Excitable cells as dynamical systems

Part 1: bifurcations in a simplified model of a neuron

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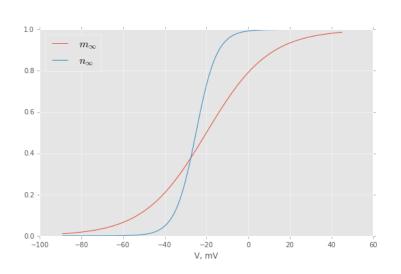


System:

$$C\dot{V} = I - \bar{g}_K n(V - E_K) - \bar{g}_{Na} m_{\infty}(V)(V - E_{Na}) - g_l(V - E_l)$$

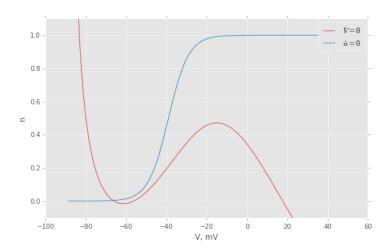
$$\tau_n \dot{n} = (n_{\infty}(V) - n)$$

$$x_{\infty} = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(\frac{V_x^{0.5} - V}{k_x})}$$



Nullclines:

$$\dot{V} = 0 \to n(V) = \frac{I - \bar{g}_{Na} m_{\infty} (V - E_{Na}) - g_l (V - E_l)}{\bar{g}_k (V - E_k)}$$
$$\dot{n} = 0 \to n(V) = n_{\infty}(V)$$



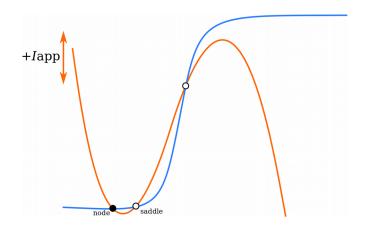
Bifurcations from the stable/quiescent state

- Saddle-node
- Saddle-node on invariant circle
- Supercritical Andronov-Hopf
- Subcritical Andronov-Hopf

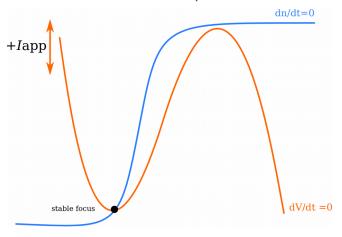
integrators

resonators





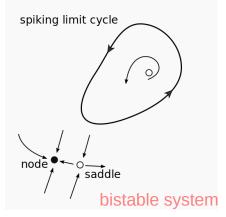
near Andronov-Hopf bifurcation

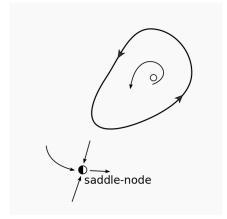


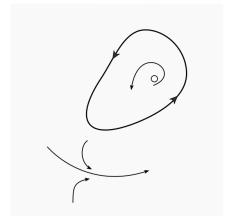
Saddle-node bifurcations

+Iapp

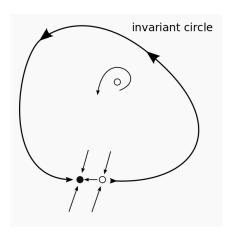
Saddle-node

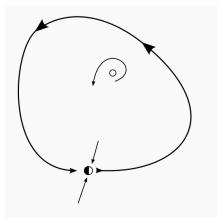


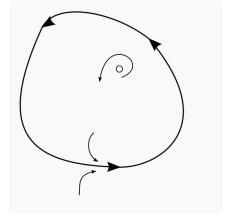




SNIC

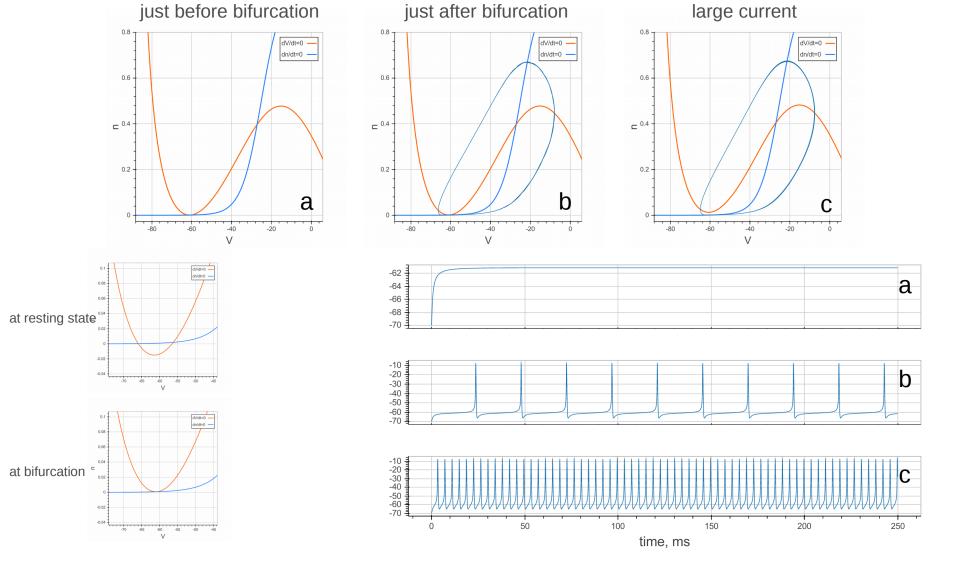




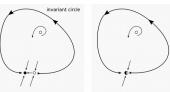


Increasing applied current

Example of SNIC in $I_{Na,p}+I_{K}$ model

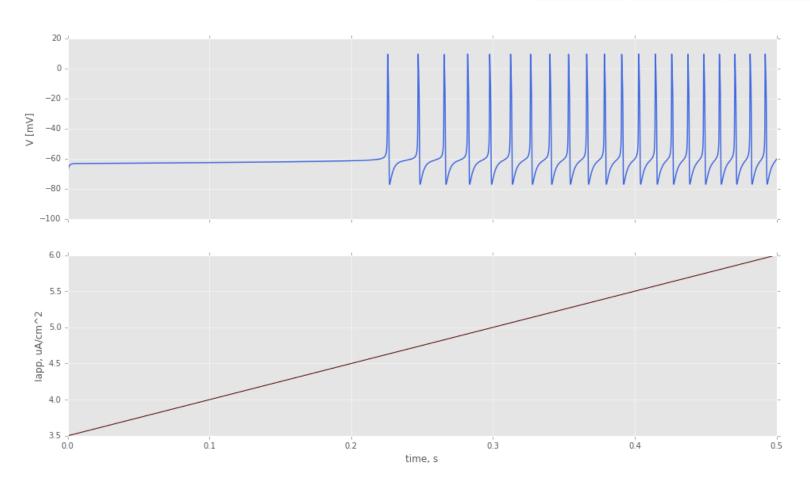


Resting → spiking via SNIC

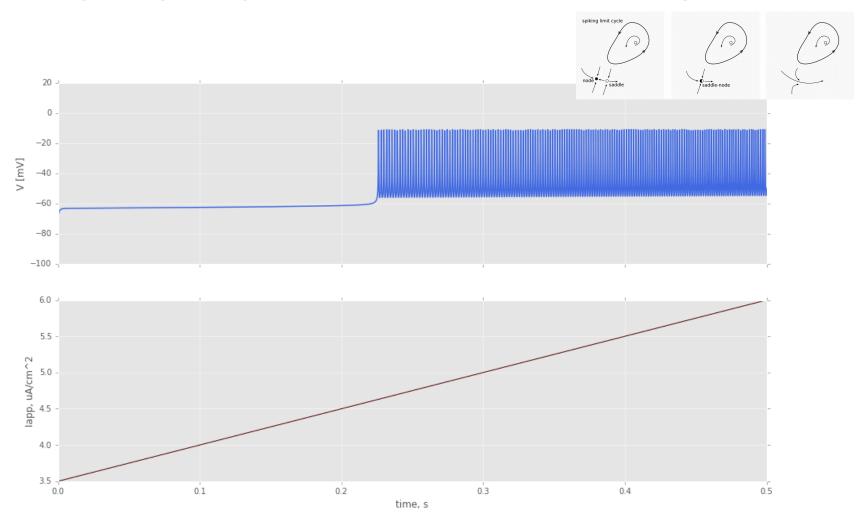




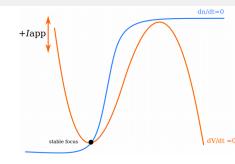




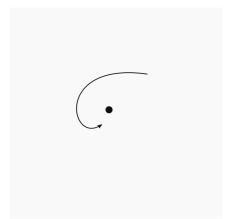
Resting → spiking via saddle-node off limit cycle

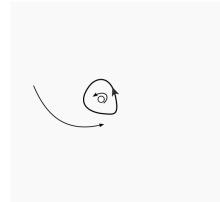


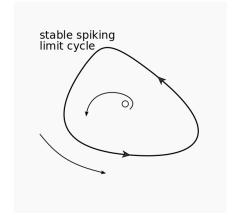
Andronov-Hopf bifurcations



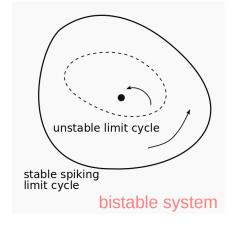
supercritical

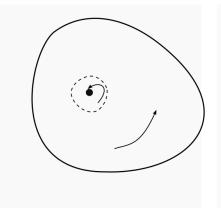


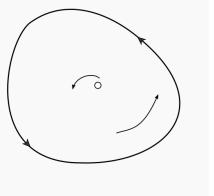




subcritical



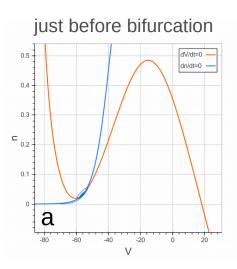


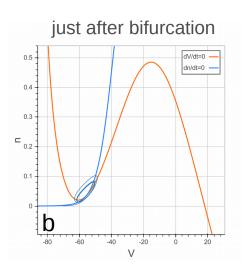


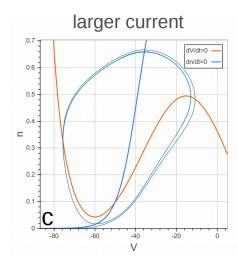
Increasing applied current

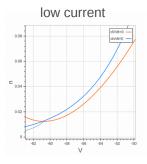
Supercritical AH bifurcation in $I_{Na,p}+I_{K}$ model

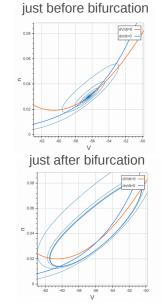
(low-threshold K current)

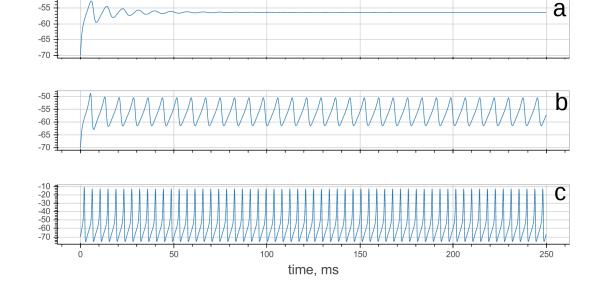




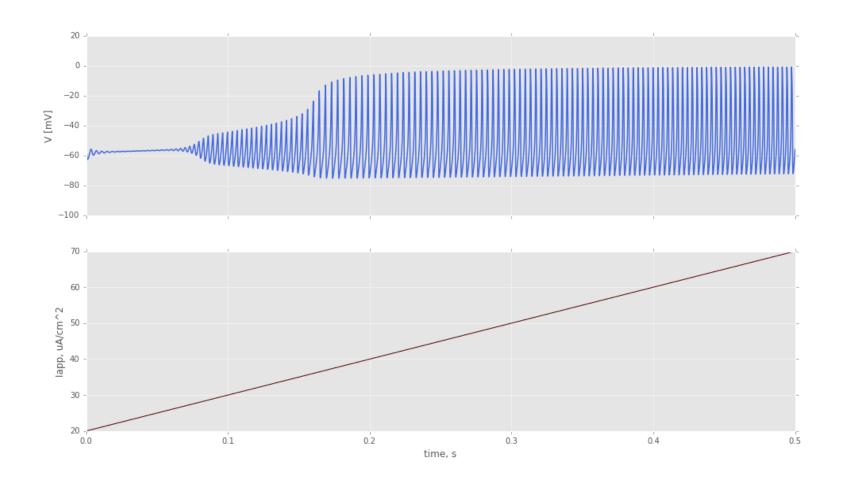




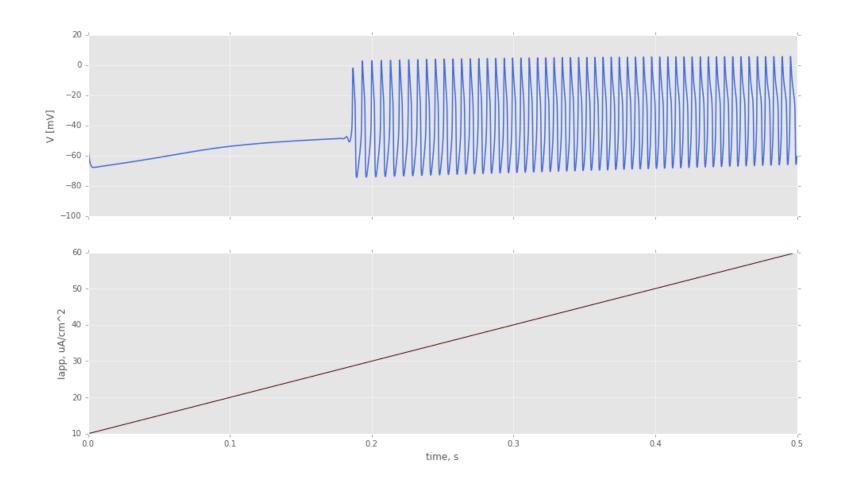




Supercritical AH bifurcation in $I_{Na,p}+I_{K}$ model (ramp stim)



Subcritical AH bifurcation in $I_{Na,p}+I_{K}$ model (ramp stim)

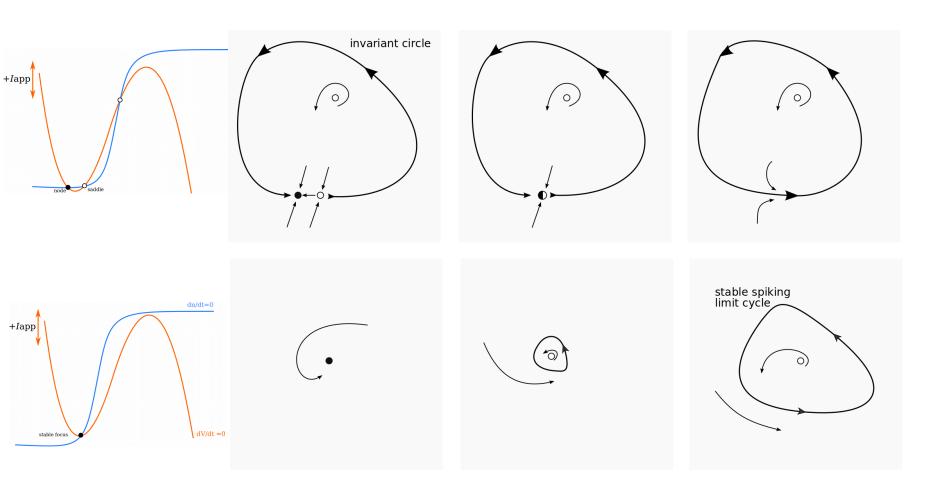


Bifurcations from the spiking state

- Saddle-node on invariant circle
- Supercritical Andronov-Hopf

- Fold limit cycle
- Saddle homoclinic orbit

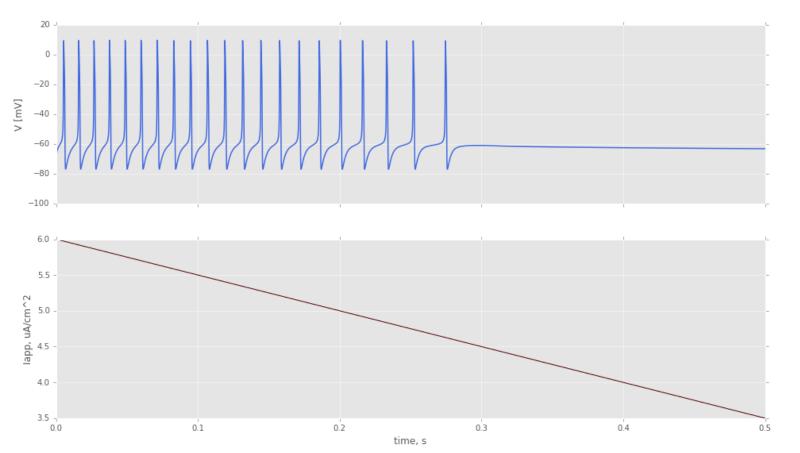
"Mirrored" bifurcations: SNIC and supercritical AH



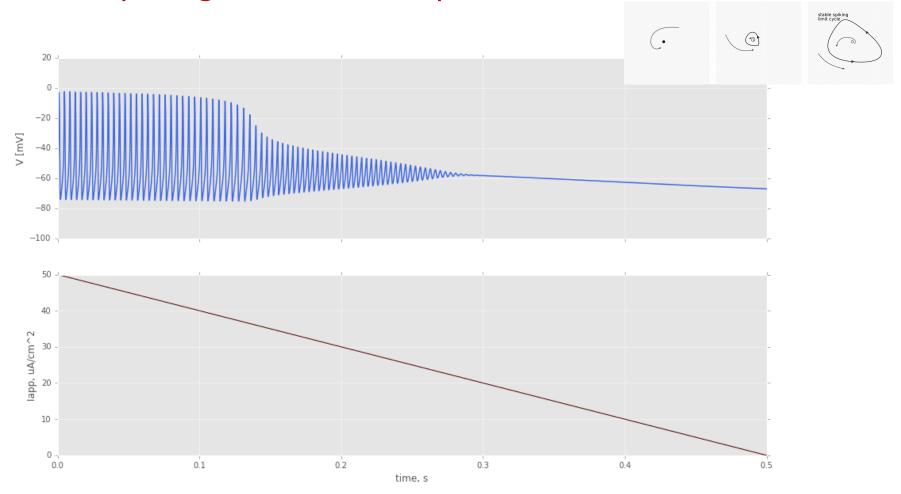
decreasing stimulation current

From spiking to rest via SNIC



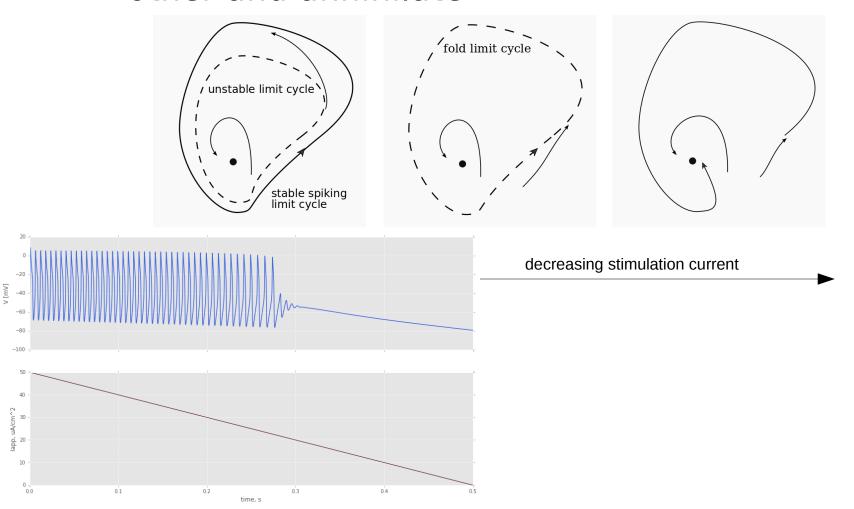


From spiking to rest via supercrititical AH

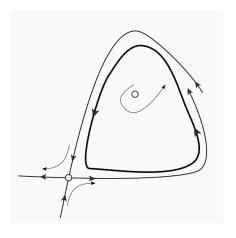


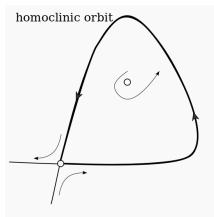
Fold limit cycle

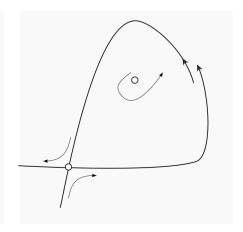
Stable and unstable limit cycles approach each other and annihilate



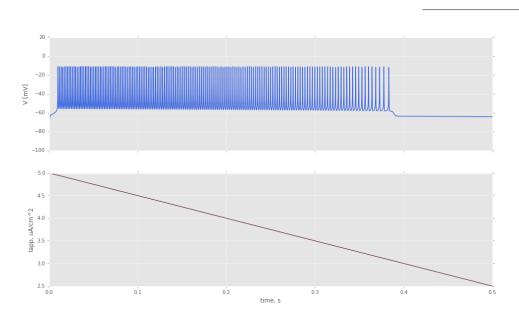
Homoclinic







decreasing stimulation current



Further reading

- Izhikevich E. Dynamical Systems in Neuroscience: the Geometry of Excitability and Bursting. MIT Press 2007
- Izhikevich E. Neural excitability, spiking and bursting. International journal of bifurcations and chaos. 2000; **10**:6, 1171 —1266
- Prescott SA, De Koninck Y, Sejnowski TJ Biophysical Basis for Three Distinct Dynamical Mechanisms of Action Potential Initiation. *PLoS Comput Biol* 2008 **4**(10): e1000198.
- Rinzel J, Huguet G. Nonlinear dynamics of neuronal excitability, oscillations and coincidence detection. Communications on Pure and Applied Mathematics, Vol. LXVI, 1464– 1494 (2013)

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