CAP 5415- Assignment 4

Computer Vision

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Question1:

Train and test a 10-class Fisher Linear Discriminant Function classifier using the Mahalanobis distance as the metric for classification.

The performance while using fisher was inferior when compared to CNN model Dataset per class, testing and training for both case is follows from 1 to 10:

Class-label :airplane	train-1005	test-100
Class-label :automobile	train-974	test-100
Class-label :bird	train-1032	test-100
Class-label :cat	train-1016	test-100
Class-label :deer	train-999	test-100
Class-label :dog	train-937	test-100
Class-label :frog	train-1030	test-100
Class-label :horse	train-1001	test-100
Class-label :ship	train-1025	test-100
Class-label :truck	train-981	test-100

Confusion Matrix is as follows:

(predicted in column and actual in rows)

```
[[ 0. 0. 9. 2. 9. 3. 65. 0. 12. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 5. 8. 2. 9. 72. 0. 4. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 12. 4. 7. 7. 65. 0. 5. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 9. 2. 8. 13. 67. 0. 1. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 6. 2. 7. 12. 71. 0. 2. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 8. 5. 5. 10. 71. 0. 1. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 11. 4. 5. 11. 69. 0. 0. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 16. 3. 11. 9. 54. 0. 7. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 9. 0. 9. 10. 51. 0. 21. 0.]
[ 0. 0. 8. 7. 5. 8. 57. 0. 15. 0.]
```

Accuracy: 12% (While using 3 dominant features, 13% accuracy achieved)

Class-wise error rates are as follows:

Class-airplane:100.0%

Class-automobile:100.0%

Class-bird:88.0%

Class-cat:98.0%

Class-deer:93.0%

Class-dog:90.0%

Class-frog:31.0%

Class-horse:100.0%

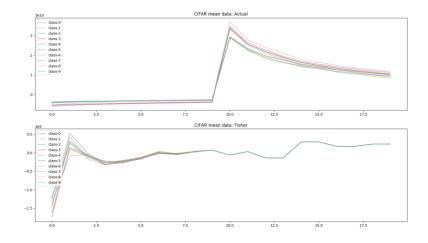
Class-ship:79.0%

Class-truck:100.0%

To reproduce the result, execute:

python Harris_Fisher_Classifier.py

The mean vectors in Fisher space and actual are as follows. I have used a 20-dimensional hyperspace for the dataset conversion.



Question2:

Train and test the CNN as per the architecture:

The model is created in pytorch and model summary is as follows. For zero center normalization of a given batch I have used batch norm with trainable parameter.

Model Summary:

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	
BatchNorm2d- Conv2d-2 Conv2d-3 Conv2d-4 Linear-5 Linear-6	[-1, 3, 32, 32] [-1, 32, 32, 32] [-1, 32, 12, 12] [-1, 64, 2, 2] [-1, 64] [-1, 10]	6 2,432 25,632 51,264 4,160 650	

Total params: 84,144 | Trainable params: 84,144 | Non-trainable params: 0

Input size (MB): 0.01 | Forward/backward pass size (MB): 0.31

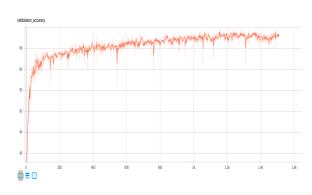
Params size (MB): 0.32 | Estimated Total Size (MB): 0.64

Training Log: ../data/training_log.log

Training loss:



Validation accuracy:



Accuracy obtained = **70.2%**

Confusion Matrix is as follows: (predicted in column and actual in rows)

```
[[69. 5. 3. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 7.]
[0. 93. 0. 0. 2. 0. 0. 1. 1. 3.]
[9. 1. 50. 15. 7. 11. 4. 0. 2. 1.]
[7. 0. 9. 53. 5. 11. 7. 6. 0. 2.]
[5. 1. 2. 4. 69. 2. 3. 8. 2. 4.]
[4. 1. 10. 20. 4. 54. 4. 2. 0. 1.]
[1. 1. 6. 6. 6. 3. 73. 2. 0. 2.]
[0. 1. 0. 6. 10. 4. 1. 75. 0. 3.]
[4. 7. 3. 0. 1. 0. 3. 0. 81. 1.]
[1. 3. 0. 2. 0. 1. 0. 2. 6. 85.]]
```

Error rates class- wise:

Class-airplane:31.0% Class-automobile:7.0%

Class-bird:50.0%

Class-cat:47.0%

Class-deer:31.0%

Class-dog:46.0%

Class-frog:27.0%

Class-horse:25.0%

Class-ship:19.0%

Class-truck:15.0%

To reproduce the result execute:

python CNN_Classifier.py --test_model = True

For tensorboard visulaization:

tensorboard -logdir=../data/model/runs

From the given tabulation, it is clear that the CNN model has superior performance when compared to Harris feature detector using Fisher analysis to classify the detected features. This is attributed to the feature extraction using feature mask while using CNNs.