1

EE5600 Assignment 3

Abhishek Thakur

Abstract—This document contains the solution of geometry through linear algebra through the concept of optimization.

Download latex and python codes from

https://github.com/abhishekt711/EE5600/tree/ master/Assignment 3

1 Problem

Maximize Z = 5x + 3y subject to $3x + 5y \le 15$, $5x + 2y \le 10$, $x \ge 0$, $y \ge 0$.

2 EXPLANATION

$$Z - 5x - 3y = 0 (2.0.1)$$

$$3x + 5y + s_1 = 15 \tag{2.0.2}$$

$$5x + 2y + s_2 = 10 \tag{2.0.3}$$

We will write the simplex tableau

$$\begin{bmatrix}
x & y & s_1 & s_2 & c \\
3 & 5 & 1 & 0 & 15 \\
\hline
5 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 10 \\
-5 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0
\end{bmatrix}$$
(2.0.4)

Keeping the pivot element as 5, we will use gauss-jordan elimination.

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y & s_1 & s_2 & c \\ 0 & \frac{19}{5} & 1 & \frac{-3}{5} & 9 \\ 1 & \frac{2}{5} & 0 & \frac{1}{5} & 2 \\ \hline 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2.0.5)

Keeping the pivot element as $\frac{19}{5}$, we will use gaussjordan elimination.

$$\begin{bmatrix} x & y & s_1 & s_2 & c \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{19} & \frac{-3}{19} & \frac{45}{19} \\ 1 & 0 & \frac{-2}{19} & \frac{5}{19} & \frac{20}{19} \\ \hline 0 & 0 & \frac{5}{19} & \frac{16}{19} & \frac{235}{19} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2.0.6)

In this tableau, there are no negative elements in the bottom row. We have therefore determined the optimal solution to be:

$$(x, y, s_1, s_2) = \left(\frac{20}{19}, \frac{45}{19}, 0, 0\right)$$
 (2.0.7)

$$Z = 5x + 3y (2.0.8)$$

$$Z = 5 \times \frac{20}{19} + 3 \times \frac{45}{19} \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$Z = \frac{235}{19} \tag{2.0.10}$$

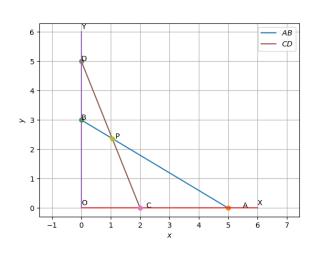


Fig. 0: optimal point through the intersection of various lines

Hence, the maximum value of **Z** on the given constraint is $\frac{235}{19}$.