import pandas as pd import numpy as np # For mathematical calculations import seaborn as sns # For data visualization import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sn # For plotting graphs import io %matplotlib inline # To ignore any warnings import warnings warnings.filterwarnings("ignore") filepath2 = r"C:\Users\91623\OneDrive\Desktop\projects\car prices\car.csv" df= pd.read csv(filepath2) print(df) Brand Model Year Selling_Price \ 60000 Maruti 800 AC 2007 0 Maruti Maruti Wagon R LXI Minor 2007 Maruti 135000 2 Hyundai Hyundai Verna 1.6 SX 2012 600000 250000 3 Datsun Datsun RediGO T Option 2017 Honda 450000 4 Honda Amaze VX i-DTEC 2014 4335 Hyundai Hyundai i20 Magna 1.4 CRDi (Diesel) 2014 409999 Hyundai i20 Magna 1.4 CRDi 2014 4336 Hyundai 409999 4337 Maruti Maruti 800 AC BSIII 2009 110000 4338 Hyundai Hyundai Creta 1.6 CRDi SX Option 2016 865000 4339 Renault Renault KWID RXT 2016 225000 KM Driven Fuel Seller_Type Transmission Owner 70000 Petrol Individual Manual First Owner 50000 Petrol Individual Manual First Owner 0 1 100000 Petrol Individual Manual First Owner 100000 Diesel Individual Manual First Owner 46000 Petrol Individual Manual First Owner 141000 Diesel Individual Manual Second Owner 2 3 80000 Diesel Individual Manual Second Owner 80000 Diesel Individual Manual Second Owner 83000 Petrol Individual Manual Second Owner 90000 Diesel Individual Manual First Owner 40000 Petrol Individual Manual First Owner 4335 4336 4337 4338 4339 [4340 rows x 9 columns] df.head() Model Year Selling_Price KM_Driven Fuel Seller_Type Transmission **Brand** Owner 0 Maruti Maruti 800 AC 2007 60000 70000 Petrol Individual Manual First Owner Manual Maruti Maruti Wagon R LXI Minor 2007 135000 50000 Petrol Individual First Owner 2 Hyundai Hyundai Verna 1.6 SX 2012 600000 100000 Diesel Individual Manual First Owner Datsun Datsun RediGO T Option 2017 250000 46000 Petrol Individual Manual First Owner Honda Honda Amaze VX i-DTEC 2014 450000 141000 Diesel Individual Manual Second Owner In [4]: df.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 4340 entries, 0 to 4339 Data columns (total 9 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype 0 Brand 4340 non-null object Model 4340 non-null object 1 4340 non-null int64 2 Year Selling Price 4340 non-null int64 int64 KM_Driven 4340 non-null 4340 non-null object Fuel Seller_Type 4340 non-null object Transmission 4340 non-null object 8 Owner 4340 non-null object dtypes: int64(3), object(6) memory usage: 305.3+ KB In [5]: df.describe() Year Selling_Price KM_Driven **count** 4340.000000 4.340000e+03 4340.000000 **mean** 2013.090783 5.041273e+05 66215.777419 4.215344 5.785487e+05 46644.102194 std min 1992.000000 2.000000e+04 1.000000 **25%** 2011.000000 2.087498e+05 35000.000000 **50%** 2014.000000 3.500000e+05 60000.000000 **75%** 2016.000000 6.000000e+05 90000.000000 max 2020.000000 8.900000e+06 806599.000000 df.columns = df.columns.str.lower() unique = [feature for feature in df.columns if len(df[feature].unique())>0 and len(df[feature].unique())<100] for feature in unique: print("{} has {} unique values : {} {}".format(feature,len(df[feature].unique()),df[feature].unique(),"\n") brand has 29 unique values : ['Maruti' 'Hyundai' 'Datsun' 'Honda' 'Tata' 'Chevrolet' 'Toyota' 'Jaguar' 'Mercedes-Benz' 'Audi' 'Skoda' 'Jeep' 'BMW' 'Mahindra' 'Ford' 'Nissan' 'Renault' 'Fiat' 'Volkswagen' 'Volvo' 'Mitsubishi' 'Land' 'Daewoo' 'MG' 'Force' 'Isuzu' 'OpelCorsa' 'Ambassador' 'Kia'] year has 27 unique values : [2007 2012 2017 2014 2016 2015 2018 2019 2013 2011 2010 2009 2006 1996 2005 2008 2004 1998 2003 2002 2020 2000 1999 2001 1995 1997 1992] fuel has 5 unique values : ['Petrol' 'Diesel' 'CNG' 'LPG' 'Electric'] seller type has 3 unique values : ['Individual' 'Dealer' 'Trustmark Dealer'] transmission has 2 unique values : ['Manual' 'Automatic'] owner has 5 unique values : ['First Owner' 'Second Owner' 'Fourth & Above Owner' 'Third Owner' 'Test Drive Car'] In [8]: df[['brand']].value_counts() Out[8]: brand 1280 Maruti Hyundai 821 Mahindra 365 361 252 Honda Ford 238 Toyota 206 Chevrolet 188 Renault 146 107 Volkswagen Skoda 68 Nissan 64 Audi 60 BMW 39 Fiat Datsun 37 35 Mercedes-Benz Mitsubishi 6 Jaguar Land Volvo Ambassador 4 Jeep 3 2 OpelCorsa Force 1 Isuzu Daewoo Kia dtype: int64 In [9]: df[['fuel']].value counts() Out[9]: fuel Diesel 2153 Petrol 2123 CNG 40 LPG 23 Electric dtype: int64 df[['owner']].value_counts() Out[10]: owner 2832 First Owner Second Owner 1106 Third Owner 304 Fourth & Above Owner 81 Test Drive Car 17 dtype: int64 In [11]: df[['seller_type']].value_counts() Out[11]: seller_type 3244 Individual Dealer 994 Trustmark Dealer 102 dtype: int64 df[['transmission']].value counts() Out[12]: transmission 3892 Manual Automatic 448 dtype: int64 df.columns Out[13]: Index(['brand', 'model', 'year', 'selling_price', 'km_driven', 'fuel', 'seller_type', 'transmission', 'owner'], dtype='object') df.shape In [14]: Out[14]: (4340, 9) from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder le=LabelEncoder() df1=df list1=['fuel','seller_type','transmission','owner'] for i in list1: df1[i]=le.fit_transform(df1[i]) df1.head() brand model year selling_price km_driven fuel seller_type transmission owner 0 Maruti 800 AC 2007 70000 0 Maruti 60000 1 1 Maruti Maruti Wagon R LXI Minor 2007 135000 50000 0 600000 100000 1 1 0 2 Hyundai Hyundai Verna 1.6 SX 2012 1 250000 0 3 Datsun Datsun RediGO T Option 2017 46000 Honda Amaze VX i-DTEC 2014 450000 141000 1 2 Honda 1 1 unique = [feature for feature in df1.columns if len(df1[feature].unique())>0 and len(df1[feature].unique())<10(for feature in unique: print("{} has {} unique values : {} {}".format(feature,len(df1[feature].unique()),df1[feature].unique(),"\r brand has 29 unique values : ['Maruti' 'Hyundai' 'Datsun' 'Honda' 'Tata' 'Chevrolet' 'Toyota' 'Jaguar' 'Mercedes-Benz' 'Audi' 'Skoda' 'Jeep' 'BMW' 'Mahindra' 'Ford' 'Nissan' 'Renault' 'Fiat' 'Volkswagen' 'Volvo' 'Mitsubishi' 'Land' 'Daewoo' 'MG' 'Force' 'Isuzu' 'OpelCorsa' 'Ambassador' 'Kia'] year has 27 unique values : [2007 2012 2017 2014 2016 2015 2018 2019 2013 2011 2010 2009 2006 1996 2005 2008 2004 1998 2003 2002 2020 2000 1999 2001 1995 1997 1992] fuel has 5 unique values : [4 1 0 3 2] seller_type has 3 unique values : [1 0 2] transmission has 2 unique values : [1 0] owner has 5 unique values : [0 2 1 4 3] sns.scatterplot(data =df1['selling_price']) Out[19]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='selling price'> 8 selling_price 2 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 y=df['selling_price'] y.shape (4340,)x=df1[["year", "km driven", "fuel", "transmission", "owner"]] x.shape (4340, 5)In [24]: Out[24]: year km_driven fuel transmission owner **0** 2007 70000 1 **1** 2007 50000 0 **2** 2012 100000 1 0 **3** 2017 46000 0 **4** 2014 141000 1 2 **4335** 2014 80000 1 2 **4336** 2014 80000 1 2 **4337** 2009 83000 1 2 **4338** 2016 90000 0 **4339** 2016 40000 1 0 4340 rows × 5 columns from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test =train_test_split(x,y, test_size=0.3,random_state=2529) x_train.shape,x_test.shape,y_train.shape,y_test.shape Out[27]: ((3038, 5), (1302, 5), (3038,), (1302,)) linear regration from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression lr=LinearRegression() lr.fit(x_train,y_train) ▼ LinearRegression LinearRegression() y pred = lr.predict(x test) from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error , mean_absolute_error , r2_score mean_squared_error(y_test,y_pred) 193206294338.9267 In [34]: mean absolute error(y test, y pred) Out[34]: 233874.30747087934 lin_reg=r2_score (y_test,y_pred)*100 lin_reg Out[35]: 40.766878661465576 y_test Out[36]: 2613 300000 1300000 1311 2321 340000 350000 1454 215000 4235 249 500000 265 160000 1534 575000 250000 848 800000 Name: selling_price, Length: 1302, dtype: int64 In [37]: y_pred Out[37]: array([502128.0177722 , 709308.34602509, 506480.61003758, ..., 694356.54476541, 380279.02445321, 792207.99351607]) random forest from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor rfr=RandomForestRegressor() ▼ RandomForestRegressor RandomForestRegressor() In [40]: rfr.fit(x_train,y_train) Out[40]: ▼ RandomForestRegressor RandomForestRegressor() In [41]: rfr_pred=rfr.predict(x_test) rfr_score=r2_score(y_test,rfr_pred)*100 In [42]: print("Accuracy score for LR :",rfr_score) Accuracy score for LR : 53.45936561634799 Lasso from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso In [43]: In [44]: la=Lasso() Out[44]: ▼ Lasso Lasso() In [45]: la.fit(x_train,y_train) Out[45]: ▼ Lasso Lasso() la_pred=la.predict(x_test) In [46]: la_score=r2_score(y_test,la_pred)*100 In [47]: print("Accuracy score for LR :",la_score) Accuracy score for LR: 40.76690412586098 vector from sklearn.svm import SVR In [48]: svr=SVR() In [49]: svr.fit(x_train,y_train) Out[49]: ▼ SVR SVR() svr_pred=svr.predict(x_test) from sklearn.metrics import r2_score svr_score=r2_score(y_test,svr_pred)*100 print("Accuracy score for LR :",svr_score) Accuracy score for LR : -4.245104766302887 from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge rr=Ridge() Out[53]: ▼ Ridge Ridge() rr.fit(x_train,y_train) In [54]: Out[54]: ▼ Ridge Ridge() rr_pred=rr.predict(x_test) from sklearn.metrics import r2_score rr_score=r2_score(y_test,rr_pred)*100 print("Accuracy score for RidgeR :",rr_score) Accuracy score for RidgeR: 40.77093794036354