

Detail Course 2.0 on Group Theory for IIT JAM '23



Gajendra Purohit



Legend in CSIR-UGC NET & IIT-JAM

- Unlock Code: GPSIR - PhD, CSIR NET (Maths) | Youtuber(800K+165K Sub.)/Dr.Gajendra Purohit (Maths), 17+ Yr. Experience, Author

50M Watch mins

3M Watch mins (last 30 days)

44K Followers

2K Dedications

TOP EDUCATOR ON UNACADEMY FOR CSIR NET & IIT JAM

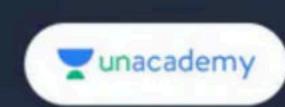
YouTuber with 800K Subscribers

AUTHOR OF BEST SELLER BOOK FOR CSIR NET & IIT JAM

> Get 10% Off

Referral Code: GP SIR





Detailed Course 2.0 on Sequence and Series For IIT JAM' 23

October 26 9:00 AM

Gajendra Purohit

Enroll Now

Use code GPSIR for 10% off







FEE DETAILS FOR IIT JAM SUBSCRIPTION

No cost EMI available on 6 months & above subscription plans

24 months	₹ 908 / mo
Save 67%	Total ₹ 21,780
You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022

You g	et 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022
Sa	ve 54%	Total ₹ 14,974
Ø 12	months	₹ 1,248 / mo

9 months	₹ 1,497 / mo
Save 45%	Total ₹ 13,475

6 months	₹ 2,042 / mo
Save 25%	Total ₹ 12,252

₹ 2,269 / mo
Total ₹ 6,807

1 month	₹2,723 / mo
	Total ₹ 2,723

To be paid as a one-time payment

Have a referral code?

Proceed to pay



After Using My Referral Code

No cost EMI available on 6 months & above subscription plans

You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022
Save 67%	₹ 21,700 ₹ 19,602
24 months	₹ 817 / mo

2 12 months	₹ 1,123 / mo
Save 54%	₹ 14,974 ₹ 13,477
You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022

9 months	₹ 1,348 / mo
Save 45%	₹ 13,475 ₹ 12,128

6 months	₹ 1,838 / mo
Save 25%	₹-12,252 ₹ 11,027

3 months	₹ 2,042 / mo
Save 17%	₹ -6,807 ₹ 6,126



Proceed to pay

Quotient Group

Let N be a normal subgroup of G. If $a \in G$, then Na is a right coset of N in G. Since N is normal in G, left coset aN will be equal to the right coset Na.

Let
$$\frac{G}{N}$$
 be the collection of all distinct coset of N in G i.e.

$$\frac{G}{N} = \{Na; a \in G\}$$
, then $\frac{G}{N}$ is a group w.r.t. multiplication of coset i.e. (Na).(Nb) = Nab

It is called quotient group or factor group of G by N as the composition

in
$$\frac{G}{N}$$
.



Note: We know that index of N in G are number of distinct coset of N in G.

Conclusion: Let N be a normal subgroup of a finite group G.

Then index of N in G =
$$\frac{O(G)}{O(N)}$$
. If G is finite

$$O\left(\frac{G}{N}\right) = \frac{O(G)}{O(N)}$$
 of G is finite

Note: Order of Quotient group $O\left(\frac{G}{N}\right) = \frac{O(G)}{O(N)}$ If G is finite

Centre of Group: Let G be a group then $Z(G) = \{ x \in G \mid xa = ax \mid \forall a \in G \}$ a ∈ G}is called centre of group

Result:

(1) The quotient group of abelian group is abelian but converse is not true.

Example: Let
$$G = S_4 \& N = A_4$$
, then $\frac{G}{N} = Z_2$.

Here $\frac{G}{N}$ is abelian but G is not abelian.

- (2) The quotient group of cyclic group is cyclic but converse is not true.
- (3) Let Z(G) be a centre of a group G, then G is abelian if $\frac{G}{Z(G)}$ is cyclic.
- (4) Let G be a cyclic group of order n, then number of factor group of G are τ(n) because number of normal subgroups are τ(n).

(5) $\frac{K}{N}$ is a subgroup of $\frac{G}{N}$, if K is a subgroup of G.

$$\frac{K}{N} \triangleleft \frac{G}{N}$$
 if $K \triangleleft G$

Result : If H be a subgroup of G and O(G) / O(H) = 2, then H is normal in G.

Group
$$\left(\frac{Q}{Z},+\right)$$
.

Group
$$\left(\frac{Q}{Z},+\right)$$
.

$$\frac{Q}{Z} = \left\{Z + a \mid a \in Q\right\} = \left\{Z, \left(Z + \frac{1}{2}\right), \left(Z + \frac{3}{2}\right) \left(Z + \frac{1}{3}\right) \dots \right\}$$

- (1) $\frac{Q}{Z}$ is abelian group but not cyclic group.
 - Number of elements of order n are $\phi(n)$

(3)
$$\left(\frac{1}{p} + Z\right) \in \frac{Q}{Z} \text{ then } O\left(\frac{1}{p} + Z\right) = p$$

And
$$O\left(\frac{k}{p} + Z\right) = p$$
 if $gcd(k, p) = 1$

(3) We know that
$$\frac{1}{4} + Z \in \frac{Q}{Z}$$
 for order of $\frac{1}{4} + Z$.

- There exist a unique cyclic subgroup of each order i.e. For every positive integer n, there is a cyclic subgroup of order n which is unique which is $H = \left\langle \frac{1}{n} + Z \right\rangle$
- Q.1. Consider the quotient group of $\frac{Q}{Z}$ of the additive group of rational number, the order of element $\frac{2}{3} + Z$ in $\frac{Q}{Z}$ is
 - (a) 2

(b) 3

(c) 5

Consider the following subsets of the group of 2×2 non – singular matrices over R $G = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & d \end{pmatrix} : a, b, d \in \mathbb{R}, ad = 1 \right\}$ $H = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & b \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : b \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$ Q.3.

$$G = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ 0 & d \end{pmatrix} : a, b, d \in \mathbb{R}, ad = 0 \right\}$$

$$H = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & b \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : b \in R \right\}$$

Which of the following statements are correct

- (a) G form a group under matrix multiplication
- (b) H is normal subgroup of G
- (c) G/H is well define and is abelian
- (d) None of these

COMPLETE COURSE ON MATHEMATICS FOR IIT-JAM 2022

TOPICS TO BE COVERED

- REAL ANALYSIS
- FUNCTION OF ONE & TWO VARIABLE
- LINAER ALGEBRA
- MODERN ALGEBRA

TOPICS TO BE COVERED

- SEQUENCE & SERIES
- INTEGRAL CALCULUS
- VECTOR CALCULUS
- DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

FEE DETAILS FOR IIT JAM SUBSCRIPTION

No cost EMI available on 6 months & above subscription plans

24 months	₹ 908 / mo
Save 67%	Total ₹ 21,780
You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022

You g	et 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022
Sa	ve 54%	Total ₹ 14,974
Ø 12	months	₹ 1,248 / mo

9 months	₹ 1,497 / mo
Save 45%	Total ₹ 13,475

6 months	₹ 2,042 / mo
Save 25%	Total ₹ 12,252

₹ 2,269 / mo
Total ₹ 6,807

1 month	₹2,723 / mo
	Total ₹ 2,723

To be paid as a one-time payment

Have a referral code?

Proceed to pay



After Using My Referral Code

No cost EMI available on 6 months & above subscription plans

You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022
Save 67%	₹ 21,700 ₹ 19,602
24 months	₹ 817 / mo

2 12 months	₹ 1,123 / mo
Save 54%	₹ 14,974 ₹ 13,477
You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022

9 months	₹ 1,348 / mo
Save 45%	₹ 13,475 ₹ 12,128

6 months	₹ 1,838 / mo
Save 25%	₹-12,252 ₹ 11,027

3 months	₹ 2,042 / mo
Save 17%	₹ -6,807 ₹ 6,126



Proceed to pay

FOUNDATION COURSE OF MATHEMATICS FOR CSIR-NET

Let G be a non-abelian group and Z(G) is its centre, then which of the following is cannot be possible of $O\left(\frac{G}{Z(G)}\right)$.

(a) 7

(b) 8 (d) 6

(c) 4

Q.5. Number of factor group of Klein's 4 group is

(a) 5

(b) 4

(c)6

(d) 7



Q.6 If G be group such that G/Z(G) is cyclic, then G is

(a) cyclic

(b) commutative

(c) non-commutative

(d) None of these

Q.7. If H be a subgroup of a cyclic group G, the G/H is

(a) cyclic

(b) non-cyclic

(c) normal

(d) none of these

Q.8. If H be a subgroup of a commutative group G, then G/H is

(a) cyclic (b) normal

(c) commutative (d) none of these

.9. If G be a non-commutative group G with centre Z, then G/Z is

(a) cyclic (b) non-cyclic

(c) commutative (d) none of these

Q.10 If H be a subgroup of a group G and [G: H] = 2, then

(a) H is cyclic

(b) H is commutative

(c) H is normal

(d) none of these

Q.11 If H be a normal subgroup of a finite group G, then

(a)
$$O(G/H) = O(G).O(H)$$
 (b) $O(G/H) = O(G).O(\frac{H}{G})$

(c)
$$O(G/H) = \frac{O(G)}{\gcd\{O(H), O(G)\}}$$

(d)
$$O(G/H) = \frac{O(G)}{O(H)}$$

Q.12. If $H \subset K$ are two normal subgroups of a group G and if [G : H] = 10 and [G : K] = 5, then [K : H] is

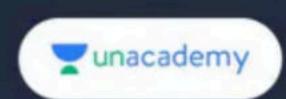
(a) 5

(b) 2

(c) 10

(d) 50

- Q.13. Suppose N is a normal subgroup of a group G. Which one of the following is true?
 - (a) If G is an infinite group, then G/N is an infinite group.
 - (b) If G is a non-abelian group, then G/N is a non-abelian group.
 - (c) If G is a cyclic group, then G/N is an abelian group.
 - (d) If G is an abelian group, then G/N is a cyclic group.



Detailed Course 2.0 on Sequence and Series For IIT JAM' 23

October 26 9:00 AM

Gajendra Purohit

Enroll Now

Use code GPSIR for 10% off







Educator Profile





Dr.Gajendra Purohit PhD, CSIR NET (Maths) | Youtuber(330K+30k Sub.)/Dr.Gajendra Purohit (Maths), 17+ Yr. Experience, Author of Bestseller

11M Watch mins

1M Watch mins (last 30 days)

22k Followers

1k Dedications



Follow

CSIR-UGC NET



HINDI MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

Course on Linear Algebra, Partial Diff. Equation & Calculus

Starts on Mar 1, 2021 • 24 lessons

Gajendra Purohit



HINDI MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

Course on Complex Analysis & Integral Equation

Starts on Jan 14, 2021 • 16 lessons

Gajendra Purohit



HINDI MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES

Foundation Course on Mathematics for CSIR 2021

Starts on Dec 7, 2020 • 20 lessons

Gajendra Purohit

Educator highlights

SEE ALL

Works at Pacific Science College

- Studied at M.Sc., NET,
 PhD(Algebra), MBA(Finance),
 BEd
- PhD, NET | Plus Educator For CSIR NET | Youtuber
 (260K+Subs.) | Director Pacific Science College |
- Lives in Udaipur, Rajasthan,
 India
- Unacademy Educator since

FEE DETAILS FOR IIT JAM SUBSCRIPTION

No cost EMI available on 6 months & above subscription plans

24 months	₹ 908 / mo
Save 67%	Total ₹ 21,780
You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022

You g	et 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022
Sa	ve 54%	Total ₹ 14,974
Ø 12	months	₹ 1,248 / mo

9 months	₹ 1,497 / mo
Save 45%	Total ₹ 13,475

6 months	₹ 2,042 / mo
Save 25%	Total ₹ 12,252

₹ 2,269 / mo
Total ₹ 6,807

1 month	₹2,723 / mo
	Total ₹ 2,723

To be paid as a one-time payment

Have a referral code?

Proceed to pay



After Using My Referral Code

No cost EMI available on 6 months & above subscription plans

You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022
Save 67%	₹ 21,700 ₹ 19,602
24 months	₹ 817 / mo

2 12 months	₹ 1,123 / mo
Save 54%	₹ 14,974 ₹ 13,477
You get 6 months extra for free	Offer expires 15 Jun 2022

9 months	₹ 1,348 / mo
Save 45%	₹ 13,475 ₹ 12,128

6 months	₹ 1,838 / mo
Save 25%	₹-12,252 ₹ 11,027

3 months	₹ 2,042 / mo
Save 17%	₹ -6,807 ₹ 6,126



Proceed to pay

THANK YOU VERY MUCH EVERYONE

GET THE UNACADEMY PLUS SUBSCRIPTION SOON.

TO GET 10% DISCOUNT IN TOTAL SUBSCRIPTION AMOUNT

USE REFERRAL CODE: GPSIR