Numbers in Javascript

Relevant links

- Flanagan's book, section 3.1.
- MDN's reference for Numbers¹
- MDN's reference for the Math object²
- IEEE 754 standard³ (optional)
- The group working on the standard⁴ (optional)
- Wikipedia page on IEEE 754 standard⁵ (optional)

Numbers in Javascript

- Unlike most languages, in Javascript there is only one type of numbers, namely 64-bit floating point numbers defined in the IEEE 754 standard.
- Certain operations (e.g. bitwise) are performed treating the numbers as 32-bit integers instead.
- Number literals are much like in other languages. You can use 0x for hexadecimals.
- Avoid using octal literals (those starting with a 0).
- The Math object contains a number of useful functions. Refer to the MDN documentation for these functions for details. You should make sure you become familiar with the functions for the following (avoid "experimental" functions):
- Raising to a power
- Maximum/Minimum
- Random numbers
- Various rounding
- Logarithm and exponential
- Trigonometric functions
- The Math object also contains a number of mathematical constants (pi, e).
- The Number object contains constants for the largest integer, as well as Infinity and NaN (not a number).
- Arithmetic operations never raise errors, instead producing either Infinity, –Infinity or NaN.
- NaN in particular is a very unusual value. It represents a numeric value that is indeterminate.
 - So it is a number, even though it stands for "not a number".
 - You can see that by typing typeof NaN.

¹https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Number

²https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Math

³http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/xpl/mostRecentIssue.jsp?punumber=4610933

⁴http://grouper.ieee.org/groups/754/

⁵http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IEEE_floating_point

- NaN is not equal to any value, including itself.
- You can see that by trying NaN == NaN.
- Some behavior to watch out for (try to explain it): Number.MAX_VALUE == Number.MAX_VALUE + 1
- **NOTE**: These are not reserved values. In theory someone could create a local variable with the same name, and set it to any value.
- Make sure to read about rounding errors, that are unavoidable whenever you do floating point arithmetic.