

Pixel based_SVM

March 28, 2024

1 Project title:-

Advancing Earth Observation Data and ResUNet-Deep Learning Model for Irrigated Area Mapping:
The Case of Along the Awash Valley, Ethiopia

2 Pixel Based Image Classification (PBIC) using Support Vector Machine (SVM) classifier

This Jupyter notebook demonstrates how to apply PBIC using RF classifier with the ESA EO-Africa innovation lab cloud computing environment.

Prerequisites for running this notebook

Several packages need to be installed and/or imported for running this script:

The `rasterio`, `geopandas`, `sklearn`, and `numpy` modules should be installed first to apply PBIC based RF classifier ;

2.0.1 Import Relevant Packages

```
[1]: import rasterio
import numpy as np
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
import geopandas as gpd
```

2.0.2 Load Sentinel-2 image

```
[ ]: sentinel_image_path = "/home/eafrica/Sentinel2_AWbasin/outputs_rgb/stacked_rgb.
    ↪tif"
with rasterio.open(sentinel_image_path) as src:
    sentinel_image = src.read()
```

2.0.3 Load ground truth GCP shapefile data

```
[ ]: gcp_shapefile_path = "/home/eafrica/Sentinel2_AWbasin/GCP_LULCawash/lulcgcp.  
      ↪shp"  
      gcp_data = gpd.read_file(gcp_shapefile_path)
```

2.0.4 Extract the values of the image pixels at the locations of the GCPs

```
[ ]: gcp_points = gcp_data.geometry.apply(lambda geom: (geom.x, geom.y)).tolist()  
      gcp_values = []  
      for point in gcp_points:  
          row, col = src.index(point[0], point[1])  
          gcp_values.append(sentinel_image[:, row, col])  
  
      gcp_values = np.array(gcp_values)
```

2.0.5 Extract corresponding class labels from the GCP data

```
[ ]: class_labels = gcp_data["class_labe"].values.astype(int)
```

2.0.6 Split data into training and testing sets

```
[ ]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(gcp_values, class_labels,  
      ↪test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
```

2.0.7 Train Support Vector Classifier

```
[ ]: clf = SVC(kernel='linear', C=1.0)  
      clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

2.0.8 Predict on the test set

```
[ ]: y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
```

2.0.9 Calculate accuracy

```
[ ]: accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)  
      print("Accuracy:", accuracy)
```

2.0.10 Classify the whole image

```
[ ]: predicted_image = np.zeros_like(sentinel_image[0])  
      for i in range(sentinel_image.shape[1]):  
          for j in range(sentinel_image.shape[2]):  
              pixel_values = sentinel_image[:, i, j].reshape(1, -1)
```

```
predicted_class = clf.predict(pixel_values)
predicted_image[i, j] = predicted_class
```

2.0.11 Save the classified image

```
[ ]: classified_image_path = "/home/eafrica/Sentinel2_AWbasin/RF_LULCresult/
      ↪classified_image.tif" # Path to save the classified image
      with rasterio.open(classified_image_path, 'w', **src.profile) as dst:
          dst.write(classified_image.astype(rasterio.uint8))
```

```
[ ]:
```