# Survey of Database Management System Extensibility

Abigale Kim, Marco Slot (Crunchy Data), David Andersen, Andrew Pavlo

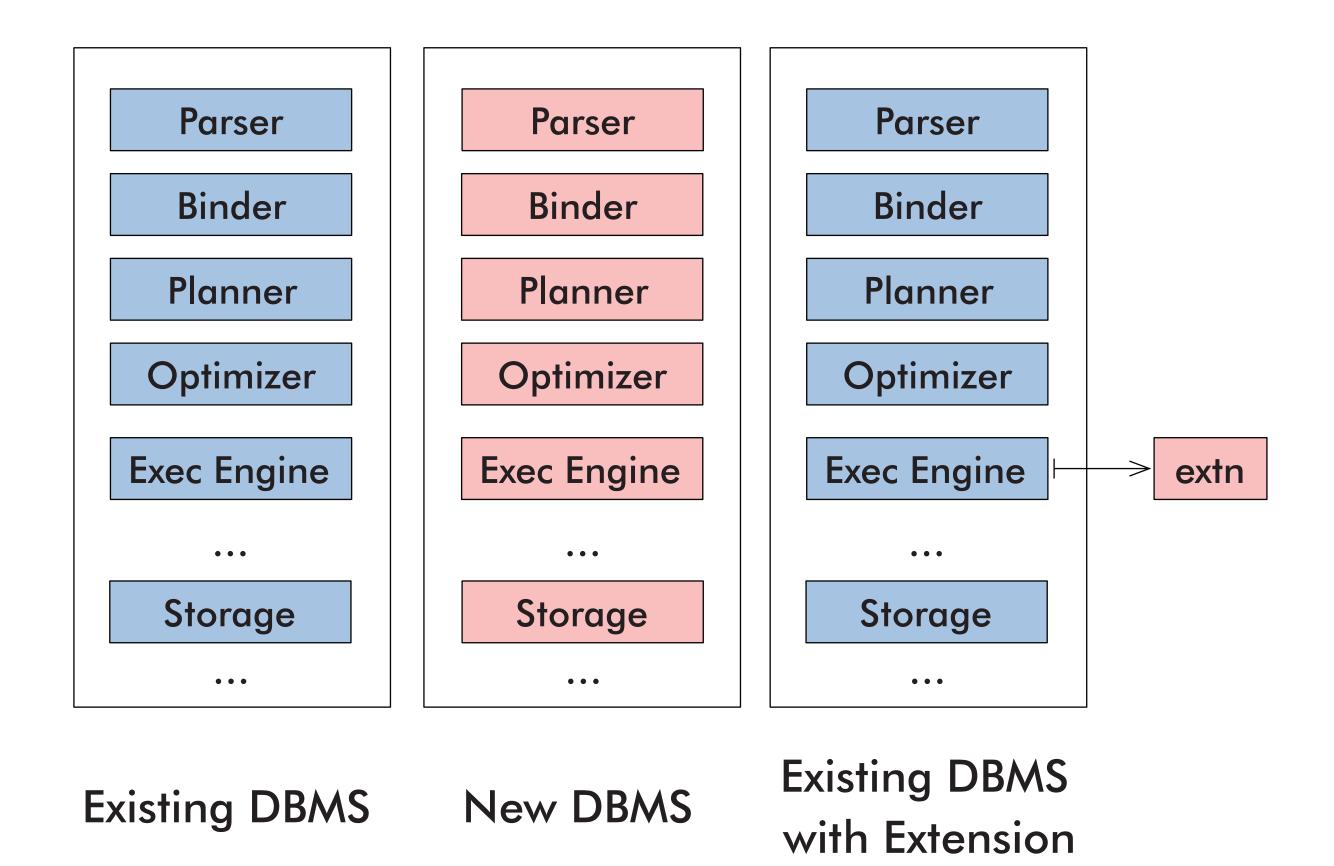






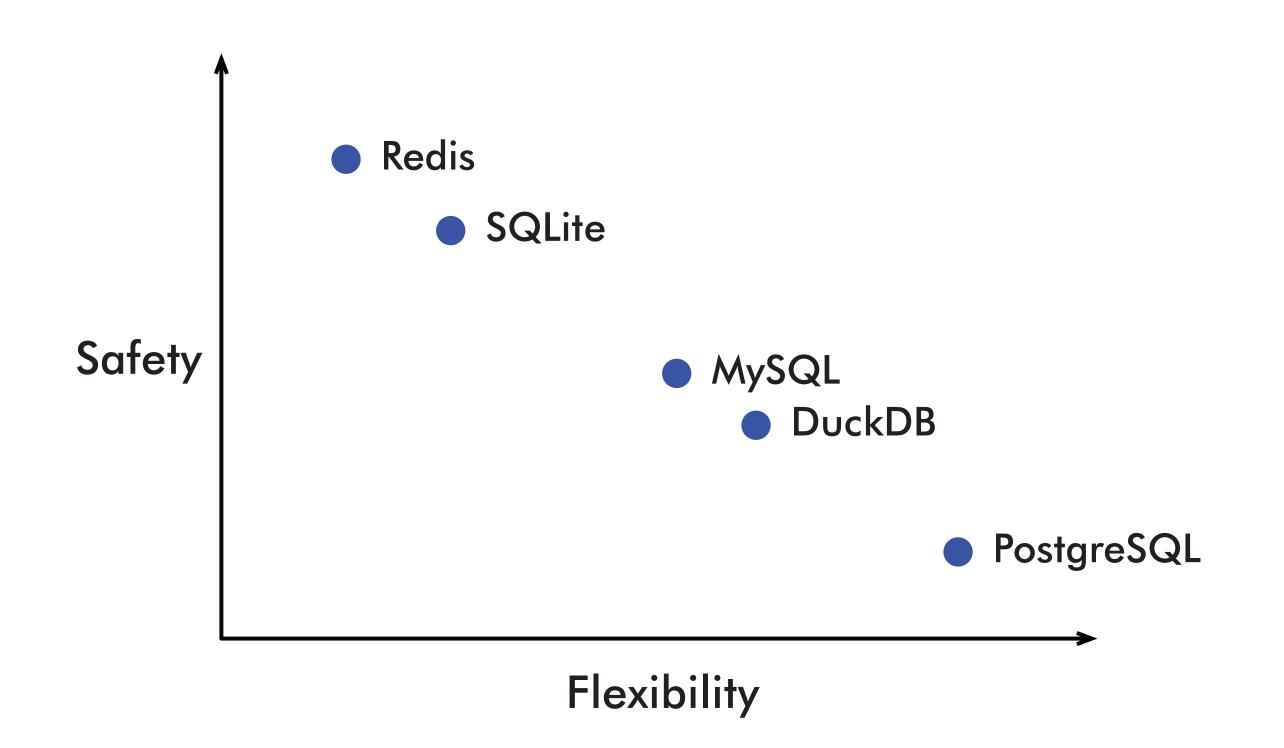
### Motivation

- DBMS Extensibility allows users to add features to a DB system without developing a new DBMS from scratch
- Despite this, the field of DBMS extensibility is not well-studied



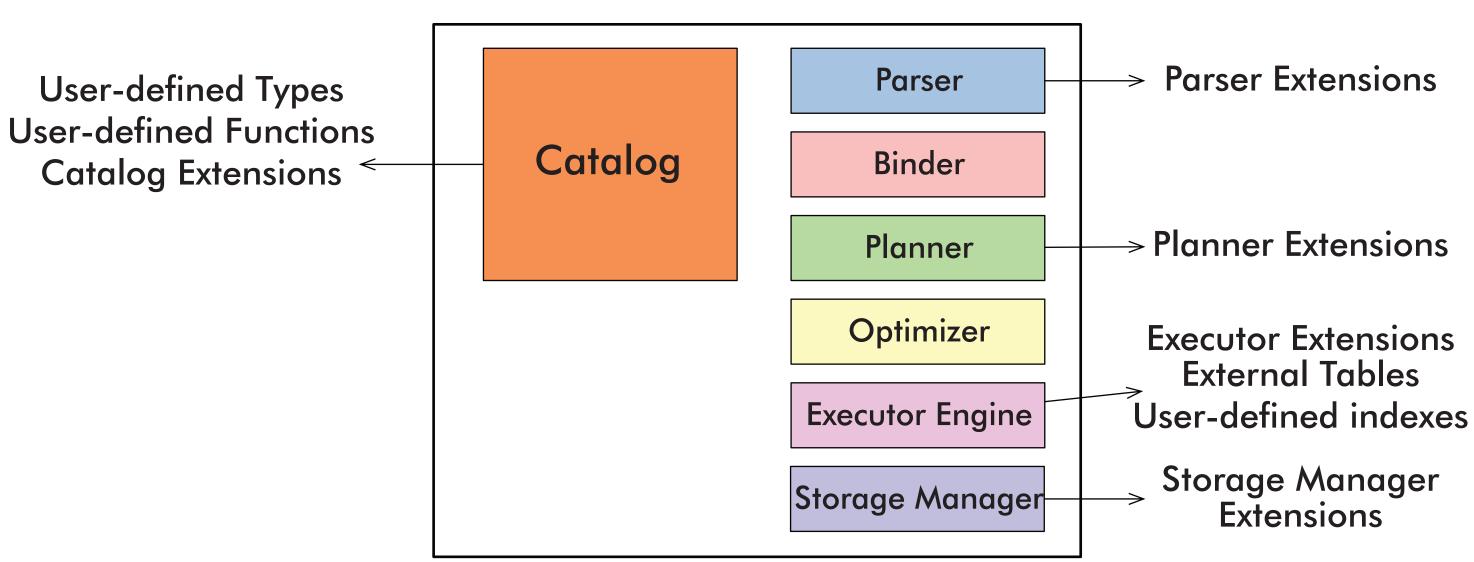
### **Evaluation of DBMS Extensibility Design**

- Safety: how likely is an extension to cause incorrect results to queries, corrupt data, or mess up core functionality?
- Flexibility: how possible is it to implement any kind of extension to the DBMS?



## **Extension Categorization**

- Do extensions extend or override the core DBMS?
- Do extensions override either the DBMS or DB state?
- Do extensions have the potential to modify other extensions' execution or output?
- Which component of the DBMS does an extension modify?

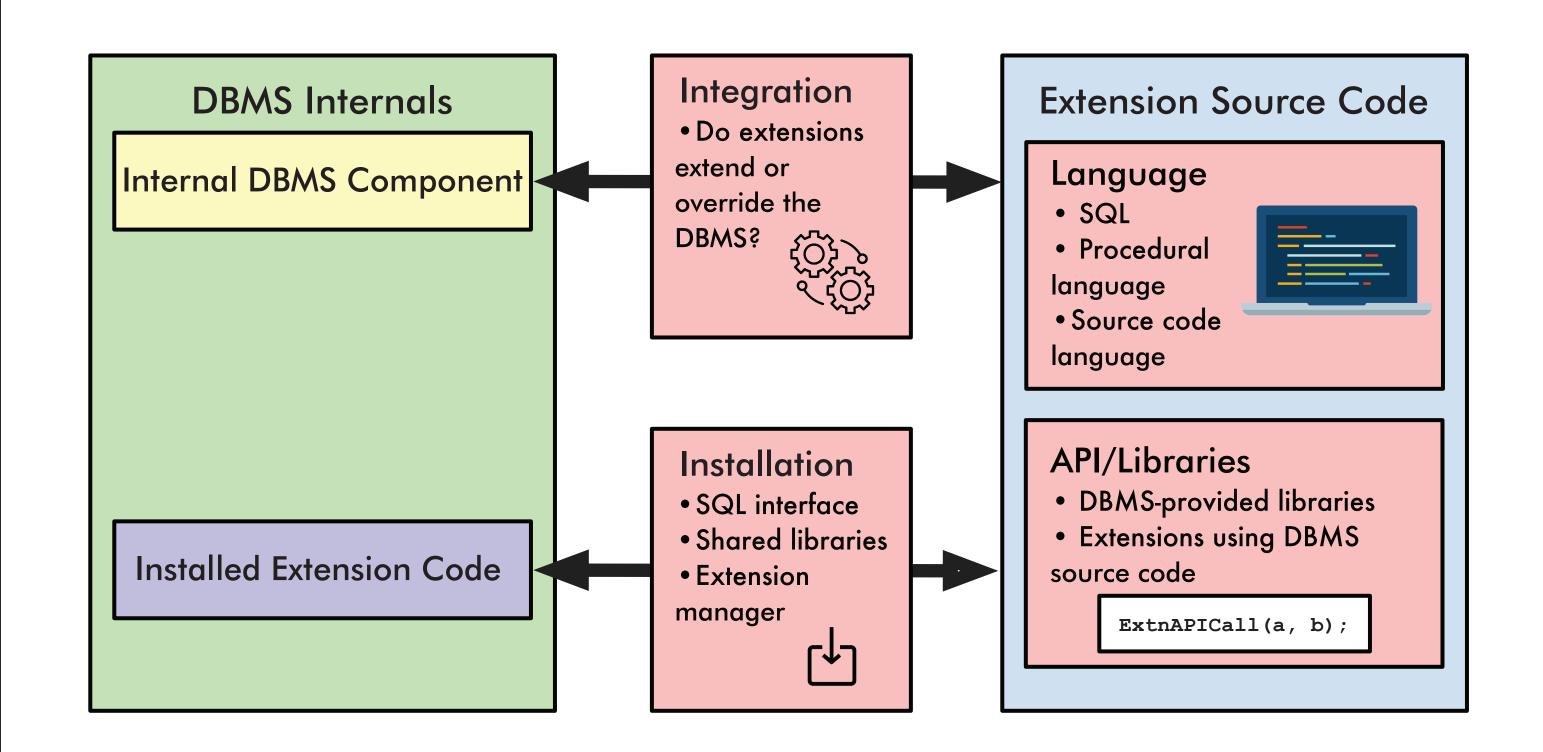


Internal DBMS Architecture

## PostgreSQL Extension Compatibility Analysis

- Compatibility between extensions is important because it allows users to customize their DBMS according to their needs
- Since PostgreSQL has the most active open-source extension ecosystem, we chose to analyze extension compatibility
- 17% of PostgreSQL extensions failed their own unit tests when installed with other extensions
- Our findings suggest a substantial systems design problem of extensibility in DBMSs

## **Extensibility Design Decisions**



#### **Future Work**

- DBMS Extensibility an important and understudied topic
- We should explore the design principles of DBMS extensibility
- Design DBMS extensibility to be both non-restrictive and safe and emphasize compatibility with other extensions
- Use DBMS extensibility to allow developers to customize existing DBMSs so they do not create DBMSs from scratch



