

1. Print Numbers from 1 to 10

Problem: Write a program that prints numbers from 1 to 10 using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class PrintNumbers {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int i = 1;
        while (i <= 10) {
            System.out.println(i);
            i++;
        }
    }
}
```

Explanation: The `while` loop runs until `i` reaches 11. On each iteration, `i` is printed and incremented by 1.

2. Sum of First N Natural Numbers

Problem: Write a program that calculates the sum of the first 10 natural numbers using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class SumNumbers {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int sum = 0;
        int i = 1;
        while (i <= 10) {
            sum += i;
            i++;
        }
        System.out.println("Sum: " + sum);
    }
}
```

Explanation: The loop runs from 1 to 10, adding each number to the `sum` variable, and the total sum is printed after the loop finishes.

3. Print Even Numbers from 2 to 20

Problem: Write a program that prints all even numbers between 2 and 20 using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class PrintEvenNumbers {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int i = 2;
        while (i <= 20) {
            System.out.println(i);
            i += 2;
        }
    }
}
```

Explanation: The `while` loop starts from 2 and increments by 2 on each iteration, printing all even numbers.

4. Factorial of a Number

Problem: Write a program to calculate the factorial of a number using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class Factorial {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 5; // You can change this value
        int factorial = 1;
        int i = 1;
        while (i <= num) {
            factorial *= i;
            i++;
        }
        System.out.println("Factorial of " + num + " is: " + factorial);
    }
}
```

Explanation: This program calculates the factorial of `num` by multiplying it by all numbers from 1 to `num` using the `while` loop.

5. Reverse a Given Number

Problem: Write a program to reverse a given number using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class ReverseNumber {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 12345;
        int reverse = 0;
        while (num != 0) {
```

```

        int digit = num % 10;
        reverse = reverse * 10 + digit;
        num /= 10;
    }
    System.out.println("Reversed number: " + reverse);
}
}

```

Explanation: The program extracts the last digit of `num` by using the modulo operator (`num % 10`) and builds the reversed number step by step.

6. Check if a Number is Palindrome

Problem: Write a program that checks whether a number is a palindrome using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```

java
Copy code
public class PalindromeCheck {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 121;
        int originalNum = num;
        int reverse = 0;

        while (num != 0) {
            int digit = num % 10;
            reverse = reverse * 10 + digit;
            num /= 10;
        }

        if (originalNum == reverse) {
            System.out.println(originalNum + " is a palindrome.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(originalNum + " is not a palindrome.");
        }
    }
}

```

7. Find the Largest Digit in a Number

Problem: Write a program to find the largest digit in a given number using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class LargestDigit {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 58392;
        int largest = 0;

        while (num != 0) {
            int digit = num % 10;
            if (digit > largest) {
                largest = digit;
            }
            num /= 10;
        }
        System.out.println("The largest digit is: " + largest);
    }
}
```

Explanation: This program extracts each digit of the number and compares it with the current largest digit. It keeps track of the largest one found.

8. Count the Number of Digits in a Number

Problem: Write a program to count how many digits are in a number using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class CountDigits {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 1234567;
        int count = 0;

        while (num != 0) {
            num /= 10;
            count++;
        }

        System.out.println("The number of digits: " + count);
    }
}
```

Explanation: The `while` loop runs until the number becomes zero, dividing the number by 10 in each iteration to remove the last digit and incrementing the `count` of digits.

9. Find the Sum of Digits of a Number

Problem: Write a program to calculate the sum of the digits of a number using a `while` loop.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class SumOfDigits {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 1234;
        int sum = 0;

        while (num != 0) {
            sum += num % 10;
            num /= 10;
        }

        System.out.println("The sum of digits is: " + sum);
    }
}
```

Explanation: In each iteration, the last digit of the number is added to the `sum`, and the number is reduced by dividing it by 10.

10. Reverse the Digits of a Number and Find the Difference

Problem: Write a program to reverse the digits of a number and then calculate the difference between the original number and the reversed number.

Solution:

```
java
Copy code
public class ReverseAndDifference {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int num = 12345;
        int originalNum = num;
        int reverse = 0;

        while (num != 0) {
```

```
        int digit = num % 10;
        reverse = reverse * 10 + digit;
        num /= 10;
    }

    int difference = originalNum - reverse;
    System.out.println("Difference between " + originalNum + " and " +
reverse + " is: " + difference);
    }
}
```

Explanation: This program first reverses the digits of a number and then calculates the difference between the original number and the reversed one.