- 1. Create a text document where you can write your answers to the following questions. You'll want to do some research online to help you develop your answers.
- 2. Write two to three sentences on why Django is so popular among web developers.

It offers a comprehensive and scalable framework that simplifies the development of complex, data-driven web applications.

Its built-in features, like the ORM, authentication, and admin interface, allow developers to focus on building features rather than reinventing the wheel.

Django's emphasis on security, scalability, and rapid development makes it a go-to choice for both small projects and large, enterprise-level applications.

3. After some research, list five large companies that use Django. Specify what the company's product or service is and what they use Django for.

## 1. Instagram:

Product/Service: Social media platform for photo and video sharing. Use of Django: Instagram uses Django for its backend, handling millions of active users and enabling rapid development of new features.

## 2. Spotify:

Product/Service: Music streaming service.
Use of Django: Spotify uses Django for its web applications and APIs, supporting features like playlist management and user interactions.

## 3. Pinterest:

Product/Service: Visual discovery and social media platform. Use of Django: Pinterest uses Django for its backend to manage content and handle user interactions efficiently.

#### 4. Mozilla:

Product/Service: Software company known for the Firefox web browser. Use of Django: Mozilla uses Django for various internal tools and systems, as well as parts of its website and developer platform.

5. Dropbox:

Product/Service: Cloud storage and file-sharing service.
Use of Django: Dropbox leverages Django for handling user interfaces, file handling, and portions of its web-based services.

- 4. For each of the following scenarios, explain if you would use Django (and why or why not):
  - You need to develop a web application with multiple users.
  - You need fast deployment and the ability to make changes as you proceed.
  - You need to build a very basic application, which doesn't require any database access or file operations.
  - You want to build an application from scratch and want a lot of control over how it works.
  - You're about to start working on a big project and are afraid of getting stuck and needing additional support.

## You need to develop a web application with multiple users.

• **Use Django:** Yes, because Django provides built-in support for user authentication, permissions, and session management, making it easy to handle multiple users securely and efficiently.

# You need fast deployment and the ability to make changes as you proceed.

• **Use Django:** Yes, because Django's "batteries-included" approach with built-in features, combined with its support for rapid development, allows for quick deployment and iterative changes.

## You need to build a very basic application, which doesn't require any database access or file operations.

• **Not use Django:** No, because Django might be overkill for a basic application. A simpler framework or even plain Python with a lightweight framework like Flask might be more appropriate for such minimal requirements.

You want to build an application from scratch and want a lot of control over how it works.

 Not use Django: No, because Django's structure and conventions might limit the level of control you have. If you need granular control, a microframework like Flask or using vanilla Python would offer more flexibility.

You're about to start working on a big project and are afraid of getting stuck and needing additional support.

 Use Django: Yes, because Django has a large, active community, extensive documentation, and numerous third-party packages, which means you're more likely to find support and solutions if you encounter issues.

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PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

(achievement2-practice) alexisabner@alexiss-air achievement-2 % mkvirtualenv --version virtualenv 20.26.3 from /Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.12/lib/python3.12/site-packages/virtualenv/_init_.py
(achievement2-practice) alexisabner@alexiss-air achievement-2 % pip3 install django
zsh: /Users/alexisabner/Desktop/07-Python/intro-to-python/achievement-2/achievement2-practice/bin/pip3: bad interpreter: /Users/alexisabner/Desk top/07-Python/intro-to-python/achievement2-practice/bin/python3.8: no such file or directory collecting django
Downloading Django-5.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (4.2 kB)
Collecting asqiref-4.ps.3.1. (from django)
Downloading asgiref-3.8.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (9.3 kB)
Downloading Django-5.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (3.9 kB)
Downloading Django-5.1-py3-none-any.whl (8.2 MB)
Downloading asgiref-3.8.1-py3-none-any.whl (23 kB)
Downloading asgiref-3.8.1-py3-none-any.whl (23 kB)
Installing collected packages: sqlparse, asgiref, django
Successfully installed asgiref-3.8.1 django-5.1 achievement-2 % django-admin --version
5.1
(achievement2-practice) alexisabner@alexiss-air achievement-2 %
```