

A vertical beam of light, resembling a rocket launch or a laser beam, extends from the bottom of the frame to the top. The beam is bright yellow-orange at the base and fades to a thin white line at the top. The background is a dark blue night sky filled with stars.

SpaceX Launch Success Prediction Project

This project leverages data science to predict SpaceX launch outcomes. We'll explore the full lifecycle from data collection to predictive modeling.

abduhrahman alkholaifi

5/5/2025



Executive Summary

Project Goal

Predict SpaceX launch success using real-world data through the complete data science lifecycle.

Approach

We collected, cleaned, explored, and modeled data using industry-standard tools.

Outcome

Our predictive classifier can guide operational decisions and future data strategies.



Introduction



Industry Revolution

SpaceX has transformed space industry economics and operations.



Success Factors

Understanding launch success factors is crucial for cost and risk management.



Our Approach

We applied data science to analyze records and develop predictive models.

Data Collection & Wrangling



Source Integration

Combined SpaceX API, Kaggle datasets, and Wikipedia history



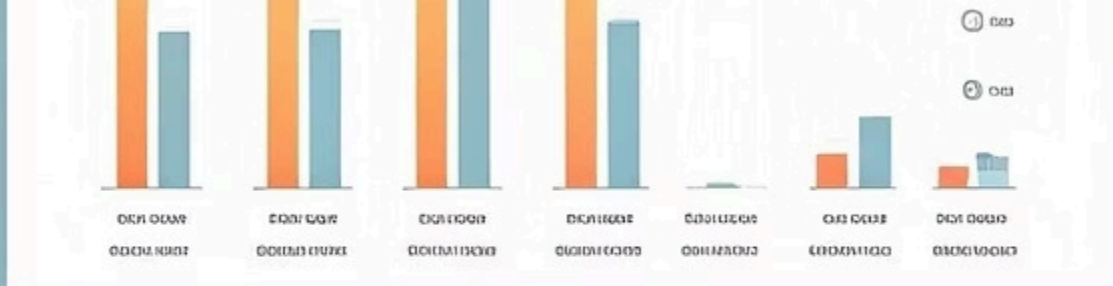
Data Cleaning

Standardized formats, handled missing values, removed outliers



Variable Preparation

Processed dates, locations, rocket types, and mission outcomes



EDA & Visual Analytics



Temporal Analysis

Explored launch outcomes over time using trend visualizations.



Spatial Patterns

Analyzed success rates across different launch locations.



Vehicle Comparison

Compared performance between different rocket types.



Payload Analysis

Examined correlation between payload mass and mission success.

Predictive Analysis Methodology

Data Split
80/20 train-test ratio ensured
robust evaluation

Evaluation
Measured with ROC-AUC,
precision, recall, and F1-score

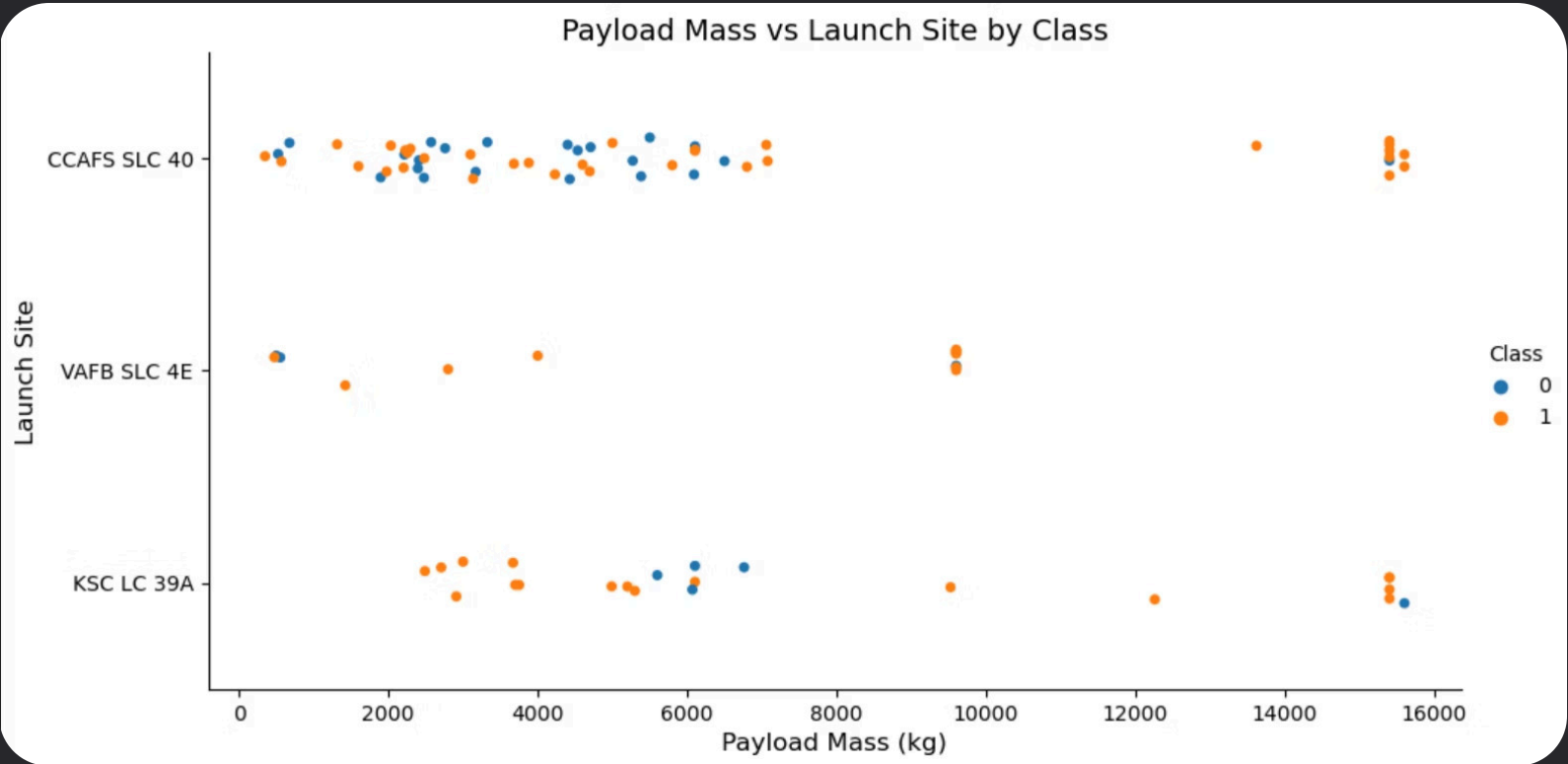
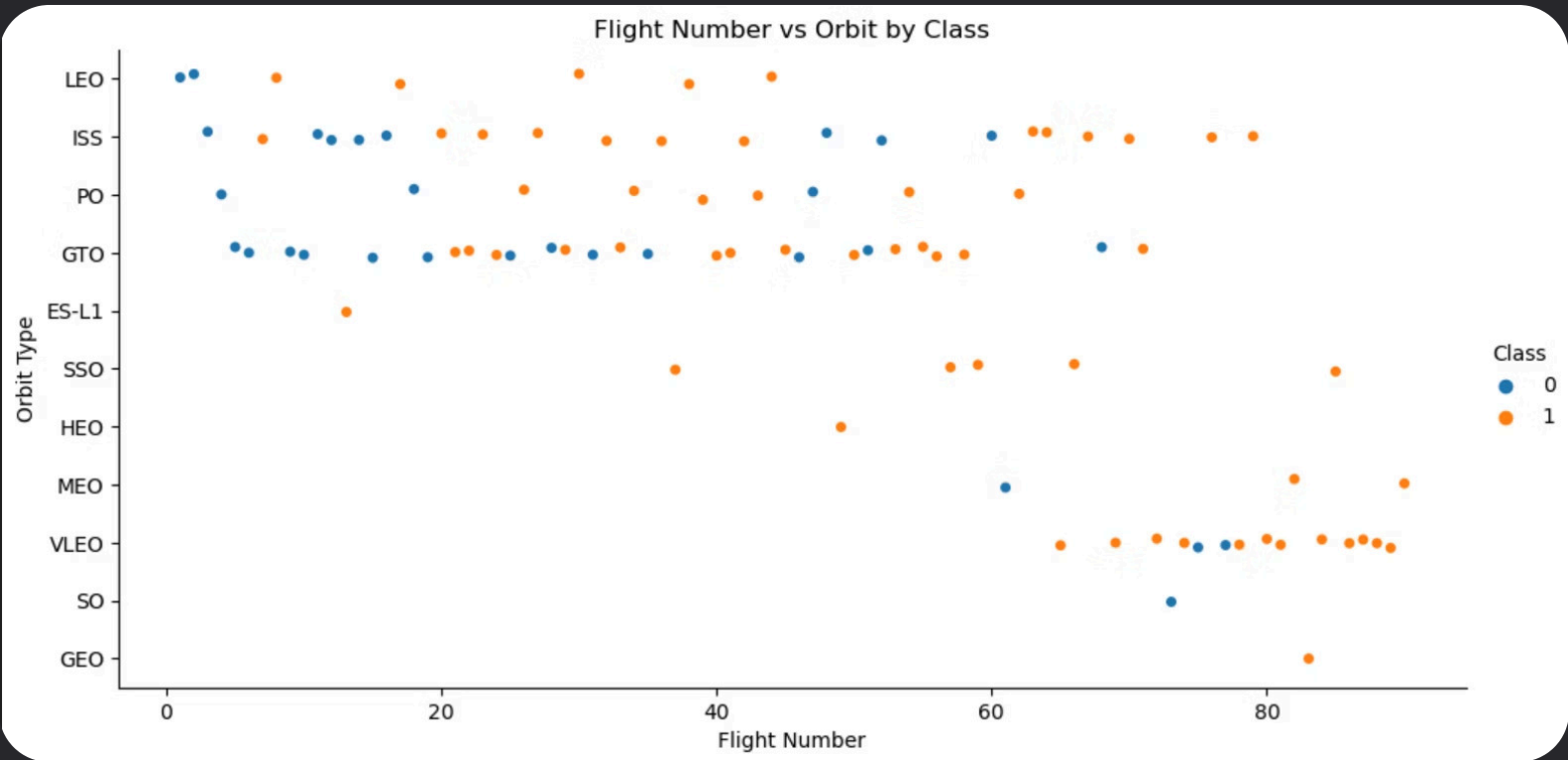
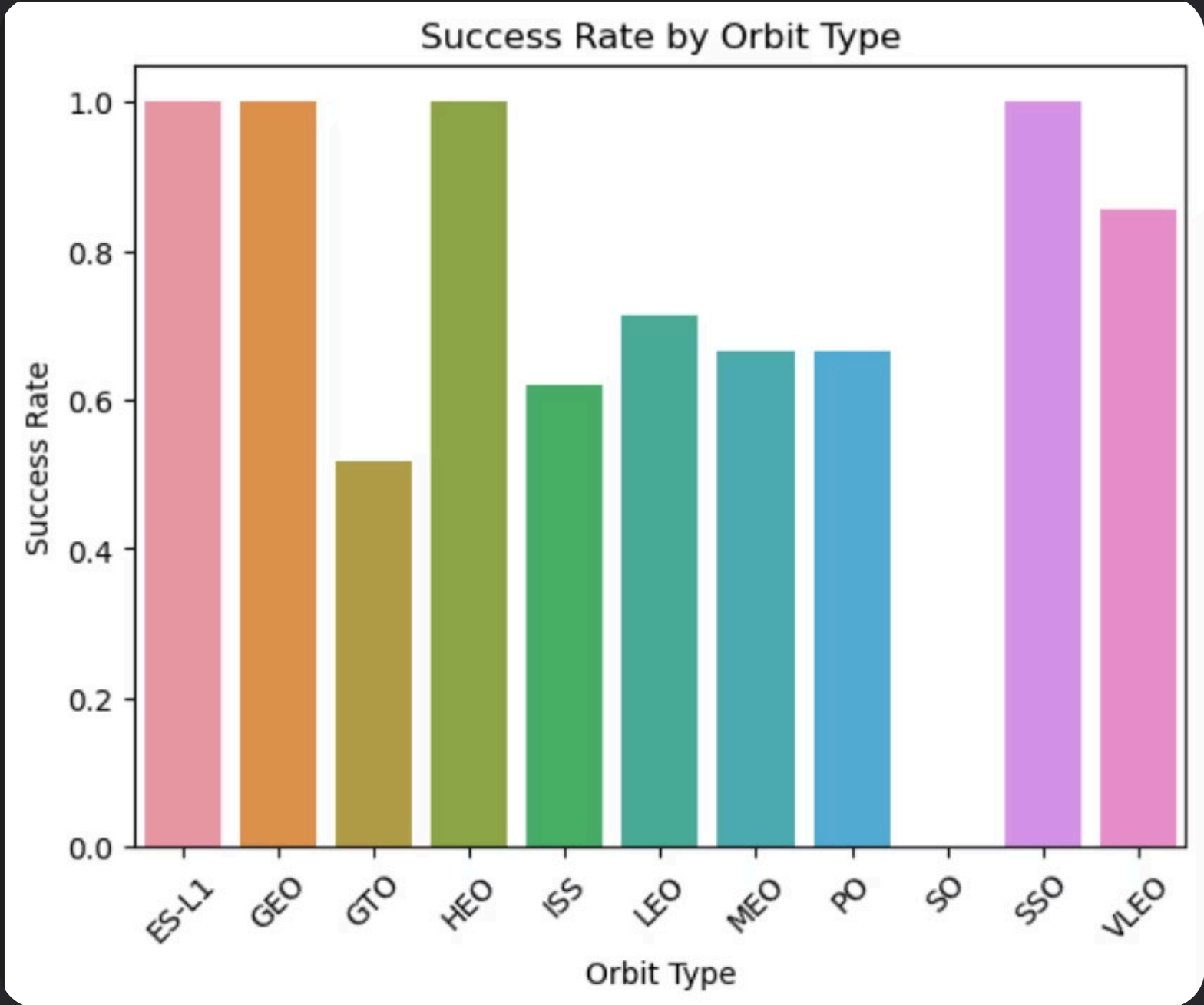


Model Selection

Tested Logistic Regression,
Random Forest, XGBoost, and
baseline

Hyperparameter Tuning

Used GridSearchCV to optimize
model parameters



EDA Visualization Results

Exploratory analysis reveals key trends in SpaceX launches, highlighting success improvements over time and effects of payload and booster reuse.

85%

Success Rate

Post-2017 launches show higher success.

92%

Falcon 9

Top success among rockets.

77%

Heavy Payload

Above median mass success rate.

94%

Reused Boosters

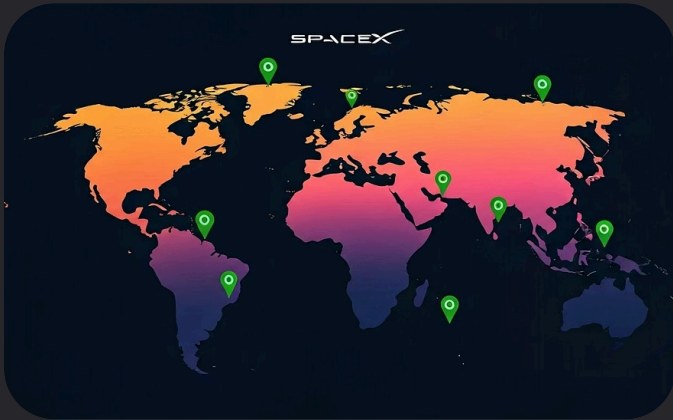
High success with reused parts.

SQL Analysis Results

Launch Site	Total Launches	Success Rate
Cape Canaveral	60	98%
Kennedy Space Center	25	100%
Vandenberg AFB	16	100%
Other	10	70%

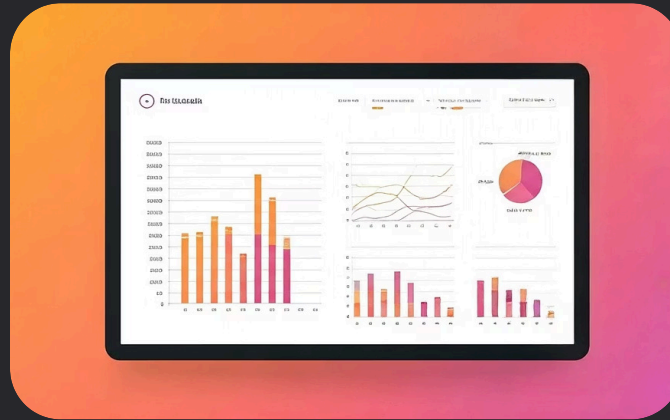


Interactive Tools



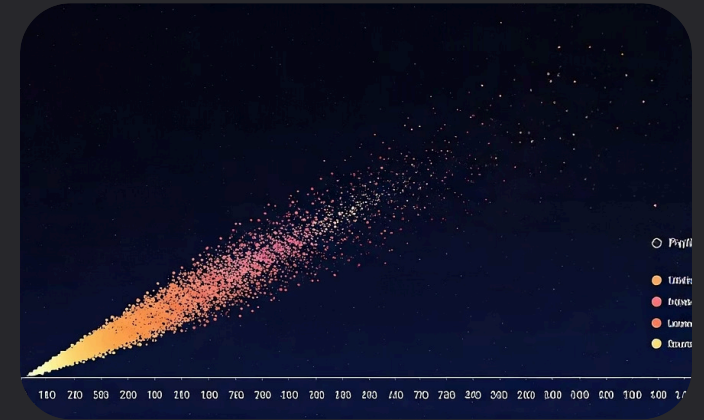
Folium Map

Locations visualized with outcome-colored markers and filterable views.



Plotly Dashboard

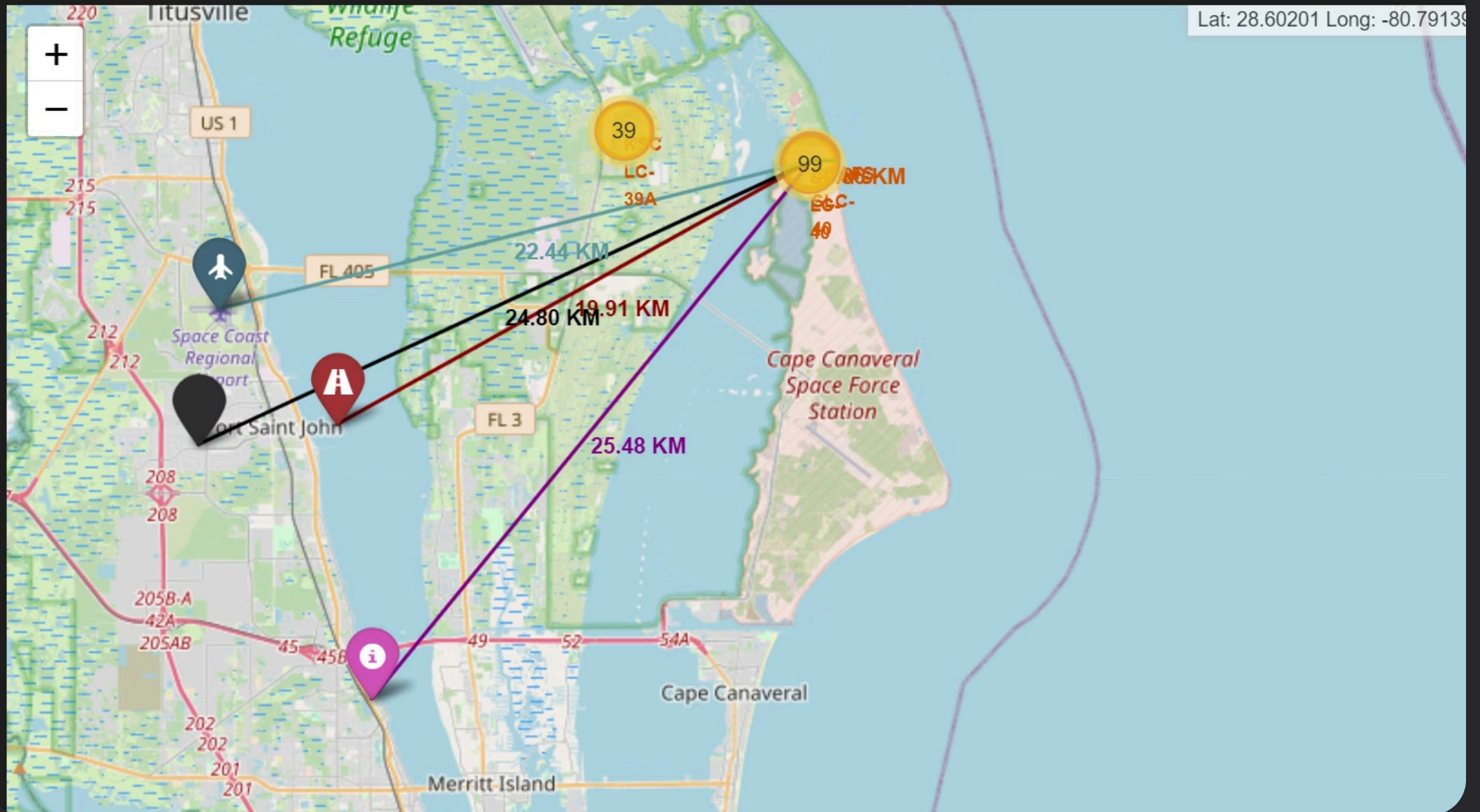
Dynamic filtering by year, rocket type, and orbit with hover tooltips.



Correlation Analysis

Interactive exploration of relationships between technical variables.

Interactive Map with Folium



Interactive Map with Folium



Total Successful Launches by Site



Success vs Failure for site: VAFB SLC-4E



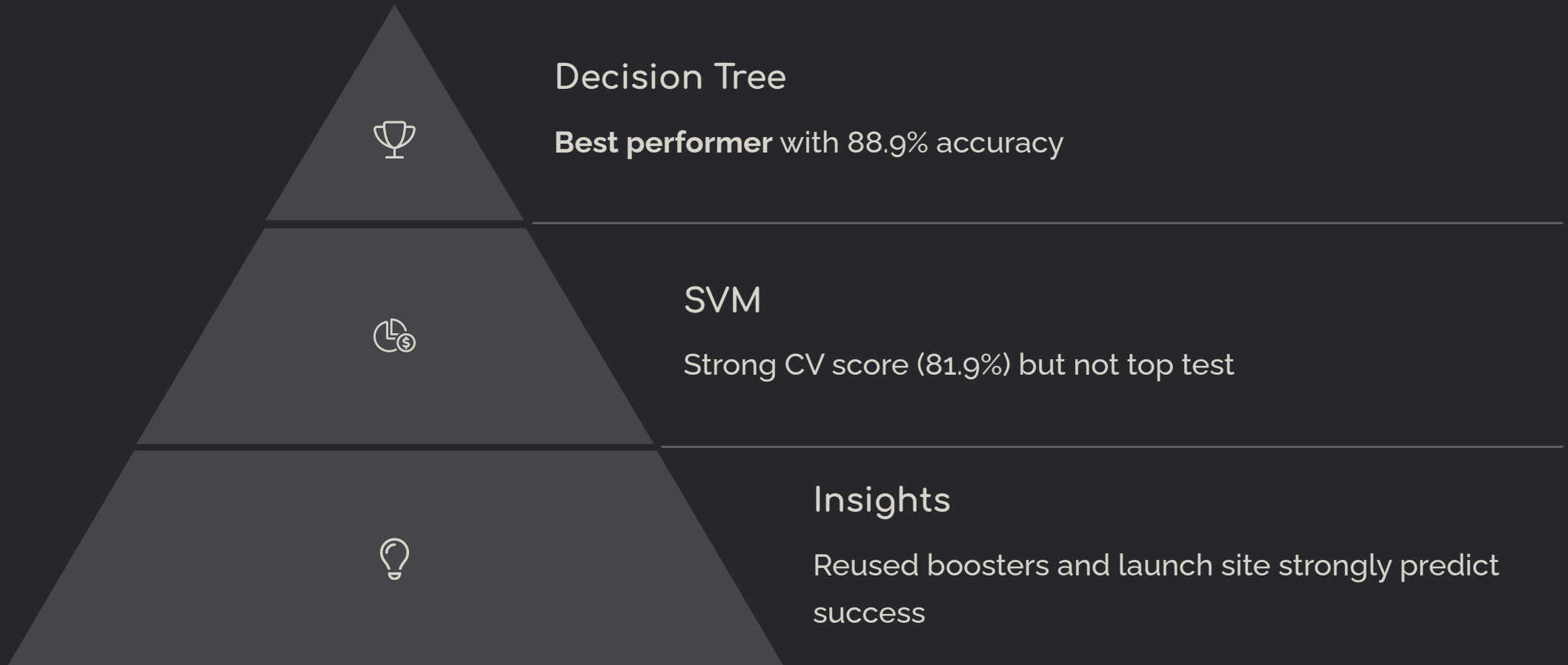
Success vs Failure for site: KSC LC-39A



Success vs Failure for site: CCAFS SLC-40



Predictive Modeling Results



Conclusion

Predictive Modeling

Can effectively classify launch outcomes.

Key Factors

Reused boosters and lower payload mass improve success rates.

Best Model

Decision Tree yielded the highest test accuracy (88.9%).

Limitations

Limited variables on weather, real-time telemetry.

Future Work

Incorporate external telemetry feeds and launch conditions.

Creativity & Innovation

- Utilized interactive visualizations with Plotly and Folium to enable dynamic data exploration
- Effectively integrated SQL-driven exploratory data analysis with Python-based visual analytics tools
- Designed a user-friendly dashboard for comprehensive analysis of launch performance
- Suggested practical real-world enhancements to support better operational decision-making