

# CH365 Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics

## Lesson 40 Review and Wrap-up

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9 December 2022

# Lesson 40 Agenda

- Online Canvas surveys
- Paper ABET end-of-semester surveys
- TEE exam review

# Lesson 40 Agenda

- Online Canvas Surveys

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- ABET end-of-semester surveys

# Term-End Exam

Room 331

14 December 0730-1100 Thursday

18 December 0730-1100 Monday

500 points, 5 problems, 100 points each

- Calculating properties of mixtures of ideal gases ( $V_{ig}$ ,  $S_{ig}$ , and  $H_{ig}$ ).
- Properties of mixtures; calculate  $C_P$ ,  $T_{pc}$ ,  $P_{pc}$ , and  $\omega$  for a mixture.
- Residual properties  $V_R$ ,  $S_R$ , and  $H_R$ . Calculating  $\phi$  and residual properties from the Lee-Kesler tables and cubic equations of state.
- Calculating  $V$  and  $Z$  from cubic equations of state (Peng-Robinson, SRK, RK, etc.).
- Combining residuals and ideal properties to get real properties.
- Applications of Raoult's Law and Rachford-Rice method to VLE and solutions with and without activity.

# Term-End Exam Review

Slide 6

## Calculating Properties

- Pure components – Z, V, H, S, G, and  $\phi$  (or f)

- Ideal gases  $Z = \frac{PV}{RT} = 1$  and  $\phi=1$  (ideal gas)

$$H = H_0^{\text{ig}} + R \cdot \int_{T_0}^T \left( \frac{C_{P,298}^{\text{ig}}}{R} \right) dT + H^R \quad (eq 6.50)$$

$$S = S_0^{\text{ig}} + R \cdot \left( \int_{T_0}^T \left( \frac{C_{P,298}^{\text{ig}}}{T} \right) dT - \ln \left( \frac{P}{P_0} \right) \right) + S^R \quad (eq 6.51)$$

- Real gas Z, V, and number of phases from cubic EOS

$$Z = \frac{PV}{RT} \neq 1 \quad Z = 1 + \beta - q\beta \frac{Z - \beta}{(Z + \epsilon\beta)(Z + \sigma\beta)} \quad (eq 3.52, \text{ real gas})$$

- Residual properties from EOS or Lee-Kessler

- Cubic EOS – Lesson 28, 29, Problem 6.141, WPR3

$$\frac{H^R}{RT} = Z - 1 + T_r \left( \frac{dq}{dT_r} \right) \cdot I \quad \frac{S^R}{R} = \ln(Z - \beta) + \left( q + T_r \frac{dq}{dT_r} \right) \cdot I \quad I = \frac{1}{\sigma - \epsilon} \ln \left( \frac{Z + \sigma\beta}{Z + \epsilon\beta} \right) \quad (p. 488) \quad (eq 13.72)$$

- Lee-Kessler tables – Lesson 30

- Real - combine ideal and residuals

- Fugacity – Lesson 35, Slides 12-13

$$\ln \phi_i = Z_i - 1 - \ln(Z_i - \beta_i) - q_i I_i \quad \beta_i = \Omega \frac{P_{r,i}}{T_r} \quad (eq 3.50) \quad q_i = \frac{\Psi \alpha}{\Omega T_{r,i}} \quad (eq 3.51)$$

- Mixtures – use average  $\omega$ ,  $T_C$ ,  $P_C$ ,  $C_P$

- Weighted averages with  $y_i$

- Ideal gas entropy of mixing

$$\text{adds to entropy } R \sum_{i=1}^3 y_i \ln \frac{1}{y_i} \quad (eq 10.26)$$

# Term-End Exam Review

- Flash and activity coefficients – modified Raoult's Law

$$y_i P = x_i P_i^{\text{sat}}$$

$$K_i = \frac{y_i}{x_i} = \frac{P_i^{\text{sat}}}{P}$$

Raoult's Law  
K-values  
(simple solution,  
id vapor phase)

$$K_i = \frac{y_i}{x_i} = \frac{\gamma_i P_i^{\text{sat}}}{P}$$

Modified Raoult's Law  
K-values  
(real liquid phase, id  
vapor phase)

$$K_i = \frac{y_i}{x_i} = \frac{\gamma_i f_i^{\text{sat}}}{f}$$

Modified Raoult's Law  
K-values with fugacity  
(real liquid phase, real  
vapor phase)

## Calculating Properties

- Rachford-Rice algorithm
- Fugacity and fugacity coefficients

Poynting equation:

$$f_i = \phi_i^{\text{sat}} P_i^{\text{sat}} \exp \left[ \frac{V_i^l (P - P_i^{\text{sat}})}{RT} \right] \quad (\text{eq 10.44})$$

$$\phi \equiv \frac{f}{P} \quad (\text{eq 10.34})$$

- Practical applications – CHEMCAD, pipeline diameters – Prob. 6.83
- What does it mean? Be able to define:

## Conceptual Issues

- Enthalpy
- Entropy
- Gibbs Energy
- Chemical potential
- Fugacity
- Activity and activity coefficient
- Ideal solution (IMFs)
- Phase equilibrium (condition)

Questions?