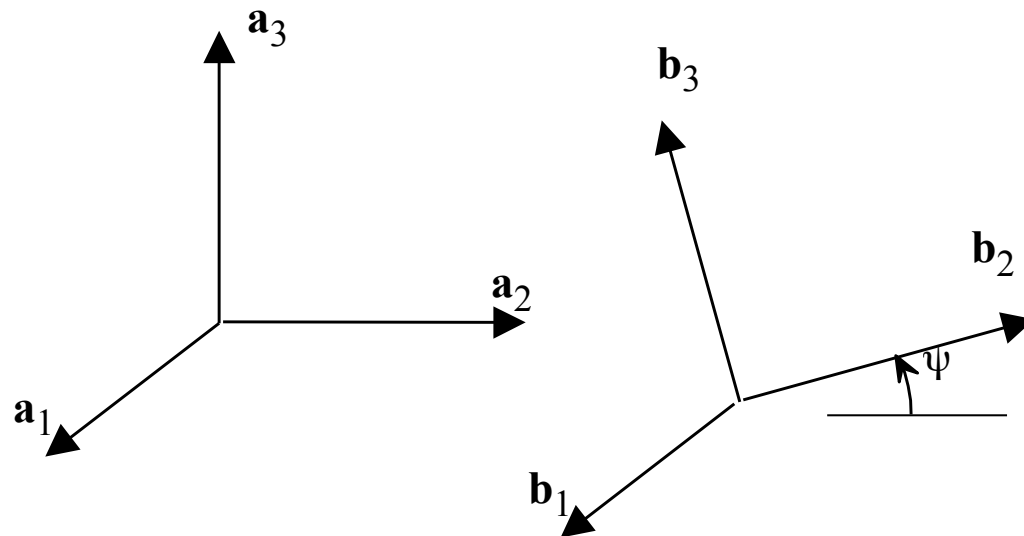


Euler Angles

Composition of Three Rotations



$${}^A\mathbf{R}_D = {}^A\mathbf{R}_B \times {}^B\mathbf{R}_C \times {}^C\mathbf{R}_D$$

$${}^A\mathbf{R}_D = \text{Rot}(x, \psi) \times \text{Rot}(y, \phi) \times \text{Rot}(z, \theta)$$

roll

pitch

yaw

Euler Angles

Any rotation can be described by three successive **rotations** about **linearly independent axes**.

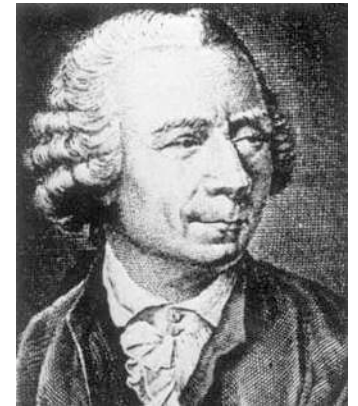
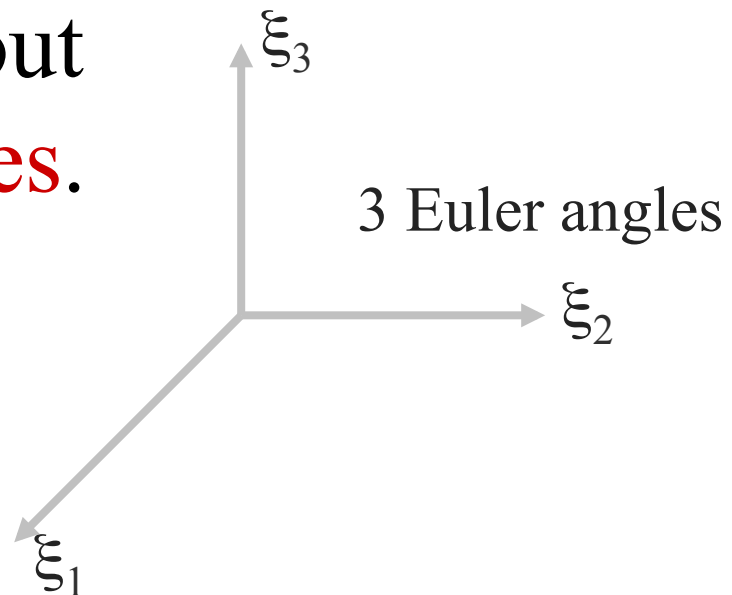


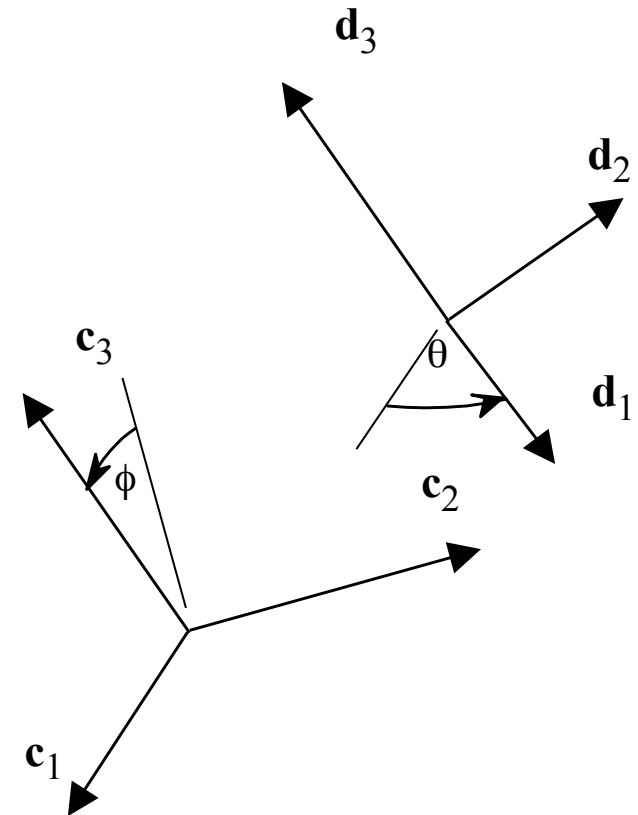
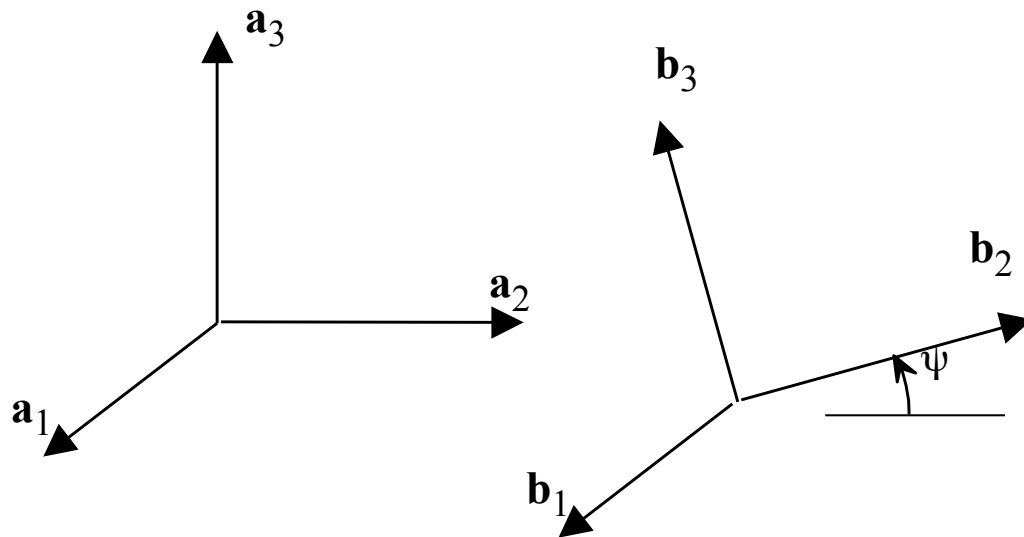
Image from wikipedia

3×3 rotation matrix



Almost 1-1 transformation

X-Y-Z Euler Angles



$${}^A\mathbf{R}_D = {}^A\mathbf{R}_B \times {}^B\mathbf{R}_C \times {}^C\mathbf{R}_D$$

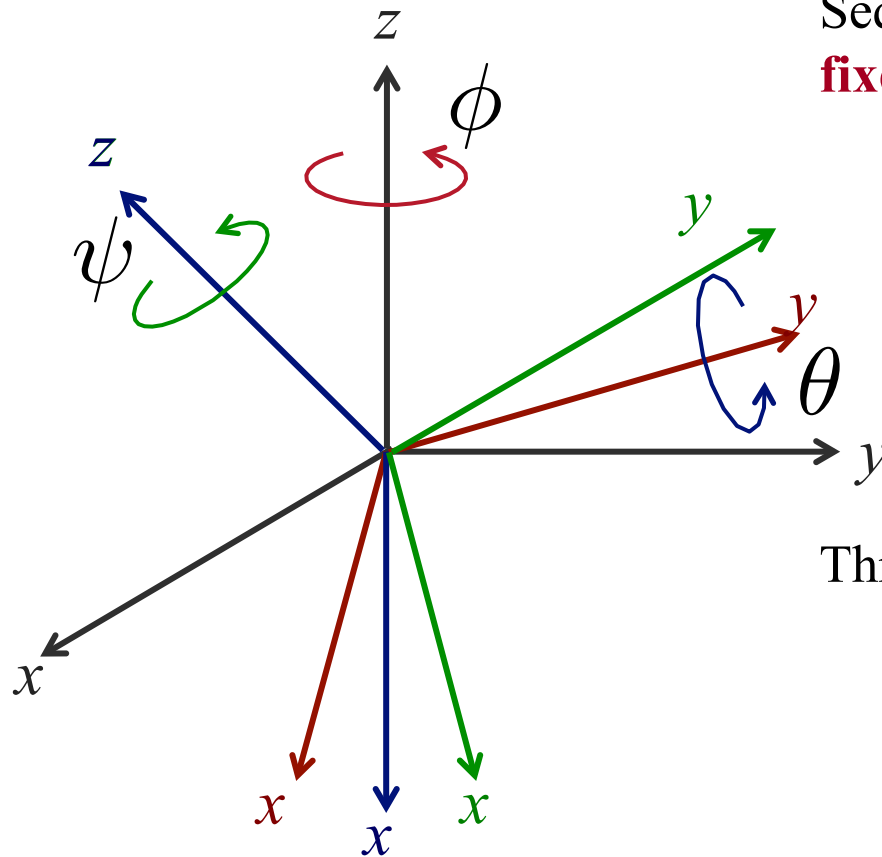
$${}^A\mathbf{R}_D = \text{Rot}(x, \psi) \times \text{Rot}(y, \phi) \times \text{Rot}(z, \theta)$$

roll

pitch

yaw

Z-Y-Z Euler Angles



Sequence of three rotations about **body-fixed** axes

- Rot(z, ϕ)
- Rot(y, θ)
- Rot(z, ψ)

Are these linearly independent?

Three Euler Angles

- ϕ , θ , and ψ
- Parameterize rotations

Note

- $\theta = 0$ is a special (singular) case

$$\mathbf{R} = \text{Rot}(z, \phi) \times \text{Rot}(y, \theta) \times \text{Rot}(z, \psi)$$

Determination of Euler Angles

$$\mathbf{R} = \text{Rot}(z, \phi) \times \text{Rot}(y, \theta) \times \text{Rot}(z, \psi)$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi \cos \theta \cos \psi - \sin \phi \sin \psi & -\cos \phi \cos \theta \sin \psi - \sin \phi \cos \psi & \boxed{\cos \phi \sin \theta} \\ \sin \phi \cos \theta \cos \psi + \cos \phi \sin \psi & -\sin \phi \cos \theta \sin \psi + \cos \phi \cos \psi & \textcircled{\sin \phi \sin \theta} \\ \textcircled{-\sin \theta \cos \psi} & \triangle \sin \theta \sin \psi & \boxed{\cos \theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{31} = -\sin \theta \cos \psi$$

$$R_{32} = \sin \theta \sin \psi$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_{11} & R_{12} & \boxed{R_{13}} \\ R_{21} & R_{22} & \textcircled{R_{23}} \\ \textcircled{R_{31}} & \triangle R_{32} & \boxed{R_{33}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{33} = \cos \theta$$

$$R_{13} = \sin \theta \cos \phi$$

$$R_{23} = \sin \theta \sin \phi$$

known rotation matrix

Determination of Euler Angles

If $|R_{33}| < 1$,

$$\theta = \sigma \arccos(R_{33}), \quad \sigma = \pm 1$$

$$\psi = \tan^{-1} 2 \left(\frac{R_{32}}{\sin \theta}, \frac{-R_{31}}{\sin \theta} \right)$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} 2 \left(\frac{R_{23}}{\sin \theta}, \frac{R_{13}}{\sin \theta} \right)$$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi \cos \theta \cos \psi - \sin \phi \sin \psi & -\cos \phi \cos \theta \sin \psi - \sin \phi \cos \psi & \cos \phi \sin \theta \\ \sin \phi \cos \theta \cos \psi + \cos \phi \sin \psi & -\sin \phi \cos \theta \sin \psi + \cos \phi \cos \psi & \sin \phi \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta \cos \psi & \sin \theta \sin \psi & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

Two sets of Euler angles for every **R** for almost all **R**'s!

If $R_{33} = 1$,

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \phi \cos \psi - \sin \phi \sin \psi & -\cos \phi \sin \psi - \sin \phi \cos \psi & 0 \\ \cos \phi \sin \psi + \sin \phi \cos \psi & -\sin \phi \sin \psi + \cos \phi \cos \psi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$f(\phi + \psi)$

If $R_{33} = -1$,

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos \phi \cos \psi - \sin \phi \sin \psi & \cos \phi \sin \psi - \sin \phi \cos \psi & 0 \\ \cos \phi \sin \psi - \sin \phi \cos \psi & \sin \phi \sin \psi + \cos \phi \cos \psi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

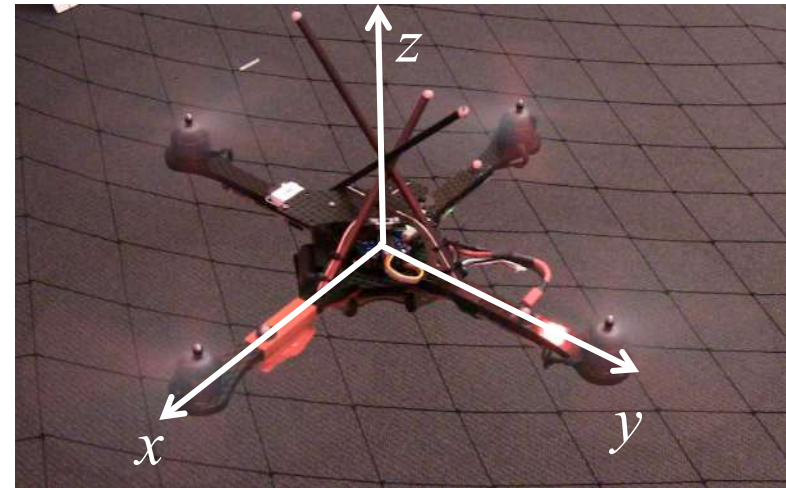
Infinite set of Euler Angles!

$f(\phi + \psi)$

Z-X-Y Euler Angles

Sequence of three rotations about **body-fixed** axes

- Rot(z, ψ)
- Rot(x, ϕ)
- Rot(y, θ)



Verify

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} c\psi c\theta - s\phi s\psi s\theta & -c\phi s\psi & c\psi s\theta + c\theta s\phi s\psi \\ c\theta s\psi + c\psi s\phi s\theta & c\phi c\psi & s\psi s\theta - c\theta s\phi c\psi \\ -c\phi s\theta & s\phi & c\phi c\theta \end{bmatrix}$$

N. Michael, D. Mellinger, Q. Lindsey, V. Kumar, *The GRASP Multiple Micro-UAV Testbed*, IEEE Robotics & Automation Magazine, vol.17, no.3, pp.56-65, Sept. 2010

What is the minimum number of sets of Euler angles you need to cover $SO(3)$?

$$SO(3) = \{ R \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3} \mid R^T R = R R^T = I \}$$