Implement GraphQL in ASP.NET Core Step by step

Defined GraphQL

GraphQL is an open-source, flexible query language ("QL" stands for query language) for APIs, as well as a runtime for query execution on existing data

Example Source: https://github.com/abolfazlSadeqi/Graphql AspNetCore Example

Steps Implement Query(Base and Read Data)

```
1.Install GraphQL (Core Packacge) nuget package.
```

- 2. Install GraphQL.Server.Transports.AspNetCore nuget package
- 3. Install GraphQL.Server.Ui.Playground(UI to work with GraphQL and do tests) nuget package
- 4. Install <u>GraphQL.SystemTextJson</u> nuget package
- 5. Creating GraphQL Specific Objects (Type, Query, Schema)
- a) Declaring Type

used to describe the kind of item that may be retrieved through your API.

Per Entity(Example Person) and Add Fields of classes(Example Add FirstName,LastName and ID)

```
public class PersonType : ObjectGraphType<Person>
{
    public PersonType()
    {
        Field(x => x.ID, type: typeof(IdGraphType)).Description("ID");
        Field(x => x.FirstName).Description("FirstName.");
        Field(x => x.LastName).Description("LastName.");
        Field(x => x.Email).Description("Email.");
    }
}
```

b) Declaring Query (fetch the data)

```
public class PersonQuery : ObjectGraphType
{
    public PersonQuery(IUnitOfWork repository)
```

```
{
             Field<ListGraphType<PersonType>>(
             "Persons",
             resolve: context => repository.Person.GetAll()
             );
       }
}
c) Declaring Schema
schema Include :Query(fetch the data) ,Mutations(Add/Edit/Delete),Subscriptions
public class Graphql_ExampleSchema : Schema
       public Graphql_ExampleSchema(IServiceProvider provider)
       : base(provider)
       {
             Query = provider.GetRequiredService<PersonQuery>();
       }
}
Query in graphql
query {
       persons {
          lastName
       }
}
d) Also, if you want to add a Method with a filter, you can use Query Arguments in class Query(example
Class:PersonType Method: GetById Argument:ID )
Example:
public class PersonQuery : ObjectGraphType
       public PersonQuery(IUnitOfWork repository)
       Field<ListGraphType<PersonType>>(
       "Persons",
       resolve: context => repository.Person.GetAll()
);
Field<PersonType>(
       "GetPerson",
       arguments: new QueryArguments(new
       QueryArgument<NonNullGraphType<IdGraphType>> { Name = "ID" }),
             resolve: context =>
                    var id = context.GetArgument<int>("ID");
                    return repository.Person.GetById(id);
                    }
             );
```

```
}
}
Query in graphql
query {
getPerson(iD: 4) {
                 lastName
             }
}
6. configure the Graphql service with AddGraphQL (in Program file or Startup) and Schema
services.AddScoped<Graphql_ExampleSchema>();
services.AddScoped<PersonQuery>();
services.AddGraphQL(x =>
      x.AddGraphTypes(System.Reflection.Assembly.GetAssembly(typeof(
      Graphql_ExampleSchema))).AddSystemTextJson();
});
app.UseGraphQL<Graphql_ExampleSchema>();
app.UseGraphQLPlayground();
```

Mutation

GraphQL uses mutation to allow the clients or consumers of an API to add, remove or modify data on the servers

Steps Mutation:

```
1.Add Type
public class PersonStatusAddType : InputObjectGraphType
      public PersonStatusAddType()
      {
      Name = "personstatusInput";
      Field<NonNullGraphType<StringGraphType>>("value");
}
2.Add Mutation
   After defining the type, you must define a QueryArgument to receive the
data(Example PersonStatus ) and insert it in the database
public class PersonStatusMutation : ObjectGraphType
      public PersonStatusMutation(IUnitOfWork repository)
             Field<PersonStatusType>(
             "createPersonStatus",
             arguments: new QueryArguments(new
             QueryArgument<NonNullGraphType<PersonStatusAddType>>
                  Name = "personstatus"
             }),
             resolve: context =>
             PersonStatus personStatus = new PersonStatus();
      try
             var personstatus = context.GetArgument<PersonStatus>("personstatus");
             repository.PersonStatus.Add(personstatus);
             int _code = repository.Save();
             personStatus.ID = _code;
             personStatus.Value = personstatus.Value;
      catch (Exception ex)
             personStatus.ID = -1;
             personStatus.Value = "";
      }
    return personStatus;
      }
);
}}
```

```
3)Add Class Mutation To App Schema
public class Graphql_ExampleSchema : Schema
       public Graphql_ExampleSchema(IServiceProvider provider)
: base(provider)
{
              Query = provider.GetRequiredService<PersonQuery>();
              Mutation = provider.GetRequiredService<PersonStatusMutation>();
       }
}
Query in graphql
mutation($personstatus:personstatusInput!){
createPersonStatus(personstatus:$personstatus)
{
   iD,value
}
}
Variable:
 "personstatus":{ "value":"Test"}
}
```

Test and Call

Steps:

```
1.Install GraphQL.Client nuget package.
2.Install <u>GraphQL.Client.Serializer.SystemTextJson</u> nuget package
3. Write Test Query
 a) Constructor class
public readonly GraphQLHttpClient _graphQLHttpClient;
public IntegrationTests(WebApplicationFactory<API.Startup> factory)
      if (_graphQLHttpClient == null)
      _graphQLHttpClient = GetGraphQlApiClient( );
}
public GraphQLHttpClient GetGraphQlApiClient()
return new GraphQLHttpClient(Setting.UrlGraphQl, new SystemTextJsonSerializer());
}
b) Method Test(First, a GraphQLRequest is created, the query and variable are sent
inside GraphQL, and the received result is checked)
//Arrange
string _Value = "test3";
var _GraphQLRequest = new GraphQLRequest
{
 Query = @"mutation CreatePS($personstatus:personstatusInput!){
 createPersonStatus(personstatus:$personstatus)
  {
iD, value
}",
OperationName = "CreatePS",
Variables = new
      personstatus = new { value = _Value }
 }};
// Assert
var response = await _graphQLHttpClient
  .SendQueryAsync<data_create>(_GraphQLRequest);
Assert.NotNull(response.Data);
Assert.True(response.Data.createPersonStatus.iD == 1);
```