

NAME : RISKA PUTRI NILASARI
ID : [20220050112](#)
CLASS : SI22F

Title: Addressing Global Warming: Moving Beyond Myth and Taking Action

Introduction:

Global warming has become a pressing issue in today's world, sparking debates regarding its existence and the actions required to mitigate its impacts. While some individuals dismiss it as a myth, the overwhelming scientific consensus confirms that global warming is real and poses a significant threat to our planet. In this essay, we will employ the Toulmin model to present a well-structured argument that global warming is indeed occurring and discuss measures that can be taken to prevent further damage. Furthermore, we will explore the role of governments in ensuring individual participation in combating this phenomenon.

Claim:

Global warming is a scientifically proven reality, and it is imperative to take measures to prevent its exacerbation.

1. Data and Evidence:

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), an authoritative body comprised of thousands of scientists, has provided substantial evidence supporting the reality of global warming. Their reports demonstrate consistent temperature increases, rising sea levels, and the depletion of ice caps and glaciers. These findings cannot be dismissed as mere myths or scare tactics.

2. Consequences and Impacts:

Global warming has profound consequences for our environment and society. It leads to extreme weather events, such as hurricanes, droughts, and heatwaves, with devastating effects on human lives, ecosystems, and economies. The increased frequency and intensity of these events are indicative of a changing climate, reinforcing the reality of global warming.

3. Preventive Measures:

To mitigate global warming, concerted efforts are necessary. Firstly, transitioning to renewable energy sources like solar and wind power can significantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Governments should invest in research and development, incentivize renewable energy adoption, and phase out reliance on fossil fuels.

Additionally, adopting sustainable agricultural practices, such as organic farming and regenerative agriculture, can reduce the release of greenhouse gases from the agricultural sector. Encouraging afforestation and reforestation programs also play a crucial role in carbon sequestration and the restoration of ecosystems.

4. Individual Responsibility:

While governments play a vital role, individuals must also take responsibility for their carbon footprint. Education and awareness campaigns can inform the public about the impacts of their daily choices and encourage sustainable practices. Encouraging energy conservation, promoting public transportation, and reducing waste are simple yet effective steps each person can take to combat global warming.

5. Governmental Role:

Governments must enact and enforce policies that promote sustainable practices across industries. Setting stricter emission standards for industries, providing tax incentives for eco-friendly

businesses, and implementing carbon pricing mechanisms are essential steps to encourage sustainable behavior. Furthermore, investing in climate change adaptation strategies and supporting vulnerable communities affected by global warming are crucial responsibilities of governments.

Conclusion:

Global warming is not a myth but an urgent reality that demands immediate action. The overwhelming scientific evidence and the observable consequences necessitate our attention. Combating global warming requires a collective effort, with governments taking the lead in implementing policies and individuals making sustainable choices in their daily lives. By embracing renewable energy, sustainable agriculture, and responsible consumption, we can prevent further global warming and protect our planet for future generations. It is time to move beyond skepticism and actively contribute to a sustainable and resilient future.