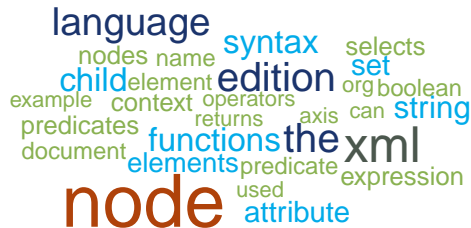


Introduction to Web Scraping with R

Scraping Multiple Pages



Simon Munzert | IPSDS

An advanced scraping scenario

Motivation

- until now, the toy examples were limited to single HTML pages
- often, we want to scrape data from multiple pages
- in such scenarios, automating the scraping process becomes **really** powerful
- also, the principles of polite scraping are more relevant

The scenario

Goal: examine download statistics of articles of the Journal of Statistical Software

- download HTML pages
- extract bibliometrical information

Tasks:

- identify relevant resources on <http://www.jstatsoft.org/>
- download HTML pages
- import them into R
- extract information via XPath



Scraping multiple pages with R

Step 1: Inspect the source

Procedure

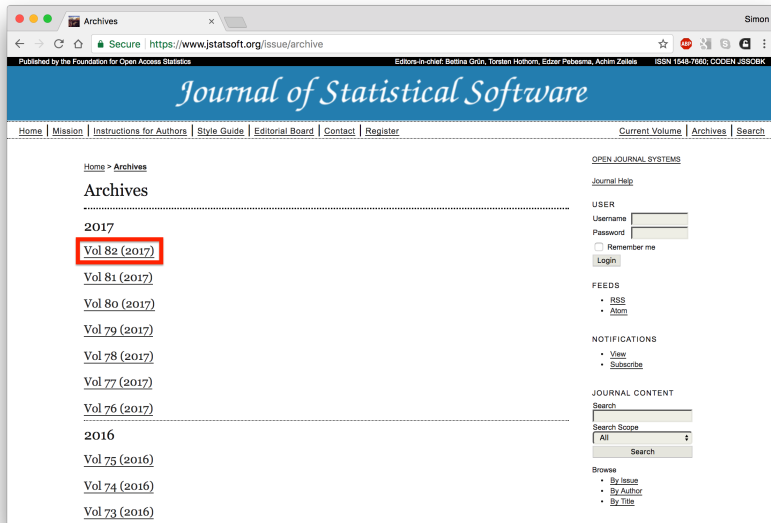
- source: <http://www.jstatsoft.org/>
- go to "Archives"



Step 1: Inspect the source

Procedure

- source: <http://www.jstatsoft.org/>
- go to "Archives"
- inspect the most recent volume



Step 1: Inspect the source

Procedure

- source: <http://www.jstatsoft.org/>
- go to "Archives"
- inspect the most recent volume
- inspect the first article

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the Journal of Statistical Software website. The browser's address bar shows the URL <https://www.jstatsoft.org/issue/view/v082>. The website header includes the journal title "Journal of Statistical Software" and navigation links such as Home, Mission, Instructions for Authors, Style Guide, Editorial Board, Contact, Register, Current Volume, Archives, and Search. The main content area is titled "Vol 82 (2017)" and "Table of Contents". Under the "Articles" section, the first article, "Enhancing Reproducibility and Collaboration via Management of R Package Cohorts" by Gabriel Becker, Cory Barr, Robert Gentleman, and Michael Lawrence, is highlighted with a red rectangular box. Other articles listed include "A Recipe for inference: Start with Causal Inference. Add Interference. Mix Well with R.", "Robust Standard Error Estimators for Panel Models: A Unifying Approach", "ThresholdROC: Optimum Threshold Estimation Tools for Continuous Diagnostic Tests in R", "tscount: An R Package for Analysis of Count Time Series Following Generalized Linear Models", "vdmR: Generating Web-Based Visual Data Mining Tools with R", "trackR: Infrastructure for Running and Cycling Data from GPS-Enabled Tracking Devices in R", "REBayes: An R Package for Empirical Bayes Mixture Methods", and "jmcM: An R Package for Joint Mean-Covariance Modeling of Longitudinal Data". The right sidebar contains sections for "OPEN JOURNAL SYSTEMS" (Journal Help, USER login), "FEEDS" (RSS, Atom), "NOTIFICATIONS" (View, Subscribe), and "JOURNAL CONTENT" (Search, Search Scope, Browse by Issue, Author, Title).

Step 1: Inspect the source

Procedure

- source: <http://www.jstatsoft.org/>
- go to "Archives"
- inspect the most recent volume
- inspect the first article

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v082i01>. The page is the article page for "Enhancing Reproducibility and Collaboration via Management of R Package Cohorts" by Gabriel Becker, Cory Barr, Robert Gentleman, and Michael Lawrence. The page includes a navigation bar with links like Home, Mission, Instructions for Authors, Style Guide, Editorial Board, Contact, and Register. The article abstract is visible, discussing the development of supporting software tools and the use of manifests. The page also lists supplements (source packages and replication materials) with download links and counts. The DOI is 10.18637/jss.v082.i01. The page is licensed under Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported License and GNU General Public License.

Enhancing Reproducibility and Collaboration via Management of R Package Cohorts

Authors: Gabriel Becker, Cory Barr, Robert Gentleman, Michael Lawrence

Title: Enhancing Reproducibility and Collaboration via Management of R Package Cohorts

Abstract: Science depends on collaboration, result reproduction, and the development of supporting software tools. Each of these requires careful management of software versions. We present a unified model for installing, managing, and publishing software contexts in R. It introduces the package manifest as a central data structure for representing version-specific, decentralized package cohorts. The manifest points to package sources on arbitrary hosts and in various forms, including tarballs and directories under version control. We provide a high-level interface for creating and switching between side-by-side package libraries derived from manifests. Finally, we extend package installation to support the retrieval of exact package versions as indicated by manifests, and to maintain provenance for installed packages. The provenance information enables the user to publish libraries or sessions as manifests, hence completing the loop between publication and deployment. We have implemented this model across three software packages, switchr, switchrGist and GRANBase, and have released the source code under the Artistic 2.0 license.

Page views:: 1821. Submitted: 2015-01-12. Published: 2017-11-29.

Paper: Enhancing Reproducibility and Collaboration via Management of R Package Cohorts [Download PDF](#) (Downloads: 533)

Supplements:

- switchr_0.12.6.tar.gz: R source package [Download](#) (Downloads: 18; 489KB)
- switchrGist_0.2.2.tar.gz: R source package [Download](#) (Downloads: 12; 2KB)
- GRANBase_1.6.5.tar.gz: R source package [Download](#) (Downloads: 10; 988KB)
- v82i01-replication.zip: Replication materials [Download](#) (Downloads: 15; 95KB)

DOI: [10.18637/jss.v082.i01](https://doi.org/10.18637/jss.v082.i01)

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Paper: Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported License
Code: GNU General Public License (at least one of version 2 or version 3) or a GPL-compatible license.

Step 1: Inspect the source

Procedure

- source: <http://www.jstatsoft.org/>
- go to "Archives"
- inspect the most recent volume
- inspect the first article
- inspect the page views element

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the article page for "Enhancing Reproducibility and Collaboration via Management of R Package Cohorts" on the Journal of Statistical Software website. The page includes the journal's header, navigation links, and article details. A context menu is open over the "Page views: 1821" element, with the "Inspect" option highlighted by a red arrow. The menu options are: Look Up "1821", Copy, Search Google for "1821", Print..., Inspect, Speech, and Services. The article details include the authors (Gabriel Becker, Cory Barr, Robert Gentleman, Michael Lawrence), the title, and the abstract. The page also lists supplements (switchr_0.12.6.tar, switchrGist_0.2.2, GRANBase_1.6.5, v08201-replication) and their download counts. The DOI is 10.18637/jss.v082.i01. The page is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported License.

Procedure

- [illegible]

Step 2: Develop a scraping strategy

Observations

- getting the information out of the table will be straightforward
- this applies to all articles (check other articles on a sample basis)
- what we need is the set of **URLs leading to all articles**

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- getting the information out of the table will be straightforward
- this applies to all articles (check other articles on a sample basis)
- what we need is the set of **URLs leading to all articles**

Inspecting the URLs

- the URL of the selected article looks as follows:
<https://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v082i01>
- we find out that the final part, [v082i01](#), always follows the same pattern:
`v<volume number>i<issue number>`

Step 2: Develop a scraping strategy

Let's try to construct the list of URLs from scratch

R code

```
1 baseurl <- "http://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v"
2 volurl <- paste0("0", seq(1, 78, 1))
3 volurl[1:9] <- paste0("00", seq(1, 9, 1))
4 brurl <- paste0("0", seq(1, 9, 1))
5 urls_list <- paste0(baseurl, volurl)
6 urls_list <- paste0(rep(urls_list, each = 9), "i", brurl)
7 urls_list[1:5]
[1] "http://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v001i01"
[2] "http://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v001i02"
[3] "http://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v001i03"
[4] "http://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v001i04"
[5] "http://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v001i05"
8 names <- paste0(rep(volurl, each = 9), "_", brurl, ".html")
9 names[1:5]
[1] "001_01.html" "001_02.html" "001_03.html" "001_04.html" "001_05.html"
```

end

Step 3: Download the files

Set working directory

R code

```
10 tempwd <- ("data/jstatsoftStats")
11 dir.create(tempwd)
12 setwd(tempwd)
```

end

Download pages

R code

```
13 folder <- "html_articles/"
14 dir.create(folder)
15 for (i in 1:length(urls_list)) {
16     if (!file.exists(paste0(folder, names[i]))) {
17         download.file(urls_list[i], destfile = paste0(folder, names[i]))
18         Sys.sleep(runif(1, 0, 1))
19     }
20 }
```

end

14/20

Step 3: Download the files

Check success

R code

```
21 list_files <- list.files(folder, pattern = "0.*")
22 list_files_path <- list.files(folder, pattern = "0.*", full.names = TRUE)
23 length(list_files)
```

```
[1] 666
```

end

Step 4: Import files and parse out information

Build loop

R code

```
24 authors <- character()
25 title <- character()
26 statistics <- character()
27 numViews <- numeric()
28 datePublish <- character()
29 for (i in 1:length(list_files_path)) {
30   html_out <- read_html(list_files_path[i])
31   table_out <- html_table(html_out, fill = TRUE)[[6]]
32   authors[i] <- table_out[1, 2]
33   title[i] <- table_out[2, 2]
34   statistics[i] <- table_out[4, 2]
35   numViews[i] <- statistics[i] %>% str_extract("[[:digit:]]+") %>% as.numeric()
36   datePublish[i] <- statistics[i] %>% str_extract("[[:digit:]]{4}-[[:digit:]]{2}-[[:digit:]]{2}.$") %>%
37     str_replace("\\\\.", "")
38 }
```

end

Step 4: Import files and parse out information

Inspect parsed data

R code

```
39 authors[1:3]
[1] "Ronald Barry"    "Jason Bond, George Michailides"    "Thomas Lumley"
40 title[1:2]
[1] "A Diagnostic to Assess the Fit of a Variogram Model to Spatial Data"
[2] "Homogeneity Analysis in Xlisp-Stat"
41 numViews[1:3]
[1] 5835 3939 4379
```

end

Construct data frame

R code

```
42 dat <- data.frame(authors = authors, title = title, numViews = numViews, datePublish =
datePublish)
43 dim(dat)
[1] 666    4
```

end

Step 5: Visualize data

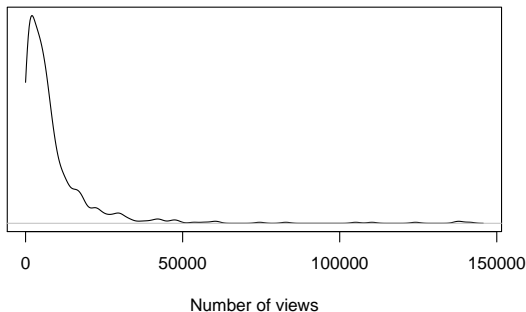
Density plot of download statistics

R code

```
44 plot(density(dat$numViews, from = 0), yaxt="n", ylab="", xlab="Number of views", main="
Distribution of article page views in JStatSoft")
```

end

Distribution of article page views in JStatSoft



Summary

Summary

- scraping data from multiple pages is no problem in R
- most of the brain work often goes into developing a scraping strategy and tidying the data, not into the actual downloading/scraping part
- scraping is also possible in even more complex scenarios, e.g., when HTML forms are involved or you have to take care of cookies or authentication
- this is beyond the scope of this course → check out the book for more applications



Source: Horia Varlan