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CS/E	B.TECH (CSE,IT,ECE,EE(N),EEE,ICE)/	SEM-3/CS-302/2010-11	
	2010-11		
]	DATA STRUCTURE AND AI	GORITHMS	
Time Allotted: 3 Hours		Full Marks : 70	
	The figures in the margin indicat	e full marks.	
Candio	dates are required to give their answ as far as practical		
	GROUP - A		
	( Multiple Choice Type Que	estions )	
1. Ch	noose the correct alternatives for the	e following :	
		$10\times1=10$	
i)	Which of the following is the	ne best time for an	
	algorithm?		
	a) O(n)		
	b) $O(\log_2 n)$		
	c) $O(2^n)$		
	d) $O(n \log_{n} n)$ .		

ii)	The Ackerman function, for all non-negative values of $n$
	and n is recursively defined as

$$A(m,n) =$$

i) n+1

if m = 0

ii) A(m-1, 1)

if m! = 0 and n = 0

iii) A(m-1), A(m, n-1) if m! = 0, n! = 0

Therefore the value of A(1, 2) is

a) 4

b) 3

c) 5

d) 2

- iii) The best case time complexity of Bubble sort technique is
  - a) O(n)

b)  $O(n^2)$ 

c)  $O(n \log n)$ 

d)  $O(\log n)$ .

- iv) A linear list in which elements can be added or removed at either end but not in the middle, is known as
  - a) queue

b) dequeue

c) stack

d) tree.

v) Which of the following sorting procedures is the slowest?

a) Quick sort

b) Heap sort

c) Merge sort

d) Bubble sort.

vi)	In array representation of Binary tree, if the index number of a child node is 6 then the index number of its parent node is				
	a) 2	b)	<b>3</b>		
	c) 4	d)	5.		
vii)	Maximum number of ed graph without self loop is	ges ir	n a n-node undirected		
*	a) n <sup>2</sup>	<b>b</b> )	$\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$		
	c) $n-2$	d)	$\frac{(n+1)(n)}{2}.$		
viii)	k. Which algo should lues of $n$ ?				
	a) $O(n^2)$	b)	O(n)		
	c) $O(\log_2 n)$	d)	O(2 <sup>n</sup> ).		
ix)	The adjacency matrix of a	n und	irected graph is		
	a) unit matrix	b)	asymmetric matrix		
	c) symmetric matrix	d)	none of these.		
x)	BFS constructs				
	a) a minimal cost spanning tree of a graph				
	b) a depth first spanning tree of a graph				
	c) a breadth first spanning tree of a graph				

d)

none of these.

### **GROUP - B**

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any *three* of the following.  $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

2. a) Convert the following infix expression into equivalent postfix expression using stack.

$$(A + B) * C - (D - E) / (F + G).$$

b) What is dequeue?

4 + 1

- 3. a) How a polynomial such as  $6x^6 + 4x^3 2x + 10$  can be represented by a linked list?
  - b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of linked list over an array? 2 + 3
- 4. Define Big O notation. Show that the function f(n) defined by

$$F(1) = 1$$

$$F(n) = f(n-1) + 1/n \text{ for } n > 1$$

has the complexity  $O(\log n)$ .

2 + 3

- 5. a) Write down the recursive definition for generation of the Fibonacci sequence.
  - b) Assuming Fib ( n ) is a recursive function, draw a recursive tree for Fib ( 6 ). 2+3
- 6. What is the precondition of performing binary search in an array? Write the Binary Search algorithm.

3001

## GROUP - C

# ( Long Answer Type Questions ) Answer any three of the following.

7. a) What is Circular queue ? Write Q-insert algorithm for the circular queue. 1+4

b) Construct the expression tree for the following expression:

 $E = (2a + 5b)(x - 7y)^4$ .

- c) Write the recursive function for the problem of Tower of Hanoi problem.
- d) Write a C function for selection sort and also calculate the time complexity for selection sort. 3+2
- 8. a) Show the stages in growth of an order 4 B-tree when the following keys are inserted in the order given: 5
  74 72 19 87 51 10 35 18 39 60 76 58 19 45
  - b) How do AVL trees differ from binary search tree?

    Insert the following keys in the order given below to build them into an AVL tree:

### 8 12 9 11 7 6

Clearly mention different rotations used and balance factor of each node.

c) Explain with suitable example the principle of operation of Quick sort.

 $3 \times 15 = 45$ 

Given the preorder and inorder sequence and draw the

9.

a)

resultant binary tree and write its postorder traversal: 5 ABDGHEICFJK Pre-order: In-order: GDHBEIACJFK b) Write non-recursive algorithm for inorder traversal of a 5 binary tree. Write an algoritm to search a node in a binary search c) 5 tree. 2 10. a) Define 'Hashing'. Explain with a suitable example the collision resolution b) scheme using linear probing with open addressing. c) What is index? What are the various types of indexing? State the advantages of using indexing over a 5 sequential file. Discuss the differences between command file and d) 3 executable file.

- 11. Write short notes on any three of the following:
- $3 \times 5$

- a) Radix sort
- b) Index sequential file ordering
- c) Tail recursion
- d) Threaded binary tree
- e) BFS vs DFS.