Table 1. The Optimal Solutions to the CAB dataset, 10&25 Nodes

| n ⁽¹⁾ | p ⁽²⁾ | $\alpha^{(3)}$ | Optimal solution | Selected Hubs |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------|
| | 2 | 0.2 | 491.93 | 6,4,7 |
| CAB10* | 3 | 0.8 | 716.98 | 4,7,9 |
| CAB10. | 5 | 0.2 | 312.99 | 6,3,4,7,8 |
| | | 0.8 | 608.14 | 4,6,7,8,1 |
| | 3 | 0.2 | 767.35 | 4,12,17 |
| CAB25 | 3 | 0.8 | 1158.83 | 4,12,2 |
| | 5 | 0.2 | 538.37 | 4,12,7,14,17 |
| | | 0.8 | 1034.10 | 4,12,1,7,18 |

^{*}just for information-no need to report the results for this problem

Table 2. The Optimal Solutions to the TR dataset, 55&81 Nodes

| n ⁽¹⁾ | p ⁽²⁾ | $\alpha^{(3)}$ | Optimal solution | Hubs |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| TR55 — | 3 | 0.2 | 592.64 | 19,4,30 |
| | | 0.8 | 853.35 | 4,30,1 |
| | 5 | 0.2 | 432.19 | 1,4,15,26,33 |
| | | 0.8 | 778.79 | 1,4,33,17,30 |
| TR81 – | 5 | 0.2 | 501.85 | 80,6,12,45,34 |
| | | 0.8 | 824.55 | 1,3,58,6,41 |
| | 7 | 0.2 | 420.99 | 1,21,3,6,52,35,34 |
| | | 0.8 | 785.28 | 1,46,3,60,6,41,23 |

Table 3. The Optimal Solutions to Randomly Generated Problems, 100&130 Nodes

| n ⁽¹⁾ | p ⁽²⁾ | $\alpha^{(3)}$ | Optimal/Best solution | Hubs |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| RGP100 - | 7 | 0.2 | 1231.5475 | 48,58,68,49,39,26,30 |
| | | 0.8 | 1418.4558 | 58,15,19,22,35,76,86 |
| | 10 | 0.2 | 1179.352 | 58,65,64,85,73,26,17,12,15,45 |
| | 10 | 0.8 | 1408.2039 | 58,11,15,20,23,24,35,61,76,86 |
| RGP130 - | 7 | 0.2 | 1252.5747 | 11,76,93,114,10,127,48 |
| | | 0.8 | 1433.9036 | 87,3,9,31,29,80,70, |
| | 10 | 0.2 | 1211.189 | 46,122,103,90,74,9,21,111,109,80 |
| | 10 | 0.8 | 1414.3538 | 87,7,41,46,52,53,83,103,110,120, |

^{(1):} Number of nodes;(2):Number of hubs;(3)Discount factor