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EE5609 Assignment 3

Abhishek Thakur

Abstract—This document contains the solution of geometry through linear algebra.

Download latex and python codes from

https://github.com/abhishekt711/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment 3

1 Problem

ABCE is a Quadrilateral and D is a midpoint on BC such that, AC=AE, AB=AD and $\angle BAD = \angle EAC$. Show that BC=DE.

2 Explanation

In, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle ADE$

$$\angle BAD = \angle EAC$$
 (given) (2.0.1)

Adding $\angle DAC$ on both side, We get:

$$\angle BAD + \angle DAC = \angle EAC + \angle DAC$$
 (2.0.2)

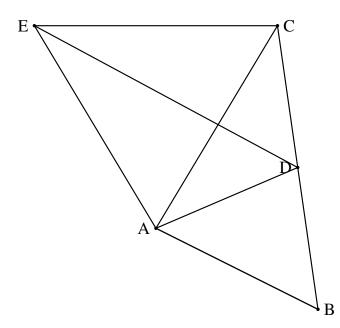


Fig. 0: Quadrilateral ABCE

We have,

$$\angle BAC = \angle DAE \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$\implies \cos \angle DAE = \cos \angle BAC$$
 (2.0.4)

In triangle ABC, Using law of cosine,

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \angle BCA$$
 (2.0.5)

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|^{2} - (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^{T}(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})$$
(2.0.6)

Using the formula of dot product, i.e.,

$$\mathbf{a}.\mathbf{b} = \|\mathbf{a}\| \cdot \|\mathbf{b}\| \cdot \cos \theta \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$\implies \cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{a.b}}{\|\mathbf{a}\| \cdot \|\mathbf{b}\|} \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E})}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}\|} = \frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|}$$
(2.0.9)

We are given AE=AC and we know AD=AB always. Thus,

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|$$
 (2.0.10)

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|$$
 (2.0.11)

Then, from (2.0.9), we have,

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}) = (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}) \qquad (2.0.12)$$
(2.0.13)

Using law of cosine (2.0.6)

$$\implies \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 - (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E})$$

$$= \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 - (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})$$

$$(2.0.14)$$

$$\implies (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}) = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})$$

$$(2.0.15)$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\| \cos \angle ADE$$

$$= \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\| \cos \angle ABC$$

$$(2.0.16)$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\| \cos \angle ADE = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| \cos \angle ABC$$
(2.0.17)

We need to prove: $\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| = \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\|$. From (2.0.15),

$$(\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}) = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) \qquad (2.0.18)$$

Again, By using law of cosine (2.0.6)

$$\implies \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 - (\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{D})^T (\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{A})$$
$$= \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 - (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) \quad (2.0.19)$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 - (\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 - (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}))$$

$$= \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 - (\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 - (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}))$$
(2.0.20)

We are given that AE=AC, AD=AB. Using, (2.0.10), (2.0.11)

$$\therefore \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}) =$$
$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}) \quad (2.0.21)$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}\| \cos \angle DAE =$$
$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\| \cos \angle BAC \quad (2.0.22)$$

From the question, $\angle DAE = \angle BAC$ and $\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{E}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|$. We also know $\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|$. Thus, from (2.0.22), we get,

$$\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 \tag{2.0.23}$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| \tag{2.0.24}$$

$$\therefore BC = DE \tag{2.0.25}$$