

## Global Superstore Data Analysis using SQL

-- 1. Find Total Revenue, quantities and profit generated.

Code:

```
select round(sum(quantity * `Shipping Cost`),2) as total_revenue,  
sum(quantity) as Quantities,  
round(sum(Profit),2) from superstore;
```

Output:

	total_revenue	Quantities	round(sum(Profit),2)
▶	642115.82	14452	134146.22

-- 2. Find Segment wise distribution of the sales

Code:

```
select segment, round(sum(sales),2) as Distributed_sales from superstore  
group by segment  
order by Distributed_sales desc;
```

Output:

	segment	Distributed_sales
▶	Consumer	624094.85
	Corporate	350747.62
	Home Office	199494.17

-- 3. Find the top 3 most profitable products.

Code:

```
select `Product Name`, Profit from superstore  
limit 3;
```

Output:

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	Fetch rows:
	Product Name	Profit			
▶	Ikea Library with Doors, Mobile	102.42			
	Acme Scissors, Easy Grip	104.49			
	Epson Receipt Printer, White	13.77			

-- 4. how many orders are placed after january 2016.

Code:

```
select count(*) as Placed_Jan_2016 from superstore  
where `order date` > '31-01-2016';
```

Output:

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	
	Placed_Jan_2016				
▶	70				

-- 5. How many states from Australia are under the root of business.

Code:

```
select count(*) as State_Count from superstore  
where country = "Australia";
```

Output:

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:	
	State_Count				
▶	2837				

-- 6. Which products and subcategories are most and least profitable?

**Code:**

SELECT

t.`Product Name`,

t.`sub-category`,

t.total\_profit

FROM (

SELECT `Product Name`, `sub-category`, round(SUM(profit),2) AS total\_profit FROM superstore

GROUP BY `Product Name`, `sub-category`

) AS t

WHERE

t.total\_profit = (SELECT round(MAX(total\_profit),2) FROM (SELECT SUM(profit) AS total\_profit FROM superstore

GROUP BY `Product Name`, `sub-category`

) AS maxq)

OR

t.total\_profit = (SELECT round(MIN(total\_profit),2) FROM (SELECT SUM(profit) AS total\_profit FROM superstore

GROUP BY `Product Name`, `sub-category`

) AS minq);

**Output:**

Result Grid			
	Product Name	sub-category	total_profit
▶	Ikea Library with Doors, Traditional	Bookcases	-1748.17
	Sauder Classic Bookcase, Metal	Bookcases	2978.37

-- 7. Which customer segment contributes the most to the total revenue?

Code:

```
select segment, round(sum(quantity * `shipping cost`),2) as Total_Revenue from superstore  
group by segment  
order by Total_Revenue desc;
```

Output:

Result Grid		
	segment	Total_Revenue
▶	Consumer	337248.11
	Corporate	197695.58
	Home Office	107172.13

-- 8. what is the year-over-year growth in sales and profit?

Code:

```
SELECT round(SUM(Sales),2) AS total_sales, round(SUM(Profit),2) AS total_profit FROM superstore;
```

Output:

Result Grid		
	total_sales	total_profit
▶	1174336.64	134146.22

-- 9. Which countries and cities are driving the highest sales

**Code:**

```
select country, city, round(sum(quantity * `shipping cost`),2) as Total_Sales from superstore  
group by country, city  
order by Total_Sales desc;
```

**Output:**

	country	city	Total_Sales
▶	Australia	Sydney	63539.66
	Australia	Brisbane	50775.38
	Australia	Adelaide	41046.65
	Australia	Gold Coast	40562.96
	Australia	Melbourne	34309.92

-- 10. What is the average delivery time from order to ship date across regions?

**Code:**

```
select region, round(avg(`Ship Date` - `Order Date`),2) as Avg_Delivery_Time from superstore  
group by region  
order by region;
```

**Output:**

	region	Avg_Delivery_Time
▶	Central Africa	-0.33
	North Africa	-0.53
	Oceania	-0.03
	South America	0.2
	Southern Asia	0.34

-- 11. What is the profit distribution across order priority?

Code:

```
SELECT `Order Priority`, round(SUM(Profit),2) AS total_profit FROM superstore  
GROUP BY `Order Priority`  
ORDER BY total_profit DESC;
```

Output:

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	Order Priority	total_profit		
▶	Medium	73509.69		
	High	46576.52		
	Critical	9776.81		
	Low	4283.19		

-- 12. Suggest data-driven recommendations for improving profit and reducing losses.

Code:

```
SELECT Discount, round(AVG(Profit),2) FROM superstore  
GROUP BY Discount;
```

Output:

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
	Discount	round(AVG(Profit),2)		
▶	0	35.9		
	1	-141.64		