#### **MOOC Course - Introduction to R Software**

# **July 2021**

# **Assignment 4**

1. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command

```
sort(c(20,50, 10, 30, 90,70, 80), decreasing = FALSE)?
```

- a. 1 2 3 5 7 8 9
- b. 9 8 7 5 3 2 1

### c. 10 20 30 50 70 80 90

d. 90 80 70 50 30 20 10

#### Solution:

```
R Console

> sort(c(20,50, 10, 30, 90,70, 80), decreasing = FALSE)
[1] 10 20 30 50 70 80 90

> |
```

2. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command

```
sort(c(20,50, 10, 30, 90,70, 80), increasing = TRUE)?
```

- a. 10 20 30 50 70 80 90
- b. 90 80 70 50 30 20 10
- c. 1 2 3 5 7 8 9

#### d. Error...

```
R Console
> sort(c(20,50, 10, 30, 90,70, 80), increasing = TRUE)
Error in sort.int(x, na.last = na.last, decreasing = decreasing, ...):
    unused argument (increasing = TRUE)
> |
```

3. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command order (c (20,50, 10, 30, 90,70, 80), decreasing = FALSE)?

a. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

b. 1 4 3 2 5 7 6

c. 3 1 4 2 6 7 5

d. 3 1 4 5 7 6 2

Solution:

```
R Console

> order(c(20,50, 10, 30, 90,70, 80), decreasing = FALSE)
[1] 3 1 4 2 6 7 5
```

4. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command

```
mode(c(1, 2, "3", 8+9, "7+9", 6.7, 110*45))?
```

- a. character
- b. numeric
- C. list
- d. data frame

```
R Console

> mode(c(1, 2, "3", 8+9, "7+9", 6.7, 110*45))
[1] "character"

> |
```

```
x <-list (c("name1", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10,
each=2)) ?</pre>
```

- a. 6
- b. 99
- c. 5 6 7
- d. "name2"

Solution:

```
R Console
> x <-list (c("namel", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10, each=2))
> x[[2]]
[1] 5 6 7
```

6. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command  $\mathbf{x}[[2]][2]$  where

```
x <-list (c("name1", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10,
each=2))</pre>
```

gives an output as

a. 5 6 7



- C. 99
- d. "name2"

```
R Console
> x <-list (c("namel", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10, each=2))
> x[[2]][2]
[1] 6
> |
```

```
x <-list (c("name1", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10,
each=2)) ?</pre>
```

- a. 5 6 7
- b. 6
- c. 99

#### d. "NULL"

Solution:

```
R Console
> x <-list (c("namel", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10, each=2))
> x[2][2]
[[1]]
NULL
> |
```

8. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command  $\mathbf{x}$  [[3]] where

```
x <-list (c("name1", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10,
each=2)) ?</pre>
```

a. 7

# b. 8 8 9 9 10 10

c. 8 9 10 8 9 10

d. 10 10 9 9 8 8

```
R Console
> x <-list (c("namel", "name2"), seq(from=5, to=7), rep(8:10, each=2))
> x[[3]]
[1] 8 8 9 9 10 10
> |
```

9. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command  $\mathbf{x}[(\mathbf{x}>50)]$  where

```
x <- c(10, 75, 20, 35, 30, 40, 180, 50, 60, 27, 70, 67, 80, 50, 39, 120) ?
```

## a. 75 180 60 70 67 80 120

- b. 10 20 35 30 40 27 39
- C. TRUE
- d. FALSE

Solution:

```
R Console

> x <- c(10, 75, 20, 35, 30, 40, 180, 50, 60, 27, 70, 67, 80, 50, 39, 120)
> x[(x>50)]

[1] 75 180 60 70 67 80 120
```

10. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command

```
x[(x - 20 > 40)] where

x <- c(10, 75, 20, 35, 30, 40, 180, 50, 60, 27, 70, 67, 80, 50, 39, 120) ?
```

a. 10 20 35 30 40 50 27 50 39

```
b. 75 180 70 67 80 120
```

- C. NULL
- d. None of these

```
Solution: R Console

> x <- c(10, 75, 20, 35, 30, 40, 180, 50, 60, 27, 70, 67, 80, 50, 39, 120)
> x[(x - 20 > 40)]
[1] 75 180 70 67 80 120
> |
```

 $x[(x^2 + 10 > 50)]$  where

x <- c(40, 25, 80, 45, 39, 43, 120, 20, 70, 87, 170, 167, 180, 150, 139, 120) ?

- a. 80 45 43 120 70 87 170 167 180 150 139 120
- b. 75 180 70 67 80 120
- c. 40 25 80 45 39 43 120 20 70 87 170 167 180 150 139 120
- d. 80 120 70 87 170 167 180 150 139 120

Solution: R Console

```
R Console

> x <- c(40, 25, 80, 45, 39, 43, 120, 20, 70, 87, 170, 167, 180, 150, 139, 120)
> x[(x^2 + 10 > 50)]

[1] 40 25 80 45 39 43 120 20 70 87 170 167 180 150 139 120
> |
```

- 12. If  $y \leftarrow 10:20$  then which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command y[-(1:9)]?
- a. -19 -20
- b. **19 20**
- c. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
- d. -10 -11 -12 -13 -14 -15 -16 -17 -18

```
> y <- 10:20
> y[-(1:9)]
[1] 19 20
> |
```

13. Consider the list z <- list(x1 = "name1", x2 = 10:15). Which of the following is the correct command to change the element x2 by y2?

```
a. names (z) [2] = y2
b. names (z) [2] = "y2"
c. change.names (z) [2] = "y2"
d. name.change (z) [2] = "y2"
```

Solution:

```
PR Console
> z <- list(x1 = "namel", x2 = 10:15)
> z
$x1
[1] "namel"
$x2
[1] 10 11 12 13 14 15
> names(z)[2]= "y2"
> z
$x1
[1] "namel"
$y2
[1] 10 11 12 13 14 15
> |
```

14. Consider the list z < -list(x1 = "name1", x2 = 10:15). Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command z ["x2"]?

```
a. [1] "name1"
b. [1] "10:15"
c. [1] 15 14 13 12 11 10
d. [1] 10 11 12 13 14 15
```

```
R Console
> z <-list(x1 = "namel", x2 = 10:15)
> z["x2"]
$x2
[1] 10 11 12 13 14 15
```

```
factor(c(1,1,2,2,3,3))?
```

a.

# [1] 1 1 2 2 3 3

# Levels: 1 2 3

b.

## [1] 1 2 3

Levels: 1 2 3

С.

### [1] 1 2 3

Levels: 1 1 2 2 3 3

d. None

```
R Console
> factor(c(1,1,2,2,3,3))
[1] 1 1 2 2 3 3
Levels: 1 2 3
>
```

```
data = c(1,1,2,2,3,3)
factor(data)
levels(data) = c('I','II','III')
data
```

a.

```
[1] 1 1 2 2 3 3
attr(,"levels")
[1] "I" "II" "III"
```

b.

```
[1] 1 2 3
attr(,"levels")
[1] "I" "III"
```

C.

```
[1] I I II II III III
Levels: 1 2 3
```

d. None of these

```
R Console

> data = c(1,1,2,2,3,3)
> factor(data)
[1] 1 1 2 2 3 3
Levels: 1 2 3
> levels(data) = c('I','II','III')
> data
[1] 1 1 2 2 3 3
attr(,"levels")
[1] "I" "II" "III"
> |
```

```
factor(c(1,2,2,5,1,2,1,5),levels=c(1,2,5),ordered=TRUE) ?
a.
[1] 1 < 2 < 5
Levels: 1 2 2 5 1 2 1 5
b.
[1] 1 2 5
Levels: 1 2 2 5 1 2 1 5</pre>
c.
```

# [1] 1 2 2 5 1 2 1 5 Levels: 1 < 2 < 5

d. None of these

```
Solution: R Console

> factor(c(1,2,2,5,1,2,1,5),levels=c(1,2,5),ordered=TRUE)
[1] 1 2 2 5 1 2 1 5
Levels: 1 < 2 < 5
>
```

```
18. Which one is the correct outcome of the command
factor( c(rep("male",2), rep("female", 3))) ?
a.
[1] female
             female
                     female male male
Levels: female male
b.
[1] female
             female
                     male male male
Levels: female male
С.
[1] male male
                male female female
Levels: female male
d.
                 female female female
[1] male
          male
Levels: female male
              R Console
```

Solution:

> factor( c(rep("male",2), rep("female", 3)))

[1] male male female female

Levels: female male

>

```
19. Which one of the following is the correct outcome of the command
unclass(factor( c("lemonade", "juice", "water", "juice",
"lemonade"), levels=c("juice", "lemonade", "water") )) ?
a.
[1] 2 1 3 1 2
attr(,"levels")
[1] "juice" "lemonade" "water'
b.
[1] 2 3 1 3 2
attr(,"levels")
[1] "juice" "lemonade" "water"
C.
[1] 2 1 3 1 2
attr(,"levels")
[1] " lemonade"
                   "juice" "water"
d.
[1] 1 3 2 3 1
attr(,"levels")
[1] " lemonade"
                   "juice" "water"
Solution: R Console
         > unclass(factor( c("lemonade", "juice", "water", "juice", "lemonade"), levels=c("juice", "lemonade", "water") ))
         [11 2 1 3 1 2
```

attr(,"levels")

[1] "juice" "lemonade" "water"

```
as.factor(c(1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3))?
a.
[1] 1 2 3
Levels: 1 2 3
b.
[1] 3 2 2 1 1 1
Levels: 1 2 3
C.
[1] 1 2 2 3 3 3
Levels: 1 2 3
d.
[1] 1 2 2 3 3 3
Levels: 3 2 1
Solution:
                   R Console
                  > as.factor(c(1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3) )
                  [1] 1 2 2 3 3 3
                  Levels: 1 2 3
```

# **MOOC Course - Introduction to R Software**

# **Answers of Assignment 4**

- 1. c
- 2. d
- 3. c
- 4. a
- 5. c
- 6. b
- 7. d
- 8. b
- 9. a
- 10. b
- 11. c
- 12. b
- 13. b
- 14. d
- 15. a
- 16. a
- 17. d
- 19. a
- 20. c