

# Codebook for Congressional Elections and Ideology Dataset

October 23, 2025

## **Description:**

This dataset combines fundraising and candidate positioning data with candidate-level vote shares in congressional primary and general elections. The dataset features a composite ideology measure derived from 14 separate input measures, including campaign finance, roll-call votes, survey responses, and text analysis.

## **Variable Descriptions:**

- 1) **Year**: Four-digit number that indicates the two-year election cycle.
- 2) **Chamber**: Chamber of Congress (House or Senate).
- 3) **distcyc**: Unique District-Cycle identifier (e.g., 2024\_AL\_01).
- 4) **Democrat**: Name of the Democratic candidate.
- 5) **Republican**: Name of the Republican candidate.
- 6) **dem\_rid**: Unique DIME ID assigned to the Democratic candidate. Constant across cycles.
- 7) **dem\_fec\_cand\_id**: The candidate ID assigned by the FEC to the Democratic candidate.
- 8) **dem\_fec\_comm\_id**: The ID assigned by the FEC to the Democratic candidate's campaign committee.
- 9) **rep\_rid**: Unique DIME ID assigned to the Republican candidate. Constant across cycles.
- 10) **rep\_fec\_cand\_id**: The candidate ID assigned by the FEC to the Republican candidate.
- 11) **rep\_fec\_comm\_id**: The ID assigned by the FEC to the Republican candidate's campaign committee.
- 12) **dem\_cand\_gender**: Gender of the Democratic candidate.
- 13) **rep\_cand\_gender**: Gender of the Republican candidate.
- 14) **dem\_vote\_share**: Democratic candidate's vote share in the general election.
- 15) **dem\_pres\_vs**: District-level percentage of the two-party vote share won by the Democratic presidential nominee in the most recent presidential election cycle.

- 16) `dem_diff`: Democratic candidate's vote share minus the presidential vote share.
- 17) `incumbency_status`: Incumbency status of the district (e.g., Dem Incumbent, Rep Incumbent, Open Seat).
- 18) `dem_tenure`: Tenure of the Democratic candidate.
- 19) `rep_tenure`: Tenure of the Republican candidate.
- 20) `turnout_rate_dem`: Turnout rate for registered Democrats in district.
- 21) `turnout_rate_rep`: Turnout rate for registered Republicans in district.
- 22) `turnout_rate_ind`: Turnout rate for registered Independents in district.
- 23) `dem_composite`: Composite measure of the Democratic candidate's ideology, derived from 14 input measures using multiple over-imputation and principal component analysis.
- 24) `rep_composite`: Composite measure of the Republican candidate's ideology, derived from 14 input measures using multiple over-imputation and principal component analysis.
- 25) `dem_cces_voter_perceptions`: Survey-based measure. Respondents rate where they perceive their congressional candidate on a liberal-conservative scale, with positions estimated using a Bayesian Aldrich-McKelvey model.
- 26) `rep_cces_voter_perceptions`: Survey-based measure. Respondents rate where they perceive their congressional candidate on a liberal-conservative scale, with positions estimated using a Bayesian Aldrich-McKelvey model.
- 27) `dem_cfscore`: Recipient DIME (CFscores). Ideal point based on the ideologies of a candidate's contributors.
- 28) `rep_cfscore`: Recipient DIME (CFscores). Ideal point based on the ideologies of a candidate's contributors.
- 29) `dem_dwdime`: DW-DIME. Predicts a candidate's future DW-NOMINATE score using their campaign finance history.
- 30) `rep_dwdime`: DW-DIME. Predicts a candidate's future DW-NOMINATE score using their campaign finance history.
- 31) `dem_dwnom`: DW-NOMINATE. First-dimension scores for members of Congress based on their voting records.
- 32) `rep_dwnom`: DW-NOMINATE. First-dimension scores for members of Congress based on their voting records.
- 33) `dem_contrib_cfscore`: Contributor DIME. Ideal point based on a candidate's own donations to other political actors.
- 34) `rep_contrib_cfscore`: Contributor DIME. Ideal point based on a candidate's own donations to other political actors.

- 35) `dem_contrib_dwnom`: Contributor DW-NOMINATE. Similar to Contributor DIME, but scaled based on the DW-NOMINATE scores of donation recipients.
- 36) `rep_contrib_dwnom`: Contributor DW-NOMINATE. Similar to Contributor DIME, but scaled based on the DW-NOMINATE scores of donation recipients.
- 37) `dem_hall_snyder`: Hall and Snyder Scores. Supervised measure based on candidates' own donations and roll-call votes.
- 38) `rep_hall_snyder`: Hall and Snyder Scores. Supervised measure based on candidates' own donations and roll-call votes.
- 39) `dem_ggum`: GGUM. "Ends-against-the-middle" scores for non-monotonic voting.
- 40) `rep_ggum`: GGUM. "Ends-against-the-middle" scores for non-monotonic voting.
- 41) `dem_shor_mccarty_state_leg`: Shor-McCarty. Common-space scores for state legislators based on state legislative roll-call votes.
- 42) `rep_shor_mccarty_state_leg`: Shor-McCarty. Common-space scores for state legislators based on state legislative roll-call votes.
- 43) `dem_bailey_bridge`: Bailey Bridge Scores. Roll-call scores that are "bridged" across congresses to ensure comparability over time.
- 44) `rep_bailey_bridge`: Bailey Bridge Scores. Roll-call scores that are "bridged" across congresses to ensure comparability over time.
- 45) `dem_web_text_score`: WEB scores. Scores estimated using a word embedding model (Doc2Vec) on campaign issue statements.
- 46) `rep_web_text_score`: WEB scores. Scores estimated using a word embedding model (Doc2Vec) on campaign issue statements.
- 47) `dem_meisels_text_score`: Meisels Wordfish. Unsupervised scaling of text from campaign platforms using a Poisson IRT model.
- 48) `rep_meisels_text_score`: Meisels Wordfish. Unsupervised scaling of text from campaign platforms using a Poisson IRT model.
- 49) `dem_twitter_score`: Twitter Scores. Bayesian ideal points estimated from the follower networks of political actors.
- 50) `rep_twitter_score`: Twitter Scores. Bayesian ideal points estimated from the follower networks of political actors.
- 51) `dem_total_receipts`: Total dollars raised by the Democratic candidate during the election cycle.
- 52) `rep_total_receipts`: Total dollars raised by the Republican candidate during the election cycle.

- 53) `dem_pac_mod_nyt`: Democratic moderate per NYT/PAC rules. Indicator of NYT codings: 'mod' or 'nonmod' based on PAC support.
- 54) `rep_pac_mod_nyt`: Republican 'moderate' per NYT/PAC rules. Indicator of NYT codings: 'mod' or 'nonmod' based on PAC support.
- 55) `dem_pac_mod_nyt24` : *Democratic moderate per NYT/PAC rules. Indicator of NYT codings : 'mod' or 'nonmod' based on PAC support limited to the 2024 election cycle.*
- 55) `rep_pac_mod_nyt24` : *Republican 'moderate' per NYT/PAC rules. Indicator of NYT codings : 'mod' or 'nonmod' based on PAC support limited to the 2024 election cycle.*
- 55) `dem_total_receipts.1`: Total dollars raised by the Democratic candidate (duplicate of `dem_total_receipts`).
- 56) `dem_total_pac_contribs`: Total PAC receipts for the Democratic candidate.
- 57) `dem_total_indiv_unitemized`: Total unitemized individual receipts for the Democratic candidate.
- 58) `dem_total_indiv_contrib`: Total itemized individual receipts for the Democratic candidate.
- 59) `dem_total_contribs_from_self`: Total receipts from the Democratic candidate's own contributions.
- 60) `dem_total_disbursements`: Total campaign disbursements (in dollars) for the Democratic candidate.
- 61) `rep_total_receipts.1`: Total dollars raised by the Republican candidate (duplicate of `rep_total_receipts`).
- 62) `rep_total_pac_contribs`: Total PAC receipts for the Republican candidate.
- 63) `rep_total_indiv_unitemized`: Total unitemized individual receipts for the Republican candidate.
- 64) `rep_total_indiv_contrib`: Total itemized individual receipts for the Republican candidate.
- 65) `rep_total_contribs_from_self`: Total receipts from the Republican candidate's own contributions.
- 66) `rep_total_disbursements`: Total campaign disbursements (in dollars) for the Republican candidate.