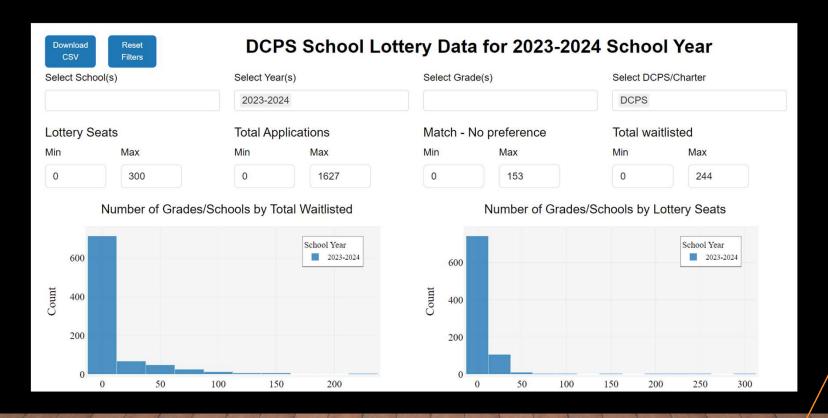
TRANSITIONING TO CODING FOR VISUALIZATION VIA GPT

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MY SECOND DASHBOARD, IN SHINY FOR PYTHON



THE TWO-MINUTE VERSION

Think of GPT like your autodidact intern; give small, detailed assignments, expect some oddness

Coding can let you do more, faster, and more transparently – GPT can help with each step



HELLO

Public Policy Ph.D.

Research/stats/data science for the Department of Defense

Lead Data Scientist

You can find this

here: https://github.com/abigailhaddad/slides/

You can also find me here:

https://presentofcoding.substack.com

PROMPTING FOR CODE: BE REALLY SPECIFIC



INPUTS: What does your data look like? It is a table? What does each row represent? What does each column represent? What are your column names?



OUTPUTS: Do you want a map which shows US states? Which has roads on it? A stacked bar chart? A regular bar chart? Is something aggregated? Cleaned in some other way



GENERAL GUIDANCE: R? Python? Go slowly, explain each step

SPECIFIC PROMPTS FROM TODAY THAT GOT WORKED-ONTHE-FIRST-TRY CODE



I'm trying to show trade offs between false negatives and false positives. I have three variables I vary in my model: small vs. large, count (1, 100, or 1000) and tolerance (.4, .5, .6, .7, .8, .9). I have two tables: one with rate of misidentification among true positives, one with rate of misidentification among true negatives, by my varying variables. I also have line charts. How can I show in a chart this trade off between false positives and negatives?



I'm interested in something that looks like a ppf or utility curve? I think we could do that for each of the lines that represents a permutation of the three variables



I think I want to try this. Can you write me Python code? I have two tables as inputs, df_pos and df_neg. Columns for both are small_1, small_10, small_100, large_1, large_10, large_100. Index is .4, .5, .6, .7, .8, .9. I like plotty



Can you show me how to add the index info from the original dfs to the hovertext?



No, sorry, I want to show the curve that's the lowest point? Like for each rate of false positive, the point that's the lowest rate of false negatives

OTHER INFO TO GIVE GPT (ESPECIALLY FOR NEW LIBRARIES)





DOCUMENTATION

EXISTING CODE



WHY TRANSITION TO CODING FOR DATA VISUALIZATION?

- Reusability
- Version Control
- Transparency/Documentation
- Separation of Code and Data
- Ownership/Reduced Vendor Lock-In:
- Customizability

GPT CAN HELP YOU WITH THOSE, TOO

"How do I get started on GitHub?"

"I'm getting this error message from git. What should I do?" "This is my code.
Can you help me
make it more
modular?"

"This is my code.
Can you write me a readme file for my git repo?"

"Can you write me function-level documentation for all of my functions?"



WHAT IF YOU LIKE CODING?

- Learn some of the basics
- There are resources at every level of price and structure

A FEW MORE NOTES AND QUESTIONS

- There's going to be a Data Science DC talk on transformers, which are the technology actually behind LLMs. (as in, the T in generative pretrained transformer, or GPT. John Kaufhold is the speaker.
- GPT 4 > GPT 3.5. I didn't like Bard. I haven't used Copilot yet. I hear that trained versions of the leaked Facebook model (LLAMA) are getting as good as GPT-4; I used a smaller version that I'm running locally, and it's not there yet

slido



Questions?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.