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-- Week 3, Activity 03
-- Assignments
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local lpeg = require "lpeg"
local pt = require "pt"
local loc = lpeg.locale()

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-- FRONTEND: PARSER
-- Our frontend is a parser that gets a source code as input and produces an
-- intermediate representation of the program (an AST)
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----- Initial patterns: -----

-- White spaces and "end of subject"
local spc = loc.space^0
local eos = -lpeg.P(1)

-- Basic identifiers
local alpha = lpeg.R("az", "AZ", "__")
local digit = loc.digit
local alphanum = alpha + digit
local dot = lpeg.P(".")
local ID = lpeg.C(alpha * alphanum^0) * spc

-- Numeric constants
local sign = lpeg.S("+ -")
local hexpre = lpeg.P("0") * lpeg.S("Xx")
local hexdig = lpeg.R("AF", "af", "09")
local hexdec = hexpre * hexdig^1 * spc
local expSym = lpeg.S("Ee")
local sufEXP = (expSym * sign^-1 * digit^1)^-1 * spc
local decimal = ((digit^1 * dot^-1 * digit^0) + (dot^-1 * digit^1)) * sufEXP * spc

-- Punctuators:
local OP = lpeg.P("(") * spc
local CP = lpeg.P(")") * spc

-- Numeric operators (binary and unary)
local opPot = lpeg.C(lpeg.P("^")) * spc
local opMul = lpeg.C(lpeg.S("* /")) * spc
local opAdd = lpeg.C(lpeg.S("+ -")) * spc
local opUnaMin = lpeg.P("-") * spc
local opUnaPlus = lpeg.P("+") * spc

-- Relational and equality operators
local lt = lpeg.C(lpeg.P("<")) * spc
local lte = lpeg.C(lpeg.P("<=")) * spc
local gt = lpeg.C(lpeg.P(">")) * spc
local gte = lpeg.C(lpeg.P(">=")) * spc
local eq = lpeg.C(lpeg.P("==")) * spc
local neq = lpeg.C(lpeg.P("!=")) * spc
local opRel = (lte + gte + lt + gt + eq + neq) * spc

-- Assignments for statements
local Assign = lpeg.P("=") * spc
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----- Functions for the Parser: -----

-- Function to get a number and return a node for an AST representing a number:
function nodeNum(numero)
    return { tag = "numero",
            val = numero }
end

-- Function to get a variable and return a node for as AST
function nodeVar(var)
    return { tag = "variable",
            var = var }
end

-- Function to get an assignment and return a node for AST
local function nodeAssign(id, exp)
    return { tag = "assign",
            id = id,
            exp = exp }
end

-- Functions to fold a list and convert the list to an AST:
-- input: list: {n1, "+", n2, "+", n3, ...}
-- output: AST: {...{ op = "+", e1 = {op = "+", e1 = n1, e2 = n2}, e2 = n3}...}

-- foldBinEsq = operators with left-associativity
local function foldBinEsq(list)
    local tree = list[1]
    for i = 2, #list, 2 do
        tree = { tag = "binop",
                esq = tree,
                op = list[i],
                dir = list[i + 1] }
    end
    return tree
end

-- foldBinDir = operator with right-associativity
local function foldBinDir(list)
    local tree = list[#list]
    for i = #list - 1, 2, -2 do
        tree = { tag = "binop",
                esq = list[i - 1],
                op = list[i],
                dir = tree }
    end
    return tree
end

-- foldUnaMinus = unary minus
local function foldUnaMin(numero)
    return { tag = "menos_unario" , op = numero }
end

-- foldUnaPlus = unary plus
local function foldUnaPlus(numero)
    return { tag = "mais_unario", op = numero }
end

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----- Our grammar for mathematic expression: -----

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local numero = spc * ((hexdec / tonumber) + (decimal / tonumber)) / nodeNum * spc
local var = ID / nodeVar -- variables
local primary = lpeg.V"primary" -- primary (for recursion and parenthesis)
local pot = lpeg.V"pot" -- exponentials
local unarymp = lpeg.V"unarymp" -- unary minus or unary plus
local term = lpeg.V"term" -- multiplicative expressions
local exp = lpeg.V"exp" -- aditive expressions
local rel = lpeg.V"rel" -- relational expressions
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grammar = lpeg.P{"stat",
  stat = ID * Assign * exp / nodeAssign + rel,
  primary = spc * numero + OP * rel * CP + var,
  pot = lpeg.Ct(spc * primary * (opPot * primary)^0) / foldBinDir,
  unarymp = (opUnaMin * unarymp / foldUnaMin) +
    (opUnaPlus * unarymp / foldUnaPlus) + pot,
  term = lpeg.Ct(spc * unarymp * (opMul * unarymp)^0) / foldBinEsq,
  exp = lpeg.Ct(spc * term * (opAdd * term)^0) / foldBinEsq,
  rel = lpeg.Ct(spc * exp * (opRel * exp)^0) / foldBinEsq
}
grammar = spc * grammar * eos
```

----- The parser per si: -----

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local function parse(input)
  return grammar:match(input)
end
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-- BACKEND: CODE GENERATOR
-- Our backend is a code generator that get's an AST and generate the final
-- output of the compiler
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-- Function to add opcodes:
local function addCode(state, op)
  local code = state.code
  code[#code + 1] = op
end
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-- Operators:
local ops = {["+"] = "add", ["-"] = "sub",
  ["*"] = "mul", ["/"] = "div", ["%"] = "rem",
  ["^"] = "exp",
  ["<="] = "lte", [">="] = "gte", ["=="] = "eq", ["!="] = "ne",
  [">"] = "gt", ["<"] = "lt"}
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-- Function to specify the operations by type (tag) of node:
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local function codeExp(state, ast)
  if ast.tag == "numero" then
    addCode(state, "push")
    addCode(state, ast.val)
  elseif ast.tag == "variable" then
    addCode(state, "load")
    addCode(state, ast.var)
  elseif ast.tag == "binop" then
    codeExp(state, ast.esq)
    codeExp(state, ast.dir)
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        addCode(state, ops[ast.op])
    elseif ast.tag == "menos_unario" then
        codeExp(state, ast.op)
        addCode(state, "inverter")
    elseif ast.tag == "mais_unario" then
        codeExp(state, ast.op)
        addCode(state, "manter")
    else
        error("invalid tree")
    end
end
end

-- Function to assign expressions to variables:
local function codeStat(state, ast)
    if ast.tag == "assign" then
        codeExp(state, ast.exp) -- evaluates the expression to get the value assigne
d
        addCode(state, "store")
        addCode(state, ast.id)
    else
        codeExp(state, ast)
    end
end

-- The compiler per se:
local function compile(ast)
    local state = { code = {} }
    codeStat(state, ast)
    return state.code
end

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-- INTERPRETER
-- Receives the intermediate code produced by the compiler and empty stack and,
-- when finished, leaves the result of the expression on the top of the stack.
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-- The interpreter:
local function run(code, mem, stack)
    local pc = 1 -- program counter
    local top = 0 -- top of stack
    while pc <= #code do
        if code[pc] == "push" then
            pc = pc + 1
            top = top + 1
            stack[top] = code[pc]
        elseif code[pc] == "add" then
            stack[top - 1] = stack[top - 1] + stack[top]
            top = top - 1
        elseif code[pc] == "sub" then
            stack[top - 1] = stack[top - 1] - stack[top]
            top = top - 1
        elseif code[pc] == "mul" then
            stack[top - 1] = stack[top - 1] * stack[top]
            top = top - 1
        elseif code[pc] == "div" then
            stack[top - 1] = stack[top - 1] / stack[top]
            top = top - 1
        elseif code[pc] == "rem" then
            stack[top - 1] = stack[top - 1] % stack[top]

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        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "exp" then
        stack[top - 1] = stack[top - 1] ^ stack[top]
        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "gte" then
        stack[top - 1] = (stack[top - 1] >= stack[top]) and 1 or 0
        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "lte" then
        stack[top - 1] = (stack[top - 1] <= stack[top]) and 1 or 0
        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "gt" then
        stack[top - 1] = (stack[top - 1] > stack[top]) and 1 or 0
        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "lt" then
        stack[top - 1] = (stack[top - 1] < stack[top]) and 1 or 0
        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "eq" then
        stack[top - 1] = (stack[top - 1] == stack[top]) and 1 or 0
        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "ne" then
        stack[top - 1] = (stack[top - 1] ~= stack[top]) and 1 or 0
        top = top - 1
    elseif code[pc] == "inverter" then
        stack[top] = -stack[top]
    elseif code[pc] == "manter" then
        -- do nothing
    elseif code[pc] == "load" then
        pc = pc + 1
        local id = code[pc]
        top = top + 1
        stack[top] = mem[id]
    elseif code[pc] == "store" then
        pc = pc + 1
        local id = code[pc]
        mem[id] = stack[top]
        top = top - 1
    else
        error("unknown instruction")
    end
    pc = pc + 1
end
end

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-- RUN!
-- Let's read some source code and execute the interpreter!
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-- Get's the source code (only a number for now):

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local input = io.read("a")

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-- The frontend (parser) generates as AST:

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local ast = parse(input)
print(pt.pt(ast))

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-- The backend (code generator) compiles AST to intermediate code:

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local code = compile(ast)
print(pt.pt(code))

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-- We run the interpreter passing as arguments the
-- intermediate code, a memory for global variables, and the stack:
local stack = {}
local mem = {k0 = 0, k1 = 1, k10 = 10} -- test variables
run(code, mem, stack)
print("stack[top] =", stack[1])
print("mem.result =", mem.result)
```