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#Program 1
# Which of the variables have missing values?
import pandas as pd
# Read the CSV file into a DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv("People Charm case.csv")
# Check for missing values in each column
missing_values = df.isna().sum()
# Display columns with missing values
columns_with_missing = missing_values[missing_values > 0]
print(columns_with_missing)
#Program 2
#What is the third quartile value for the variable lastEvaluvation
import pandas as pd
# Read the CSV file into a DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv("People Charm case.csv")
# Calculate the third quartile for the "lastEvaluvation" variable
third_quartile = df["lastEvaluation"].quantile(0.75)
print("Third Quartile (75th Percentile) for 'lastEvaluvation':", third_quartile)
#Program 3
# Construct a Crosstable for the
variables_dept-
                                           ——and salary—
                                                                                 ——and find out
which department has highest frequency value in the category low salary.
# Read the CSV file into a DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv("People Charm case.csv")
# Construct a crosstable for 'dept' and 'salary' variables
crosstab_result = pd.crosstab(df['dept'], df['salary'])
# Find the department with the highest frequency value in the 'low' salary category
department_with_highest_low_salary = crosstab_result['low'].idxmax()
print("Department with the highest frequency of low salary:", department_with_highest_low_salary)
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#Program 4
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#Generate a boxplot for the variable numberOfProjects—
                                                                                    —and get the
median value for the number of projects where the employees have worked on.
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Read the CSV file into a DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv("People Charm case.csv")
# Generate a boxplot for the 'numberOfProjects' variable
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.boxplot(df['numberOfProjects'])
plt.title('Boxplot of numberOfProjects')
plt.ylabel('Number of Projects')
plt.show()
# Calculate the median value for the 'numberOfProjects' variable
median_number_of_projects = df['numberOfProjects'].median()
print("Median number of projects:", median_number_of_projects)
#Program 5
#Plot a histogram using the variable avgMonthlyHours-
                                                                                    and find the
range in which the number of employees worked for 150 hours per month?
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# Read the CSV file into a DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv("People Charm case.csv")
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# Plot a histogram for the 'avgMonthlyHours' variable
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.hist(df['avgMonthlyHours'], bins=20, edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Histogram of avgMonthlyHours')
plt.xlabel('Average Monthly Hours')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
# Find the range in which the number of employees worked for 150 hours per month
range_for_150_hours = df[(df['avgMonthlyHours'] >= 150) & (df['avgMonthlyHours'] < 151)]
number_of_employees = len(range_for_150_hours)
print("Number of employees who worked for 150 hours per month:", number_of_employees)
#Program 6
# Generate a boxplot for the
variables Tast Evaluation—
                                         and numberOfProjects
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Read the CSV file into a DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv("People Charm case.csv")
# Generate a boxplot for the 'lastEvaluation' and 'numberOfProjects' variables
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
df.boxplot(column=['lastEvaluation', 'numberOfProjects'])
plt.title('Boxplot of lastEvaluation and numberOfProjects')
plt.ylabel('Values')
plt.show()
```