Adversarial Attacks in Deep Learning

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Dauphine | PSL ₩



Introduction

Problem : Perform adversarial attacks and defense mecanisms on a deep learning model (on Cifar-10 dataset)

Base model: VGG-19

Methods explored:

- FGSM
- PGD
- Adversarial Training

VGG-19

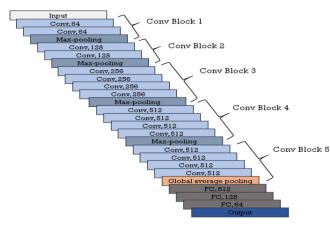
• Epochs: 10

Learning rate: 0.001

Optimizer: SGD

 Accuracy on Train Set: 85.6

 Accuracy on Test Set: 82.9



(a) VGG-19 Architecture

FGSM

- Target function: $\max_{\|\xi\| \le \epsilon} l_f(x+\xi,y)$
- \bullet If ϵ is small, we can approximate it by: $\max_{\|\xi\| \leq \epsilon} \xi^{\,t} \nabla_x l_f(x,y)$
- The solution is defined by $\xi = \epsilon sign(\nabla_x l_f(x,y))$ when $\|.\| = \|.\|_{\infty}$

PGD

- Iterative version of FSGM.
- We generate perturbations with the following:

$$\begin{cases} x_0 = x \\ x_{t+1} = \operatorname{proj}_{B(x_0,\epsilon)}(x_t + \xi.sign(\nabla_x l_f(x,y))) \end{cases}$$

Adversarial Training

- ullet Train the network with the adversarial risk : $\min E_{(x,y)} igg(\max_{\|\xi\| \leq \epsilon} l_{f_{ heta}}(x+\xi,y) igg)$
- We generate perturbed images from our training set using an attack. Then, we concatenate them with our training images from the base dataset. The network architecture remains unchanged. We train our model on this new dataset (50 % perturbed) to boost its robustness to adversarial attacks.
- We have carried out Adversarial training by training two models, against FGSM and PGD.

Accuracy/Noise tradeoff

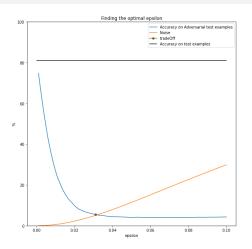


Figure: Accuracy/Noise tradeoff

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$$SSIM(x,y) = \frac{(2\mu_x\mu_y + c_1)(2\sigma_x\sigma_y + c_2)(cov_{xy} + c_3)}{(\mu_x^2 + \mu_y^2 + c_1)(\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 + c_2)(\sigma_x\sigma_y + c_3)}$$

Results

| Model (with $\epsilon=0.031$ | Data Tested | Accuracy |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Base Model | Original Test Set | 82.92 |
| Base Model | FGSM-perturbed Test Set | 5.05 |
| Base Model | PDG-perturbed Test Set | 10.16 |
| Base Model trained with | Original Test Set | 64.1 |
| FGSM-perturbed Train Set | | |
| Base Model trained with | FGSM-perturbed Test Set | 39.96 |
| FGSM-perturbed Train Set | | |
| Base Model trained with | Original Test Set | 43.87 |
| PGD-perturbed Train Set | | |
| Base Model trained with | PDG-perturbed Test Set | 28.59 |
| PGD-perturbed Train Set | | |

Future work

- The impact of number of iterations on models
- Perform FGSM and PGD attack with I2-norm
- Explore black box attacks
- Test new adversarial training techniques

References

- I. J. Goodfellow, J. Shlens, C. Szegedy "Explaining and Harnessing Adversarial Examples", 2015.
- A. Madry, A. Makelov, L. Schmidt, D. Tsipras, A. Vladu "Towards Deep Learning Models Resistant to Adversarial Attacks, 2017."