# Incivility and Representation Abbildungen und Tabellen

2025-06-20

Datenbericht

Population of representatives contacted

population (total) representatives no contact details
6,424 652 (10.1 per cent)

# $R\ddot{u}cklaufquote$

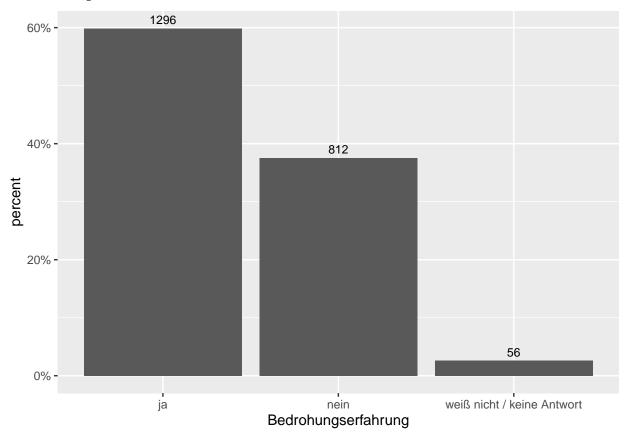
Response (total)	Fully completed	partially completed	Net response rate	Response rate
2,590	2,164	426	33.3%	39.8%

#### Anteile UVs

variable	true	missing	false
kommunikative Bedrohung	53%	40.3%	6.7%
physische Bedrohung	49.8%	40.2%	10%
rassifizierte Gruppe	8.8%	_	91.2%
weiblich oder divers	39.2%	1.3%	59.5%
niedrigere Schichtzugehörigkeit	14.6%	_	85.4%
n: 5			

<sup>\*</sup> Berechnung der Anteilswerte mit Gewichtung

# Threat experiences



Threat experiences by sex, class, migration background

label	variable	threat experience			· Total
iabei	variable	no	weiß nicht / keine Antwort	yes	· IOIAI
	female	352(38%)	27(3%)	538(59%)	917(43%)
cov	male	450(37%)	28(2%)	728(60%)	1206(56%)
sex	nonbinary	1(12%)	0(0%)	7(88%)	8(0.4%)
	other	2(40%)	0(0%)	3(60%)	5(0.2%)
migration back-	no	695(38%)	43(2%)	1098(60%)	1836(86%)
ground	yes	100(35%)	13(5%)	175(61%)	288(14%)
	hoch	264(36%)	14(2%)	454(62%)	732(35%)
class	mittel	420(41%)	26(3%)	581(57%)	1027(49%)
	niedrig	101(32%)	9(3%)	209(66%)	319(15%)

# Bedrohungserfahrung nach Partei

	threat experience		
	don't know / no response	no	yes
party			
AfD	2 (2.8%)	4 (5.6%)	65 (91.5%)
Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	20 (3.2%)	259 (42.0%)	338 (54.8%)
CDU	7 (1.9%)	153 (42.6%)	199 (55.4%)
CSU	1 (3.3%)	15 (50.0%)	14 (46.7%)
Die Linke	5 (2.9%)	51 (30.0%)	114 (67.1%)
FDP	1 (0.9%)	43 (39.8%)	64 (59.3%)
Freie Wähler	0 (0%)	12 (41.4%)	17 (58.6%)
Piratenpartei	1 (12.5%)	2 (25.0%)	5 (62.5%)
SPD	13 (2.3%)	192 (33.4%)	369 (64.3%)
Unabhängige Kandidatur, keine Partei/Wählerliste	1 (4.2%)	8 (33.3%)	15 (62.5%)

	Verhaltensänderung		Total
	ja	nein	TOTAL
Bedrohungserfahrung			
ja	32.3%(418)	67.7%(878)	61.5%(1296)
nein	26.6%(216)	73.4%(596)	38.5%(812)
Total	30.1%(634)	69.9%(1474)	100.0%(2108)

# Expected and experienced threats and behavioral change

label	variable	Verhaltensänderung			
labei	variable	no	yes		
Redrohund	no serfahrung	84.2%(720)	15.8%(135)		
Dedictioning	yes	80.4%(1042)	19.6%(254)		
kommunika		94.0%(141)	6.0%(9)		
Bedrohung	yes	78.4%(888)	21.6%(244)		
physische	no	80.8%(177)	19.2%(42)		
Bedrohung	yes	80.3%(855)	19.7%(210)		

Figure 2: Threat experience and implications for representation

```
## New names:
## * `FALSE` -> `FALSE...3`
## * `TRUE` -> `TRUE...4`
## * `FALSE` -> `FALSE...5`
## * `TRUE` -> `TRUE...6`
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data: m[1:2, 1:2]
## X-squared = 28.246, df = 1, p-value = 1.068e-07
   Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data: m[3:4, 1:2]
## X-squared = 23.077, df = 1, p-value = 1.557e-06
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: m[1:2, 3:4]
## X-squared = 19.208, df = 1, p-value = 1.172e-05
##
   Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: m[3:4, 3:4]
## X-squared = 7.2755, df = 1, p-value = 0.00699
```

```
table_data %>%
 as_flextable(show_coltype = FALSE) %>%
 merge_at(i = 1:2, j = 1) %>%
 merge_at(i = 3:4, j = 1) %>%
 set_header_labels(
    values = c(
     `threat_type` = "",
     `threat` = "",
      FALSE...3 = "no",
      TRUE...4 = "yes",
     `FALSE...5` = "no",
     `TRUE...6` = "yes"
   )
 ) %>%
  add_header_row(
   top = TRUE,
   values = c("", "", "certainty to stay", "avoid topics"),
   colwidths = c(1,1, 2,2)
 ) %>%
 hline(i = 2) %>%
 flextable::align(i = 1:2, j = 3:6, align = "center", part = "header") %>%
 fix_border_issues(part = "all") %>%
 hline_bottom(part = "footer") %>%
 add footer lines("* Value in brackets: Weighted number of cases")
```

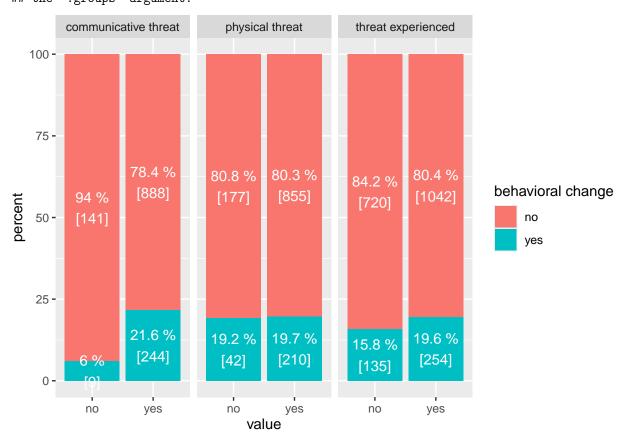
		certa	certainty to stay		oid topics
		no	yes	no	yes
	no/missing	7.1% (71.8)	92.9% (946.1)	93% (946.2)	7% (71.7)
communicative threat	yes	14.3% (163.6)	85.7% (982.6)	87.2% (999.1)	12.8% (147)
	no/missing	7.6% (82.9)	92.4% (1003.6)	91.7% (996.2)	8.3% (90.4)
physical threat	yes	14.1% (152.5)	85.9% (925)	88.1% (949.2)	11.9% (128.3)

	certainty to stay		avoid topics	
	no	yes	no	yes
n: 4				
* Value in brackets: Weighted number of cases				

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'behavioral change'. You can override using
## the `.groups` argument.
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'behavioral change'. You can override using
```

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'behavioral change'. You can override using
## the `.groups` argument.

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'behavioral change'. You can override using
## the `.groups` argument.



## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'considering exit'. You can override using
## the `.groups` argument.

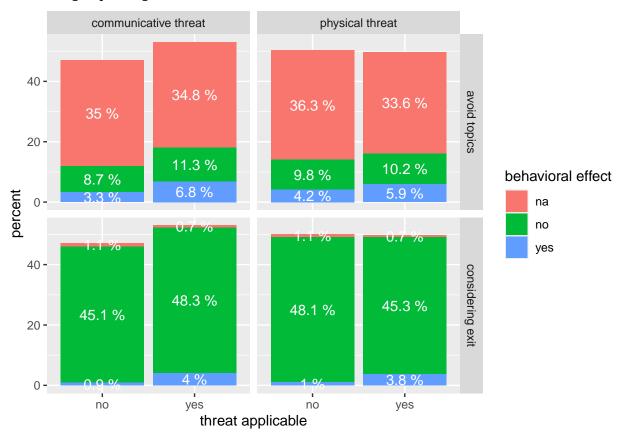


Tabelle 13: Behavioral Change by Group

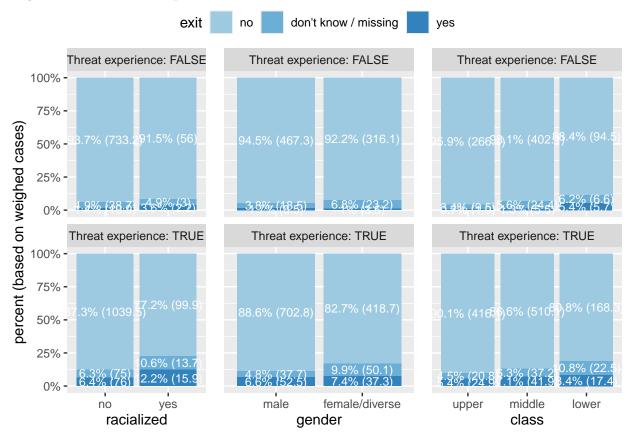
label	variable	behavioral change			
iabei	variable	no	yes		
	female	574 (62.6%)	343 (37.4%)		
sex	male	899 (74.5%)	307 (25.5%)		
	nonbinary	10 (76.9%)	3 (23.1%)		
migration back-	no	1287 (70.1%)	549 (29.9%)		
ground	yes	190 (66.0%)	98 (34.0%)		
	high	514 (70.2%)	218 (29.8%)		
class	low	206 (64.6%)	113 (35.4%)		
	medium	723 (70.4%)	304 (29.6%)		

```
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), v =
## as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
## Warning in cor.test.default(x = as.numeric(kommrep loc lm[[ivar]]), y =
## as.numeric(kommrep_loc_lm[[depvar]]), : Cannot compute exact p-value with ties
```

	certainty to stay	avoid topics
Communicative threat	-0.09***	0.11***
Physical threat	-0.1***	0.04
Racialised group	-0.08***	0.01

	cortainty to stay	avoid topics			
	certainty to stay	avoid topics			
Female or diverse	-0.06**	0.08***			
Class	-0.11***	-0.01			
Primary Topic: Migration	-0.03	-0.01			
Primary Topic: Gender	-0.05*	0.04*			
Primary Topic: Class	0.02	-0.02			
n: 8					
* p < 0.5, ** p > .01, *** p > .001					

Figure 3: Certain descriptive characteristics and consider exit



```
A \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(1772.7 + 113.7, 155.9 + 16.7, 86.9, 18.1), ncol = 2, nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
B \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(1170.1 + 56.3, 734.8 + 73.3, 61, 40.8), ncol = 2, nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
C \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(682.2 + 30.2 + 912.2 + 61.6, 262.8 + 29.1, 26.9 + 47.4, 23.1), \text{ncol} = 2, \text{nrow} = 2, \text{byrow} = TRUE)
chisq.test(A) # X-squared = 8.6785, df = 1, p-value = 0.00322 /
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: A
## X-squared = 8.6785, df = 1, p-value = 0.00322
chisq.test(B) \# X-squared = 1.7035e-27, df = 1, p-value = 1
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: B
## X-squared = 1.7035e-27, df = 1, p-value = 1
chisq.test(C) # X-squared = 5.1139, df = 1, p-value = 0.02373
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: C
## X-squared = 5.1139, df = 1, p-value = 0.02373
A \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(1772.7, 155.9, 86.9 + 113.7, 18.1 + 16.7), ncol = 2, nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
B \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(1170.1, 734.8, 61 + 56.3, 40.8 + 73.3), ncol = 2, nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
C \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(682.2 + 30.2 + 912.2 + 61.6, 262.8, 26.9 + 47.4, 23.1 + 29.1), \text{ncol} = 2, \text{nrow} = 2, \text{byrow} = TRUE)
chisq.test(A) # X-squared = 8.6785, df = 1, p-value = 0.00322 /
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: A
## X-squared = 10.9, df = 1, p-value = 0.0009617
```

```
chisq.test(B) # X-squared = 1.7035e-27, df = 1, p-value = 1

##

## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction

##

## data: B

## X-squared = 9.4852, df = 1, p-value = 0.002071

chisq.test(C) # X-squared = 5.1139, df = 1, p-value = 0.02373

##

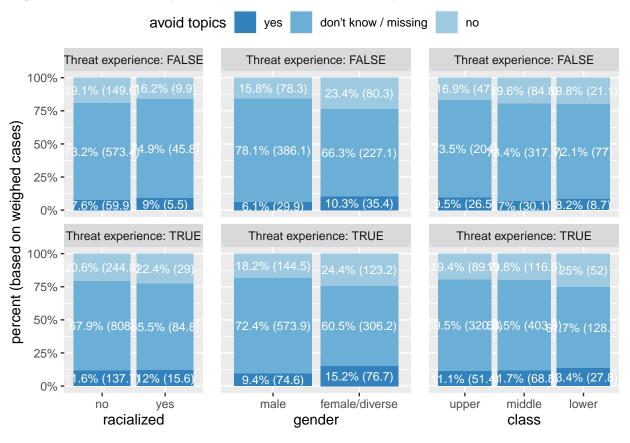
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction

##

## data: C

## X-squared = 69.074, df = 1, p-value < 2.2e-16</pre>
```

Figure 4: Certain descriptive characteristics and avoid topics



```
A \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(394.4 + 1381.4, 38.9 + 130.6, 197.6, 21.1), ncol = 2, nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
B \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(222.8 + 960, 203.5 + 533.2, 104.6, 112.1), \text{ncol} = 2, \text{nrow} = 2, \text{byrow} = \text{TRUE})
C \leftarrow \text{matrix}(c(136.7+524.8+201+3+721, 37.1+205.4, 77.8+98.9, 36.5), \text{ncol} = 2, \text{nrow} = 2, \text{byrow} = \text{TRUE})
chisq.test(A) # X-squared = 0.11328, df = 1, p-value = 0.7364
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: A
## X-squared = 0.11328, df = 1, p-value = 0.7364
chisq.test(B) # X-squared = 13.942, df = 1, p-value = 0.0001886
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: B
## X-squared = 13.942, df = 1, p-value = 0.0001886
chisq.test(C) # X-squared = 2.0975, df = 1, p-value = 0.1475
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
## data: C
## X-squared = 2.0975, df = 1, p-value = 0.1475
```

#### Bivariate Korrelationen

	Rückzugsgedanken	Themenvermeidung
kommunikative Inzivilität	0.08** (n=1199)	0.11*** (n=1282)
physische Inzivilität	0.16*** (n=1201)	0.04 (n=1284)
migrantisierte Gruppe	0.08*** (n=2033)	0.01 (n=2164)
weiblich oder divers	0.01 (n=2006)	0.08*** (n=2136)
niedrigere Schichtzugehörigkeit	-0.07** (n=1956)	-0.01 (n=2078)
n: 5		
* p < 0.5, ** p < .01, *** p < .001		

Table 12: Deskriptive Repräsentation: Rückzugsgedanken

	A	В	C
kommunikative Inzivilität	0.758 (0.376)*	0.839 (0.384)*	0.761 (0.410)
physische Inzivilität	1.942 (0.400)***	1.881 (0.417)***	1.479 (0.461)**
migrantisierte Gruppe (Ref. nein)		$0.585 \; (0.316)$	$0.599 \ (0.337)$
weiblich oder divers (Ref. nein)		$0.367 \ (0.232)$	$0.304 \ (0.258)$
AfD (Ref. other)			$0.694 \ (0.446)$
SPD			$-0.364 \ (0.342)$
B'90/Grüne			$-0.518 \ (0.356)$
LINKE			$0.132\ (0.417)$
Age			-1.724 (0.626)**
(Intercept)	-3.974 (0.352)***	-4.462 (0.428)***	-3.234 (0.557)***
Num.Obs.	1193	1174	1080
AIC	602.3	590.9	542.7
BIC	617.5	631.4	607.5
Log.Lik.	-298.134	-287.438	-258.363
F	16.119		
RMSE	0.26	0.25	0.25

#### Anhänge Rücklaufquote nach Parteien

party	participants	total	rate
AfD	71	373	19.03
Bündnis 90/Die Grünen	617	1,033	59.73
CDU	359	1,364	26.32
CSU	30	129	23.26
Die Linke	170	449	37.86

party	participants	total	rate
FDP	108	333	32.43
SPD	574	1,485	38.65
other	235	1,259	18.67
TOTAL	2,164	6,425	33.68

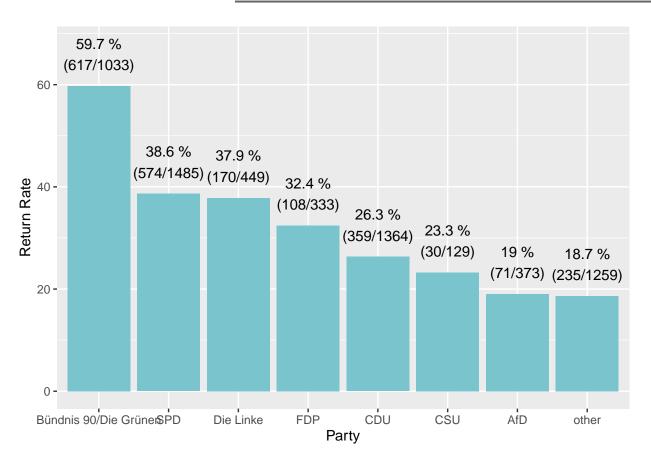


Table 13: Regression results: Muted substantial representation

	A	В	$\mathbf{C}$	D
Communicative threat	1.172 (0.303)***	1.252 (0.325)***	1.323 (0.330)***	1.327 (0.330)***
Physical threat	$0.342 \ (0.324)$	$0.279 \ (0.355)$	$0.368 \; (0.363)$	$0.377 \ (0.364)$
Racialized group (Ref. no)				$-0.095 \ (0.316)$
Female or diverse (Ref. no)			0.566 (0.193)**	0.565 (0.193)**
AfD (Ref. other)		$-0.125 \ (0.433)$	-0.095 (0.440)	-0.095 (0.440)
SPD		$-0.261 \ (0.245)$	-0.360 (0.249)	$-0.354 \ (0.250)$
B'90/Grüne		-0.239 (0.250)	-0.400 (0.258)	$-0.396 \ (0.258)$
LINKE		$0.075 \ (0.319)$	$-0.156 \ (0.338)$	$-0.153 \ (0.338)$
Age		-1.347 (0.457)**	-1.238 (0.464)**	-1.258 (0.468)**
(Intercept)	-3.058 (0.282)***	-2.355 (0.402)***	-2.642 (0.440)***	-2.636 (0.440)***
Num.Obs.	1274	1166	1152	1152
AIC	909.8	835.0	823.4	825.3
BIC	925.2	875.5	884.0	890.9
Log.Lik.	-451.899	-409.520	-399.697	-399.652
F	8.638	4.119	3.623	3.326
RMSE	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32