# rubiktest-projectname

Release 0.1.0

rubiktest-authorname

## **CONTENTS:**

1 Indices and tables 7

Smá meira testing test. Hér verður flott síða. lj lkjlkjlkj. asdf adsfasdf.

Since Pythagoras, we know that  $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ .

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0 \tag{1}$$

Euler's identity, equation (1), was elected one of the most beautiful mathematical formulas.

$$\underline{x} = [x_1, ..., x_n]^T$$

Setjum  $b_y = -6b_x$  inn og fáum:

$$9 = \sqrt{b_x^2 + b_y^2}$$

$$9 = \sqrt{b_x^2 + b_y^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{b_x^2 + (-6b_x)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{b_x^2 + 36b_x^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{37b_x^2}$$

$$= b_x \sqrt{37}$$

$$b_x = \frac{9}{\sqrt{37}} \approx 1.480$$

$$b_y = -6b_x = \frac{-54}{\sqrt{37}} \approx -8.878$$

Vigur sem er samsíða  $\overline{a} = (-1, 6)$  og hefur lengdina 9 er því

$$\bar{b} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{\sqrt{37}} \\ \frac{-54}{\sqrt{37}} \end{pmatrix}$$

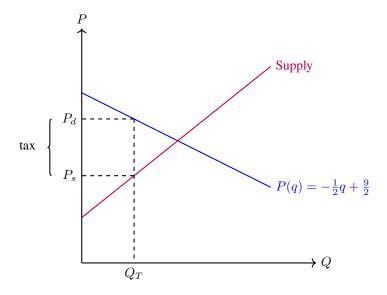
### Dæmi og lausn

Hér er dæmi og lausn

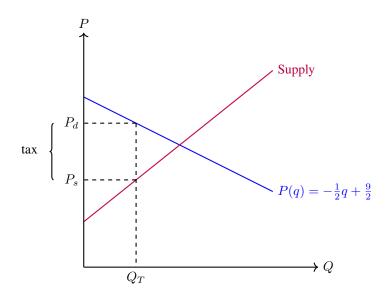
#### Annað dæmi og lausn sem er hægt að opna og loka

Hér er annað dæmi og lausn

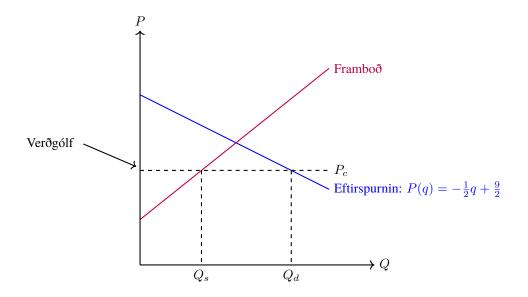
#### Dæmi og lausn



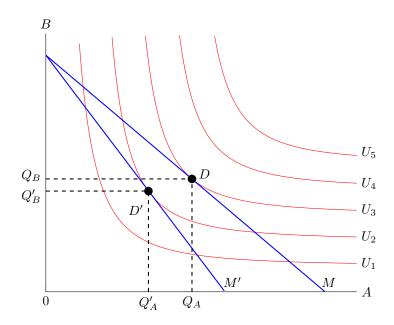
test.tex



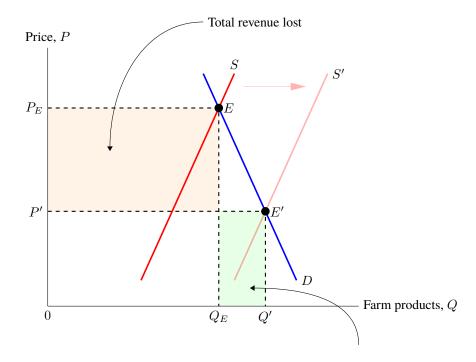
Verðgólf inn í RST



test2.tex



test3.tex



Total revenue gained

 $test\_table.tex$ 

| level | dof              | error                |
|-------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1     | 4                | 0.25                 |
| 2     | 16               | $6.25 \cdot 10^{-2}$ |
| 3     | 64               | $1.56 \cdot 10^{-2}$ |
| 4     | 256              | $3.91 \cdot 10^{-3}$ |
| 5     | $1,\!024$        | $9.77 \cdot 10^{-4}$ |
| 6     | 4,096            | $2.44 \cdot 10^{-4}$ |
| 7     | $16,\!384$       | $6.10 \cdot 10^{-5}$ |
| 8     | $65,\!536$       | $1.53 \cdot 10^{-5}$ |
| 9     | $2.62\cdot 10^5$ | $3.81 \cdot 10^{-6}$ |
| 10    | $1.05\cdot 10^6$ | $9.54 \cdot 10^{-7}$ |

test\_table2.tex

| level | dof                 | error                |
|-------|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1     | $6.55 \cdot 10^{8}$ | 0.25                 |
| 2     | 16                  | $6.25 \cdot 10^{-2}$ |
| 3     | 64                  | $1.56 \cdot 10^{-2}$ |
| 4     | 256                 | $3.91 \cdot 10^{-3}$ |
| 5     | 1,024               | $9.77 \cdot 10^{-4}$ |
| 6     | 4,096               | $2.44 \cdot 10^{-4}$ |
| 7     | 16,384              | $6.10 \cdot 10^{-5}$ |
| 8     | $65,\!536$          | $1.53 \cdot 10^{-5}$ |
| 9     | $2.62\cdot 10^5$    | $3.81 \cdot 10^{-6}$ |
| 10    | $1.05\cdot 10^6$    | $9.54\cdot 10^{-7}$  |

Euler's identity, equation (1), was elected one of the most

| Header 1 | Header 2 |
|----------|----------|
| 1        | one      |
| 1,5      | test     |
| 2        | two      |

### **CHAPTER**

## ONE

# **INDICES AND TABLES**

- genindex
- modindex
- search