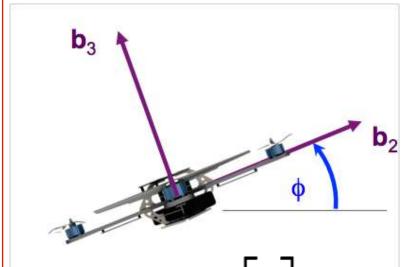
Planar Quadrotor



Planar Quadrotor Model



$$\begin{bmatrix} \ddot{y} \\ \ddot{z} \\ \ddot{\phi} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -g \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{m}\sin\phi & 0 \\ \frac{1}{m}\cos\phi & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{I_{xx}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} u_1 \\ u_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = egin{bmatrix} x_1 \ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} z \ \phi \ \dot{y} \ \dot{z} \ \dot{\phi} \end{bmatrix}$$

Linearized Dynamic Model

Equations of motion

$$\ddot{y} = -\frac{u_1}{m}\sin(\phi)$$

$$\ddot{z} = -g + \frac{u_1}{m}\cos(\phi)$$

$$\ddot{\phi} = \frac{u_2}{I_{xx}}$$
Dynamics are nonlinear

Equilibrium hover configuration

$$y_0, z_0, \phi_0 = 0, u_{1,0} = mg, u_{2,0} = 0,$$

Linearized dynamics

$$\ddot{y} = -g\phi$$

$$\ddot{z} = -g + \frac{u_1}{m}$$

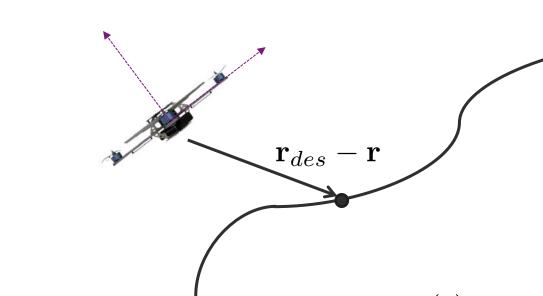
$$\ddot{\phi} = \frac{u_2}{I_{xx}}$$



Trajectory Tracking

Given $\mathbf{r}_T(t), \mathbf{\dot{r}}_T(t), \mathbf{\ddot{r}}_T(t)$

$$\mathbf{r}_T(t) = egin{bmatrix} y(t) \ z(t) \end{bmatrix}$$



desired trajectory (position, velocity, acceleration)

$$e_p = \mathbf{r}_T(t) - \mathbf{r}$$

$$e_v = \mathbf{\dot{r}}_T(t) - \mathbf{\dot{r}}$$

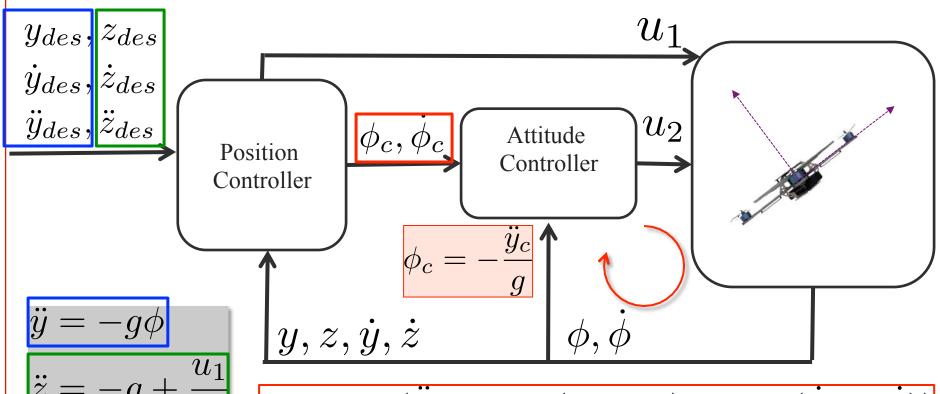
$$(\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_T(t) - \ddot{\mathbf{r}}_c) + k_{d,x}e_v + k_{p,x}e_p = 0$$



Commanded acceleration, calculated by the controller

Nested Control Structure

$$u_1 = m(g + \ddot{z}_{des} + k_{d,z}(\dot{z}_{des} - \dot{z}) + k_{p,z}(z_{des} - z))$$



$$\ddot{\ddot{z}} = -g + \frac{u_1}{m}$$

$$\ddot{\ddot{\phi}} = \frac{u_2}{\tau}$$

$$u_2 = I_{xx}(\ddot{\phi}_c + k_{p,\phi}(\phi_c - \phi) + k_{d,\phi}(\dot{\phi}_c - \dot{\phi}))$$



Control Equations

$$u_{1} = m(g + \ddot{z}_{des} + (k_{d,z})(\dot{z}_{des} - \dot{z}) + (k_{p,z})(z_{des} - z))$$

$$u_{2} = (k_{p,\phi})(\phi_{c} - \phi) + (k_{d,\phi})(\dot{\phi}_{c} - \dot{\phi})$$

$$\phi_{c} = -\frac{1}{g}(\ddot{y}_{des} + (k_{d,y})(\dot{y}_{des} - \dot{y}) + (k_{p,y})(y_{des} - y))$$