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Week-01-02-Practice Session-Coding: Attempt review | REC-CIS

~4 minutes

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

Question text

Write a program to input a name (as a single character) and marks of three tests as m1, m2, and m3 of a student considering all the three marks have been given in integer format.

Now, you need to calculate the average of the given marks and print it along with the name as mentioned in the output format section.

All the test marks are in integers and hence calculate the average in integer as well. That is, you need to print the integer part of the average only and neglect the decimal part.

Input format:

Line 1 : Name(Single character)

Line 2: Marks scored in the 3 tests separated by single space.

Output format:

First line of output prints the name of the student.

Second line of the output prints the average mark.

240701008 Constraints Marks for each student lie in the range 0 to 100 (both inclusive) Sample Input 1: Α 3 4 6 Sample Output 1: Α 4 Sample Input 2: Т 738 Sample Output 2: Τ

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

6

```
#include<stdio.h>
 1
   int main(){
 2 *
        char a;
 3
        int m1, m2, m3;
 4
        scanf("%c\n",&a);
 5
        scanf("%d %d %d",&m1,&m2,&m3);
 6
        int avg = (m1+m2+m3)/3;
 7
        printf("%c\n",a);
 8
        printf("%d",avg);
9
        return 0;
10
11
12
    }
```

Feedback

240701008

Input	Expected	Got	
A 3 4 6	A 4	A 4	
T 738	T 6	T 6	
R 0 100 99	R 66	R 66	

Passed all tests!

Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Question text

Some *C* data types, their format specifiers, and their most common bit widths are as follows:

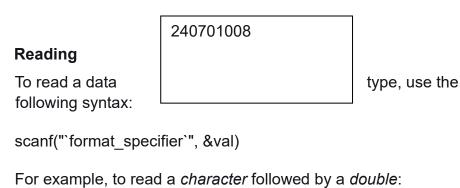
· Int ("%d"): 32 Bit integer

Long ("%ld"): 64 bit integer

· Char ("%c"): Character type

· Float ("%f"): 32 bit real value

Double ("%lf"): 64 bit real value



char ch; double d; scanf("%c

%lf", &ch,

&d);

For the moment, we can ignore the spacing between format specifiers.

Printing

To print a data type, use the following syntax:

```
printf("`format_specifier`", val)
```

For example, to print a *character* followed by a *double*:

char ch = 'd';

double d = 234.432; printf("%c

%lf", ch, d);

Note: You can also use *cin* and *cout* instead of *scanf* and *printf*; however, if you are taking a million numbers as input and printing a million lines, it is faster to use *scanf* and *printf*.

Input Format

Input consists of the following space-separated values: *int, long, char, float,* and *double,* respectively.

Output Format

Print each element on a new line in the same order it was received as input. Note that the floating point value should be correct up to 3 decimal places and the double to 9 decimal places.

Sample Input

240701008

3 a 334.23 12345678912345 14049.30493

Sample Output

3 12345678912345

а

334.230

14049.304930000

Explanation

Print int3,

followed by

long12345678912345, followed

by chara, followed by float334.23,

followed by double 14049.30493.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int i;long l;char a;float f;double d;
    scanf("%d %ld %c %f %lf",&i,&l,&a,&f,&d);
    printf("%d\n%c\n%.3f\n%.9lf",i,l,a,f,d);
    return 0;
}
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
Input	Expected	Got	
3 12345678912345	3	3	
а	12345678912345	12345678912345	
334.23 14049.30493	а	а	
	334.230	334.230	
	14049.304930000	14049.304930000	

240701008

Passed all tests!

Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 7.00

Question text

Write a program to print the <u>ASCII value</u> and the two adjacent characters of the given character.

Input

Ε

Output

69

DF

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)n

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    char a;
    scanf("%c",&a);
    printf("%d\n",a);
    printf("%c %c",a-1,a+1);
    return 0;
}
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
Е	69	69	
	DF	DF	

Passed all tests!