# Permuted Arithmetic Sequence

An arithmetic sequence is a list of values where the difference between consecutive values is always the same. For example, 3, 7, 11, 15 qualifies and so does 25, 15, 5, -5, -15. However 2, 4, 7 and 3, 6, 9, 6 are not arithmetic sequences.

## Input

Input begins with an integer,  $1 \le n \le 100$ , on a line by itself. Following this are n lines, each describing a sequence. Each line begins with an integer,  $3 \le m \le 100$ , giving the length of the sequence. This is followed by the m integer values that actually make up the sequence. Each of the sequence integers is in the range  $[-10^6, 10^6]$ .

#### Output

For each sequence, output a line that says "arithmetic" if the sequence is an arithmetic sequence. Output "permuted arithmetic" if the sequence can be reordered to make an arithmetic sequence. Otherwise, output "non-arithmetic".

## Sample Input 1

#### 3 5 1 2 3 4 5 3 20 6 13 4 5 9 15 19

## Sample Output 1

arithmetic
permuted arithmetic
non-arithmetic

**Problem ID:** 

permutedarithmeticsequenc

CPU Time limit: 1 second

Memory limit: 1024 MB

Difficulty: 2.1

**Author(s):** David Sturgill **Source:** Baylor Competitive Learning course

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