Analysis of Main Influence Factors for Housing Prices

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Keywords: Housing price; Analysis of main influence factors; multiple linear regression

the main factors of influencing the housing prices. It tries to provide the valuable reference for the between housing prices and the influencing factors in the aspects of demand and supply, and identifies economy. Based on method of multiple linear regression analysis, this paper studies the relationship government to regulate the housing market effectively. which affects the life quality of urban residents and also affects the continued steady growth of national Abstract. Housing price problem is an important economic and social issue of widespread concern,

Introduction

becoming more and higher. The housing price is an extremely complex issue, to study the main of supply and demand. Together with the increased raw material prices and costs, the house price is housing price is the key in the real estate industry. The housing price level is not only related to the to promote the sustainable and healthy development of the residential real estate market. influence factors and to find out the change rules have important theoretical and practical significance recent years, due to the cyclical and regional real estate development, there is imbalance in the market living standards of the masses, but also related to the global economic development. However, in The modern real estate industry has become a pillar industry of Chinese national economy, and the

selected. Liu [6] reviewed and summarized the latest research on foreign housing price factors from the economic factor, the real estate factor, transportation environmental factor, the expected factor are software to analyze the factor analysis from the original data. Then four representative factors, i.e., real estate industry has entered the commercialization stage. Guo and Wang [4] established a dynamic that the housing market has always maintained a good momentum of development since the Chinese and urban and rural incomes are four main influence factors for the housing price. Xue [3] pointed out used the EBA (extreme bounds analysis) model to explore the "robustness" factors which influence the rates and housing price. Li studied the panel data of 30 provinces and cities from 2000 to 2011, and main influence factors. She also pointed out that China's real housing prices have been gradually rising. perspective of supply-demand balance, and the related literature was summarized in terms of land, variables. Li [5] selected some important indexes which influence housing prices, and used statistical is a long-term equilibrium relationship between housing prices and the housing supply and demand econometrics model to analyze the main influence factors for housing prices, and pointed out that there housing prices. The conclusion is drawn that the land price, the cost of completion housing, population from 1998 to 2008, and the results indicated that there is a co-integration relationship between interest Guo and Yuan [2] studied the interactions relationship between real estate market and interest rates factor analysis method to analyze twelve influence factors for housing price, and finally selected two income, tax, financial, location and other domestic achievement. Many scholars presented some valuable results on the study of housing price. Zhao [1] used the

main factors of influencing the housing prices and to provide the valuable reference for the government influencing factors based on method of multiple linear regression analysis. The aim is to find out the to regulate the housing market effectively. Based on existing results, this paper studies the relationship between housing price and its

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Changes in supply and demand are the direct factors for the housing price change. Now we list some factors which influence supply and demand of houses.

For the demand, the following influence factors are given.

- A_1 Sales area of resident. Sales area of resident will affect the housing price to a certain extent. Take the related data of real estate market in Wuhan City as an example, by analyzing the historical data of sales area of resident and completed residential area in 2004-2014 in Wuhan City, it can be seen that sales area of resident is approximately equal to completed residential area every year.
- A_2 Per-capita income. Increase in per-capita income will cause the rise of housing prices to from two aspects. On the one hand, increase in per-capita income is inseparable from economic development, and economic development means investment, production and business activities, etc. become active, thus the demand for shopping malls, factories, offices, etc. are increasing, which bring to the rise in house prices. On the other hand, rising incomes and improved living standards will bring to higher living standards for people.
- A_3 Quantity of urban population. Quantity of urban population plays a tremendous influence affect on housing price. The influence can be divided into two categories. The first one is direct influence, i.e., Higher quantity of urban population will bring to higher demand of house. The second one is the indirect influence, i.e., higher quantity of urban population will bring to higher demand of house.
- A_4 Bank Rate. Interest rate affects housing prices from the aspects of supply and demand. First, from the aspect of supply, the interest rate reflects the cost of funds, and it directly affects the total cost of development. When interest rates rise, the cost of funds directly leads to higher prices.
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Housing Cost. Under certain circumstances that the supply and demand is fixed, the rising of land and construction materials are important factors in driving up housing prices. As land resources are limited, so the changes of housing price will not cause a large change in supply elasticity.

For the supply, the following influence factors are given.

Price level. The main indie of the price level is the consumer price index (the CPI), which is a reflection of the residents to purchase and relative number of trends and changes in volatility. The index covers all types of consumer prices, both urban and rural residents daily needs, but also includes a variety of people's lives are closely related to the price of services.

The gross domestic product (GDP). GDP refers to the final results of production activities of a country (or region) at market prices in a given period. GDP growth was accompanied by the rise of the whole society investment, and indirectly affects the rate change.

Completed residential area, which represents the supply of real estate in that year. The sales area increased, and the need for more people to buy a house. When the completed residential area reduces or the sales area increases, this means demand exceeds supply, thus the housing prices rises.

Quantitative Analysis of Main Influence Factors for Housing Prices

In this section, we present a quantitative analysis model based on multiple linear regression to find out the main influence factors for housing prices.

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + \mathbf{L} + a_k x^k (k = 1, 2, \mathbf{L}, n)$$
(1)

where y denotes the housing price, and x_1, x_2, \mathbf{L} , x_k denotes the influence factors for housing prices such as per-capita income, quantity of urban population, bank rate, and so on, a_0 is a constant, a_1, a_2, \mathbf{L} , a_k are the regression coefficients, and b is a regression remainder.

Now we take the related data of real estate market in Wuhan City as an example to make an empirical analysis from the aspects of demand and supply respectively. The relative data are listed in Table 1.

Table 1. The related data of demand factors in Wuhan City

Year	Housing Price (Yuan)	A ₁ (10 ⁴ Square meters)	A ₂ (Yuan)	A ₃ (Million)	A ₄ (%)
2004	2463	614	9564	785	6.1
2005	2986	834	10850	801	6.2
2006	3535	909	12360	819	6.8
2007	6	1070	14358	828	7.2
2008	4681	683	16712	833	7.9
2009	5199	1041	18385	836	7.6
2010	5550	1095	20806	837	5.4
2011	6676	1085	23738	827	6.2
2012	6895	1693	27061	822	6.7
2013	7238	1750	29821	822	6.2
2014	7806	1979	33270	827	6.2

Here we use the software of SPSS to calculate the model (1), the results are given in Table 2. Table 2. The calculating result

Model	Quadratic sum	Df	Mean square	F	Sig.	
	Regression	31493156.4	4			
Choose A_1 to A_4	Residual	518997.9	6	91.021	$.000^{a}$	
	Total	32012154.4	10			
	Regression	31123222.6	3			
Not choose A_3	Residual	888931.8	7	137.7	.000	
	Total	32012154.4	10			
	Regression	31490893.883	3		.000 ^a	
Not choose A_3	Residual	521260.6	7	140.9		
	Total	32012154.4	10			
	Regression	31478591.3	3	137.7	$.000^{a}$	
Not choose A_1	Residual	533563.06	7			
	Total	32012154.4	10			
	Regression	28295799.6	3			
Not choose A_2	Residual	3716354.9	7	17.8	$.001^{a}$	
	Total	32012154.4	10			

From Table 2, we can see that the Model 3 is optimal among five models, where R = 0.992 and $R^2 = 0.984$. The adjustable R^2 is $R^2 = 0.977$, which means the fitting degree of regression model on the sample observations is better for Model 3. The value of D-W is 2.181, which means the independence between model variables is higher, and there is no multiple linear relationship among all variables. In addition, in model 3, F = 140.964, P = 0.000, which means the regression model 3 is remarkable, and the relative variable values are obtained as follows.

 a_0 =-13599.8, a_1 =0.215, a_2 =-0.226, a_3 =18.073.

Thus we can obtain the following functional relationship.

Housing price= $-13599.816+0.215\times Per$ -capita income- $0.226\times Sales$ area of resident+ $18.073\times Quantity$ of urban population.

Moreover, for the supply factors, we give following similar analytical method.

Table 3. The related data of supply factors in Wuhan City

Year	Total fixed investment (billion yuan)	Housing Price (Yuan)	Residential investment (Billion yuan)	Completed residential area (Thousands square meters)	GDP (Billion yuan)	СРІ
2004	822.2	2462.7	613.9	613.9	151.2	103. 3
2005	1055.2	2986.2	834.2	834.2	249.1	102. 7
2006	1325. 3	3535.3	908.9	908.9	321.3	101. 4
2007	1732. 8	4515.8	1069.9	1069.9	483.1	104. 1
2008	2252. 1	4680.5	683.2	683.2	319.8	105. 7
2009	3001.1	5198.5	1041.4	1041.4	541.4	99. 4
2010	3753.2	5550.0	1095.2	1095.2	606.0	103.6
2011	4255.2	6675.9	1085.3	1085.3	654.3	105.2
2012	5031.3	6895.4	1692.7	1692.7	858.2	102.8
2013	6001.96	7238.0	1749.7	1749.7	896.7	102.4
2014	7002.9	7806.0	1978.9	1978.9	1316.0	101.6

We also use the software of SPSS to calculate the models, then we have

Housing price= $-8383.912+3.562\times$ Residential investment $+3.876\times$ Completed residential area $+1.023\times$ GDP+ $76.910\times$ CPI.

Conclusions

This paper gives the quantitative analysis of the influential factors for the housing prices, and obtains the following conclusions. (1) In many influential factors for the housing prices, Per-capita income, Sales area of resident and Quantity of urban population are the main influential factors for the housing prices. This is from the aspect of demand. In the aspect of supply, Residential investment, Completed residential area and GDP are the main influential factors for the housing prices. Therefore, the management department in government can take some measures to control the housing prices from these main influential factors, and make the real estate market healthy functioning properly.

Acknowledgments

This work is supported by the Natural Science Foundation of Hubei Province (No.2014CFC1096), and the 2014 Key Project of Hubei Provincial Department of Education (No.D20142903).

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