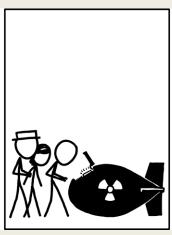


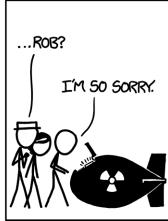
http://github.com/abpwrs/bash-talk

Overview









- What is Bash
- Bash as a Language
- Scripting
- Batch Processing
- Learn more



Unix Shell → It's another command line option (common standard)

What is Bash?



Command Language

Interpreted
Used to control processes/jobs



Interface to interact w/ other programs

File System Navigation

List

• \$ Is <directory>

Change Directory

• \$ cd <directory>

Move

• \$ mv <one-or-more-files> <destination>

Copy

• \$ cp <one-or-more-files> <destination>

Remove

• \$ rm <one-or-more-files>

Bash as a language (variables)

Same as other languages

- str="Hello, World!"
- echo \$str

The assignment operator (=)

• It assigns the right to the left

Dereferencing variables

• The \$ operator returns the value from a variable name

Bash as a language (program flow)

If [condition]; then ... else ... fi

• If [-d \$HOME/.bin/]; then cd \$HOME/.bin; else echo "no such dir"; fi

The [operator

- Common flags
- -d → true if a directory
- -f → true if a normal file
- -z → true if length of string is zero

Bash as a language (loops)

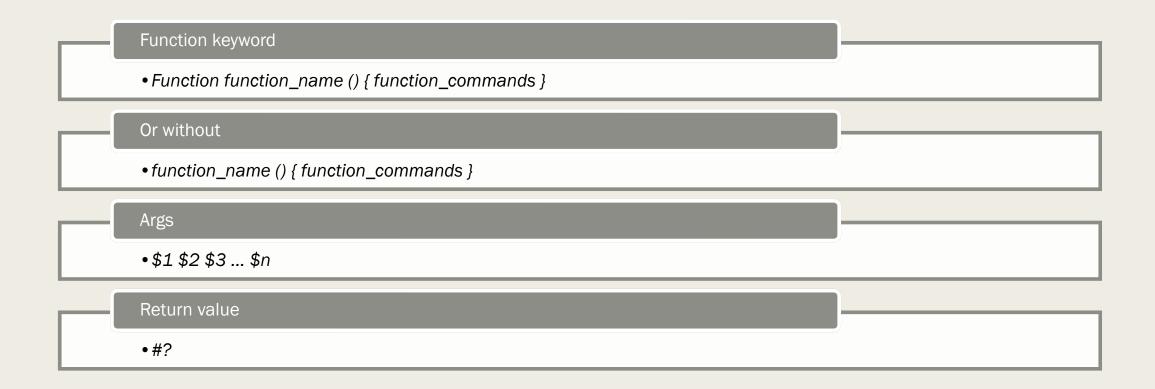
For loops

- for dir in ./*; do ls \$dir; done
- for elem in a b c d e; do mkdir -p \$HOME/test/\$elem; done

While loops

- While [condition] do command done
- Useful for looping through file contents

Bash as a language (functions)



Scripting

- A bash script is just a list of commands to execute
- Don't forget the 'bang'
 - #! is a shebang or bang
 - Specifies the full path to the interpreter
- File extensions aren't necessary
- .sh is the conventional shell script extension

Hello World

- echo "Hello, World!"
- That's it

A More Custom Hello World

- Pass in our name
 - Argument passing and dereferencing
- Greet us by username
 - The \$ operator
 - Environmental variables
- Ask us for our name
 - Prompting and user input

A Script that Makes Scripts?

- What should go into every script you write?
 - Bang
 - Name
 - Date
- chmod?

Batch Processing

- It's really just running a processes on a bunch of subsets
- In bash this is typically file-wise or directory-wise groupings
- This all amounts to a for loop in most cases
- TO THE TERMINAL

Learn More

- man & help will get you far
 - man [command]
 - help [command]
- Exercism course on BASH
- Start replacing common tasks you do with scripts



THANKS