

Gajendra Purohit



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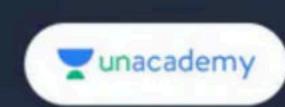
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Definition: A function whose domain is the set of natural numbers N and range a subset of real numbers R is called a real sequence.

i.e. A function $f: N \to R$ is called a sequence and we denoted by $f(n) = a_n$.

Notation: $\langle a_n \rangle$ or $\{a_n\}$ or $\langle a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n \dots \rangle$

Terms of Sequence: Let $\langle a_n \rangle$ be a sequence then $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n, \dots$ are called terms of sequence.

Range of a sequence: The set of all distinct terms of sequence is called its range.

Bounded and unbounded sequence:

 Bounded Above Sequence : A sequence <a_n> is said to be bounded above if there exist a real number k s.t. a_n ≤ k, for all n ∈ N.

i.e. if the range set of the sequence is bounded above.

2. Bounded Below Sequence : A sequence <a_n> is said to be bounded below if there exist a real number k s.t. a_n ≥ k; for all n ∈ N i.e. if the range set of the sequence is bounded below.

Bounded Sequence: A sequence is said to be bounded iff its range set is bounded, i.e. if a sequence is bounded above and bounded below both, the this sequence is called a bounded sequence.

Unbounded above sequence: A sequence <a_n> is said to be unbounded above if the Range set of this sequence is not bounded above.

Unbounded below sequence: A sequence <an> is said to unbounded

below if the range set of this sequence is not bounded below.

Unbounded Sequence: A sequence is said to be unbounded if it is not

bounded.

i.e. if a sequence is neither bounded above nor bounded below then it is called a unbounded

sequence.

Supremum (least upper bound) of sequence:

The supremum of the range set of the sequence is called supremum of sequence.

Infimum or greatest lower bound (glb):

The infimum of the range set of the sequence is called infimum of sequence.

Note:

- (1) If sequence is unbounded above then supremum of sequence is ∞ .
- (2) If sequence is unbounded below then infimum of sequence is $-\infty$.
- (3) If supremum and infimum of the sequence are finite then sequence is bounded.

Monotonicity of Sequence:

- (1) Monotonic increasing sequence: Let <a_n> be a sequence of real number, this sequence is called monotonic increasing sequence if a_{n+1} ≥ a_n for all n ∈ N.
- (2) Strictly increasing sequence: Let $\langle a_n \rangle$ be a sequence and $a_{n+1} \rangle$ a_n ; for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, then $\langle a_n \rangle$ is called strictly increasing sequence.

- (3) Monotonic decreasing sequence: Let <a_n> be a sequence and a_{n+1} ≤ a_n for all n ∈ N. Then this sequence is called monotonic decreasing sequence.
- (4) Strictly decreasing sequence: Let $<a_n>$ be a sequence and $a_{n+1}<a_n$; for all $n \in N$.

Q.1. Which of the following is bounded sequence.

$$(a) < n(-1)^n >$$

(b)
$$a_n = \left\langle \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \right\rangle$$

$$(c)<1+(-1)^n>$$

(d)
$$a_n = \begin{cases} 2 & if & n \text{ is prime} \\ n & if & n \text{ is not prime} \end{cases}$$

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- Q.2. Let $\langle a_n \rangle$ be a sequence of real number given by $a_n = \begin{cases} 2 & n \text{ is prime} \\ n & n \text{ is not prime} \end{cases}$, then which of the following is true
 - (a) an is monotonic

(b) It has supremum

(c) It has infimum

(d) None of these

Q.3. The greatest lower bound of the sequence $\{(e^n + 2^n)^{1/n}; n \in N\}$ is

(a) e

(b) e/2

(c) 1

(d) 0

Q.4. Let $\langle a_n \rangle$ be a sequence of real number where $a_n = \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

Then supremum and infimum of the sequence is

Q.5. Which of the following is true?

- (a) Every bounded sequence is monotonic sequence
- (b) Every monotonic sequence is bounded sequence
- (c) Every unbounded sequence is monotonic sequence
- (d) A monotonic sequence need not be bounded.

Q.6. Let <a_n> be a sequence of real number given by $a_n = 2^{(-1)^n} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right) \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$; $n \in \mathbb{N}$, then the least upper bound of

sequence is

(a) 1/6

(b) 1/2 (d) 1/4

(c) 1/3

Q.7. The sequence $\frac{20^n}{n!}$ is

- (a) Monotonic increasing sequence
- (b) Monotonic decreasing sequence
- (c) Eventually monotonic increasing
- (d) Eventually monotonic decreasing

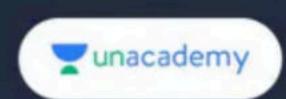
Q.8. Consider the sequence $\{a_n\}$ defined by $a_1 = 2$, $a_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2}(a_n + 6)$.

Then

- (a) {a_n} is bounded but not monotonic
- (b) {a_n} is monotonic but not bounded
- (c) {a_n} is neither bounded or monotonic
- (d) {a_n} is bounded and monotonic.

Q.9. Consider the sequence $\{a_n\}$ of real number where $a_1 > 1$ and $a_{n+1} = 2 - \frac{1}{a_n}$, $n \ge 1$, then the sequence $\{a_n\}$ is

- (a) Bounded but not monotone
- (b) Not bounded but monotone
- (c) Both bounded and monotone
- (d) Neither bounded nor monotone



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Educator Profile





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