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Subdomain Enumeration | TryHackMe



Aircon

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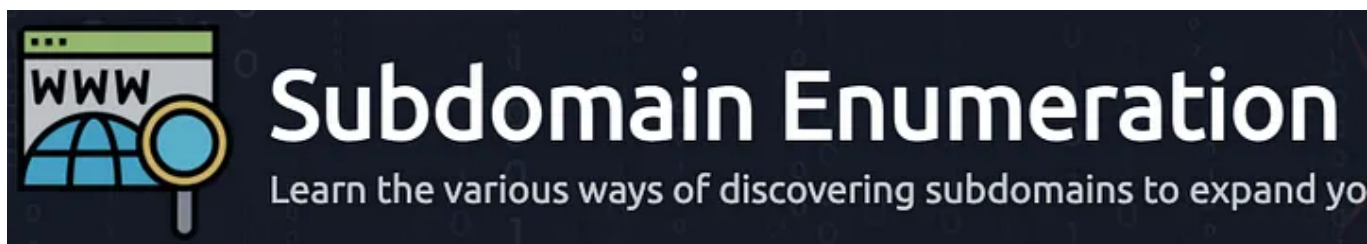
4 min read · Feb 14, 2022



162



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Lab Access: <https://tryhackme.com/room/subdomainenumeration>

Task 1 ○ Brief

Subdomain Enumeration —the process of identifying valid subdomains for a domain.

[Question 1.1] What is a subdomain enumeration method beginning with B?

Answer: Brute Force

[Question 1.2] What is a subdomain enumeration method beginning with O?

Answer: OSINT

[Question 1.3] What is a subdomain enumeration method beginning with V?

Answer: Virtual Host

Task 2 ○ OSINT - SSL/TLS Certificates

SSL/TLS (Secure Sockets Layer/Transport Layer Security) Certificate

- **Created for a domain** by a CA (Certificate Authority)

CA (Certificate Authority)

- Take part in what's called "**Certificate Transparency (CT) logs**"

Purpose of Certificate Transparency (CT) logs

- **Stop malicious and accidentally made certificates** from being used

These two website provides a **certificate database that is searchable and displays current and historical results.**

<http://crt.sh/>

<https://transparencyreport.google.com/https/certificates>

[Question 2.1] What domain was logged on crt.sh at 2020-12-26?

1st - **crt.sh**

2nd - search "**tryhackme.com**"

Serial	Issued	Expires	Domain	Domain	Domain
3844506055	2020-12-29	2020-12-29	2021-03-29	docs.tryhackme.com	docs.tryhackme.com
3844507250	2020-12-29	2020-12-29	2021-03-29	docs.tryhackme.com	docs.tryhackme.com
3833434859	2020-12-26	2020-12-26	2021-03-26	store.tryhackme.com	store.tryhackme.com
3833430615	2020-12-26	2020-12-26	2021-03-26	store.tryhackme.com	store.tryhackme.com
3754926363	2020-12-09	2020-12-08	2021-03-08	blog.tryhackme.com	blog.tryhackme.com
3754926282	2020-12-09	2020-12-08	2021-03-08	blog.tryhackme.com	blog.tryhackme.com
3575622060	2020-10-30	2020-10-30	2021-01-28	docs.tryhackme.com	docs.tryhackme.com

Answer: store.tryhackme.com

Task 3 ○ OSINT - Search Engines

Search Engines — A fantastic resource for discovering new subdomains.

- By utilizing advanced search strategies on websites such as Google

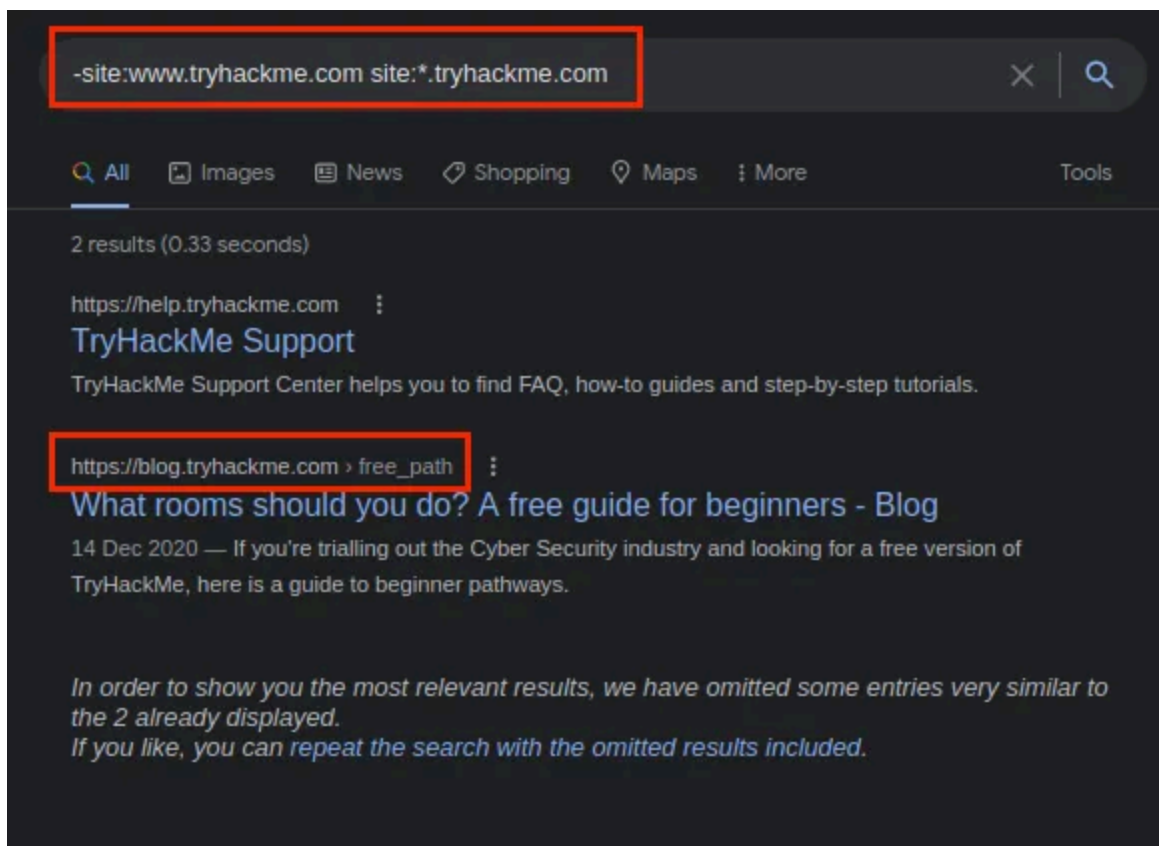
Method:

- **site:filter** > can narrow the search results
- **-site:www.domain.com site:*.domain.com**

Example:

- **-site:www.tryhackme.com site:*.tryhackme.com**

[Question 3.1] What is the TryHackMe subdomain beginning with B discovered using the above Google search?



Answer: `blog.tryhackme.com`

Task 4 ○ DNS Bruteforce

Bruteforce DNS (Domain Name System) Enumeration

- By attempting tens, hundreds, thousands, or even millions of **unique subdomains** from a **pre-defined list** of frequently used subdomains, and it automates it with a tool to speed up the procedure.

Tool:

- **dnsrecon**

If you're running Kali Linux, it's already pre-installed, and you can go to the "terminal" and type "**dnsrecon**" to see how to use it.

[Question 4.1] What is the first subdomain found with the dnsrecon tool?

```
user@thm:~$ dnsrecon -t brt -d acmeitsupport.thm
[*] No file was specified with domains to check.
[*] Using file provided with tool: /usr/share/dnsrecon/namelist.txt
[*]      A api.acmeitsupport.thm 10.10.10.10
[*]      A www.acmeitsupport.thm 10.10.10.10
[+] 2 Record Found
user@thm:~$
```

Answer: api.acmeitsupport.thm

Task 5 ○ OSINT - Sublist3r

It expedites the process of discovering OSINT subdomains.

1st - Install sublist3r in Kali Linux

- **sudo apt install sublist3r**

2nd Run sublist3r

- type: **sublist3r**

[Question 5.1] What is the first subdomain discovered by sublist3r?

- development versions of a web application
- administration portals

DNS records can be stored on a private DNS server or on the developer's workstations in the `/etc/hosts` file (or `c:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts` file for Windows users), which translates domain names to IP addresses.

Web servers can host numerous websites from a single server.

- When a client requests a website, the server determines which website the client wants based on the **Host Header**.

What we can do:

- Make use of this **host header** by **modifying it and checking the response** to see whether we've discovered a new website, and it's very similar to DNS Brute Force in that it uses a tool to seek it out and automates the process.

Tool:

- **ffuf**

It comes pre-installed with Kali Linux

Example:

- **ffuf -w /usr/share/wordlists/SecLists/Discovery/DNS/namelist.txt -H "Host: FUZZ.acmeitsupport.thm" -u http://<domain name/ip address>**

Switches:

-w > wordlist

-H > adds/edits a header

-u > url

-fs > tells ffuf to ignore any results that are of the specified size

[Question 6.1] What is the first subdomain discovered?

```
(kali@Aircon)-[/usr/.../wordlists/SecLists/Discovery/DNS]
$ ffuf -w namelist.txt -H "Host: FUZZ.acmeitsupport.thm" -u http://10.10.186.57

v1.3.1 Kali Exclusive <3

:: Method      : GET
:: URL         : http://10.10.186.57
:: Wordlist    : FUZZ: namelist.txt
:: Header     : Host: FUZZ.acmeitsupport.thm
:: Follow redirects : false
:: Calibration : false
:: Timeout     : 10
:: Threads    : 40
:: Matcher     : Response status: 200,204,301,302,307,401,403,405

accounts      [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
a02           [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
16            [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
3             [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
ac            [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
17            [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
a             [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
3com          [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
academico     [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
12            [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
10            [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
1             [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
02            [Status: 200, Size: 2395, Words: 503, Lines: 52]
```

ffuf -w namelist.txt -H "Host: FUZZ.acmeitsupport.thm" -u http://<IP address>

Notice that there are numerous reports with the “Size” of “2395” and that you

Open in app ↗

≡ Medium

🔍 Search

✍ Write



Method:

- `ffuf -w namelist.txt -H "Host: FUZZ.acmeitsupport.thm" -u http://10.10.186.57 -fs 2395`

By including the switch "-fs" and the value "2395," it will filter and eliminate all of the "2395"

```
(kali@Aircon)-[/usr/share/wordlists/SecLists/Discovery/DNS]
$ ffuf -w namelist.txt -H "Host: FUZZ.acmeitsupport.thm" -u http://10.10.186.57 -fs 2395

v1.3.1 Kali Exclusive <3

-----
:: Method      : GET
:: URL         : http://10.10.186.57
:: Wordlist    : FUZZ: namelist.txt
:: Header     : Host: FUZZ.acmeitsupport.thm
:: Follow redirects : false
:: Calibration : false
:: Timeout    : 10
:: Threads    : 40
:: Matcher    : Response status: 200,204,301,302,307,401,403,405
:: Filter     : Response size: 2395
-----

delta      [Status: 200, Size: 51, Words: 7, Lines: 1]
yellow    [Status: 200, Size: 56, Words: 8, Lines: 1]
:: Progress: [1907/1907] :: Job [1/1] :: 150 req/sec :: Duration: [0:00:14] :: Errors: 0 ::
```

Answer: delta

[Question 6.2] What is the second subdomain discovered?

Answer: yellow