Abram Hindle

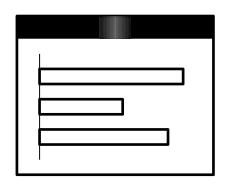
Department of Computing Science University of Alberta

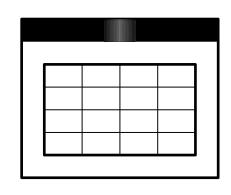
MVC and Android

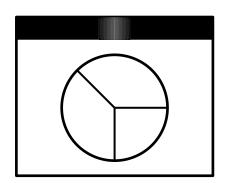
Slides originally by Ken Wong

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views







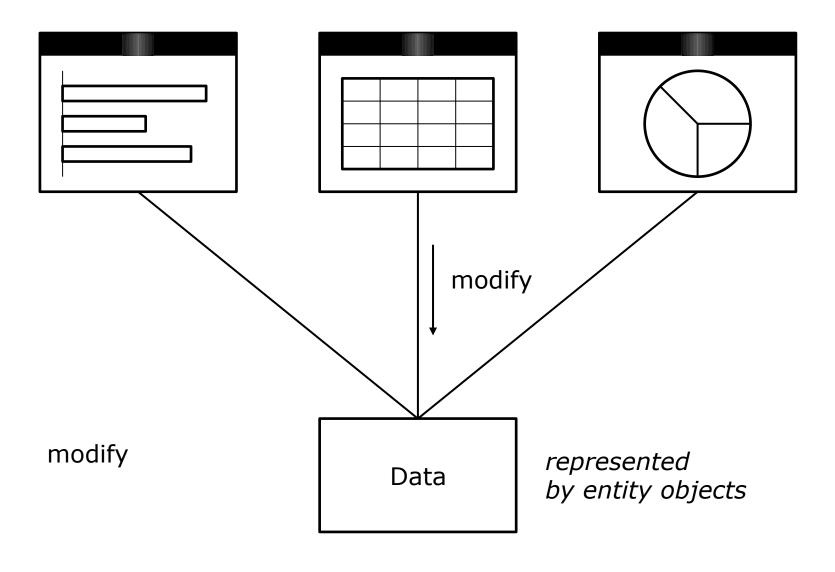
need to maintain consistency in the views

want clear, separate responsibilities for presentation, interaction, computation, and representation

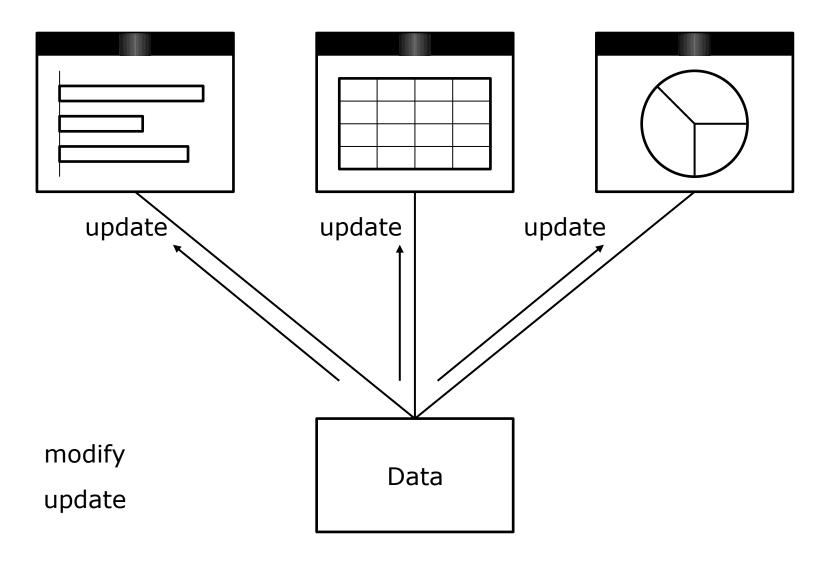


need to update multiple views of the common data model

model

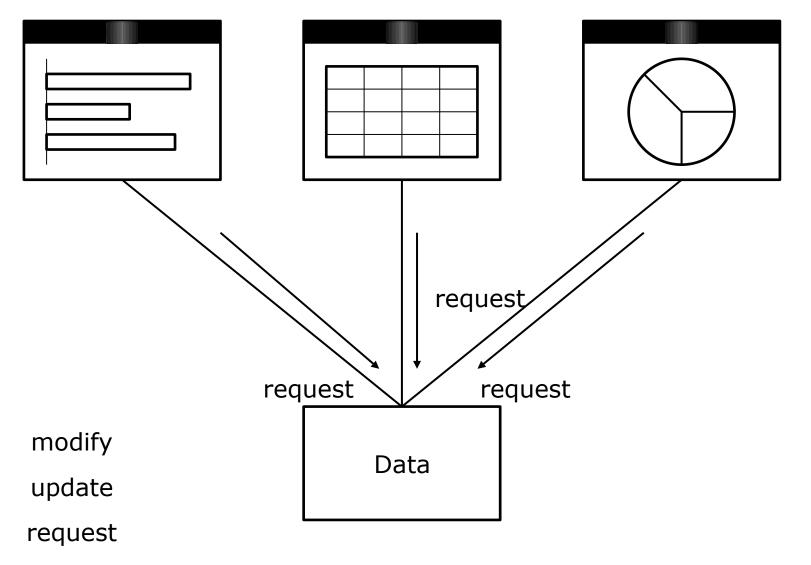


model (i.e., subject, server)



model (i.e., subject, server)

views (i.e., observers, clients)



model (i.e., subject, server)

Model/View/Controller Roles

- Model:
 - entity layer
 - of the data managed by the application
 - provides services to manipulate this data
 - "the back end"

- main responsibilities
 - representation and computation issues
 - sometimes persistence

MVC Roles

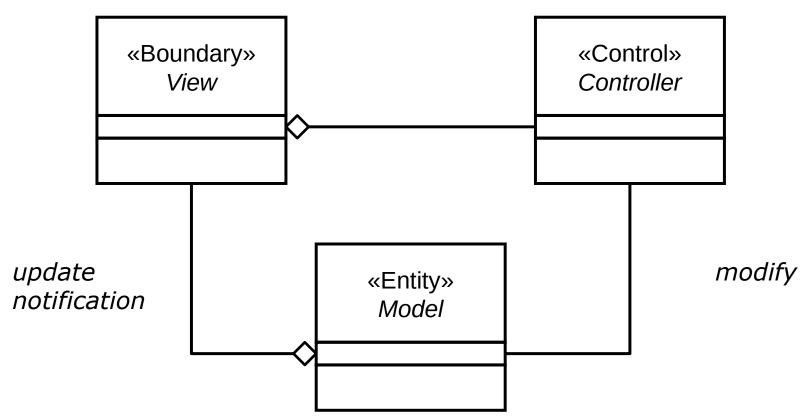
- View:
 - boundary layer
 - set of user interface components
 - determines what is needed for a particular perspective of the data
 - "the front end"

- main responsibility
 - presentation issues

MVC Roles

- Controller:
 - control layer
 - handles events and uses appropriate information from user interface components to modify the model
 - main responsibility
 - interaction issues

can create new, specific types of views without changing the model



the model should not need to know the particulars of a specific view the model should not need to know about any controllers

MVC Design Issues

- GUI dependent part:
 - views contain GUI components
 - Some controllers are GUI listeners

- GUI independent part:
 - the model should be as GUI free as possible
 - e.g., not using GUI types in entity classes

"MV" Design

- Generalization:
 - use "model" superclass and "view" interface
 - all models keep track of their views
 - when changed, all models notify their views to update
 - all views update themselves when notified
 - have application-specific model and view classes

java.util.Observable superclass

```
public class Observable {
      public Observable() { ... }
      // "all models keep track of their views"
      public void addObserver( Observer o ) { ... }
      public void deleteObserver( Observer o ) { ... }
      // "all models notify their views to update"
      public void notifyObservers() { ... }
      public void notifyObservers( Object arg ) { ... }
      // note whether the model has changed
      public boolean hasChanged() { ... }
      protected void clearChanged() { ... }
      protected void setChanged() { ... }
```

java.util.Observer interface

```
public interface Observer {
    public void update( Observable s, Object arg );
}
```

```
// MyModel.java
  import java.util.*;
 public class MyModel extends Observable {
     private String message;
      public MyModel() {
          message = "";
      public String getMessage() {
          return message;
      public void setMessage( String message ) {
          this.message = message;
          setChanged();
          notifyObservers(); // clears changed flag
```

```
// MyApp.java
 public class MyApp {
     public static void main( String args[] ) {
         MyModel theModel = new MyModel();
          MyView aView = new MyView();
         MyView anotherView = new MyView();
          theModel.addObserver( aView );
          theModel.addObserver( anotherView );
          theModel.setMessage( "hello" );
```

```
 // TView.java
 public interface TView<M> {
     public void update( M model );
}
```

```
// TModel.java
  import java.util.*;
 public class TModel<V extends TView> {
      private ArrayList<V> views;
      public TModel() {
          views = new ArrayList<V>();
      }
      public void addView( V view ) {
          if (! views.contains( view )) {
              views.add( view );
```

```
public void deleteView( V view ) {
    views.remove( view );
}
public void notifyViews() {
    for (V view : views) {
        view.update( this );
```

```
MyView.java
import java.util.*;

public class MyView implements TView<MyModel> {
    public void update( MyModel model ) {
        System.out.println( model.getMessage() );
    }
}
```

```
// MyModel.java
 public class MyModel extends TModel<TView> {
     private String message;
      public MyModel() {
          message = "";
      public String getMessage() {
          return message;
      public void setMessage( String message ) {
          this.message = message;
          notifyViews();
```

```
// MyApp.java
 public class MyApp {
     public static void main( String args[] ) {
         MyModel theModel = new MyModel();
         MyView aView = new MyView();
         MyView anotherView = new MyView();
          theModel.addView( aView);
          theModel.addView(anotherView);
         theModel.setMessage( "hello" );
```

MVC Design

- Approach:
 - use a framework that supports MVC to help structure an interactive application
 - framework is a set of cooperating classes that forms a reusable design in a particular domain

reusable design and code

MVC Framework goto Android Slides

Who is in Control?

- Class library reuse
 - application developers:
 - write the main body of the application
 - reuse library code by calling it
- Framework reuse
 - application developers:
 - reuse the main body of the application
 - write code that the framework calls
 - reuse library code by calling it

Framework

- Separation of concerns:
 - framework
 - skeletal application code
 - general superclasses and interfaces

- your "customizations"
 - specific subclasses and implementations

Exercise

 Design an MVC framework for building interactive applications.

Generic View

```
• // TView.java
public interface TView<M> {
    public void update( M model );
}
```

Generic Model

```
// TModel.java
 public abstract class TModel<V extends TView> {
     private ArrayList<V> views;
     protected TModel() {
          views = new ArrayList<V>();
      }
     public void addView( V view ) {
          if (! views.contains( view )) {
              views.add( view );
```

Generic Model

```
public void deleteView( V view ) {
     views.remove( view );
}

public void notifyViews() {
    for (V view : views) {
        view.update( this );
    }
}
```

General Command

```
• // TCommand.java
...

public class TCommand {
    public void execute( ActionEvent event ) {
    }
    public void execute( ItemEvent event ) {
    }
}
```

"Code Reuse"

http://www.dilbert.com
 /strips/comic/1996-01-31/

General Controller

```
// TController.java
 public abstract class TController implements
      ActionListener, ItemListener {
     private JComponent component;
     private TCommand command;
     protected TController(
          JComponent component, TCommand command ) {
          this.component = component;
         this.command = command;
```

General Controller

```
public JComponent getComponent() {
    return component;
public TCommand getCommand() {
    return command;
public void actionPerformed(
    ActionEvent event ) {
    TCommand command = getCommand();
    if (command != null) {
        command.execute( event );
```

General Button Controller

```
• // TButtonController.java
...

public class TButtonController extends TController {
    public TButtonController(
        JButton button, TCommand command) {
        super(button, command);
        button.addActionListener(this);
    }
}
```

General Menu Item Controller

```
// TMenuItemController.java
 public class TMenuItemController extends TController
     public TMenuItemController(
          JMenuItem menuItem, TCommand command ) {
          super( menuItem, command );
         menuItem.addActionListener( this );
```

```
// TApp.java
 public abstract class TApp<M> {
     private static TApp theApp = null;
     public static TApp getApp() {
          return theApp;
     private M model;
     public M getModel() {
          return model;
```

```
private JFrame frame;
private JPanel content;

public JFrame getFrame() {
    return frame;
}
public JPanel getContent() {
    return content;
}
```

```
protected TApp( String title, M model ) {
   if (theApp != null) {
      return;
   }
   theApp = this;

   this.model = model;

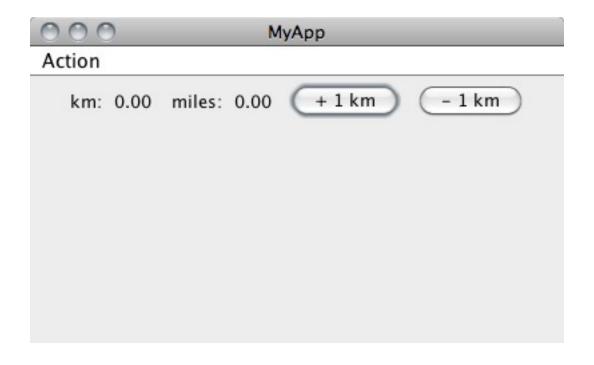
   makeWindow( title );
}
```

private void makeWindow(String title) { frame = new JFrame(title); content = new JPanel(); frame.setContentPane(content); public void show() { frame.pack(); frame.setVisible(true); public void addToContent(JComponent component) {

content.add(component);

private JMenuBar menubar = null; public void makeMenuBar() { menubar = new JMenuBar(); frame.setJMenuBar(menubar); public void addToMenuBar(JMenu menu) { if (menubar == null) { return; menubar.add(menu);

Example Custom Application



Custom View

```
// MyLabelView.java
 public class MyLabelView implements TView<MyModel>
     private static DecimalFormat twoPlaces =
          new DecimalFormat( "0.00");
     private JPanel panel;
     private JLabel labelLabel;
     private JLabel valueLabel;
     private double multiplier;
```

Custom View

```
public MyLabelView(
    String labelText, double multiplier ) {
    panel = new JPanel();
    labelLabel = new JLabel( labelText );
    panel.add( labelLabel );
    valueLabel = new JLabel( " " );
    panel.add( valueLabel );
    this.multiplier = multiplier;
public JComponent getComponent() {
    return panel;
```

Custom View

```
public void update( MyModel model ) {
    double value =
        model.getValue() * multiplier;

    valueLabel.setText(
        twoPlaces.format( value )
    );
}
```

Custom Model

```
// MyModel.java
 public class MyModel extends TModel<TView> {
      private int value;
      public MyModel() {
          value = 0;
      public int getValue() {
          return value;
      public void setValue( int value ) {
          if (value < 0) {
              value = 0;
          this.value = value;
          notifyViews();
```

Custom Application

```
// MyApp.java
 public class MyApp extends TApp<MyModel> {
     public MyApp(
          String title, MyModel model ) {
          super( title, model );
          // create the UI
          MyMainView myMainView =
              new MyMainView( this, model );
          model.addView( myMainView );
```

Custom Application

```
public static void main( String args[] ) {
    MyModel model = new MyModel();
    MyApp app = new MyApp( "MyApp", model );

    model.notifyViews();

    app.getContent().setPreferredSize(
        new Dimension( 400, 200 )
    );
    app.show();
}
```

```
// MyMainView.java
 public class MyMainView implements TView<MyModel> {
      private MyLabelView kmView;
      private MyLabelView milesView;
      private TCommand incrCommand;
      private TCommand decrCommand;
      private JMenu menu;
      private JMenuItem incrMenuItem;
      private JMenuItem decrMenuItem;
      private JButton incrButton;
      private JButton decrButton;
```

public MyMainView(
 MyApp app, final MyModel model) {

 // create views
 kmView = new MyLabelView(
 "km: ", 1.0

);
 milesView = new MyLabelView(
 "miles: ", 0.621371192
);

// register views with model

model.addView(milesView);

model.addView(kmView);

```
// create commands that modify the model
incrCommand = new TCommand() {
    public void execute(
        ActionEvent event ) {
        model.setValue(
            model.getValue() + 1
        );
};
decrCommand = new TCommand() {
    public void execute(
        ActionEvent event ) {
        model.setValue(
            model.getValue() - 1
        );
};
```

```
// views
app.addToContent( kmView.getComponent() );
app.addToContent( milesView.getComponent() );
// controls
incrButton = new JButton( "+ 1 km" );
app.addToContent( incrButton );
decrButton = new JButton( "- 1 km" );
app.addToContent( decrButton );
// associate components to commands
new TMenuItemController(
    incrMenuItem, incrCommand );
new TMenuItemController(
    decrMenuItem, decrCommand);
new TButtonController(
    incrButton, incrCommand );
new TButtonController(
    decrButton, decrCommand);
```

```
public void update( MyModel model ) {
      // nothing to do
}
```

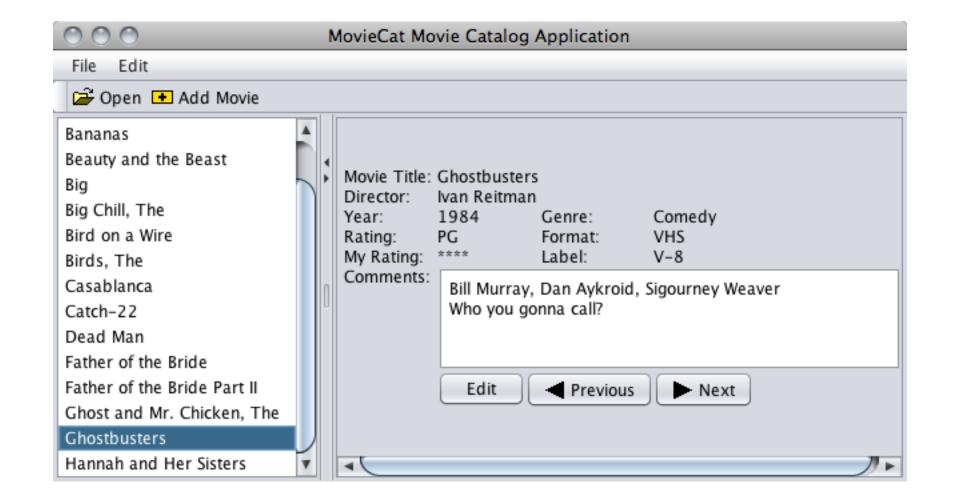
Exercise

 Draw a UML sequence diagram for the behavior when a button is clicked in the example application.

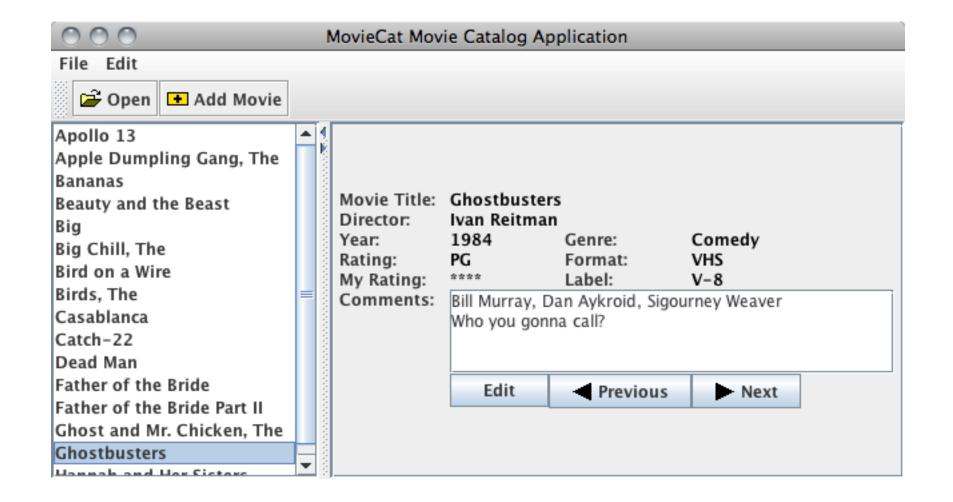
Swing

Swing



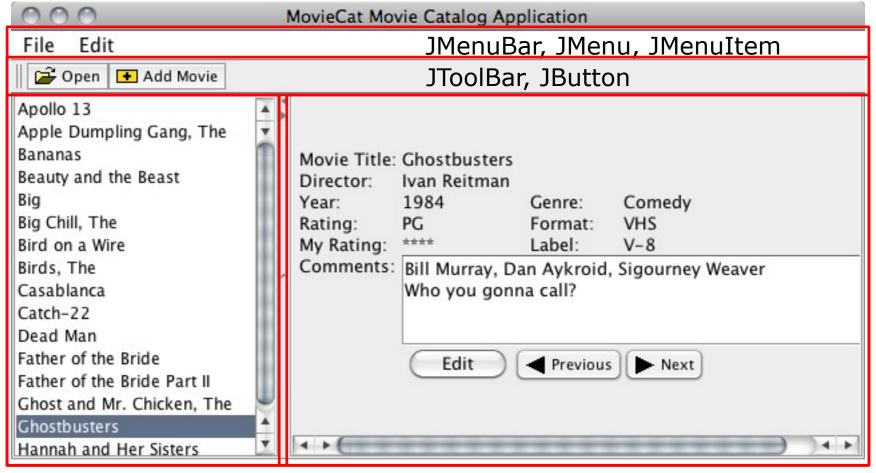


-Dswing.defaultlaf=com.sun.java.swing.plaf.nimbus.NimbusLookAndFeel



-Dswing.defaultlaf=javax.swing.plaf.metal.MetalLookAndFeel

JFrame, JPanel



JPanel, JList

JPanel

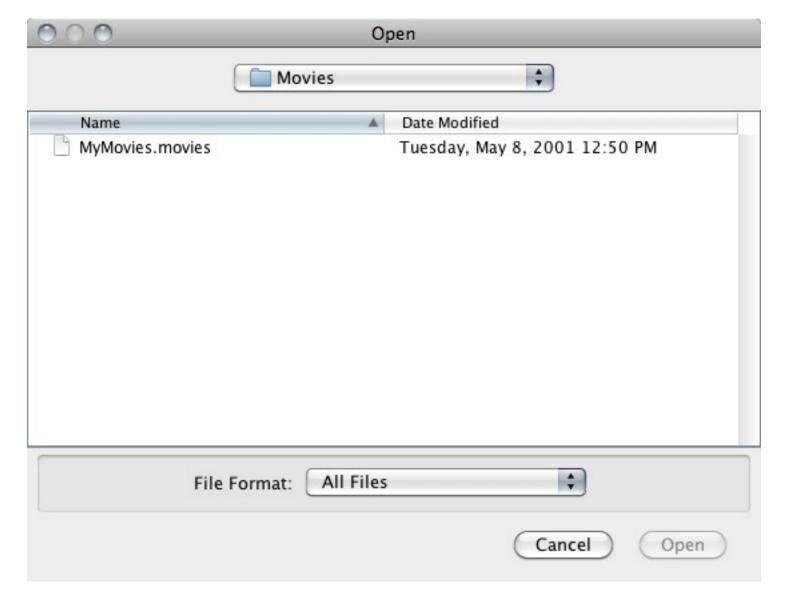
JSplitPane, JScrollPane

JDialog, JPanel

	000		Edit Movie			
JLabel	Movie Title:	Ghostbusters Ivan Reitman				JTextField
	Director:					
	Year:	1984	Genre:	Comedy	\$	JComboBox
	Rating:	PG 💠	Format:	VHS 💠		
	My Rating:	****	Label:	V-8		
	Comments:	nts: Bill Murray, Dan Aykroid, Sigourney Weaver Who you gonna call?				JScrollPane, JTextArea
		Cancel OK				

JButton

JFileChooser



Main Window

- Typical containment setup steps:
 - create a JFrame
 - create and define a JMenuBar (optional)
 - add this JMenuBar to the JFrame (optional)
 - create a JPanel
 - add components to this JPanel
 - set JFrame content pane to this JPanel
 - pack and show the JFrame

```
7
1
```

```
JFrame
    +JFrame( title: String )
    +setJMenuBar( menuBar: JMenuBar ): void
    +setContentPane( contentPane: Container ): void
    +pack(): void
    +setVisible( visibility: boolean ): void
         JMenuBar
+JMenuBar()
+add( menu: JMenu ): JMenu
                                  JPanel
               +JPanel()
               +add( component: Component ): Component
```

```
7
```

// MyApp.java

```
import javax.swing.*;
public class MyApp {
   public static void main( String args[] ) {
        JFrame theFrame = new JFrame( "Title" );
        JMenuBar theMenuBar = new JMenuBar();
        // code to define menu items, etc.
        theFrame.setJMenuBar( theMenuBar );
        JPanel thePanel = new JPanel();
        // code to define components in the panel,
        // layout manager, etc.
        JButton aButton = new JButton( "Hello");
        thePanel.add( aButton );
       theFrame.setContentPane( thePanel );
        theFrame.pack();
       theFrame.setVisible( true );
```

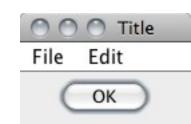


Menu Construction

// code to define menu items, etc.

```
JMenu fileMenu = new JMenu( "File" );
JMenuItem newMenuItem = new JMenuItem( "New");
JMenuItem openMenuItem = new JMenuItem( "Open");
fileMenu.add( newMenuItem );
fileMenu.add( openMenuItem );
theMenuBar.add( fileMenu );

JMenu editMenu = new JMenu( "Edit" );
...
theMenuBar.add( editMenu );
```



- Interactive applications are event driven:
 - receive an event (e.g., initiated from user)
 - check event and system state
 - respond by changing state and display
 - return and wait for another event
- Event handling is done via:
 - explicit event loop, event queue, and dispatcher
 - registered callback through listeners

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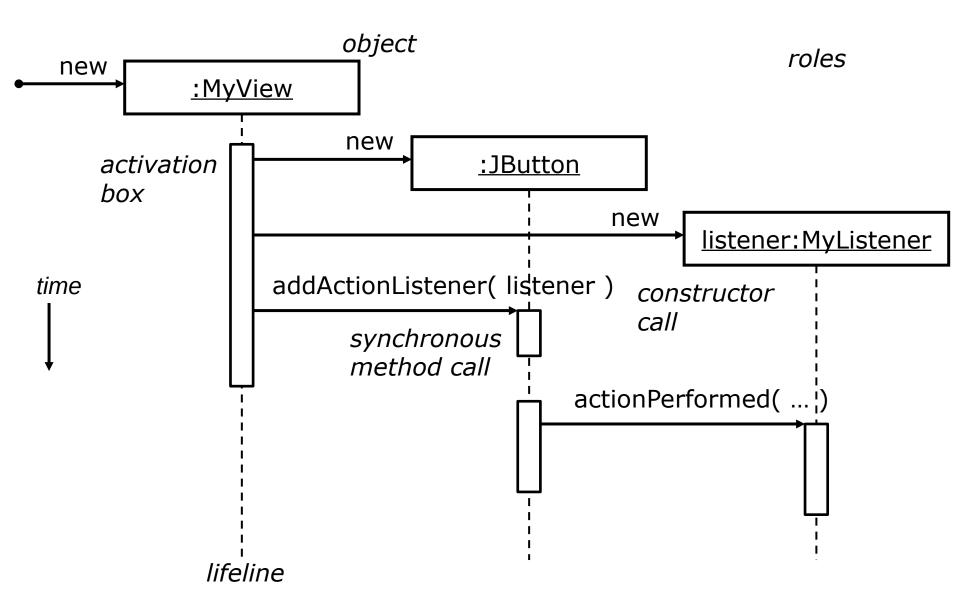
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Event Handling

Event Handling

UML Sequence Diagram



```
// MyView.java
class MyListener implements ActionListener {
    public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e ) {
public class MyView {
    public MyView() {
        button.addActionListener(
            new MyListener();
        );
```

```
// MyView.java
class MyListener implements ActionListener {
    public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e ) {
public class MyView {
    public MyView() {
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        );
```

```
// MyView.java
class MyListener implements ActionListener {
    public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e ) {
public class MyView {
    public MyView() {
        button.addActionListener(
            new MyListener();
        );
```

// without adapter class public class MyWindowHandler implements WindowListener { public void windowClosing(WindowEvent e) { // respond to closing window public void windowOpened(WindowEvent e) {} public void windowClosed(WindowEvent e) {} public void windowIconfied(WindowEvent e) {} public void windowDeiconified(WindowEvent e) {} public void windowActivated(WindowEvent e) {} public void windowDeactivated(WindowEvent e)

• theFrame.addWindowListener(new MyWindowHandler());

```
// MyView.java
class MyListener implements ActionListener {
    public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e ) {
public class MyView {
    public MyView() {
        button.addActionListener(
            new MyListener();
        );
```

```
// MyView.java
class MyListener implements ActionListener {
    public void actionPerformed( ActionEvent e ) {
public class MyView {
    public MyView() {
        button.addActionListener(
            new MyListener();
        );
```

Books:

- The Essence of Object-Oriented Programming with Java and UML
 - B. Wampler
 - Addison-Wesley, 2002
- Java in a Nutshell
 - 🛘 D. Flanagan
 - O'Reilly, 2005

- Books:
 - Core Java 2: Fundamentals
 - C. Horstmann
 - Prentice-Hall, 2004
 - Learning Java
 - P. Niemeyer and J. Knudsen
 - O'Reilly, 2005

- Books:
 - UML Distilled
 - M. Fowler
 - Addison-Wesley, 2003
 - The Elements of UML 2.0 Style
 - S. W. Ambler
 - Cambridge, 2005

- Links:
 - The Swing Tutorial
 - http://download.oracle.com/javase/ /tutorial/uiswing/
 - Java Standard Edition 6 API Specification
 - http://download.oracle.com/javase/6/docs/api/

- Links:
 - Java SE Application Design with MVC
 - http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/articles/javase/index-142890.html
 - How to Use Model-View-Controller
 - http://st-www.cs.illinois.edu/users/smarch/st -docs/mvc.html
 - A Generic MVC Model in Java
 - http://onjava.com/pub/a/onjava/2004/07/07/genericmvc.html