

240701008

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## Week-06-01-Practice Session-Coding: Attempt review | REC-CIS

6–7 minutes

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### Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

### Question text

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that  $A[i] - A[j] = k$ ,  $i \neq j$ .

Input Format

- 1.First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines contain:
- 2.N, followed by N integers of the array
- 3.The non-negative integer k

Output format

Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.

Example

Input:

1

[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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3 1 3 5

4

Output:

1

Input:

1

3 1 3 5

99

Output:

0

[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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Answer:(penalty

regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int t;
4     scanf("%d",&t);
5     while(t--){
6         int n;
7         scanf("%d",&n);
8
9         int a[n];
10        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
11            scanf("%d",&a[i]);
12        }
13        int k;
14        scanf("%d",&k);
15        int flag=0;
16        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
17            for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
18                if(a[i]-a[j]==k || a[j]-a[i]==k){
19                    flag=1;
20                    break;
21                }
22            }
23            if(flag){
24                break;
25            }
26        }
27        printf("%d\n",flag);
28    }
29 }
30 }
```

### Feedback

	Input	Expected	Got	

[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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1	3	1	1	
3				
5				
4				
1		0	0	
3	1			
5				
99				

Passed all tests!

## Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

### Question text

Sam loves chocolates and starts buying them on the 1st day of the year.

Each day of the year,  $x$ , is numbered from 1 to  $Y$ . On days when  $x$  is odd, Sam will buy  $x$  chocolates; on days when  $x$  is even, Sam will not purchase any chocolates.

Complete the code in the editor so that for each day  $N_i$  (where  $1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$ ) in array `arr`, the number of chocolates Sam purchased (during days 1 through  $N$ ) is printed on a new line. This is a function-only challenge, so input is handled for you by the locked stub code in the editor.

### Input Format

The program takes an array of integers as a parameter.

[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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The locked code in the editor handles reading the following input from stdin, assembling it into an array of integers (arr), and calling calculate(arr).

The first line of input contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines describes the ith test case as an integer, Ni (the number of days).

### Constraints

$$1 \leq T \leq 2 \times 10^5$$

$$1 \leq N \leq 2 \times 10^6$$

$$1 \leq x \leq N \leq Y$$

### Output Format

For each test case, Ti in arr, your calculate method should print the total number of chocolates Sam purchased by day Ni on a new line.

### Sample Input 0

3

1

2

3

### Sample Output 0

1

1

4

### Explanation

Test Case 0: N = 1

[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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Sam buys 1 chocolate on day

1, giving us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 1: N = 2

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1 and 0 on day 2. This gives us a total of 1 chocolate. Thus, we print 1 on a new line.

Test Case 2: N = 3

Sam buys 1 chocolate on day 1, 0 on day 2, and 3 on day 3. This gives us a total of 4 chocolates. Thus, we print 4 on a new line.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main(){
3     int n; scanf("%d",&n);
4     int a[n];
5     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
6         scanf("%d",&a[i]);
7     }for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
8         int sum=0;
9         for(int j=0;j<a[i];j++){
10            if((j+1)%2!=0){
11                sum+=(j+1);
12            }
13        }printf("%d\n",sum);
14    }
15 }
```

## Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
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[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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	3	1	1	
	1	1	1	
	2	4	4	
	3			
	10	1296	1296	
	71	2500	2500	
	100	1849	1849	
	86	729	729	
	<b>Input</b>	<b>Expected</b>	<b>Got</b>	
	54	400	400	
	40 9	25	25	
	77 9	1521	1521	
	13	25	25	
	98	49	49	
		2401	2401	

Passed all tests!

### Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

### Question text

The number of goals achieved by two football teams in matches in a league is given in the form of two lists. Consider:

[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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•Football team A, has played three matches, and has scored { 1 , 2 , 3 } goals in each match respectively.

•Football team B, has played two matches, and has scored { 2, 4 } goals in each match respectively.

•Your task is to compute, for each match of team B, the total number of matches of team A, where team A has scored less than or equal to the number of goals scored by team B in that match.

•In the above case:

•For 2 goals scored by team B in its first match, team A has 2 matches with scores 1 and 2.

•For 4 goals scored by team B in its second match, team A has 3 matches with scores 1, 2 and 3.

Hence, the answer: {2, 3}.

Complete the code in the editor below. The program must return an array of  $m$  positive integers, one for each  $\text{maxes}[i]$  representing the total number of elements  $\text{nums}[j]$  satisfying  $\text{nums}[j] \leq \text{maxes}[i]$  where  $0 \leq j < n$  and  $0 \leq i < m$ , in the given order.

It has the following:  $\text{nums}[\text{nums}[0], \dots, \text{nums}[n-1]]$ : first array of positive integers  $\text{maxes}[\text{maxes}[0], \dots, \text{maxes}[n-1]]$ : second array of positive integers

Constraints

• $2 \leq n, m \leq 105$

• $1 \leq \text{nums}[j] \leq 109$ , where  $0 \leq j < n$ .

• $1 \leq \text{maxes}[i] \leq 109$ , where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

Input Format For Custom Testing



[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

Input from stdin

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will be processed

as follows and passed to the function. The first line contains an integer  $n$ , the number of elements in `nums`.

The next  $n$  lines each contain an integer describing `nums[j]` where  $0 \leq j < n$ .

The next line contains an integer  $m$ , the number of elements in `maxes`.

The next  $m$  lines each contain an integer describing `maxes[i]` where  $0 \leq i < m$ .

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

4

1

4

2

4

2

3

5

Sample Output 0

2

4

Explanation 0

We are given  $n = 4$ , `nums` = [1, 4, 2, 4],  $m = 2$ , and `maxes` = [3, 5].

[Type here]

[Type here][Type here]

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1. For  $\text{maxes}[0] =$  3, we have 2 elements in `nums` (`nums[0] = 1` and `nums[2] = 2`) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[0]$ .

2. For  $\text{maxes}[1] = 5$ , we have 4 elements in `nums` (`nums[0] = 1`, `nums[1] = 4`, `nums[2] = 2`, and `nums[3] = 4`) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[1]$ .

Thus, the function returns the array `[2, 4]` as the answer.

Sample Case 1

Sample Input 1

5

2

10

5

4

8

4

3

1

7

8

Sample Output 1

1

0

3

4

Explanation 1

We are given,  $n = 5$ ,  $\text{nums} = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8]$ ,  $m = 4$ , and  $\text{maxes} = [3, 1, 7, 8]$ .

1. For  $\text{maxes}[0] = 3$ , we have 1 element in  $\text{nums}$  ( $\text{nums}[0] = 2$ ) that is  $\leq \text{maxes}[0]$ .

2. For  $\text{maxes}[1] = 1$ , there are 0 elements in  $\text{nums}$  that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[1]$ .

3. For  $\text{maxes}[2] = 7$ , we have 3 elements in  $\text{nums}$  ( $\text{nums}[0] = 2$ ,  $\text{nums}[2] = 5$ , and  $\text{nums}[3] = 4$ ) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[2]$ .

4. For  $\text{maxes}[3] = 8$ , we have 4 elements in  $\text{nums}$  ( $\text{nums}[0] = 2$ ,  $\text{nums}[2] = 5$ ,  $\text{nums}[3] = 4$ , and  $\text{nums}[4] = 8$ ) that are  $\leq \text{maxes}[3]$ .

Thus, the function returns the array [1, 0, 3, 4] as the answer.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main(){
3      int n;
4      scanf("%d",&n);
5      int num[n];
6      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
7          scanf("%d",&num[i]);
8      }
9      int m;
10     scanf("%d",&m);
11     int max[m];
12     for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
13         scanf("%d",&max[i]);
14     }
15     for(int i=0;i<m;i++){
16         int count=0;
17         for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
18             if(num[j]<=max[i]){
19                 count++;
20             }
21         }printf("%d\n",count);
22     }
23 }
```

### Feedback

	Input	Expected	Got
	4	2	2
	1	4	4
	4		
	2		

	Input	Expected	Got	
	4			
	2			
	3			
	5			
	5	1	1	
	2	0	0	
	10	3	3	
	5	4	4	
	4			
	8			
	4			
	3			
	1			
	7			
	8			

Passed all tests!