HowTo Get data from the EUROSTAT

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1 Introduction

To make reproducible reports from the EUROSTAT data, I will explore the possibility to download data from their repository. They provide data in different formats, with footnotes and labels included or not included. The most promising for automatic retreival is the so called **TSV** format which is in fact tab separated file. This file is included in the .zip or .gz file. See the readme file.

2 Finding the file name

We will explore it later.

3 Get the data

Asumming that we have the desired file code, we can get it by composing the URL:

```
> fcode <- "tps00001"</pre>
  > # fcode <- 'ei_bsco_m' fcode <- 'nama_gdp_k'</pre>
  > 1fn <- paste(fcode, ".tsv", sep = "")</pre>
  > upre <- "http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/NavTree_prod/everybody/BulkDownloa
  > upost <- ".tsv.gz"</pre>
  > furl <- paste(upre, fcode, upost, sep = "")</pre>
  > furl
  [1] "http://epp.eurostat.ec.europa.eu/NavTree_prod/everybody/BulkDownloadListi
  > temp <- tempfile()</pre>
  > download.file(furl, temp)
  > first <- readLines(temp, 1)</pre>
  > data <- read.table(gzfile(temp), sep = "\t", header = TRUE, row.names = 1,</pre>
         na.strings = ": ")
  > unlink(temp)
  Description
  > first
  [1] "indic_de,geo\\time\t2003 \t2004 \t2005 \t2006 \t2007 \t2008 \t2009 \t2010
  > first <- strsplit(first, "\t")[[1]]</pre>
  > colNames <- first[-1]</pre>
  > units <- strsplit(first[1], "\\\")[[1]][1]</pre>
  > colVar <- strsplit(first[1], "\\\")[[1]][2]</pre>
  > units <- strsplit(units, ",")[[1]]</pre>
  > units
  [1] "indic_de" "geo"
  > colVar
  [1] "time"
  > colNames
   [1] "2003 " "2004 " "2005 " "2006 " "2007 " "2008 " "2009 " "2010 "
   [9] "2011 " "2012 " "2013 " "2014 "
  > attr(data, "units") <- units
  > attr(data, "colVar") <- colVar</pre>
  > attr(data, "colNames") <- colNames</pre>
Show the data structure
  > dim(data)
  [1] 43 12
  > dimnames(data)
```

```
[[1]]
                                         "JAN, BE"
                                                     "JAN, BG"
 [1] "JAN, AL"
                 "JAN, AT"
                             "JAN, BA"
                                                                 "JAN, CH"
 [7] "JAN, CY"
                 "JAN, CZ"
                             "JAN, DE"
                                         "JAN, DK"
                                                     "JAN, EA17" "JAN, EA18"
[13] "JAN, EE"
                 "JAN, EL"
                             "JAN, ES"
                                         "JAN, EU27" "JAN, EU28" "JAN, FI"
[19] "JAN, FR"
                 "JAN, HR"
                             "JAN, HU"
                                         "JAN, IE"
                                                     "JAN, IS"
                                                                 "JAN, IT"
[25] "JAN, LI"
                 "JAN, LT"
                             "JAN, LU"
                                         "JAN, LV"
                                                     "JAN, ME"
                                                                 "JAN, MK"
[31] "JAN, MT"
                 "JAN, NL"
                             "JAN, NO"
                                         "JAN, PL"
                                                     "JAN, PT"
                                                                 "JAN, RO"
[37] "JAN, RS"
                 "JAN, SE"
                             "JAN, SI"
                                         "JAN, SK"
                                                     "JAN, TR"
                                                                 "JAN, UK"
[43] "JAN, XK"
[[2]]
 [1] "X2003" "X2004" "X2005" "X2006" "X2007" "X2008" "X2009" "X2010"
 [9] "X2011" "X2012" "X2013" "X2014"
Number of rows and columns for later use
> nRows <- dim(data)[1]</pre>
> nCols <- dim(data)[2]</pre>
Structure of the first few
> str(data[, 1:min(5, nCols)])
                      43 obs. of 5 variables:
'data.frame':
 $ X2003: Factor w/ 43 levels "10142362 ","10192649 ",..: 14 41 20 3 40 38 37
 $ X2004: Factor w/ 43 levels "10116742 ","10195347 ",..: 14 41 20 3 40 38 37
 $ X2005: Factor w/ 43 levels "10097549 ","10198855 ",..: 14 41 20 3 40 38 37
 $ X2006: num 3149143 8254298 3842650 10511382 7718750 ...
 $ X2007: Factor w/ 43 levels "10066158 ","10254233 ",..: 14 42 20 4 39 38 40
First few lines
> head(data[, 1:min(5, nCols)])
           X2003
                      X2004
                                 X2005
                                           X2006
                                                     X2007
JAN, AL
        3102781
                   3119548
                              3134975
                                         3149143 3152625
                                         8254298 8282984
```

```
X2003 X2004 X2005 X2006 X2007

JAN, AL 3102781 3119548 3134975 3149143 3152625

JAN, AT 8100273 8142573 8201359 8254298 8282984

JAN, BA 3830349 e 3837414 e 3842532 e 3842650 3844017

JAN, BE 10355844 10396421 10445852 10511382 10584534

JAN, BG 7845841 7801273 7761049 7718750 7572673 b

JAN, CH 7313853 7364148 7415102 7459128 7508739
```

4 Clean the data

Some data contain labels and can be suffixed with a space. So we have to clean the data.

```
> X <- data
  > X <- as.data.frame(apply(X, 2, function(x) as.numeric(sapply(x, FUN = function))
  + "", u)))))
  > dimnames(X)[[1]] <- dimnames(data)[[1]]</pre>
  Row names are structured, Composed as unit, indicator, geo. The structure
is
  > getUnit <- function(x = data, id = 1) {</pre>
        attr(x, "units")[id]
  + }
  > getUnit(data, 1)
  [1] "indic_de"
  Show the structure
  > str(X[, 1:min(5, nCols)])
  'data.frame':
                       43 obs. of 5 variables:
   $ X2003: num 3102781 8100273 3830349 10355844 7845841 ...
   $ X2004: num 3119548 8142573 3837414 10396421 7801273 ...
   $ X2005: num 3134975 8201359 3842532 10445852 7761049 ...
   $ X2006: num 3149143 8254298 3842650 10511382 7718750 ...
   $ X2007: num 3152625 8282984 3844017 10584534 7572673 ...
  and first few lines
  > head(X[, 1:min(5, nCols)])
            X2003
                     X2004
                              X2005
                                      X2006
                                                X2007
  JAN, AL
          3102781 3119548
                            3134975 3149143 3152625
  JAN, AT 8100273 8142573 8201359 8254298 8282984
  JAN, BA 3830349 3837414 3842532 3842650 3844017
  JAN, BE 10355844 10396421 10445852 10511382 10584534
  JAN, BG 7845841 7801273 7761049 7718750 7572673
  JAN, CH 7313853 7364148 7415102 7459128 7508739
```

SessionInfo

Windows 7 x64 (build 7601) Service Pack 1

- R version 3.0.2 (2013-09-25), x86_64-w64-mingw32
- Locale: LC_COLLATE=Slovenian_Slovenia.1250, LC_CTYPE=Slovenian_Slovenia.1250, LC_MONETARY=Slovenian_Slovenia.1250, LC_NUMERIC=C, LC_TIME=Slovenian_Slovenia.1250
- Base packages: base, datasets, graphics, grDevices, stats, utils
- Other packages: knitr 1.6
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): evaluate 0.5.5, formatR 0.10, stringr 0.6.2, tools 3.0.2

Project path: D:/_Y/R/Rome
Main file: ../doc/getEurostat-knitr.Rnw

View as vignette

Project files can be viewed by pasting this code to R console:

```
> projectName <-"Rome"; mainFile <-"getEurostat-knitr"
> commandArgs()
> library(tkWidgets)
> openPDF(file.path(dirname(getwd()), "doc",
> paste(mainFile, "PDF", sep=".")))
> viewVignette("viewVignette", projectName, #
> file.path("../doc", paste(mainFile, "Rnw", sep=".")))
> #
```