

This is a continuation of HW1 and in this homework I was asked to implement a many to many relationship between the students, and sections in order to get a full functionality of the registration banner by either creating a enrollment table which joins sections and students or or by creating a simple joint table between students and section (SectionsStudents). For me the easy was creating a joint table us the `rails g model SectionsStudents section:references student:references --force-plural`. Adding a validation to the project. Up on reading this paper you grasp a solid understanding of how many to many relational table works in a database system. When I did this project the versions of ruby and rails was `ruby -v ==> ruby 2.5.1p57 (2018-03-29)`, and `rails -v Rails 5.2.1`. when you are running this application you may need to check the versions you have and you might be prompted to update your versions and in most cases "Bundle install."

```
1 | #.../app/models/student.rb
2 | class Student < ApplicationRecord
3 |   has_and_belongs_to_many :sections
4 |   validates :name, presence: true
5 |   validates :name, uniqueness: true
6 | end
7 | #.../app/models/sections_students.rb
8 | class SectionsStudents < ApplicationRecord
9 |   belongs_to :section
10 |  belongs_to :student
11 | end
12 | #.../app/models/sections.rb
13 | class Section < ApplicationRecord
14 |   has_and_belongs_to_many :students
15 |   belongs_to :course
16 | end
17 | #.../app/models/courses.rb
18 | class Course < ApplicationRecord
19 |   has_many :sections
20 |   validates_presence_of :name, :number,
21 |     :dept, :crHr
22 |   validates_numericality_of :crHr
23 | end
```

The Many to Many Relationship and Adding a validation In the models of student, section and course

Adding a search bar and autocompletion was a part of the project in order to make a search more effiecent and fast. And the following screenshot's will show how to add a code to the controllors, views, and routes of the application. Before that knowing where to add the methods is a key. For Example if you are adding a search bar to the students

1. Go to `.../app/controllers/students_controller.rb` =====> create a new def search and then add search function/code

```

before_action :set_student, only: [:show, :edit, :update]
#.../app/controllers/students_controller.rb
autocomplete :student, :name, full_search: true

def search
  @students = Student.where("name like ?",
    "%#{params[:query]}%")
  render :index
end

# GET /students

```

2. Under the ... app/views/students/index.html.erb add the following code

```

</thead>
<!-- Autocomplete
.../app/views/students/index.html.erb-->

<%= form_tag(search_students_url, method: "get") do %>
  <%= label_tag(:search, "Search for:") %>
  <%= text_field_tag :search, params[:search], data:
    { autocomplete: autocomplete_student_name_students_path } %>
  <%= submit_tag("Search") %>
<% end %>

```

3. Under /config/routes.rb
Here you need to make sure adding a key word search to call the method and autocompletion as shown in figure below

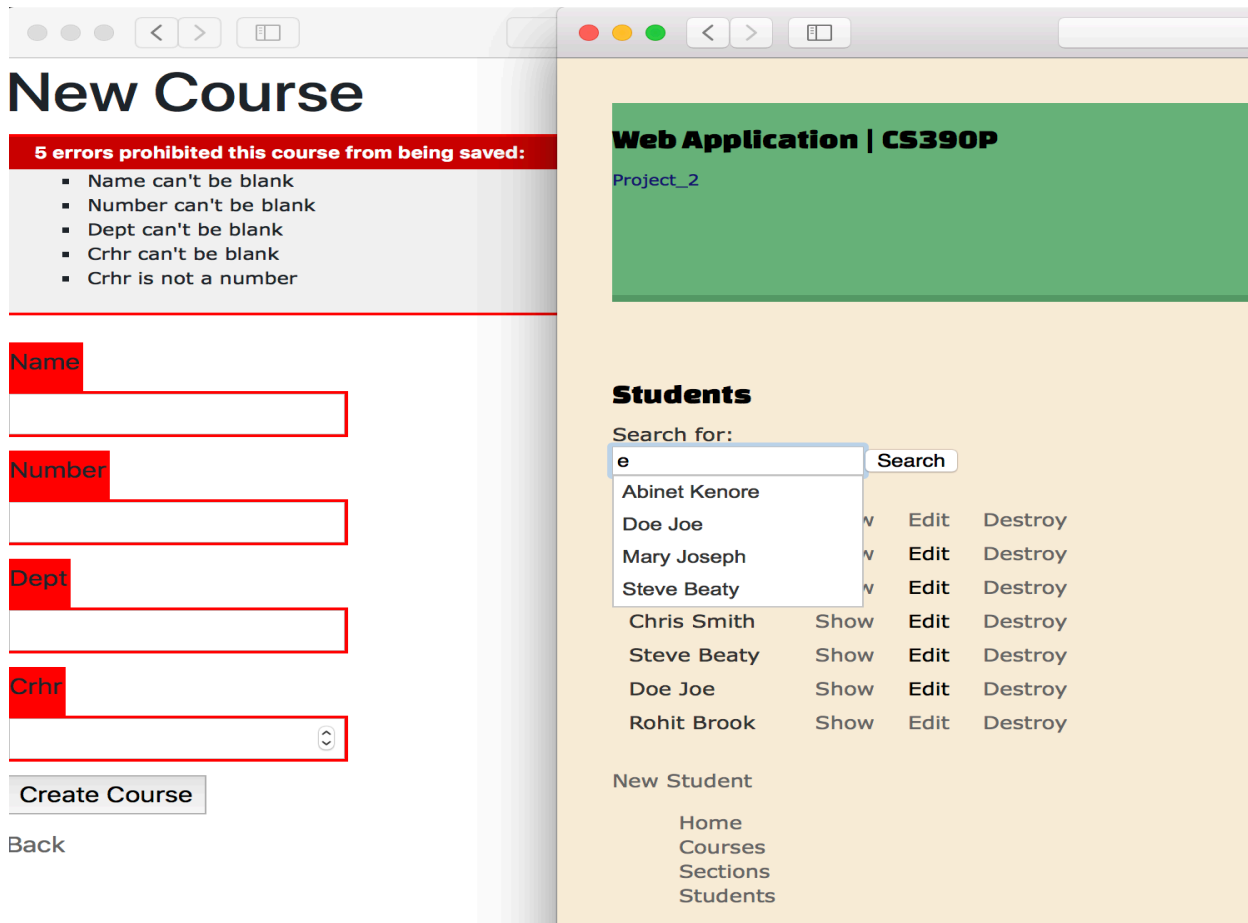
```

#...config/routes.rb
resources :students do
  get :autocomplete_student_name, on: :collection
  collection do
    get 'search'
  end
end

```

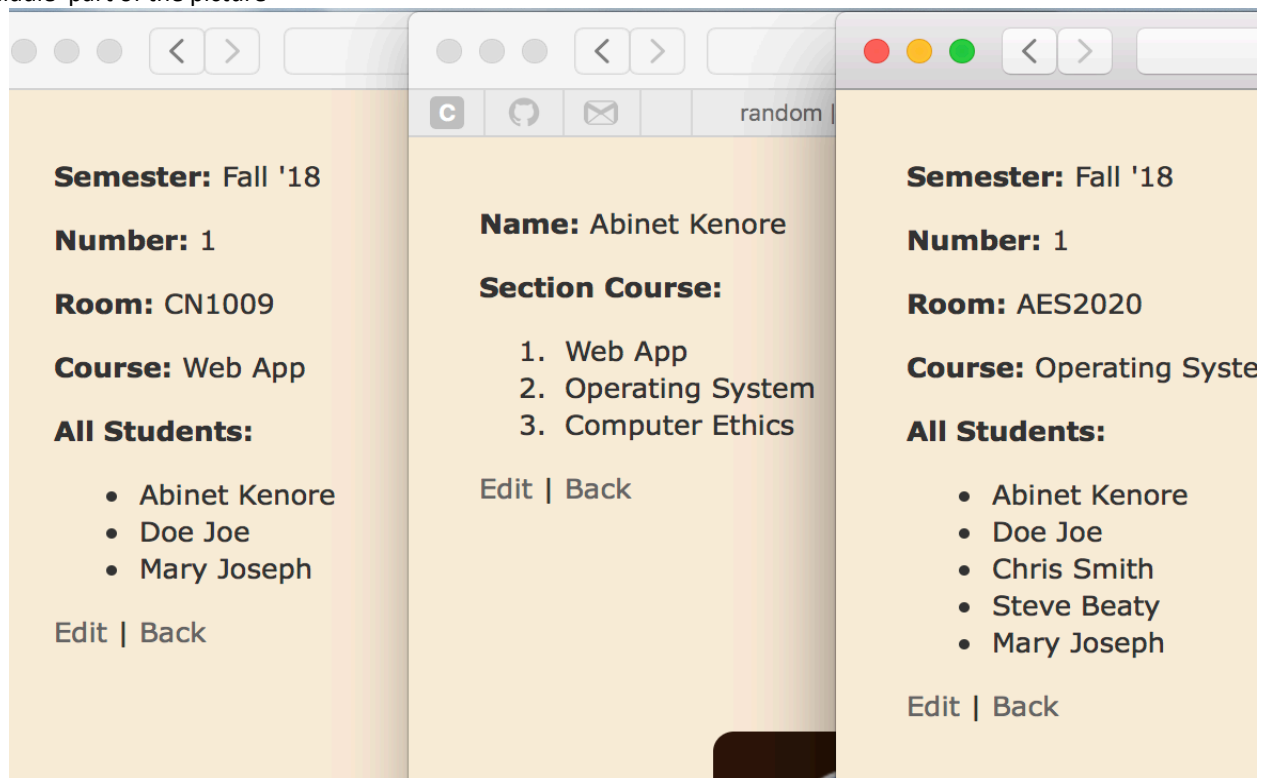
You can do the same thing for sections or courses.

The following is a demo of validation for course and search and autocompletion for student



The left side screenshot is to show that in order to create a course you must fill the required fields with the appropriate information and the picture on the right is to show you that how it is try to fill the form automatically.

After all has been done you can see a student "Abinet Kenore" under section number 1, and Room CN1009 for a Web App in addition to the other students under the same section for the same course. Also you can see that he registered for many courses in the middle part of the picture



The following picture is a git difference before and after Adding a JavaScript for autocompletion in the files

```
3  HW2/SCS/app/assets/javascripts/application.js
13 13 @@ -13,4 +13,7 @@
14 14   //= require rails-ujs
15 15   //= require activestorage
16 16   //= require turbolinks
17 17   + //= require jquery
18 18   + //= require jquery-ui
19 19   +
20 20   //= require_tree .

7  HW2/SCS/app/assets/javascripts/students.coffee
...  ... @@ -1,3 +1,10 @@
1 1  # Place all the behaviors and hooks related to the matching controller here.
2 2  # All this logic will automatically be available in application.js.
3 3  # You can use CoffeeScript in this file: http://coffeescript.org/
4 4  + #autocomplete
5 5  +
6 6  + $(document).on 'turbolinks:load', =>
7 7  +   $("input[data-autocomplete]").each =>
8 8  +     url = $(this).data('autocomplete')
9 9  +     $(this).autocomplete
10 10  +       source: url

6  HW2/SCS/app/assets/stylesheets/application.css
10 10 @@ -10,6 +10,8 @@
11 11   * Files in this directory. Styles in this file should be added after the last require_* statement.
12 12   * It is generally better to create a new file per style scope.
13 13   *
14 14   + *= require_tree .
15 15   + *= require_self
16 16   + *= require_tree .
17 17   + *= require_self
18 18   + *= require jquery-ui
19 19   +
20 20   */
```

Writing a unit test was a part of the project which I went through a lot and ended unsuccessfully.

In order to write a test you will go and appropriate gem to the Gemfile if it its not already there and then ... /test folder and add tests. One thing which I would like to point you is how you can add a gem's to the Gemfile and how you will do the setup. On you terminal or command line run `$ gem list 'name of the' gem` and it comes back with name of the gem you are looking for with the version number you are good get started writing a unit test.

For Example:

```
39  group :development, package.json
[Abinets-MacBook-Pro:SCS abiken$ gem list 'chromedriver-helper'
41  gem 'byebug', platforms: [:mri, :mingw, :x64_mingw]
*** LOCAL GEMS ***
43
chromedriver-helper (2.1.0, 2.0.1)
[Abinets-MacBook-Pro:SCS abiken$ gem list 'capybara' or by calling 'cons
46  gem 'web-console', '>= 3.3.0'
*** LOCAL GEMS ***
48  # Spring speeds up development by keeping your application running in
49  # Spring
50  # See https://github.com/rails/spring for more information
51  #
52  # New gems
53  #
54  # Adds support for Capybara system testing and selenium driver
55  gem 'capybara', '>= 2.15'
56  gem 'selenium-webdriver'
57  # Easy installation and use of chromedriver to run system tests with C
58  gem 'chromedriver-helper'
59  end
60
61  # Windows does not include zoneinfo files, so bundle the tzinfo-data gem
62  gem 'tzinfo-data', platforms: [:mingw, :mswin, :x64_mingw, :jruby]
63
64  # New gems
65  gem 'bootstrap', '~> 4.1.3'
66  gem 'devise', '~> 4.2'
```



I can see that I have the gems I am looking for and I can get started unit testing

Unless follow the following steps.

Go to the <https://rubygems.org/gems> and search for the gem you need

For Example I can search for the gem 'devise'

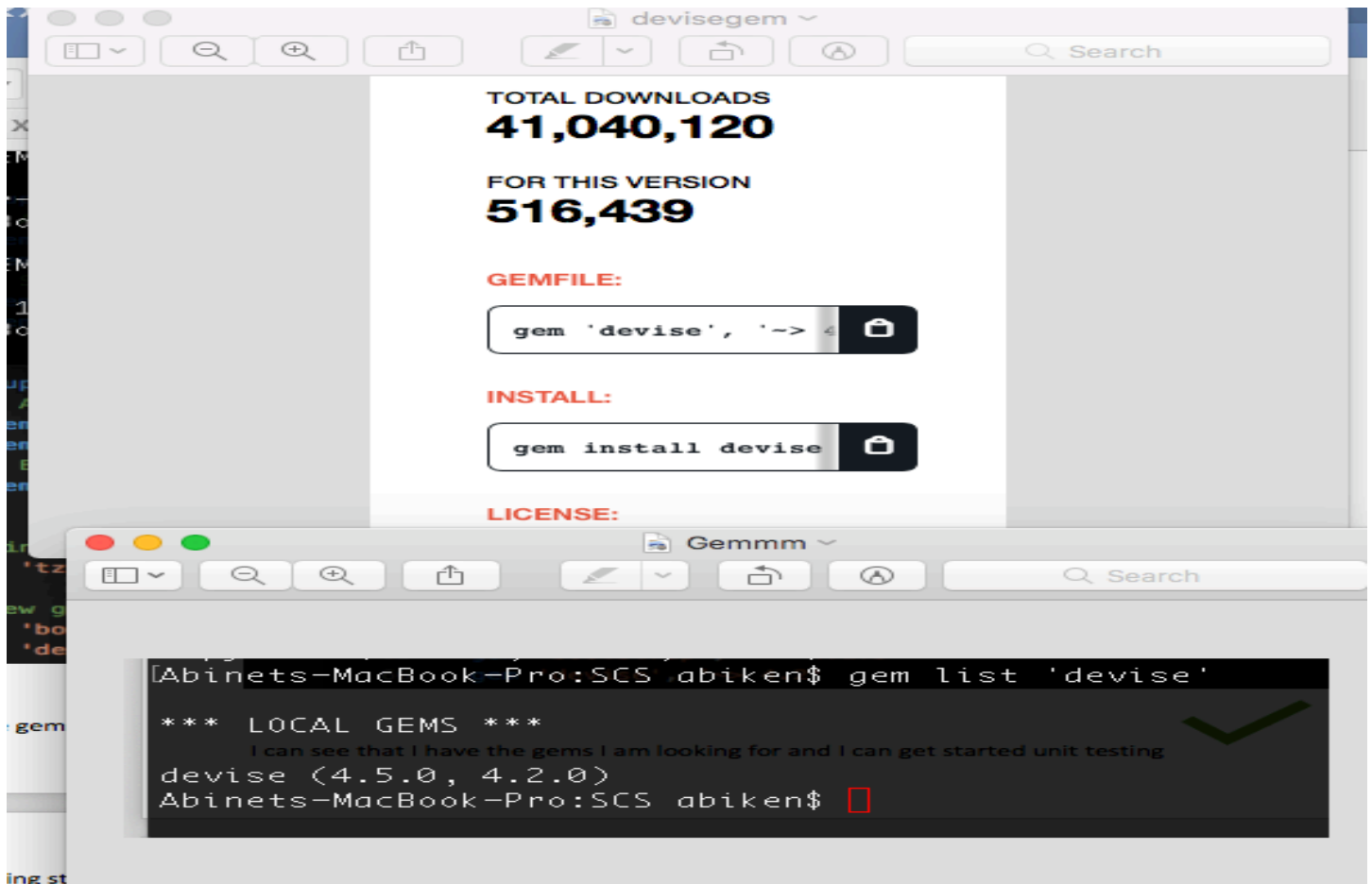
Copy gem' from the above web site and paste gem 'devise', '~> 4.5' under Gemfile

And the go to your terminal and run **bundle install.**

And check it if you have it by running a gem list 'devise'

Note That I liked to install a gem devise not to write a unit test but to show you how you can add any gem to the gem file.

Also if you are wondering to know why I installed gem wait for my next paper and then you will get the importance of devise gem.



The top part is what a specific gem looks like on the website and bottom of the picture show that I successfully installed a devise gem.. For further reading you can visit: <https://guides.rubygems.org/command-reference/#gem-install>.

While I was working on this project, I got stuck in almost everywhere from understanding the relationships between students, sections, and courses to creating a joint table, installing/adding new gems to the GemFile, creating a dropdown or checkbox, auto completion method and more. In order to tackle these and other problems as a primary resource I used the class presentation and power points presented by a professor <""> in the class., asking classmates, and googling things using key words and watching YouTube videos..

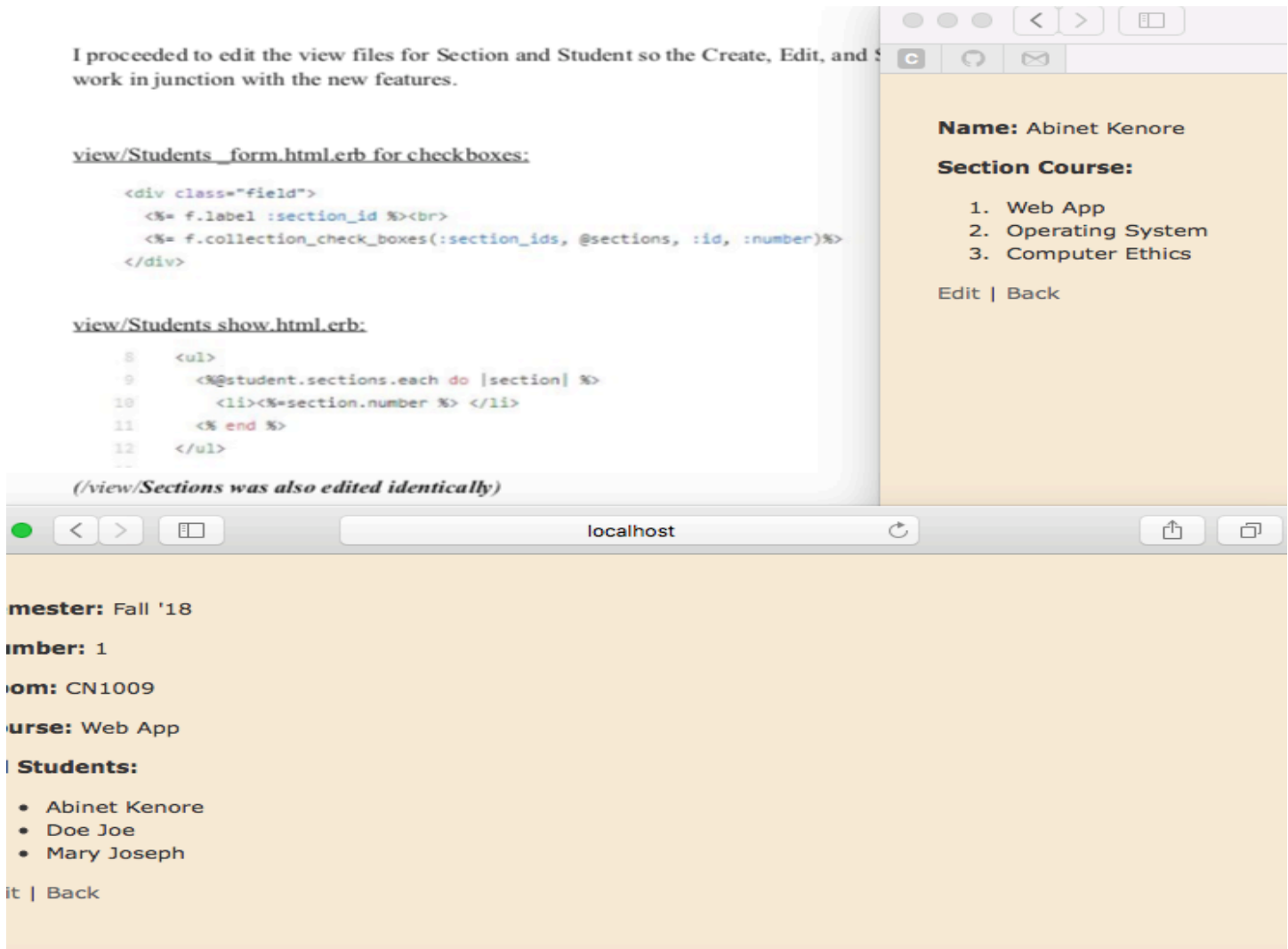
Upon a successful completion of this HW I learned many to many relationships

- How to add a search method and auto completion

- How to implement a validation to the appropriate files.

- How to edit, add, show info for the user.

- How to install a new gem's and more.



Bibliography

Formal:

1. Dr. Beaty's PowerPoint slides, 03ActiveRecord, 08Controllers.pptx, 06RoutesSearch.pptx
2. Guides.rubyonrails.org. (2018). *Active Record Associations — Ruby on Rails Guides*.

[online]

3. <https://blog.teamtreehouse.com/static-pages-ruby-rails#setup>
4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Nf_Si8_szmM
5. <https://github.com/rails/rails/issues/22584>
6. <https://rubygems.org/gems/devise/versions/4.2.0>
7. Guides.rubyonrails.org. (2018). *Testing Rails Applications — Ruby on Rails Guides*.
8. [online] Available at: <https://guides.rubyonrails.org/testing.html> [Accessed 29 Oct. 2018].
- 9.