#### CSE-7B

# Distributed Systems (Lab) Assignment 6

1. Implement concurrent echo client-server application.

## Server.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define PORT 12347
int main() {
   int server socket, client socket;
  struct sockaddr in server addr, client addr;
  socklen t client addr len = sizeof(client addr);
  char buffer[BUFFER SIZE];
  ssize t bytes received;
       perror("Socket creation failed");
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
   server addr.sin family = AF INET;
   server addr.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
   server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
   if (bind(server socket, (struct sockaddr*)&server addr,
sizeof(server addr)) < 0) {</pre>
       perror("Bind failed");
       close(server socket);
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
```

```
perror("Listen failed");
      close(server socket);
 printf("Server listening on port %d\n", PORT);
  while (1) {
      client socket = accept(server socket, (struct
      if (client socket < 0) {</pre>
         perror("Accept failed");
      printf("Accepted connection from %s\n",
      while ((bytes received = recv(client socket, buffer, sizeof(buffer)
\{1, 0\} > 0
          buffer[bytes received] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the received
          fgets(buffer, sizeof(buffer), stdout);
          send(client socket, buffer, bytes received, 0); // Echo the
```

## Client.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define PORT 12347
#define BUFFER SIZE 1024
int main() {
  int client socket;
  struct sockaddr in server addr;
  char buffer[BUFFER SIZE];
  ssize t bytes sent, bytes received;
      perror("Socket creation failed");
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
   server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr("127.0.0.1");
  server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
   if (connect(client socket, (struct sockaddr*)&server addr,
sizeof(server addr)) < 0) {</pre>
       perror("Connection failed");
       close(client socket);
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
   while (1) {
       printf("Send message: ");
       fgets(buffer, sizeof(buffer), stdin);
       buffer[strcspn(buffer, "\n")] = '\0'; // Remove newline character
       bytes sent = send(client socket, buffer, strlen(buffer), 0);
       if (bytes sent < 0) {</pre>
```

```
perror("Send failed");
    break;
}

bytes_received = recv(client_socket, buffer, sizeof(buffer) - 1,

0);

if (bytes_received < 0) {
    perror("Receive failed");
    break;
}

buffer[bytes_received] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the received data printf("Received: %s\n", buffer);
}

close(client_socket);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

# **Output:**

```
bash-4.2$ gcc serverl.c
bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Server listening on port 12347
Accepted connection from 127.0.0.1
—
```

```
bash-4.2$ gcc client1.c
bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Send message: hii
Received: hii
Send message: hello
Received: hello
Send message: _
```

2.Implement a client-server program in which the server accepts a connection from a client and updates its own Master table by adding the client information and send the updated table to client, so client can update their own table. Refer the following table format.

Node No.	IP address	Port No.
1	172.31.100.36	2345
2	172.31.100.40	3128
3	172.31.100.52	2323

#### Server.c

```
// server.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>

#define PORT 12349
#define MAX_CLIENTS 100
#define BUFFER_SIZE 1024

typedef struct {
    char node[20];
    char ip[INET_ADDRSTRLEN];
    int port;
} TableEntry;

TableEntry server_table[MAX_CLIENTS];
int table_size = 0;

void update_table(const char* ip, int port) {
    // Check if the IP and port are already in the table
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < table_size; i++) {</pre>
```

```
if (strcmp(server table[i].ip, ip) == 0 && server table[i].port ==
port) {
   snprintf(server table[table size].node,
sizeof(server table[table size].node), "Client-%d", table size + 1);
   strncpy(server table[table size].ip, ip,
sizeof(server table[table size].ip));
   server table[table size].port = port;
void print table() {
  printf("Master Table:\n");
  int i;
       printf("Node: %s, IP: %s, Port: %d\n", server table[i].node,
server table[i].ip, server table[i].port);
   printf("\n");
  write(client socket, &table size, sizeof(int)); // Send table size
   write(client socket, server table, sizeof(TableEntry) * table size);
int main() {
  struct sockaddr in server addr, client addr;
  socklen t client addr len = sizeof(client addr);
   if (server socket < 0) {</pre>
       perror("Socket creation failed");
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
```

```
server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
sizeof(server addr)) < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Bind failed");
      close(server socket);
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  if (listen(server socket, 5) < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Listen failed");
       close(server socket);
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  printf("Server is listening on port %d\n", PORT);
  while (1) {
       client socket = accept(server socket, (struct
       if (client socket < 0) {</pre>
           perror("Accept failed");
       char client ip[INET ADDRSTRLEN];
       inet ntop(AF INET, &client addr.sin addr, client ip,
sizeof(client ip));
       int client port = ntohs(client addr.sin port);
       update table(client ip, client port);
      print table();
       send table(client socket);
```

```
close(client_socket);
}
close(server_socket);
return 0;
}
```

## Client.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define PORT 12349
#define BUFFER SIZE 1024
  char node[20];
  char ip[INET ADDRSTRLEN];
  int port;
} TableEntry;
  int table size;
   read(server socket, &table size, sizeof(int)); // Read table size
  TableEntry* table = (TableEntry*)malloc(sizeof(TableEntry) *
table size);
      perror("Memory allocation failed");
```

```
read(server socket, table, sizeof(TableEntry) * table size); // Read
  printf("Received table:\n");
       printf("Node: %s, IP: %s, Port: %d\n", table[i].node, table[i].ip,
table[i].port);
  free(table);
int main() {
  int client socket;
  struct sockaddr in server addr;
      perror("Socket creation failed");
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
  server addr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr("127.0.0.1");
   if (connect(client socket, (struct sockaddr*)&server addr,
sizeof(server addr)) < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Connect failed");
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
```

## **Output:**

```
bash-4.2$ gcc server2.c
bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Server is listening on port 12349
Master Table:
Node: Client-1, IP: 127.0.0.1, Port: 41290
Master Table:
Node: Client-1, IP: 127.0.0.1, Port: 41290
Node: Client-2, IP: 127.0.0.1, Port: 41292
```

```
bash-4.2$ gcc server2.c
bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Server is listening on port 12349
Master Table:
Node: Client-1, IP: 127.0.0.1, Port: 41290
Master Table:
Node: Client-1, IP: 127.0.0.1, Port: 41290
Node: Client-2, IP: 127.0.0.1, Port: 41292
```

3.Develop a client-server program to implement a date-time server and client. Upon connection establishment, the server should send its current date, time and CPU load information to its clients.

#### Server.c

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/sysinfo.h>
#define PORT 12350
#define BUFFER SIZE 256
void get server info(char *info buffer, size t buffer size) {
  struct tm *tm info = localtime(&now);
  char time str[64];
  strftime(time str, sizeof(time str), "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S", tm info);
  struct sysinfo sys info;
  if (sysinfo(&sys info) != 0) {
      perror("sysinfo failed");
      snprintf(info buffer, buffer size, "Failed to retrieve system
  float loadavg = (float)sys info.loads[0] / 65536.0; // Convert to load
   snprintf(info buffer, buffer size, "Date/Time: %s\nCPU Load: %.2f\n",
time_str, loadavg);
```

```
void handle client(int client socket) {
  get server info(info buffer, sizeof(info buffer));
  close(client socket);
int main() {
  int server socket, client socket;
  struct sockaddr in server addr, client addr;
  server socket = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0);
  if (server socket < 0) {</pre>
       perror("Socket creation failed");
  server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
sizeof(server addr)) < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Bind failed");
       close(server socket);
  if (listen(server socket, 5) < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Listen failed");
       close(server socket);
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  printf("Server is listening on port %d\n", PORT);
```

```
client_socket = accept(server_socket, (struct
sockaddr*)&client_addr, &client_addr_len);
    if (client_socket < 0) {
        perror("Accept failed");
        continue;
    }
    handle_client(client_socket);
}

close(server_socket);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

## Client.c

```
// client.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>

#define PORT 12350
#define BUFFER_SIZE 256

int main() {
    int client_socket;
    struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
    char buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];

    client_socket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    if (client_socket < 0) {
        perror("Socket creation failed");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }

    server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;</pre>
```

```
server addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
sizeof(server addr)) < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Connect failed");
       close(client socket);
  int bytes received = recv(client socket, buffer, sizeof(buffer) - 1,
0);
  if (bytes received < 0) {</pre>
      perror("Receive failed");
       close(client socket);
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  buffer[bytes received] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the received data
  printf("Received from server:\n%s", buffer);
```

## **Output:**

```
bash-4.2$ gcc server3.c
bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Server is listening on port 12350
```

```
bash-4.2$ gcc client3.c
bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Received from server:
Date/Time: 2024-09-17 09:59:21
CPU Load: 0.62
bash-4.2$ _
```