## EE5609 Assignment 9

## Abhishek Thakur

Abstract-This document solves problem based on solution of vector space.

Download all solutions from

https://github.com/abhishekt711/EE5609/tree/ master/Assignment 9

1 Problem

let 
$$\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $\beta = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$  be vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such

$$x_1y_1 + x_2y_2 = 0;$$
  $x_1^2 + x_2^2 = y_1^2 + y_2^2 = 1.$ 

 $x_1y_1 + x_2y_2 = 0;$   $x_1^2 + x_2^2 = y_1^2 + y_2^2 = 1.$ Proove that  $\beta = \{\alpha, \beta\}$  is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Find the coordinates of the vector (a, b) in the ordered basis  $\beta = \{\alpha, \beta\}$ . (The conditions on  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  say, geometrically, that  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are perpendicular and each has length 1).

## 2 Solution

we need to show that  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are linearly independent in order to proove that  $\beta = \{\alpha, \beta\}$  is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

Given in the question are:

$$\alpha^T \beta = 0 \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\|\alpha\|^2 = \|\beta\|^2 = 1$$
 (2.0.2)

Let,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & y_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.3}$$

then,

$$\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} ||\alpha||^2 & \alpha^T \beta \\ \alpha^T \beta & ||\beta||^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.4)

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{I} \tag{2.0.6}$$

Inverse of A exist.  $A^T$  is the inverse of A. Thus, the columns of A are linearly independent i.e,  $\alpha$ and  $\beta$  are linearly independent.

Hence,  $\beta = \{\alpha, \beta\}$  is a basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

To, find the coordinates of the vector (a, b) in the ordered basis  $\beta = \{\alpha, \beta\}$ .

$$(\alpha \quad \beta) \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.7)

$$\mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{A} \begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{A}^T \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{A}^T \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \\ y_1 & y_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.10}$$