In-fix to Post-fix converter and calculator

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I. Problem statement

The function of the program is to get an infix expression as input from the user and check whether it consists only of digits and operators or else print an incorrect message.

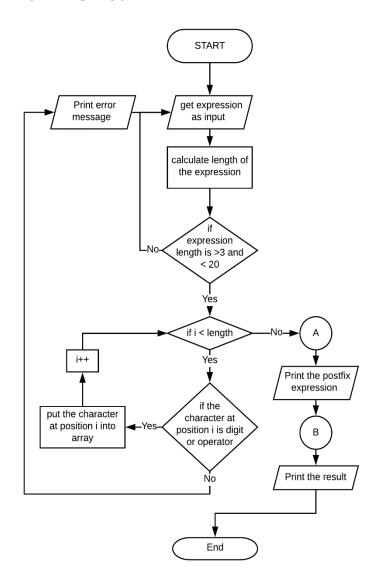
After checking for the correctness of the input, the infix expression must be converted to postfix expression and print it. Then the postfix expression needs to be evaluated and the result must be printed.

II. Analysis and Design

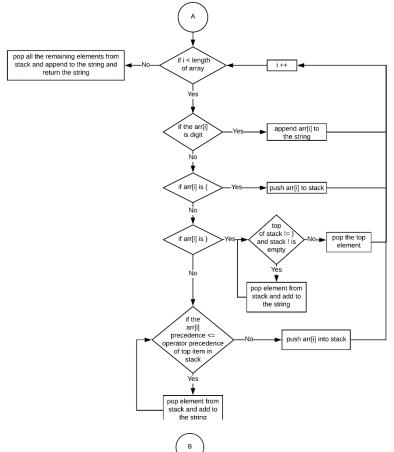
For the program I chose to have 2 separate functions to carry out the 2 different processes:

- postfix_convertor () to convert infix expression to postfix expression
- evaluate () to calculate the result using the postfix expression

a) Flowchart for main Method:

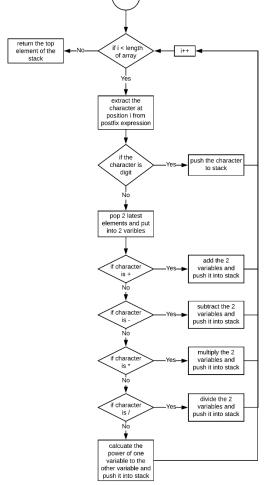


b) Flowchart for postfix_converter() method:



c) Flowchart method:

for evaluate()



There is also

that returns an operator that is so that 2 compared while popping and pushing into the stack.

another function operator_precedence () integer value for the sent in the arguments operators can be

III. Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class InfixToPostfix {
    // initializing scanner class
    public static Scanner obj= new Scanner(System.in);
    // initializing required class variables
    static int top = -1, top_evaluate = -1, size = 100;
    static char stack[] = new char[size];
    static double stack evaluate[] = new double[size];
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        // initializing required variables
        String input;
        int input_length;
        String postfix_expression = "";
        char current_character;
        boolean flag = false;
        while(flag != true) {
            System.out.println("Enter the Infix Expression");
            input = obj.next(); //getting input from user
            // computing the length of the input
            input length = input.length();
            // creating array to store characters of the input
            char arr[] = new char[input.length()];
            // checking the length of the expression
            if (input_length >= 3 && input_length <= 20)</pre>
                // for loop to put character from string into array
                for (int i = 0; i < input_length; i++) {</pre>
                current character = input.charAt(i);
                 // checking for the correctness of the expression
if (operator_precedence(current_character) != 0 ||
Character.isDigit(current_character) || current_character == '(' || current_character == ')') {
                    arr[i] = current_character;
                 } else {
                    flag = true;
                    break;
            } else flag = true;
            if (flag == false) {
                 // calling postfix converter function and storing it
                postfix expression = postfix converter(arr, input length);
                 System.out.println("Postfix Expression: " + postfix_expression);
                 // calling evaluate function and storing it
                 Double result = evaluate(postfix expression, postfix expression.length());
                 System.out.printf("Result = %.2f", result);
                 flag = true;
                // printing failure message for incorrect expression
                 System.out.println("Invalid input please try again");
                 flag = false;
postfix converter function get in the array and it's length as arguments and converts the
infix expression into postfix and returns as a string
   public static String postfix converter(char arr[], int input length) {
```

```
// initializing local variable
        String postfix = new String("");
        // loop to iterate through each elements in the array
        for (int i = 0; i<input length; i++) {</pre>
            // checking whether current element is a digit
            if (Character.isDigit(arr[i]))
                // appending it to the postfix string
                postfix += arr[i];
            // checking if the current element is (
            else if (arr[i] == '(')
                //appending it the string
                push(arr[i]);
            // checking for )
            else if (arr[i] == ')')
                // popping out all the elements before ( in the stack and appending it into string
                while (!isEmpty() && getTop() != '(')
                   postfix += pop();
                // discarding (
                 pop();
            else (
                // checking whether the operator precedence of the current element is less than of
that present on the top of the stack
                while (operator_precedence(arr[i]) <= operator_precedence(getTop()) )</pre>
                    \ensuremath{//} popping elements in the stack and adding it to string
                    postfix += pop();
                // if the operator precedence of the current element is greater than of that present
on the top of the stack the above while loop is skipped and current element is pushed
                push(arr[i]);
        // popping out all the elements from the stacks
        while(!isEmpty()) {
           postfix += pop();
        return postfix;
    // evaluate function gets postfix string and its length as arguments and return the evaluated
value of the expression
   public static double evaluate(String postfix, int length) {
        // initalizing local variables
        char c;
        double a,b;
        // loop to iterate through each character in the String
        for(int i=0; i< length; i++) {</pre>
            // checking for digits
            if (Character.isDigit(c))
                //pushing the digit into stack array
                push evaluate((double) (c - '0'));
            else {
                \ensuremath{//} popping last 2 elements and assigning the values to variables a and b if a
operator is detected
                a = pop evaluate();
                b = pop evaluate();
                // if the character is +, a and b are added and pushed back into the stack
                if (c == '+') {
                } else
                    // if the character is -, b and a are subtracted and pushed back into the stack
                    if (c == '-') {
                } else
                        // if the character is *, a and b are multiplied and pushed back into the
stack
                    if (c == '*') {
```

```
push evaluate(a*b);
                         // if the character is /, b and a are divided and pushed back into the stack
                    if (c == '/') {
                } else
                        // if the character is +, b to the power of a is calculated and pushed back
into the stack
                    if (c == '^') {
                    push_evaluate(Math.pow(b,a));
        // returning the calculated value
        return getTop evaluate();
    // operator precedence method gets operator as argument and return the precedence of the operator
    public static int operator_precedence(char operator) {
        int value = 0;
        if(operator == '^')
            // if the operator is ^ value 3 is returned
            value = 3;
        else if(operator == '*' || operator == '/')
            // if the operator is * or / value 2 is returned
            value = 2;
        else if(operator == '+' || operator == '-')
            // if the operator is + or - value 1 is returned
        return value;
    //push method pushes the element in the stack array
    public static void push(char item) {
        if(top > size-1 )
           System.out.println("Stack Overflow");
        else {
           top++;
            stack[top] = item;
    \ensuremath{//} pop element remove and returns the top element of the stack array
    public static char pop(){
        char item;
        if(top < 0 ) {
            System.out.println("Stack underflow");
            return ' ';
        }else {
            item = stack[top];
            stack[top] = ' ';
            top--;
            return item;
    // pop evaluate removes and return the top element of the stack evaluate array
    public static double pop evaluate() {
        double item;
        if(top evaluate < 0 ) {</pre>
            System.out.println("Stack underflow");
            return ' ';
        }else {
            item = stack_evaluate[top_evaluate];
stack[top_evaluate] = ' ';
            top evaluate--;
            return item;
    //push method pushes the element into stack evaluate array
    public static void push evaluate(double item) {
        if(top evaluate > size-1 )
            System.out.println("Stack Overflow");
```

```
else {
       top_evaluate++;
       stack_evaluate[top_evaluate] = item;
// getTop function returns the top value of stack array
public static char getTop(){
   if (top == -1)
       return ' ';
   else
       return stack[top];
//getTOP evaluate function returns the top value of stack evaluate array
public static double getTop_evaluate() {
   if (top_evaluate == -1)
       return ' ';
   return stack evaluate[top_evaluate];
\//\ \text{isEmpty} checks whether the stack array is empty
public static boolean isEmpty(){
  if (top==-1)
       return true;
   else
       return false;
```

IV. Testing

Scenario 1 - when the input is less than 3 or greater than 20:

```
Enter the Infix Expression

1+

Invalid input please try again

Enter the Infix Expression

2+9-8+2-3+9*7-9+1^7-(2+9-0)+1

Invalid input please try again

Enter the Infix Expression
```

Scenario 2 - When characters other than 0-9 and +, -, *, /, ^, (,) is entered:

```
Enter the Infix Expression

1+a-9=3$9-0^h*i

Invalid input please try again

Enter the Infix Expression
```

Scenario 3 - When correct expression is entered:

```
Enter the Infix Expression

2*7+8^9/3+(7+1)-7

Postfix Expression: 27*89^3/+71++7-

Result = 44739257.67

Process finished with exit code 0
```

```
Enter the Infix Expression

1+9-8*(3+4)-2/9

Postfix Expression: 19+834+*-29/-

Result = -46.22

Process finished with exit code 0
```

```
Enter the Infix Expression

(9-8)*3+9/8^7-9+2

Postfix Expression: 98-3*987^/+9-2+

Result = -4.00

Process finished with exit code 0
```

INPUT	Expected Output	Actual Output
1+	Invalid input please try again	Invalid input please try again
2+9-8+2-	Invalid input please try again	Invalid input please try again
3+9*7-9+1^7-		
(2+9-0)+1		
1+a-9=3\$9-	Invalid input please try again	Invalid input please try again
0^h*i		
2*7+8^9/3+(7+	Postfix Expression:	Postfix Expression:
1)-7	27*89^3/+71++7-	27*89^3/+71++7-
	Result = 44739257.67	Result = 44739257.67
1+9-8*(3+4)-2/9	Postfix Expression: 19+834+*-	Postfix Expression: 19+834+*-
	29/-	29/-
	Result = -46.22	Result = -46.22
(9-8)*3+9/8^7-	Postfix Expression:	Postfix Expression:
9+2	98-3*987^/+9-2+	98-3*987^/+9-2+
	Result = -4.00	Result = -4.00