IDENTIFYING CHANGES IN LATE WOODLAND CERAMIC TRADITIONS

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INTRODUCTION

The MacNichol Site in northern Ohio is a Late Woodland site occupied intermittently from about AD 740 to AD 1460. No formal analysis had previously been made of the ceramics from the site due to dating issues; with new dates and statistical modelling techniques, this assemblage sheds new light on changes in Late Woodland ceramics.

CERAMICS OF THE LATE WOODLAND

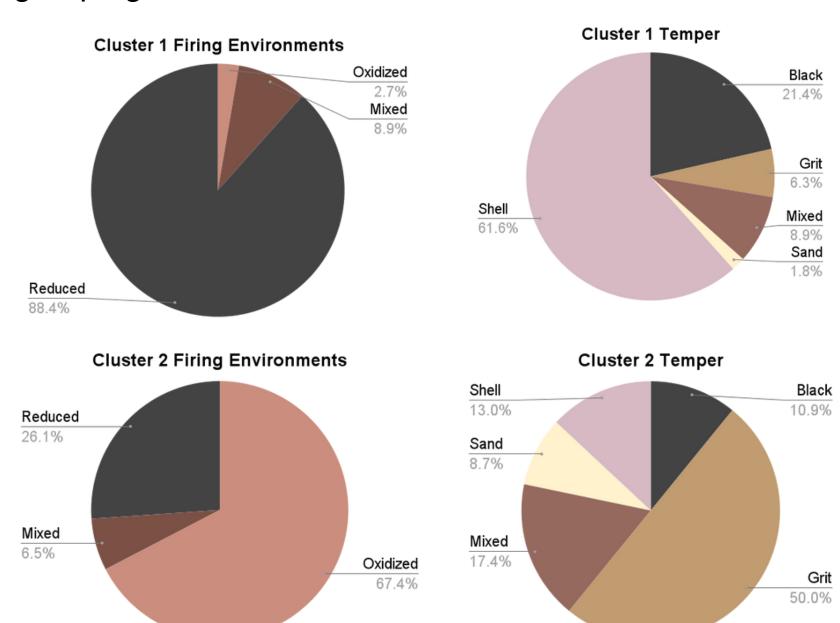
- Western Lake Erie Basin primarily characterized by two traditions: the Western Basin Tradition (WBT) and the Sandusky Tradition (ST)
- A shift occurs around AD 1250 with different ceramics thought to have originated from ST (but this is debated).
- Some say change indicates displacement of WBT; however, our results imply interaction between the groups



Cluster analysis shows that temper and firing environment predict change in Late Woodland ceramic traditions before and after AD 1250.

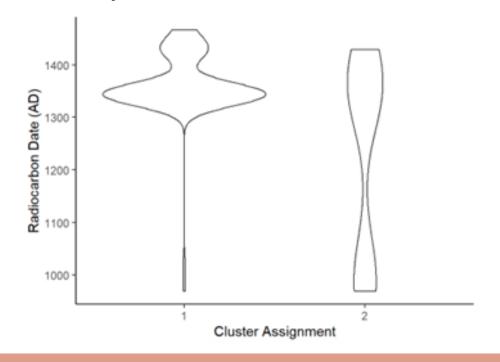
CLUSTER ANALYSIS

- Sherds run through Partitioning Around Medoids algorithm to group by similarity in terms of temper, firing environment, color, and thickness
- Temper & firing environment proved most significant for grouping



CHANGE OVER TIME

 Cluster 1 generally later; Cluster 2 originates earlier but continues past inflection point



CONCLUSIONS

- Type of temper and firing environment show the most change from the early to late occupations of the MacNichol site
- The older style of ceramics identified by the clustering algorithm continue to be found after AD 1250, suggesting that the later ceramics did not represent a complete displacement of this tradition
- Cluster analysis and other statistical models are powerful tools for the study of ancient ceramics.

Acknowledgements

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Key Reference

Stothers, D. M., & Abel, T. J. (2002). The Early Late Woodland in the Southwestern Lake Erie Littoral Region. In J. P. Hart & C. B. Rieth (Eds.), Northeast subsistence-settlement change, A.D. 700-A.D. 1300. New York State Museum/New York State Education Department.