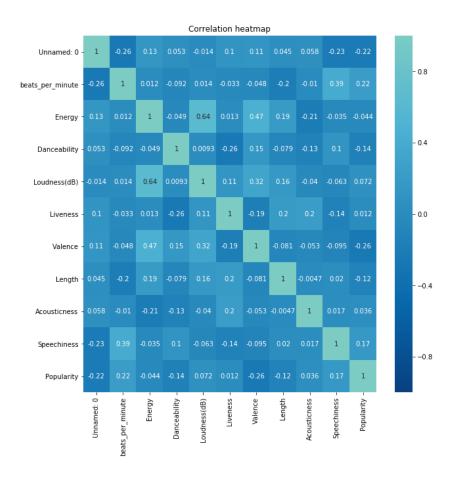
```
plt.xticks(length,genre_list)
plt.title('Most popular genre',fontsize=18)
plt.xlabel('Genre',fontsize=16)
plt.ylabel('Number of songs',fontsize=16)
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]:
# heatmap of the correlation
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.title('Correlation heatmap')
sns.heatmap(correlation, annot=True, vmin=-1, vmax=1, cmap="GnBu_r", c
enter=1)
```

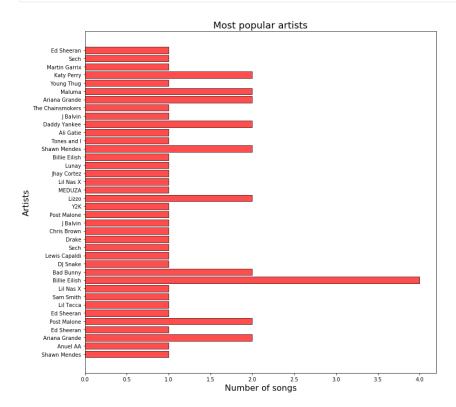
Out[15]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fd774913710>



```
In [16]:
    fig, ax=plt.subplots(figsize=(12,12))
    length=np.arange(len(popular_artist))
    plt.barh(length,popular_artist,color='red',edgecolor='black',alph
```

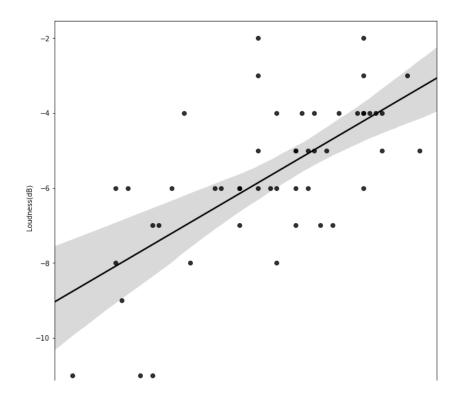
```
a=0.7)
plt.yticks(length,artist_list)
plt.title('Most popular artists',fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel('Artists',fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Number of songs',fontsize=16)
plt.show()
```



```
In [17]:
    # Analysing the relationship between energy and loudness
    fig=plt.subplots(figsize=(10,10))
    sns.regplot(x='Energy',y='Loudness(dB)',data=df,color='black')
```

Out[17]:

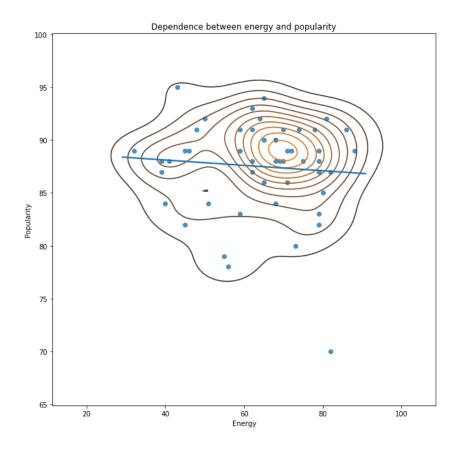
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fd770ea8438>



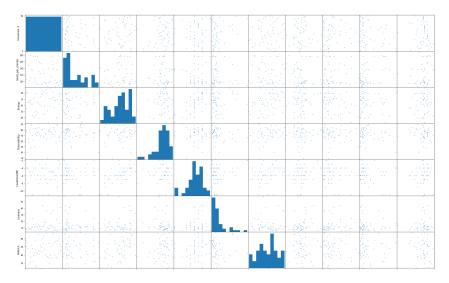
```
30 40 50 60 70 80 90
Energy
```

Out[18]:

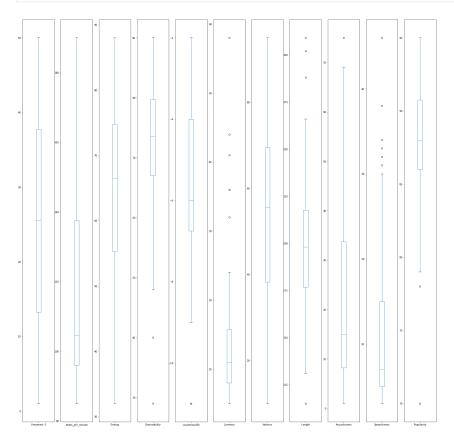
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fd770f47b38>



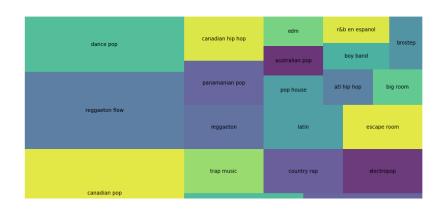




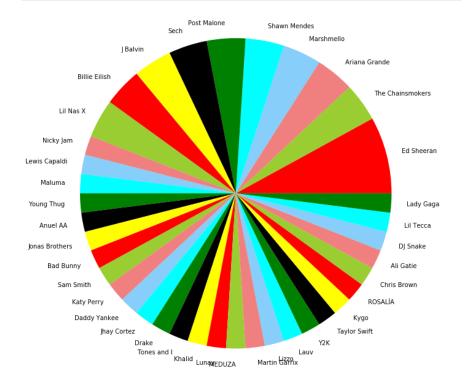
```
In [20]:
    df.plot(kind='box', subplots=True)
    plt.gcf().set_size_inches(30,30)
    plt.show()
```



```
In [21]:
    plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
    sq.plot(sizes=df.Genre.value_counts(), label=df["Genre"].unique
    (), alpha=.8 )
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [22]:
    #Pie charts
    labels = df.artist_name.value_counts().index
    sizes = df.artist_name.value_counts().values
    colors = ['red', 'yellowgreen', 'lightcoral', 'lightskyblue','cya
    n', 'green', 'black','yellow']
    plt.figure(figsize = (10,10))
    plt.pie(sizes, labels=labels, colors=colors)
    autopct=('%1.1f%%')
    plt.axis('equal')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [23]:
#Linear regression, first create test and train dataset
x=df.loc[:,['Energy','Danceability','Length','Loudness(dB)','Acou
sticness']].values
y=df.loc[:,'Popularity'].values
```

In [24]:
 # Creating a test and training dataset
 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_si
 ze=0.30)

```
In [25]:
    # Linear regression
    regressor = LinearRegression()
    regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print(regressor.intercept_)
    print(regressor.coef_)
```

```
In [26]:
#Displaying the difference between the actual and the predicted
    y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
    df_output = pd.DataFrame({'Actual': y_test, 'Predicted': y_pred})
    print(df_output)
```

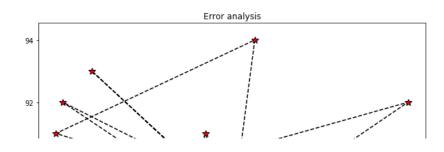
```
Actual Predicted
0
       83
              82.689
       91
1
              85.180
2
       88
            85.640
       92
              90.095
3
4
       90
            84.711
5
       92
            81.696
       87
             87.345
6
       93
7
            82.403
       89
            85.668
8
9
       86
             85.569
10
       94
            86.368
       91
11
            81.529
            86.257
12
       89
13
       90
            88.237
14
       87
            82.670
```

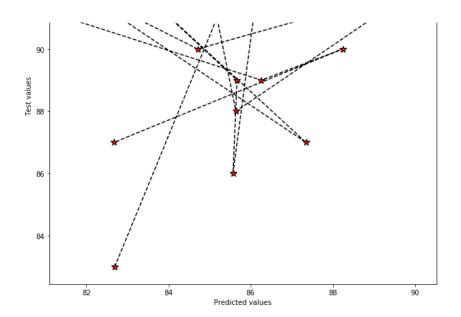
Mean Absolute Error: 4.442246487057812 Mean Squared Error: 31.890021234522354 Root Mean Squared Error: 5.647125041516467

```
In [28]:
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.plot(y_pred,y_test,color='black',linestyle='dashed',marker=
    '*',markerfacecolor='red',markersize=10)
    plt.title('Error analysis')
    plt.xlabel('Predicted values')
    plt.ylabel('Test values')
```

Out[28]:

Text(0, 0.5, 'Test values')





```
# Cross validation score
x=df.loc[:,['Energy','Danceability']].values
y=df.loc[:,'Popularity'].values
regressor=LinearRegression()
mse=cross_val_score(regressor,X_train,y_train,scoring='neg_mean_s
quared_error',cv=5)
mse_mean=np.mean(mse)
print(mse_mean)
diff=metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)-abs(mse_mean)
print(diff)
```

-32.650937347082944 -0.7609161125605901

```
In [30]:
    x=df.loc[:,['artist_name']].values
    y=df.loc[:,'Genre'].values
```

```
In [31]:
# Label encoding of features
    x.shape
    encoder=LabelEncoder()
    x = encoder.fit_transform(x)
    x=pd.DataFrame(x)
    x
```

Out[31]:

| | 0 |
|---|----|
| 0 | 32 |
| 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 3 | 9 |
| 4 | 28 |
| 5 | 9 |
| 6 | 20 |
| 7 | 30 |
| 8 | 19 |
| 9 | 4 |

```
10
    3
11
    6
12
    18
13
    31
14
    8
15
    5
16
    10
17
    28
18
    36
19
    21
20
    23
21
    19
22
    11
23
    22
24
    4
25
    32
26
    35
27
    0
28
    7
29
    10
30
    34
31
    2
32
    24
33
    37
34
    13
35
    26
36
    31
37
    9
38
    12
39
    17
40
    15
41
    33
42
    16
43
    14
44
    29
45
    25
46
    27
47
    25
48
    34
49
    9
```

```
In [32]:
# Label Encoding of target
Encoder_y=LabelEncoder()
Y = Encoder_y.fit_transform(y)
Y=pd.DataFrame(Y)
Y
```

Out[32]:

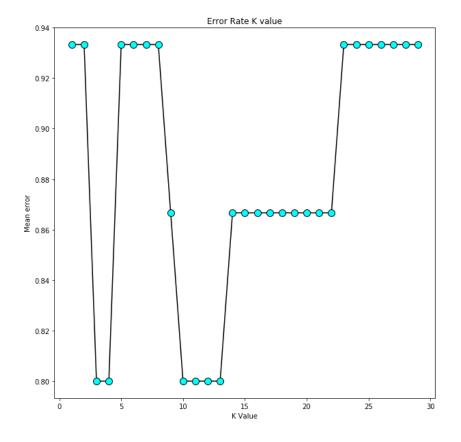
| | 0 |
|---|-----|
| 0 | 6 |
| 1 | 19 |
| 2 | 8 |
| 3 | 15 |
| 4 | 9 |
| E | 1 5 |

```
Э
    ΙJ
6
    20
7
    15
8
    7
9
    11
10
    18
11
    8
12
    15
13
    14
    5
14
15
    8
    13
16
17
18
19
    12
20
    16
    7
21
    19
22
23
    13
24
    11
25
    6
26
27
    5
28
    13
29
    13
30
    10
31
    8
32
    18
    0
33
34
    8
35
36
    14
37
    15
38
    3
39
    8
40
    10
41
    8
    8
42
43
    15
44
    17
45
    4
46
    13
47
48
   10
49
    15
```

```
In [33]:
    x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size =
    0.3, random_state = 1)

#Scaling
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    sc=StandardScaler()
    sc.fit(x_train)
    x_train=sc.transform(x_train)
    x_test=sc.transform(x_test)
```

```
In [34]:
         # KNN Classification
         # sorted(sklearn.neighbors.VALID_METRICS['brute'])
         knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = 17)
         knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
         y_pred=knn.predict(x_test)
In [35]:
         error=[]
         for i in range(1,30):
             knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=i)
             knn.fit(X_train,y_train)
             pred_i=knn.predict(X_test)
             error.append(np.mean(pred_i!=y_test))
In [36]:
         plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
         plt.plot(range(1,30),error,color='black',marker='o',markerfacecol
         or='cyan', markersize=10)
         plt.title('Error Rate K value')
         plt.xlabel('K Value')
         plt.ylabel('Mean error')
Out[36]:
         Text(0, 0.5, 'Mean error')
```



```
In [37]:
    x=df.loc[:,['Energy','Length','Danceability','beats_per_minute',
    'Acousticness']].values
    y=df.loc[:,'Popularity'].values
```

. .

```
In [38]:
         # Creating a test and training dataset
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_si
         ze=0.30)
In [39]:
         gnb = GaussianNB()
         gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)
         y_pred=gnb.predict(X_test)
         df_output = pd.DataFrame({'Actual': y_test, 'Predicted': y_pred})
         print(df_output)
             Actual Predicted
         0
                78
                          83
         1
                 82
                            88
         2
                 84
                            92
         3
                93
                            88
         4
                 87
                            91
         5
                91
                            88
         6
                 89
                            89
         7
                 91
                            87
         8
                 90
                            91
         9
                            86
                 89
         10
                 92
                            91
         11
                 90
                            88
         12
                 91
                            91
         13
                 70
                            88
         14
                 89
                             88
In [40]:
         # Testing the accuracy of Naive Bayes
         scores=cross_val_score(gnb, X_train, y_train, scoring='accuracy', cv=
         3).mean()*100
         print(scores)
         14.48165869218501
In [41]:
         sns.jointplot(x=y_test, y=y_pred, kind="kde", color="r")
Out[41]:
         <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x7fd7644af048>
        95.0
        92.5
        90.0
```

87.5

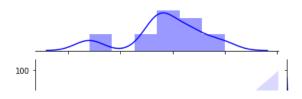
85.0

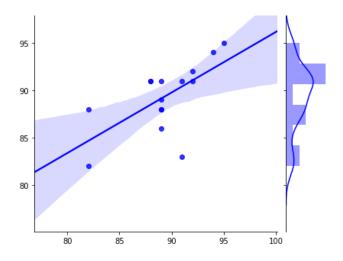
82.5

```
80.0 - 65 70 75 80 85 90 95 100
```

```
In [42]:
         x=df.loc[:,['Energy','Length','Danceability','beats_per_minute',
         'Acousticness']].values
         y=df.loc[:,'Popularity'].values
In [43]:
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_si
         ze=0.30)
In [44]:
         # Linear SVM model
         LinSVC = LinearSVC(penalty='12', loss='squared_hinge', dual=True)
         LinSVC.fit(X_train, y_train)
         y_pred=gnb.predict(X_test)
         df_output = pd.DataFrame({'Actual': y_test, 'Predicted': y_pred})
         print(df_output)
             Actual Predicted
         0
                 89
                             86
                 95
                             95
         2
                 91
                             91
         3
                 94
                             94
                 88
                             91
         5
                 82
                             88
         6
                 91
                             83
                 89
                             88
         8
                 88
                             91
         9
                 92
                             91
         10
                 89
                             89
         11
                 92
                             92
                             82
         12
                 82
         13
                 89
                             88
         14
                 89
                             91
In [45]:
         # Testing the accuracy
         scores=cross_val_score(LinSVC, X_train, y_train, scoring='accuracy',
         cv=3).mean()*100
         print(scores)
         8.465608465608465
```

```
In [46]:
     sns.jointplot(x=y_test, y=y_pred, kind="reg", color="b");
```





In []:

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Data

Data Sources

▼ Top 50 Spotify Songs - 2019

■ top50.csv

14 columns



Top 50 Spotify Songs - 2019

Top 50 songs listened in 2019 on spotify Last Updated: 6 months ago (Version 1)

About this Dataset

- Check the data extracted by year: https://www.kaggle.com/leonardopena/top-spotify-songsfrom-20102019-by-year
- And by country: https://www.kaggle.com/leonardopena/top-50-spotify-songs-by-each-country

Context