



**MAULANA ABUL KALAM AZAD UNIVERSITY OF  
TECHNOLOGY, WEST BENGAL**

**Paper Code : CS-302**

**PUID : 03008 ( To be mentioned in the main answer script )**

## DATA STRUCTURE & ALGORITHM


*Time Allotted : 3 Hours*

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the margin indicate full marks

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

**GROUP - A**  
**( Multiple Choice Type Questions )**

1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following :  $10 \times 1 = 10$
- i) The number of swapping needed to sort numbers 8, 22, 7, 9, 31, 19, 5, 13 in ascending order using bubble sort is
- a) 11 b) 12  
c) 13 d) 14.
- ii) Binary search uses
- a) divide and reduce strategy  
b) divide and conquer strategy  
c) heuristic search  
d) both (a) and (b).
- 



- iii) The following sequence of operations is performed on a stack : push(1), push(2), pop, push(1), push(2), pop, pop, pop, push(2), pop.

The sequence of popped out values is

- a) 2, 2, 1, 1, 2                      b) 2, 2, 1, 2, 2  
c) 2, 1, 2, 2, 1                      d) 2, 1, 2, 2, 2.
- iv) The postfix expression for  $* + a b - c d$  is
- a)  $ab + cd - *$                       b)  $ab cd + - *$   
c)  $ab + cd * -$                       d)  $ab + - cd *$ .
- v) Adjacency matrix for a digraph is
- a) unit matrix                      b) symmetric matrix  
c) asymmetric matrix              d) none of these.

- vi) Which of the following is a hash function ?

- a) Quadratic probing              b) Chaining  
c) Open addressing                  d) Folding.

- vii) Linked list is not suitable data structure for which one of the following problems ?

- a) Insertion sort                      b) Radix sort  
c) Binary search                      d) Polynomial addition.

viii) Number of all possible binary trees with 4 nodes is

- a) 13
- b) 12
- c) 14
- d) 15.

ix) If the inorder and preorder traversal of a binary tree are D, B, F, E, G, H, A, C and A, B, D, E, F, G, H respectively then the postorder traversal of that tree is

- a) D, F, G, A, B, C, H, E
- b) F, H, D, G, E, B, C, A
- c) C, G, H, F, E, D, B, A
- d) D, F, H, G, E, B, C, A

x) The heap ( represented by an array ) constructed from the list of numbers 30, 10, 80, 60, 15, 55, 17 is

- a) 60, 80, 55, 30, 10, 17, 15
- b) 80, 55, 60, 15, 10, 30, 17
- c) 80, 60, 30, 17, 55, 15, 10
- d) none of these.



- xi) In array representation of Binary tree, if the index number of a child node is 6 then the index number of its parent node is

a) 2

b). 3

c) 4

d) 5.

- xii) BFS constructs

a) a minimal cost spanning tree of a graph

b) a depth first spanning tree of a graph

c) a breadth first spanning tree of a graph

d) none of these.

### GROUP - B

( Short Answer Type Questions )

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 5 = 15$

2. Differentiate between Linear and Non-linear data structures. Give two examples of each.
3. Write an algorithm to find the largest and smallest element in a single linear list.
4. a) Suppose one 2-D array is initialized as `int a [5] [7];`  
Base address is 4000. Find the location of element `a [2] [4]` in row major form and column major form.  
b) Define Sparse Matrix. 3 + 2



5. a) Prove that the maximum no. of nodes in a binary tree of depth  $k$  is  $2^k - 1$ .  
 b) What are the characteristics of algorithm ? 3 + 2
6. Draw a minimum heap tree from the list below :  
 12, 11, 7, 3, 10, -5, 0, 9, 2

Now do the heap sort operation over the heap tree.

### GROUP - C

#### (Long Answer Type Questions )

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 15 = 45$

7. a) Represent the given polynomial using a link list :  
 $3x^4 + x^2 - 5x + 2$ . 2
- b) Write the pseudo code / C code for adding two polynomials (already given by user, no need to take input). Also comment on the complexity of your algorithm. 4 + 2
- c) Write the pseudo code or C code to implement Tower of Hanoi problem. Also find the complexity of your procedure. 3 + 4
8. a) Insert the following numbers into a binary search tree in the order that they are given and draw the resulting tree :  
 87; 36; 22; 15; 56; 85; 48; 91; 72; 6  
 Delete 48 and draw the resulting tree. Delete 15 and draw the resulting tree. 9
- b) Write an algorithm to insert an element into binary search tree. 6

9. a) Define sorting. 2
- b) What is a stable sorting ? What is In-place sorting ?  
2 + 2
- c) Write the pseudo code for Merge sort implementation. What is the time complexity ? 3 + 2
- d) If the existing array is sorted and you want to insert a new element in the list without disrupting the sortedness then which sorting technique you should use ? 2
- e) What is Hashing ? 2
10. a) Show the stages in growth of an order -4B- Tree when the following keys are inserted in the order given :  
84 82 29 97 61 10 45 28 49 70 86 68 19 55 22 11  
55 77 16 5
- b) How does an AVL tree differ from a binary search tree ? Insert the following keys in the order given below to build them into an AVL tree :  
8 12 9 11 7 6 66 2 1 44  
Clearly mention different rotation used and balance factor of each node. 6
- c) Write the Prim's algorithm for finding MST from a graph. 4



11. Write short notes on any *three* of the following :       $3 \times 5$

- a) Radix sort
- b) Index sequential file organization
- c) DFS in graph
- d) Interpolation search
- e) Threaded binary tree.

